## BEFORE INDEPENDENT HEARING COMMISSIONERS AT WELLINGTON

IN THE MATTER of the Resource Management

Act 1991

AND

IN THE MATTER the hearing of submissions on

the Proposed Wellington City

District Plan

# STATEMENT OF EVIDENCE OF DAVID COMPTON-MOEN ON BEHALF OF PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED (SUBMITTER 298)

## HEARING STREAM 7 – RURAL AND OPEN SPACE, DISTRICT WIDE MATTERS AND SPECIAL PURPOSE ZONES

19 MARCH 2024

**URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL AMENITY** 

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#### INTRODUCTION

- 1 My full name is David John Compton-Moen.
- I am a Director at DCM Urban Design Limited, which is a private independent consultancy that provides Landscape and Urban Design services and related advice to local authorities and private clients, established in 2016.
- I hold the qualifications of a Master of Urban Design (Hons) from the University of Auckland, a Bachelor of Landscape Architecture (Hons) and a Bachelor of Resource Studies (Planning and Economics), both obtained from Lincoln University. I am a Registered Landscape Architect of the New Zealand Institute of Landscape Architects (NZILA), since 2001, a Full Member of the New Zealand Planning Institute, since 2007, and a member of the Urban Design Forum since 2012.
- I have worked in the landscape assessment and design, urban design, and planning fields, both in New Zealand and in Hong Kong, for approximately 25 years. During this time, I have worked for both local authorities and private consultancies, providing expert evidence for urban design, landscape and visual impact assessments on a wide range of major infrastructure and development proposals, including the following relevant projects:
  - 4.1 2016-19 Hutt City Council providing urban design evidence for Plan Change 43. The Plan Change proposed two new zones including a Suburban Mixed-Use and Medium Density Residential zone as well as providing the ability for Comprehensive Residential Developments on lots larger than 2,000m<sup>2</sup>. The Medium Density Design Guide was a New Zealand Planning Institute Award winner in 2020;
  - 4.2 2016-24 I am currently working on the urban design and landscape aspects for Ngarara Farms in Waikanae. The master plan, developed in 2016 provides for the creation of over 1,000 new homes, commercial areas, public open space and the preservation of wetlands;
  - 4.3 2021 Working for Waimakariri District Council, I prepared Urban Design evidence to assist with Private Plan Change 30 Ravenswood Key Activity Centre which sought to rezone parts of an existing Outline Development Plan to increase the amount of Business 1 land and remove a portion of Residential 6A land;

- 4.4 2020-21 Working for Mike Greer Homes, I have worked on the master planning, urban design and landscape design for several Medium Density Residential and Mixed-Use Developments;
- 4.5 2020-21 Working with Waimakariri District Council, I have assisted with the development of four structure plans for future urban growth in Rangiora and Kaiapoi;
- 4.6 2020-23 Working for several different consortiums, I have provided urban design, landscape and visual amenity advice for 8 different private plan changes in the Selwyn District which will potentially provide for over 4,000 additional dwellings, open spaces and new road networks;
- 4.7 2017-2024 Acland Park Subdivision, Rolleston master planning and landscape design for a 1,000-lot development in Rolleston. The HAASHA development was originally 888 households before we redesigned the development to increase its density to ~14.5hh/ha; and
- 4.8 Stage 3 Proposed District Plan Design Guides Residential (High, Medium and Lower Density and Business Mixed Use Zones) for Queenstown Lakes District Council (2018-2020).
- I am familiar with the Parkvale Road Limited ("PRL") submission to rezone land at the northern end of Parkvale Road, Karori. I have visited and walked over the site on Monday 29<sup>th</sup> January 2024. I am also familiar with the area, and the Karori suburb more generally, having grown up in Karori. My assessment methodology follows the NZILA guidelines outlined in Te Tangi a te Manu Landscape Guidelines.

#### **CODE OF CONDUCT**

- Although this is not an Environment Court hearing, I note that in preparing my evidence I have reviewed the Code of Conduct for Expert Witnesses contained in Part 9 of the Environment Court Practice Note 2023. I have complied with it in preparing my evidence. I confirm that the issues addressed in this statement of evidence are within my area of expertise, except where relying on the opinion or evidence of other witnesses. I have not omitted to consider material facts known to me that might alter or detract from the opinions expressed.
- I have no commercial or other interest in the outcome of this application, nor any conflict of interest of any kind.

#### **SCOPE OF EVIDENCE**

- 8 My evidence provides an assessment of the appropriateness of the rezoning of a portion of 200 Parkvale Road sought by PRL from an urban design, landscape and visual amenity perspective. It should be read with the photos and plans shown in Appendix 1 Graphic Attachment.
- 9 My evidence will address:
  - 9.1 The existing context and receiving environment;
  - 9.2 Effects on Urban and Landscape Character;
  - 9.3 Effects on Visual Amenity;
  - 9.4 The Ridgeline and Hilltops Overlay; and
  - 9.5 The section 42A Report.
- 10 In preparing my evidence, I have reviewed:
  - 10.1 PRL's submission to the PDP;
  - 10.2 The Council's section 42A Report for this Hearing Stream; and
  - 10.3 The relevant proposed provisions of the Wellington City PDP.

#### THE PROPOSAL

- In its submission, PRL seeks to rezone a 3.868ha portion of the overall site (approx. 335ha) from the proposed General Rural zoning to Medium Density Residential in order to enable residential development. The submission also addresses the proposed Ridgeline and Hilltops overlay that applies to a portion of the area PRL seeks to rezone.
- The Medium Density Residential zoning will enable a number of new homes to be built. PRL has not progressed development plans to any significant level of detail, but I understand that a development yield of 30-40 residential units may be feasible, subject to site constraints. For the purpose of my assessment I have assumed that up to 50 households of varying typologies could be developed on the site, noting that the underlying topography will be a significant constraint on the site's development potential.

#### **EXISTING CONTEXT AND RECEIVING ENVIRONMENT**

- Located at the northern end of Parkvale Road, the submission site is on the edge of existing residential development. The site contains three existing dwellings and provides access to two other dwellings at 173 and 175 Parkvale Road. A resource consent was previously granted for the construction of another 5 dwellings on the site, however that consent has since lapsed.
- The dwellings at the northern end of Parkvale Road are typically standalone dwellings on individual sections. There is a mix of single and two storey dwellings of varying levels of stewardship, fencing types and vegetation types. Overhead power lines are clearly visible and detract from the quality of the view. The suburban area in this location includes well-established vegetation, both native and exotic, which allows dwellings to be absorbed to a degree into the landscape, noting that the character is still suburban.
- With the PDP changing the zoning of this area to Medium Density Residential Zone, there is likely to be a slow intensification of the existing housing stock as older buildings or larger sites become available for development. It is unlikely that the area will immediately be developed into a greater residential density, but this will occur progressively given the area's proximity to existing amenities.



Photo 1 - View looking south along Parkvale Road. Note there is no consistent house style or age with the street very much having an eclectic suburban character.

- To the immediate east and north of the site is the Outer Green Belt Special Amenity Landscape which has a Natural Open Space zone. This area is well-vegetated with a mix of native vegetation and regenerating native vegetation coming through old stands of gorse. This area has a high level of natural character with little topographical modification and an almost complete vegetative cover.
- The site itself, as mentioned, contains several houses, paved accessways and a high level of vegetative cover. The quality of the existing vegetation is mixed with a large amount of weed species present but also large amounts of regenerating native vegetation in pockets. Signs of gorse, broom and blackberry were evident and are typical of the hills around Karori before native vegetation is able to re-establish. There are also areas of grassland where grazing is still occurring. Overall the quality of the existing vegetation is considered low to moderate with the ability for any future rezoning likely to improve the quality and stewardship of future plantings.
- In topographical terms, the portion of the site proposed to be rezoned has an eastern aspect rising from approximately 200masl at the end of Parkvale Road to 280masl at its highest point where it borders a farm track / Skyline Walkway. The ridgeline behind the site rises to over 315masl. Views into the area from the majority of Karori are screened by a small promontory where 173 and 175 Parkvale Road are located. These dwellings are situated at 245masl and 240masl respectively, noting that the houses below on Parkvale Road and Canterbury Street sit at 180-200masl. On the site there are signs of earthworks for building platforms and roads, along with signs of erosion in places. Any future development is likely to require earthworks but these are not considered out of place for the receiving environment.

#### EFFECTS ON URBAN AND LANDSCAPE CHARACTER

- The character of the receiving environment is enclosed, urban-fringe and is used for a mix of rural and residential purposes. Future development resulting from the proposed rezoning will modify the character of the landscape to one which is suburban in character. Aspects of the site, including topography and vegetation cover, will likely be modified but there is the potential for a higher level of stewardship and care to be developed, which in turn would lead to a higher level of amenity.
- There will likely be a loss of some larger exotic and native tree species on site as a result of future residential development, but these will be replaced over time

by tree species more suitable for a suburban situation. Having walked over the site there were some trees of value, but there were also a number which are unsuitable. It is also possible and feasible that a future development will retain some of the existing vegetation on the site. At the resource consent stage a more detailed analysis of the existing trees would be undertaken to determine if any are worth retaining for their incorporation into a future development.

- 21 The natural landscape character is highly modified, having been cleared for rural land use. This is reflected in the lower amounts of native vegetation present in the area, although it is regenerating in places.
- Overall, the character and land use of the area will shift from its current form, being a mix of residential and rural activities to a more concentrated, high amenity residential development on the edge of rural land.

#### **VISUAL AMENITY ASSESSMENT**

- The visual context of the receiving environment for the rezoning is relatively confined due to the nature of the underlying topography. A series of key viewpoints were selected to show a representative sample of the likely locations where visual effects from a future residential development might be experienced (refer to Appendix 1 for the relevant photos). Viewpoints are generally located on public land, and where possible located as close as possible to existing or proposed residential dwellings or other key viewpoints. In assessing the potential effect of a proposal, the quality and openness of the view is considered.
- 24 The viewpoints selected were as follows:
  - 24.1 VP1 View north from the end of Parkvale Road;
  - 24.2 VP2 View south from above the site on Parkvale Road/Skyline Track;
  - 24.3 VP3 -View north from outside 121 Parkvale Road;
  - 24.4 VP4 View north from Parkvale-Karori Road intersection;
  - 24.5 VP5 View north from 57 Campbell St (opposite Ben Burn Park); and
  - 24.6 VP6 View north from 14 Croydon St.
- The highest likely visual effects from future residential development will be experienced by those residential properties closest to the proposal on Parkvale Road, including the two properties at 173 and 175 Parkvale Road. Though there

would be a change to a residential density of development, from this location the effects are considered less than minor as the proposal is considered a natural extension to existing dwellings on Parkvale Road. Views from the Skyline Walkway of the site will be a mix of open and acute views at a relatively close proximity but are still expected to only be a Low level of change as any new buildings will be viewed in context with existing dwellings that are already visible. The view will also be transitory as people move through the space. Overall, the scale and bulk and location of a future proposal would allow it to appear as a natural extension of existing development, with the anticipated visual effects being Less than Minor.

#### RIDGELINE AND HILLTOPS OVERLAY

- Part of the site proposed to be rezoned to Medium Density Residential has a Ridgeline and Hilltops Overlay. Development within the overlay could trigger a resource consent requirement which would assess the impact of a potential development on the purpose of the overlay.
- 27 Having walked over the site and reviewed the site from the surrounding receiving environment I am of the opinion that residential development can occur on the site without adversely affecting the purpose of the overlay. The topography rises to 315masl behind the site with highest point of the rezoned area being at approximately 280masl. At no point will future buildings form part of the skyline. I agree with the proposed change sought by PRL to the wording of Policy NFL-P2 which seeks to provide a balance between allowing for the intention of the underlying zone to be realised and ensuring adverse effects on the visual amenity and landscape values of the overlay can be mitigated.

#### **SECTION 42A REPORT.**

Paragraph 77 of the section 42A report provides an assessment of the zoning change sought by PRL. The report is in agreement with the submission to rezone from General Rural zone to MDRZ. The section 42A report then notes the following statement which relates to visual amenity at paragraph 87(a)(iv):

`Be largely out of sight from the surrounding environment given its location at the end of a street and behind existing residential houses. In addition, the proposal will be largely in keeping with the surrounding residential environment and any proposed breaches of the MRZ will still require a resource consent meaning any potential breach can be assessed at the time of consent.'

#### CONCLUSION

In urban design terms, the proposed rezoning is considered a natural extension to existing urban development. The site is well-connected and close to existing amenities which would allow the site to become a well-functioning urban environment. It has the ability for a variety of different house typologies to be developed, creating choice and diversity, while understanding that the underlying topography will have an influence on any future development. Future residents will have access to existing amenities within Karori as well as access to the surrounding network of walkways.

In terms of landscape character (including natural character) and values of the area, the proposed rezoning will result in a low-moderate magnitude of change on the existing rural landscape character and values. The existing character of the site is already modified, includes existing dwellings and is immediately adjacent to residential development. The character of the site will change to a character which is more dense and built, consistent with existing adjoining residential development on Parkyale Road.

In terms of visual amenity, the adjacent Medium Density Residential zone will experience a change in the openness of available views across the property, noting that these are limited to a few locations with the site being visually 'contained' by the existing topography and/or vegetation. Adjoining residential properties, current and future, that overlook the site will have a mix of open, partial, and screened views of future development. The changes in views experienced by these residents are considered Low given the character of the existing environment, the quality of these views and the proximity to existing residential development.

Dave Compton-Moen

7 March 2024

### **Appendices**

1. Graphic attachment.



APPENDIX ONE - URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL AMENITY ASSESSMENT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

200 PARKVALE ROAD, KARORI - REZONING SUBMISSION FOR PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED



#### 200 PARKVALE ROAD, KARORI - REZONING SUBMISSION

Project no: 2024\_014

Document title: APPENDIX 1 - GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

Revision: B

Date: 7 MARCH 2024

Client name: PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED

Author: Dave Compton-Moen

File name: 2024\_014 PRL 200 Parkvale Road, Karori Rezoning Graphic Attachment\_B

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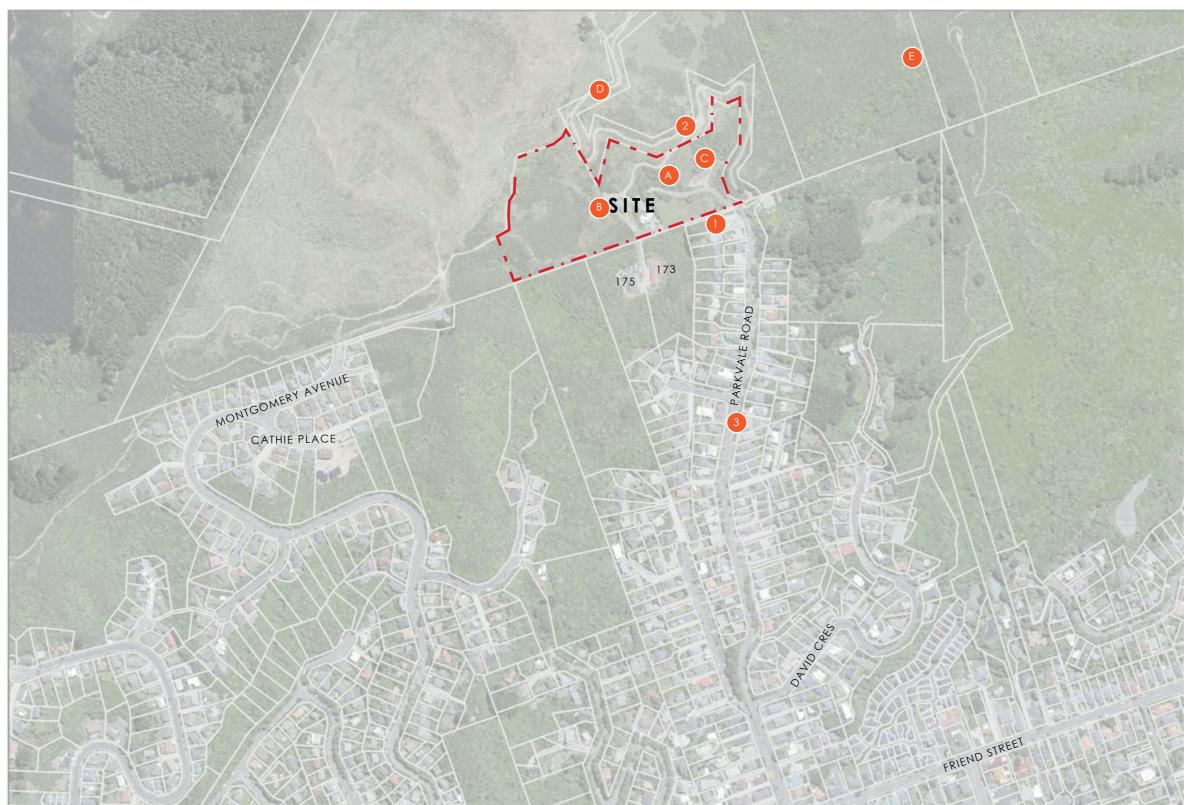
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#### **LEGEND**

Proposal boundary

#### SITE CHARACTER PHOTOS

- Vegetation
- Existing dwellings on site
- Topography
- Earthworks / farms roads
- Open space / green belt

#### **VIEWPOINT LOCATIONS**

- VP1 View north from the end of Parkvale Road
- VP2 View south from above the site on Parkvale Road/ skyline track
- VP3 -View north from outside 121 Parkvale Road
- VP4 View north from Parkvale-Karori Road intersection
- VP5 View north from 57 Campbell St (opposite Ben Burn Park)
- VP6 View north from 14 Croydon St

NOT ON PLAN

4 INTERSECTION OF KARORI ROAD AND PARKVALE ROAD (1KM FROM SITE)

5 57 CAMPBELL STREET (1.5KM FROM SITE)

6 14 CROYDON STREET (2KM FROM SITE)

A. LOCATION PLAN (1:5,000 @ A3)

Map / image source: GWRC WEB MAP VIEWER





Vegetation cover on the site is a mix of weed species and regenerating native vegetation. There is also areas of open grassland.



B There are 3 existing dwellings on the site in various states of repair. The site also provides access to two residential properties at 173 and 175 Parkvale Road.



The site is steeply undulating with limited flat areas. Any development will require excavation and filling to create building platforms and access.



Through and above the site, farm tracks including the Skyline Walkway, have been cut into the hillside. These trails are unsealed and in some places include exposed earth banks.



Looking from the site back towards Johnson's Hill, there is a notable difference between the vegetation coverage and quality within the green belt and within the site. Native regeneration is well-established within the green belt.

URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT CONTEXT - SITE CHARACTER PHOTOS



A. VIEWPOINT LOCATION



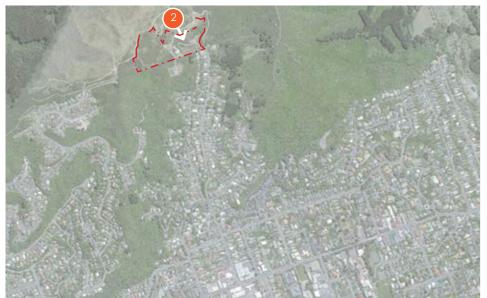
**B. EXISTING VIEW** 

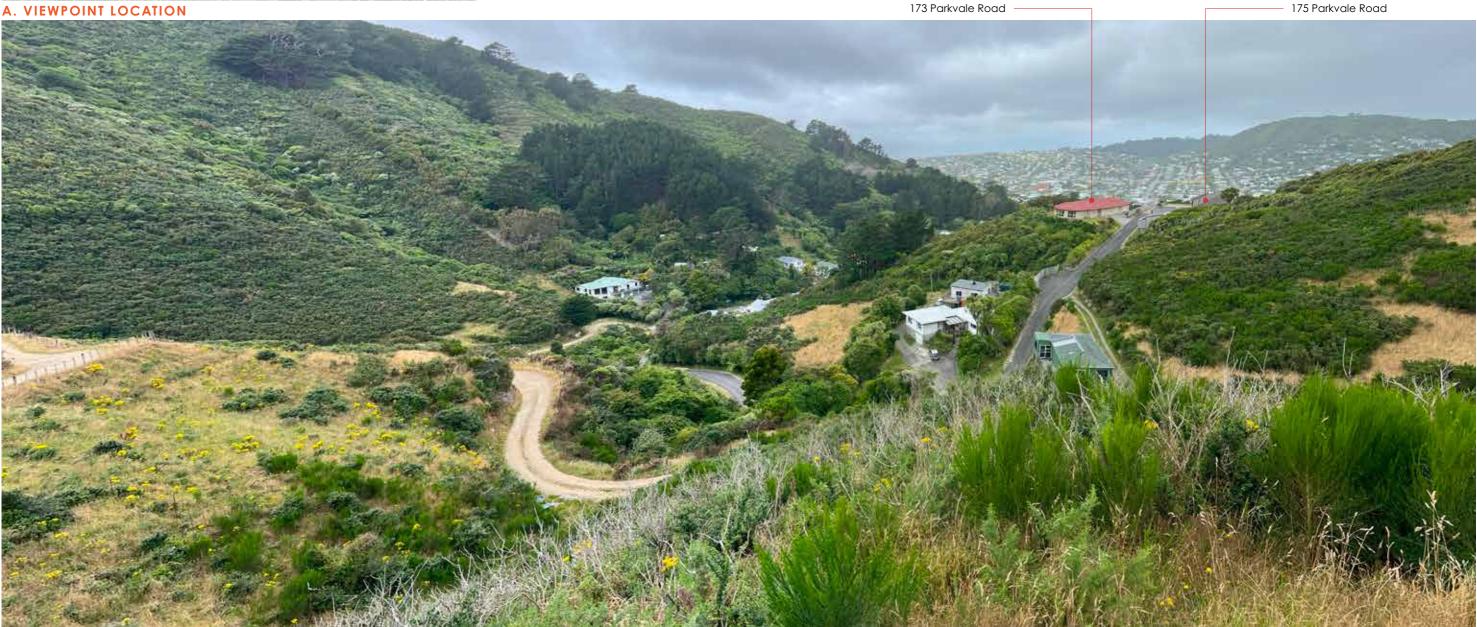
URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

VP1 - VIEW NORTH FROM THE END OF PARKVALE ROAD

2024\_014 PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED - PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN SUBMISSION (258)

Image captured on Sony ILCE-6000 Focal length of 50mm Date: 29 January 2023 at 1:37pm Height of 1.7 metres 4 photos merged together in Photoshop





URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

VP2 - VIEW SOUTH FROM ABOVE THE SITE ON PARKVALE ROAD/SKYLINE TRACK
2024\_014 PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED - PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN SUBMISSION (258)

Image captured on Sony ILCE-6000 Focal length of 50mm Date: 29 January 2023 at 1:20pm Height of 1.7 metres 4 photos merged together in Photoshop



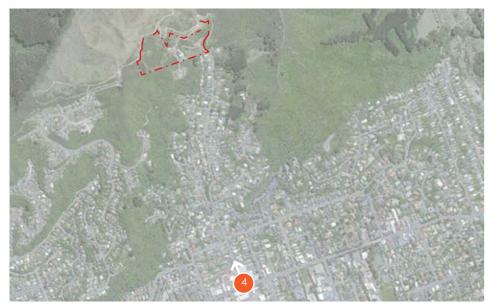


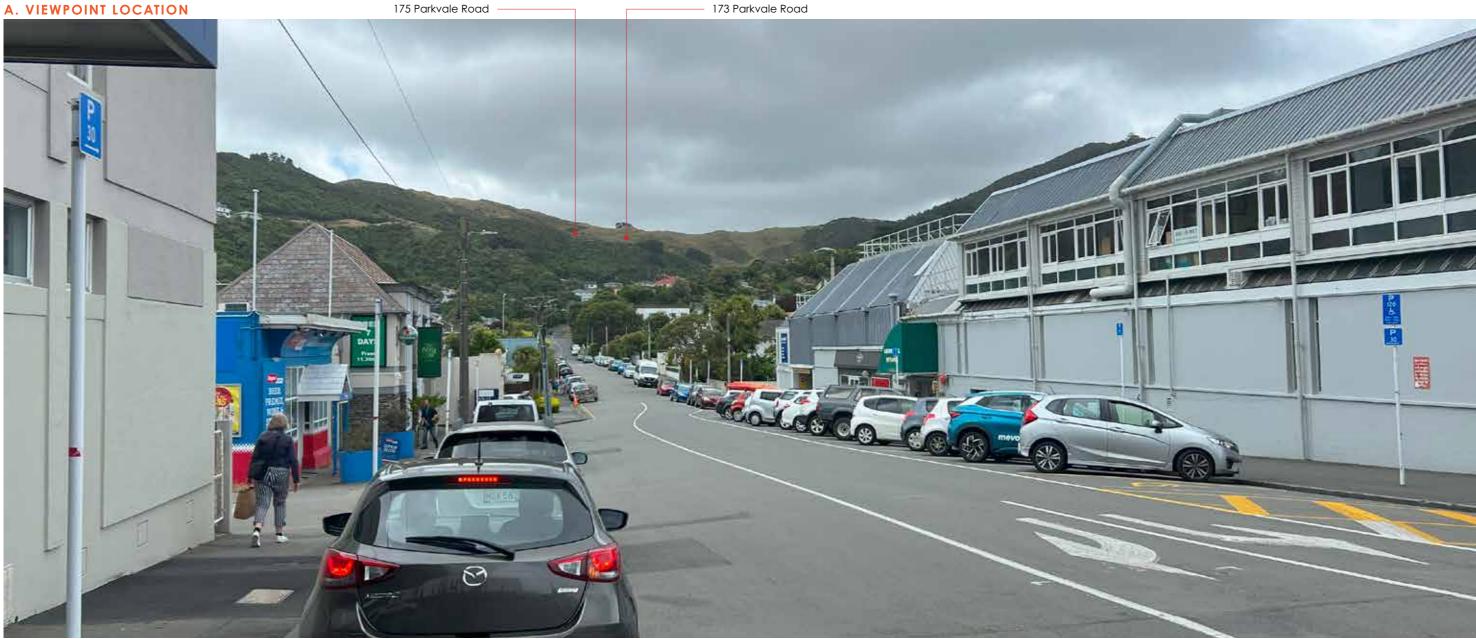
URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

VP3 - VIEW NORTH FROM OUTSIDE 121 PARKVALE ROAD

2024\_014 PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED - PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN SUBMISSION (258)

Image captured on Sony ILCE-6000 Focal length of 50mm Date: 29 January 2023 at 1:50pm Height of 1.7 metres 4 photos merged together in Photoshop





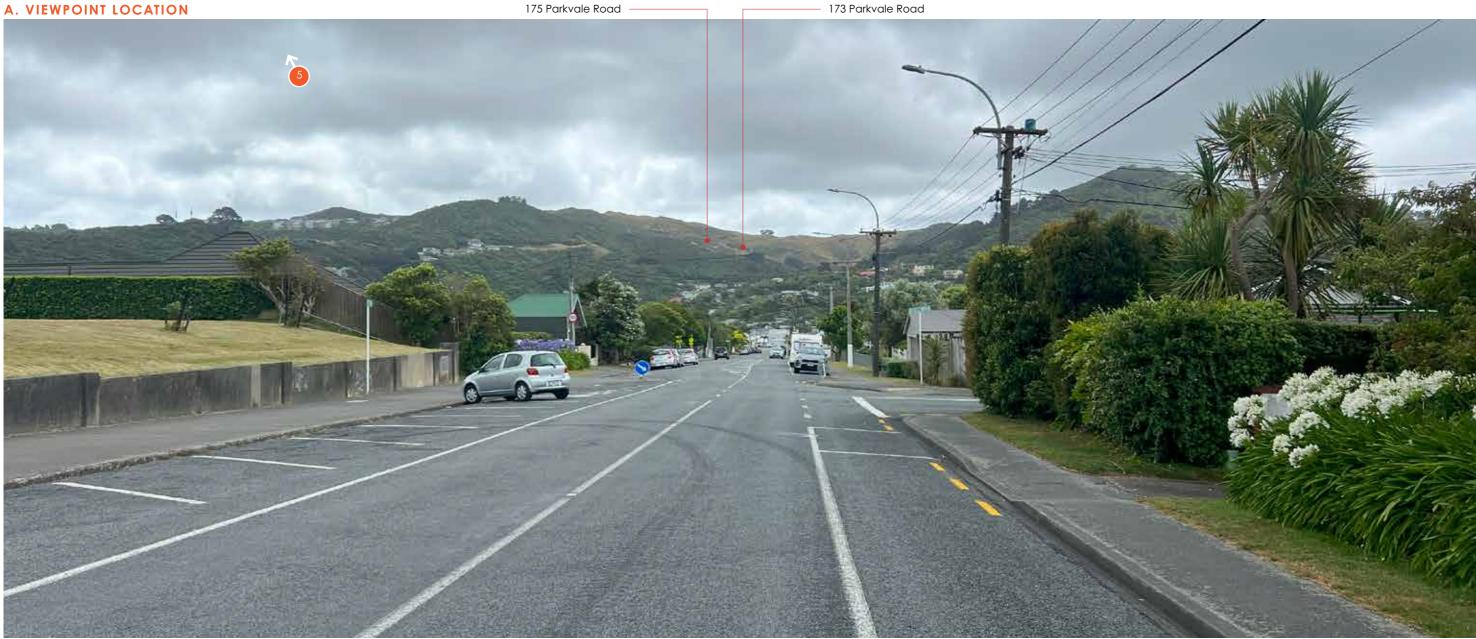
URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

VP4 - VIEW NORTH FROM PARKVALE-KARORI ROAD INTERSECTION

2024\_014 PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED - PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN SUBMISSION (258)

Image captured on Sony ILCE-6000 Focal length of 50mm Date: 29 January 2023 at 1:55pm Height of 1.7 metres Single photo



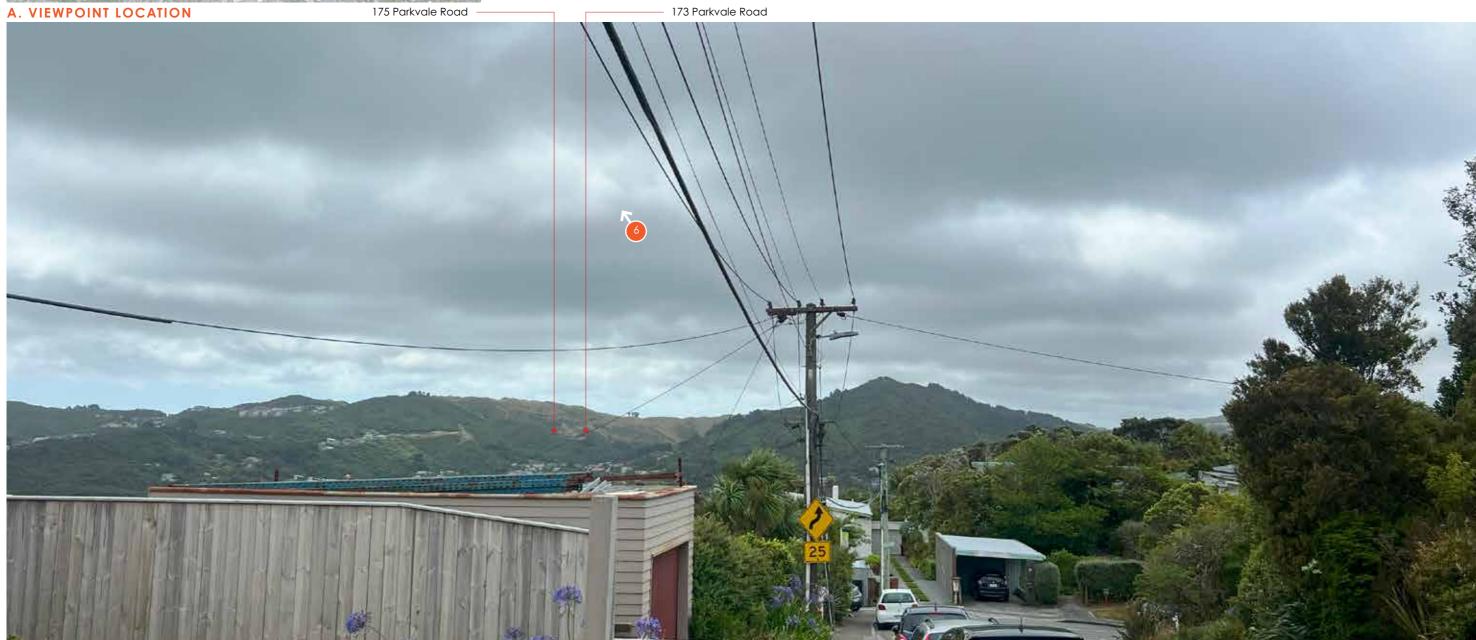


URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

VP5 - VIEW NORTH FROM 57 CAMPBELL STREET, KARORI 2024\_014 PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED - PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN SUBMISSION (258)

Image captured on Sony ILCE-6000 Focal length of 50mm Date: 29 January 2023 at 2:10pm Height of 1.7 metres Single photo





URBAN DESIGN, LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL IMPACT GRAPHIC ATTACHMENT

VP6 - VIEW NORTH FROM 14 CROYDON STREET, KARORI 2024\_014 PARKVALE ROAD LIMITED - PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN SUBMISSION (258)

Image captured on Sony ILCE-6000 Focal length of 50mm Date: 29 January 2023 at 2:15pm Height of 1.7 metres Single photo