Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (P1 Sch1), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (ISPP). Please see notations.

He Rohe Pokapū Haukāinga

Local Centre Zone

LCZ	Local Centre Zone
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P1 Sch1 Introduction

The purpose of the Local Centre Zone is to provide for a range commercial, community, recreational and residential activities. These centres service the needs of the surrounding residential catchment and neighbouring suburbs. Local centres support the role and function of other Centre Zones in the hierarchy of centres.

The Local Centre Zone is distributed across the city and will play a crucial role in accommodating and servicing the needs of the existing and forecast population growth. The Medium Density and High Density Residential Zone surrounds most local centres. These zones enable intensification due to the capacity of the area to absorb more housing with enablers of growth such as walkability, access to public transport, community facilities and services.

High quality building design is a focus for the Local Centres Zone. The transition to more intensive use in some local centres will result in changes to existing amenity values in the centres and their surrounds. Consequently, redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes, and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide. To enable intensification around existing neighbourhood centres, some of these will have substantial building heights.

There is an identified need for residential intensification within and around local centres. These centres are subject to the intensification policies 3 (c) and (d) of the National Policy Statement on Urban Development 2020 (NPS-UD). Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within these centres. To support a mix of activities within the zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality and viability of centres.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

Obj	Objectives		
	LCZ-O1	Purpose	

ISPP

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		The Local Centre Zone meets the needs of communities, businesses and residents in the surrounding residential catchment and neighbouring suburbs in a manner that supports the City's compact urban growth objectives and its role and function in the City's hierarchy of centres.	
ISPP	LCZ-O2	Accommodating growth	
		The Local Centre Zone has an important role in accommodating growth and has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity and additional infrastructure to meet residential and commercial growth needs.	
ISPP	LCZ-O3	Amenity and design	
		Medium to high density mixed-use development is achieved that positively contributes to creating a high quality, well-functioning urban environment that reflects the changing urban form and amenity values of the Local Centres and their surrounding residential areas.	
P1 Sch1	LCZ-O4	Activities	
		Activities will be of an appropriate scale and type to enhance the vibrancy-and viability of Local Centres, support walkable neighbourhoods and support their local purpose.	
Policies			
ISPP	LCZ-P1	Accommodating growth	
		Provide for the use and development of the Local Centre Zone to meet the City's needs for housing, business activities and community facilities, including:	
		 A variety of building types, sizes, tenures, affordability and distribution of a scale and intensity that does not undermine the viability and vibrancy of the Metropolitan Centre Zone and the primacy of the City Centre Zone; Forms of medium to high density housing; Convenient access to active, public transport and rapid transit options; Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and Convenient access to a range of open spaces. 	
P1 Sch1	LCZ-P2	2 Enabled activities	
		Enable a range of activities that contribute positively to the role and function of the Zone and meet the needs of the residential catchment and surrounding suburbs including:	
		Commercial activities; Residential activities; Community facilities; Educational facilities;	

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Local Centre Zone Proposed: 18/07/2022 5. Arts, culture, and entertainment activities; 6. Emergency service facilities; 7. Community corrections activities; 8. Visitor accommodation; 9. Recreational facilities; 10. Public transport activities; and 11. Industrial activities. P1 Sch1 LCZ-P3 **Managed activities** Manage the location and scale of commercial activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the viability and vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of activities within the Local Centre Zone, and the function of the transport network. P1 Sch1 LCZ-P4 Potentially incompatible activities Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the role and function of the Local Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on the vibrancy and amenity of the centre: 1. Carparking visible at street edge along an active frontage or nonresidential activity frontage; 2. Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of unutilised vacant land: 3. Ground floor residential activities on street edges identified as having an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; and Yard-based retail activities. P1 Sch1 LCZ-P5 Heavy industrial activities Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Local Centre Zone. **ISPP** LCZ-P6 Housing choice Enable medium density residential development that: 1. Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the City; and 2. Offers a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures, impairments and abilities. **ISPP** LCZ-P7 Quality development design outcomes - neighbourhood and townscape Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Local Centre Zone by: 1. Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant; 2. 4. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive

development, including the extent to which the development:

a. Acts as a positive catalyst for future change by reflecting Reflects the nature and scale of the development proposed enabled within

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		the zone and in the vicinity and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the neighbourhood; b. Optimises the development capacity of land particularly sites that are: i. Large; or ii. Narrow; or iii. Vacant; or iv. Ground level parking areas; c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation enabled in this zone; and d. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities; and e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles. 3. 2. Ensuring that the development, where relevant: a. Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to: i. A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or other Māori; ii. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; iii. An identified character precinct; iv. Residential zoned areas; v. Open space zoned areas; b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment; c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface; d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks, including planned rapid transit stops; and e. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for a range of activities, including residential.
ISPP	LCZ-P8	On-site residential amenity
		Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Local Centre Zone by:
		 Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; and Ensuring <u>convenient</u> access to convenient outdoor space, including private <u>and/</u>or shared communal areas <u>of outdoor space;</u> <u>Meeting the requirements</u>Fulfilling the intent of the <u>Residential Centres</u> and <u>Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant;</u> and <u>Providing residents with adequate internal living space.</u>
ISPP	LCZ-P9	Managing adverse effects
		Recognise the evolving, higher density development context enabled in the Local Centres Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:
		Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and The impact of construction on the transport network and pedestrian linkages.
ISPP	LCZ-P10	City outcomes contribution
		Require over height, large-scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive development in the Local Centre Zone to deliver City

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Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in Appendix 16 the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107, including through either satisfying at least two of the following outcomes: 1. Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or 2. Enabling universal accessibility within buildings ease of access for people of all ages and mobility; and/or 2. 3. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased earthquake climate change resilience; and/or 3. 4. Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; 4. 5. Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years.; and/or 5. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility. LCZ-P11 **Retirement villages** Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development: 1. Fulfils the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide; Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the 3. Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all of the solid waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated in the Zone. Rules: Land use activities P1 Sch1 LCZ-R1 Commercial activities 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. The activity is not an Integrated Retail Activity (refer to Rule LCZ-R1244). P1 Sch1 LCZ-R2 Community facilities 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R3 **Educational facilities** 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R4 Arts, culture and entertainment activities 1. Activity status: Permitted

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P1 Sch1 LCZ-R5 **Emergency services facilities** 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R6 Community corrections activities 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 Visitor accommodation LCZ-R7 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R8 Recreational activities 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R9 **Public transport activities** 1. Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R10 **Retirement Villages** Activity status: Permitted P1 Sch1 LCZ-R1140 Residential activities 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. The activity is located: i. Above ground floor level; ii. At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as an active frontage; iii. At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as a non-residential activity frontage; iv. At ground level along any street not identified as requiring verandah coverage; v. At ground level on any site contained within a Natural Hazard Overlay. 2. Activity status: Discretionary Where: Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R10.1.a cannot be achieved. Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R10.2.a is precluded from being limited and publicly notified. 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:

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Local Centre Zone

a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R11.1.a cannot be achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- The matters in LCZ-P4, LCZ-P6 and LCZ-P7;
- 2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6;
- 3. Whether residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage at ground floor;
- 4. The extent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street or area of public space;
- The extent to which the building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings;
- 6. The effect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity contributes to or detracts from the surrounding public space;
- 7. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space; and
- 8. The extent to which non-compliance with verandah coverage will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R11.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

P1 Sch1

LCZ-R1244 Integrated retail activity

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The total gross floor area does not exceed 20,000m².
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R1244.1 cannot be achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in LCZ-P1, LCZ-P2, LCZ-P3, and LCZ-P4;
- 2. The cumulative effect of the development on:
 - a. The viability and vitality of the City Centre Zone and Golden Mile;
 - b. The safety and efficiency of the transport network, including providing for a range of transport modes:
 - c. The hierarchy of roads, travel demand or vehicle use; and
- 3. The compatibility with other activities provided for in the zone.

Council will not apply a permitted baseline assessment when considering the effects of integrated retail activities that cannot comply with LCZ-R11.1.a.

P1 Sch1

LCZ-R1312 | Industrial activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

a. The activity is not a heavy industrial activity.

2. Activity Status: Non-complying

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R1342.1.a cannot be achieved.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R1342.2.a must be publicly notified.

P1 Sch1

LCZ-R1413

Carparking activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The activity involves:
 - i. Provision of carparks not visible at street edge along an active frontage or nonresidential activity frontage;
 - ii. Provision of carparks above ground floor level;
 - iii. Provision of carparks below ground floor level;
 - iv. Provision of parking spaces for people with disabilities; or
 - v. Provision of ground floor level carparks that form part of a building specifically constructed and used for carparking purposes-; or vi. Provision of carparks on a road
- 2. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R1413.1.a is not achieved.

P1 Sch1

LCZ-R1514

Yard-based retailing activities

1. Activity status: Discretionary

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R1544 that is either a new activity or expands the net area of an existing activity must be publicly notified. except when:.

a. The activity relates to the maintenance, operation and upgrading of an existing activity

P1 Sch1

LCZ-R1645

All other activities

1. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. The activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or a non-complying activity.

Rules: Building and structures activities

ISPP

LCZ-R1746 | Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

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ISPP

LCZ-R1847 Demolition or removal of buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The demolition or removal of a building:
 - i. Is required to avoid a threat to life and/or property;
 - ii. Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated with the use of a building;
 - iii. Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or structure, or adding to or altering an existing building or structure, that is a permitted activity under LCZ-R1948, or that has an approved resource consent, or resource consent is being sought concurrently under LCZ-R18.2; or
- b. The building or structure for demolition or removal is not on a site that has an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
- c. The demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.
- 2. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with any of the requirements of LCZ-R1847.1 cannot be achieved.

The assessment of the activity must have regard to:

- 1. How the land will be utilised whilst it is vacant; and
- 2. Creating a positive visual relationship between the site and streetscape whilst the site is vacant.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R1847.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

ISPP

LCZ-R1948

Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The Any alterations or additions to a building or structure that:
 - i. Do not alter its the external appearance of the building or structure; or
 - ii. Involve the placement of solar panels on rooftops; or
 - iii. Involve maintenance, repair or painting; or
 - iv. Involve re-cladding with like for like materials and colours; or
 - Relate to a building frontage that is:
 - Below verandah level, including entranceways and glazing; and
 - Compliant compliance with LCZ-S5 is achieved; or
 - Are not visible from public spaces; and
- b. The alterations or additions:
 - Y. Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and
 - Comply with standards LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S3, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6; and
- c. The construction of any building or structure:
 - i. Is not located on a site with an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
 - ii. Is not visible from a public space; and

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- iii. Will have a gross floor area of less than 100m²; and
- iv. Will result in a total coverage (together with other buildings) of no more than 20 percent of the site: and
- Will comply Comply with effects standards LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S3, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6; and
- vi. Does not involve the construction of a new building for residential activities.

Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

Compliance with any of the requirements of LCZ-R1948.1 cannot be achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- The matters in LCZ-P6, LCZ-P7, LCZ-P8, LCZ-P9, and LCZ-P10 and LCZ-P11;
- The extent and effect of non-compliance with LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S3, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S4 S5, LCZ-S6, LCZ-S7, LCZ-S8, LCZ-S9, LCZ-S10, and LCZ-S11 and LCZ-S12;
- City Outcomes Contribution as required in Appendix 16 The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including guideline G107 - City Outcomes Contribution for any building that exceeds the maximum height requirement and either comprises 25 or more residential units or is a non-residential building:
- The Residential Design Guide:
- 3. The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints:
- Construction impacts on the transport network; and
- The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status:

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ- R1918.2.a that complies with all standards is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ- R1948.2.a that complies with LCZ-S3, LCZ-S7, LCZ-S8, LCZ-S9, LCZ-S10 and LCZ-S11 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ- R1948.2.a that results from non-compliance with LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6 is precluded from being publicly notified.

3. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. In addition to LCZ- R1948.2, and as it relates to the construction of, or addition to, a building or structure, the relevant building height at LCZ-S1 is exceeded by more than 25%.

Matters of discretion are:

- The matters in LCZ-P10;
- The application and implementation of the City Outcome Contribution as set out in Appendix 16.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ- R19.3 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified, except where the application does not satisfy the outcome threshold in LCZ-P10.

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P1 Sch1

LCZ-R2049 Conversion of buildings, or parts of buildings, for residential activities

2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in LCZ-P1, LCZ-P3, LCZ-P6, and LCZ-P8 and LCZ-P11;
- 2. The extent of compliance with standards LCZ-S7, LCZ-P8 and LCZ-S9 and satisfaction of associated assessment criteria; and
- The Residential Design Guide; and
- 4. <u>3.</u> The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R2049.1 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

P1 Sch1

LCZ-R2120 Outdoor storage areas

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The storage area is screened by either a fence or landscaping of 1.8m in height from any adjoining road or site.
- b. Screening does not obscure emergency or safety signage or obstruct access to emergency panels, hydrants, shut-off valves, or other emergency response facilities.
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R2120.1 cannot be achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in LCZ-P7;
- 2. The extent to which any lesser screening is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of the activities on the site, or for people's health and safety; and
- 3. The extent to which outdoor storage is visible to surrounding areas, including any associated effects on amenity values where visible from Residential or Open Space Zones.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R2120.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

Standards

ISPP

LCZ-S1 Maximum height

1. The following maximum height limits above ground level must be complied with: Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. Streetscape and visual amenity effects;
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and
- 3. The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.

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Location	Limit	
Height Control Area 1	12 metres	
Newtown Local Centre Heritage Area		
Island Bay Local Centre Heritage Area		
Hataitai Local Centre Heritage Area		
Height Control Area 2	18 metres	
Karori Kelburn		
Khandallah		
Newtown Local Centre Heritage Area		
Height Control Area 3	22 metres	
Brooklyn Churton Park		
Crofton Downs		
Island Bay Kelburn		
Khandallah		
Linden Hataitai		
Miramar Newlands		
Newtown		
Tawa		
Height Control Area 4	27 metres	
Newtown Tawa		
Fences and standalone walls must not exceed a maximum height of 1.8 metres (measured above ground level).		
This standard does not apply to:		
a. Accessory buildings.b. Solar panel and heating components attached to a building provided these do not		

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exceed the height by more than 500mm;

- c. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height by more than 1m; and
- d. Lift overruns provided these do not exceed the height by more than 4m.

ISPP

LCZ-S2 Minimum building height

- 1. A minimum height of 7m is required for:
 - a. New buildings or structures; and
 - b. Additions to the frontages of existing buildings and structures.

This standard does not apply to:

- 1. Accessory buildings, ancillary to the primary activity on the site.
- Any building or structure that is unable to be occupied by people.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed;

- 1. The extent to which a reduced height:
 - a. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity;
- Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary; and
- 3. Whether, for any additions or alterations, the existing ground floor height meets the standard.

ISPP

LCZ-S3 Minimum ground floor height

The minimum ground floor height to the underside of a structural slab or equivalent shall be 4m.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which a reduced height:
 - a. Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floor for nonresidential activities;
 - b. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and
- Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.

ISPP

LCZ-S4 Height in relation to boundary

 No part of any building or structure may project beyond the relevant recession plane shown below: Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

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		 Dominance, privacy, and shading effects on adjoining sites; Whether an increase in height in relation to boundary results from a response to natural hazard mitigation; Effects on public spaces; and The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Location	Recession plane	
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a height limit of 11m identified on the District Plan Maps	60° measured from a height of 4m vertically above ground level	
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a height limit of 14m identified on the District Plan Maps	60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level	
Boundary adjoining any site within the HRZ	60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level	
Boundary adjoining any site within an Open Space Zone	60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level	
These standards do not apply to: a. A boundary with a road. b. Internal boundaries; c. Solar power and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height in relation to boundary by more than 500mm; and d. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height in relation to boundary by more than 3m measured vertically.		
LCZ-S5 Verand	ah control	
Verandahs must be provided on building elevations on identified street frontages;		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
Any verandah must: a. Extend the full width of the building elevation; b. Connect with any existing adjoining verandah; c. Have a minimum clearance of 2.5m directly above the footpath or formed ground surface;		The extent to which any non-compliance: a. Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians;

ISPP

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- d. Not exceed a maximum height of 4m measured between the base of the verandah fascia and the footpath or formed ground surface directly below;
- e. Be setback a minimum of 450mm from any point along the kerbing extending back to the site boundary; and
- f. Not exceed a maximum width of 3m from the front of the building.

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Any scheduled building identified in SCHED1-Heritage buildings. However, if for any reason these buildings received Council approval (resource consent or other approval) to be demolished, then a verandah would be required for any replacement buildings on these sites; and
- b. Any building where compliance with the standard results in an encroachment into the dripline of an existing street tree.; and
- c. Service stations.

- b. Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the development; and
- The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space.

ISPP

LCZ-S6

Active frontage and non-residential activity frontage controls

- Any new building or addition to an existing building facing adjoining an identified street with an active frontage must:
 - a. Be built up to the street edge <u>at ground floor</u> level along at least 90% of the full width of the <u>site that borders the street(s)</u>; on all street <u>boundaries with an identified active frontage control</u> and along the full width of the site <u>bordering any street boundary, excluding vehicle and pedestrian access</u>;
 - b. Provide a minimum of 60% of continuous display windows or transparent glazing along the width of the ground floor building frontage; and
 - c. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary.

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Any vehicle and pedestrian access to a site situated on a street subject to an active frontage or non-residential activity control;
- b. <u>Service stations.</u>

Except that this does not apply to service stations.

- 2. Any ground level addition to, or alteration of, a building or structure facing a public space must not result in a featureless façade that:
 - a. Is more than 3 metres wide; and
 - b. Extends from a height of 1m above ground level to a maximum height of 2.5m;
- 3. Any roller shutter doors, security grilles, screens or similar structures fitted to the facade of any building

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional needs or operational needs;
 - The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings or otherwise enhances the streetscape; and
 - An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.

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must be at least 50% visually transparent; and

- 4. Any new building or addition to an existing building on a site with a non-residential activity frontage control must:
 - a. Be built up to the street edge on all street boundaries and along the full width of the site bordering any street boundary; and
 - b. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary.

ISPP

LCZ-S7 Minimum residential unit size

2. Residential units, including dual key units must meet the following minimum sizes:

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity;
 and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.

Residential unit type	Minimum net floor area
a. Studio unit	35m ²
b. 1 bedroom unit	40m ²
c. 2+ bedroom unit	55m ²

ISPP

LCZ-S8 Residential – outdoor living space

- Each residential unit, including any dual key unit, must be provided with either a private outdoor living space or access to a communal outdoor living space.
- 2. Where private outdoor living space is provided it
 - a. For the exclusive use of residents;
 - b. Directly accessible from a habitable room;
 - c. A single contiguous space; and
 - d. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; and
- 3. Where communal outdoor living space is provided it does not need to be in a single continuous space but it must be:
 - a. Accessible from the residential units it serves;
 - b. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; and

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The size of the proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for; and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size of the outdoor living space (e.g. communal living space);
- Whether any alternative publicly available open space adjoins or is in close proximity to the site; and

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 Free of buildings, parking spaces, and servicing and maneuvering manoeuvring areas. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable.

Living space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension
a. Private		
i. Studio unit and 1-bedroom unit	5m ²	1.8m
iii. 2+ bedroom unit	8m ²	1.8m
a. Communal		
i. For every 5 <u>4 –</u> <u>15</u> units	10 <u>64m²</u>	8m
ii. <u>For each</u> <u>additional unit</u> <u>above 15 units</u>	<u>2m²</u>	-

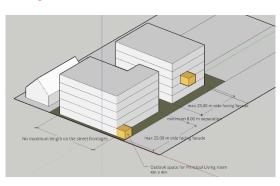
Note: Communal outdoor living space is calculated on the basis of the number of units without exclusive access to based on the number of units not provided with the minimum area of private outdoor living space.

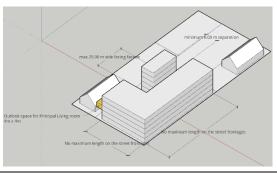
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LCZ-S9 Minimum outlook space for multi-unit housing

 Every residential unit must be designed to achieve a minimum of 1m by 1m outlook space for all habitable rooms.

2. All principal living rooms must have an outlook space of a minimum dimension of 4m in depth and 4m in width as shown in Diagram X and Diagram X below.





Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity;
 and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in outlook space.

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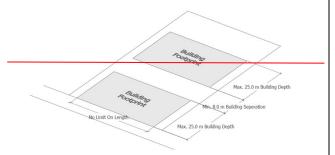
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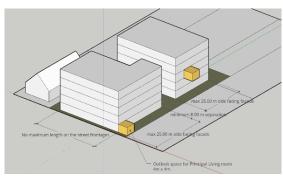
LCZ-S10

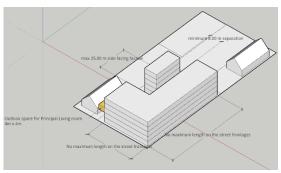
Minimum building separation distance for residential activities

1. Any new residential building or addition to an existing residential building must provide an 8m separation distance between buildings located on the same site, as shown Diagram 13 and Diagram

X below.







Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which a reduced setback will increase dominance and shadowing related effects on residential units within the development site; and
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.

ISPP

LCZ-S11

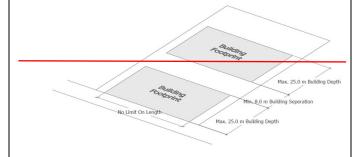
Maximum building depth for residential activities

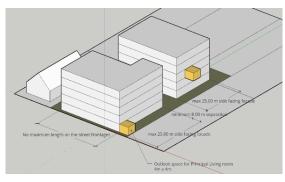
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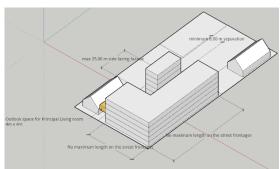
1. Any new building or additions to existing buildings used for residential activities must not result in the continuous depth of any external side wall being greater than 25m, as shown in Diagram 14 below.

 Any new building, part of a new building, or additions to an existing building, constructed for residential activities on any site aside from a rear site, must not result in the continuous length of any external side façade, facing a neighbouring site, being greater than 25m, as shown in Diagram 19 and Diagram X below. Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- The extent to which the design mitigates the effect of a long features building elevations; and
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.







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ISPP

LCZ-S12 **Boundary setback from a rail corridor**

Buildings or structures must not be located within 1.5m of the boundary of a designated rail corridor.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

> 1. The extent to which the location and design of the building relates to the ability to safely use, access and maintain buildings without requiring access on, above or over the rail corridor.

Methods

LCZ-M1

Urban Design Panel

Subject to obtaining relevant approvals and supporting funding, Council will seek to establish and facilitate an independent Urban Design Panel to inform the urban design assessments of relevant policies and matters of discretion that apply to significant resource consent applications as required.

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