Wellington City Proposed District Plan

Hearing Stream 4 - Part 2: Metropolitan Centre Zone

# Appendix A – Recommended Amendments to Provisions

Proposed Wellington City District Plan

Section 42A Report – Commercial and Mixed Use Zones Part 2 – Metropolitan Centre Zone

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Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (**P1 Sch1**), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (**ISPP**). Please see notations.

# He Rohe Paetata Tāone

# Metropolitan Centre Zone

MCZ Metropolitan Centre Zone

#### P1 Sch1

### Introduction

The purpose of the Metropolitan Centre Zone is to provide predominantly for a broad range of commercial, community, recreational and residential activities. The Metropolitan Centre Zone applies to the Johnsonville and Kilbirnie metropolitan centres.

The Metropolitan Centre Zone is a focal point for sub-regional urban catchments and provides significant support to the City Centre Zone by offering key services to the outer suburbs of Wellington City and the wider region. This is identified in the Wellington Regional Policy Statement. These centres contain a wide range of commercial, civic and government services, office, community, recreational, entertainment and residential activities and have well established access to public transport.

The Johnsonville and Kilbirnie metropolitan centres will play a critical role in accommodating forecast population growth and have significant development/redevelopment potential. To support and encourage intensification, the Metropolitan Centre Zone provides <u>an opportunity for substantial building heights to be realised substantial height limits</u>. Given the significant development potential in the Metropolitan Centre Zones, comprehensive development and the integrated and coordinated development of larger sites is required to act as a catalyst for positive change and demonstrate density done well.

High quality building design is a focus for these centres. The transition to more intensive use in metropolitan centres will result in significant changes to existing amenity values and design in the centres and their surrounds. Redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide.

There is an identified need for significant residential intensification within and around the Metropolitan Centres. These centres are subject to the intensification policies 3 (b) and (c) of the National Policy Statement on Urban Development 2020 (NPS-UD). Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within the centres and the High Density Residential Zone has been applied within a walkable catchment of the edge of these centres. The-cumulative risk from natural hazards-in Kilbirnie is that the intensification of this area has been tempered as a qualifying matter under Subpart 6, clause 3.32 of the NPS-UD has been addressed by applying the natural hazards overlay.

To support a mix of activities within the Zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality and viability of centres.

### Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

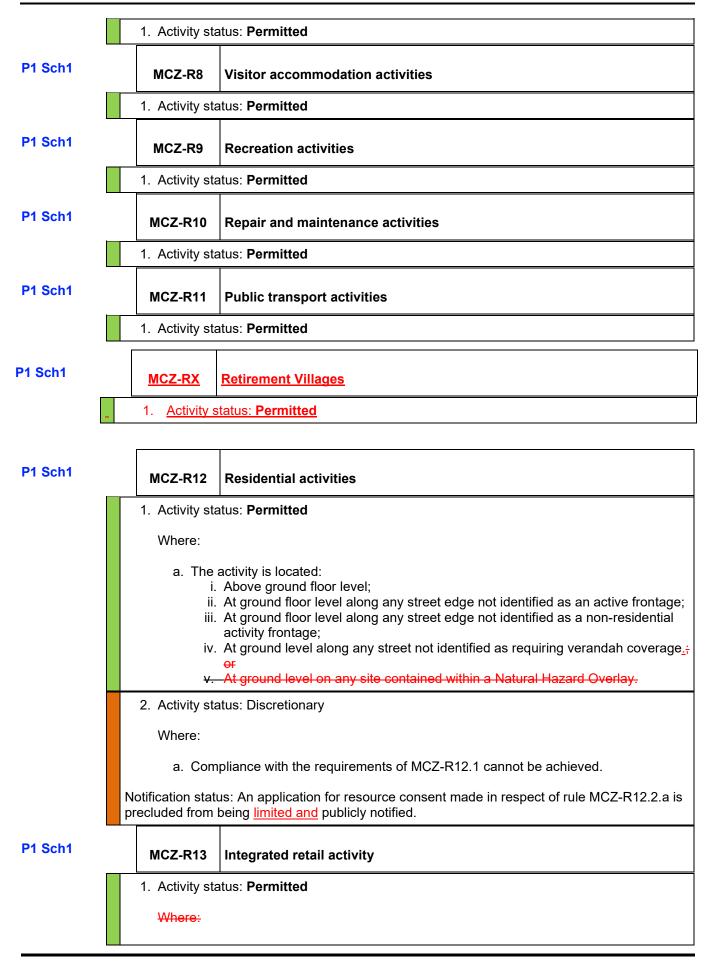
	Objectives				
ISPP	MCZ-O1	Purpose			
		The Metropolitan Centre Zone meets the sub-regional needs of communities, businesses and residents in a manner that supports the City's strategic direction for compact urban growth and its sub-regional role and function in the City's hierarchy of centres.			
ISPP	MCZ-O2	Accommodating growth			
		The Metropolitan Centre Zone plays a significant role in accommodating growth and has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity <u>and</u> <u>additional infrastructure</u> to meet commercial and residential growth needs.			
ISPP	MCZ-O3	Amenity and design			
		Medium and high density mixed-use development is achieved that positively contributes to a good quality, well-functioning urban environment that reflects the changing urban form and amenity values of the Metropolitan Centres Zone.			
ISPP	MCZ-O4	Activities			
		Activities will be of an appropriate scale and type to enhance the vibrancy <del>and</del> <del>viability</del> of Metropolitan Centres <u>, support walkable neighbourhoods</u> and reflect their sub-regional purpose.			
	Policies				
ISPP	MCZ-P1	Accommodating growth			
		Provide for the use and development of the Metropolitan Centre Zone to meet the City's needs for housing, business activities and community facilities, including:			
		<ol> <li>A variety of building types, sizes, tenures, affordability and distribution of a scale and intensity that does not undermine the ongoing viability, vibrancy and primacy of the City Centre Zonesupports the purpose of the zone;</li> <li>A mix of medium and high-density housing;</li> <li>Conversiont access to active transport and public transport entions;</li> </ol>			
		3. Convenient access to active transport and public transport options;			

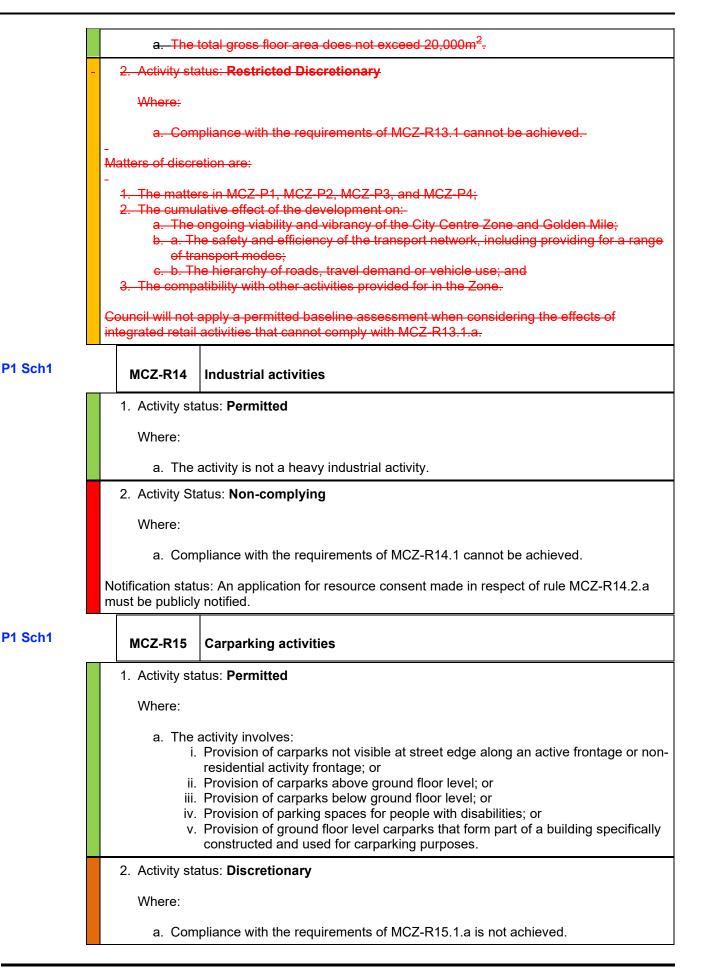
		<ul> <li>4. Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and</li> <li>5. Convenient access to a range of open spaces.</li> </ul>	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-P2	Enabled activities	
		Enable a range of activities that contribute positively to the purpose of the zone and meet sub-regional needs including:	
		<ol> <li>Commercial activities;</li> <li>Residential activities;</li> <li>Community facilities;</li> <li>Educational facilities;</li> <li>Educational facilities;</li> <li>Arts, culture, and entertainment activities;</li> <li>Marae activities;</li> <li>Emergency service facilities;</li> <li>Community corrections activities;</li> <li>Visitor accommodation;</li> <li>Recreational activities;</li> <li>Repair and maintenance service activities;</li> <li>Industrial activities; and</li> <li>Public transport activities.</li> </ol>	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-P3	Managed activities	
		Manage the location and scale of commercial activities that could result in cumulative adverse effects on the viability and vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of activities within the Metropolitan Centre Zone, and the function of the transport network.	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-P4	Potentially incompatible activities	
		Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the purpose of the Metropolitan Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on the vibrancy and amenity values of the centre.	
		Potentially incompatible activities include:	
		<ol> <li>Carparking visible at street edge along an active frontage or non- residential activity frontage;</li> <li>Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of vacant land;</li> <li>Ground floor residential activities on street edges identified as having an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; and</li> <li>Yard-based retail activities.</li> </ol>	

P1 Sch1	MCZ-P5	Heavy industrial activities			
		Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Metropolitan Centre Zone.			
ISPP	MCZ-P6	Housing choice			
		Enable medium and high-density residential development that:			
		<ol> <li>Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the City; and</li> <li>Offers a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures, impairments and abilities.</li> </ol>			
ISPP	MCZ-P7	Quality design outcomes <del>– neighbourhood and townscape outcomes</del>			
		<ul> <li>Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Metropolitan Centre Zone by:</li> <li>1. Meeting the requirements of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant;</li> <li>2. 1. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive, development, including the extent to which the development: <ul> <li>a. Acts as a positive catalyst for future change by reflecting Reflects the nature and scale of the development proposed enabled within the zone and in the vicinity, and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the centre;</li> <li>b. Optimises the development capacity of the land, particularly including sites that are:-large, narrow, vacant or ground level parking areas;</li> <li>i. Large; or</li> <li>ii. Narrow; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>iv. Ground level parking areas;</li> <li>c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation enabled in this zone; and</li> <li>d. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities;</li> <li>e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles.</li> <li>3. 2. Ensuring that the development, where relevant: <ul> <li>a. Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to: <ul> <li>i. A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or other Māori;</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>			

		<ul> <li>ii. A heritage building, heritage structure or heritage area;</li> <li>iii. Residential zoned areas;</li> <li>iv. Open space zoned areas;</li> <li>b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment;</li> <li>c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface;</li> <li>d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks; and</li> <li>e. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for a range of activities, including residential.</li> </ul>			
ISPP	MCZ-P8	On-site residential amenity			
		Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Metropolitan Centre Zone by:			
		<ol> <li>Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; and</li> <li>Ensuring <u>convineint</u> access to <u>convenient outdoor space</u>, including private <u>and/or <del>shared</del></u> communal areas <u>of outdoor space</u>;-</li> <li>Meeting the requirements of the Residential Design Guide, as relevant; and</li> <li>Providing residents with adequate internal living space.</li> </ol>			
ISPP	MCZ-P9	Managing adverse effects			
		Recognise the evolving, higher density development context anticipated in the Metropolitan Centre Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:			
		<ol> <li>Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and</li> <li>The impact of construction on the transport network <u>and pedestrian</u> <u>linkages</u>.</li> </ol>			
ISPP	MCZ-P10	City outcomes contribution			
		Require over height <del>, large scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive</del> development in the Metropolitan Centre Zone to deliver City Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in <u>Appendix 16-the Centres</u> and Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107, including through either:			
		<ol> <li>Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or</li> <li>Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility; and/or</li> <li>2-3. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased climate change resilience; and/or</li> </ol>			

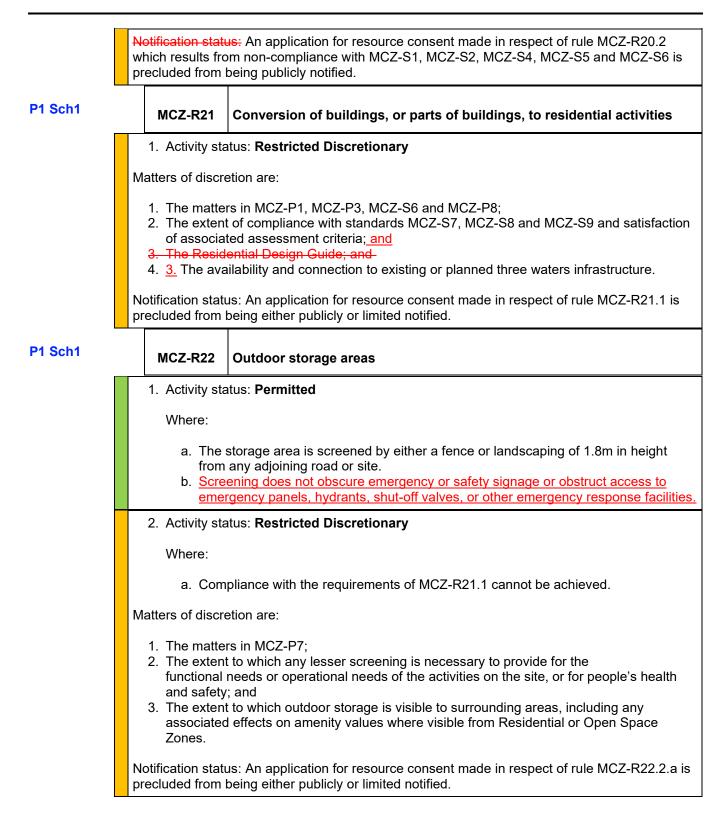
	MCZ-PX	<ul> <li>4. 3. <u>4.</u> Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; and/or</li> <li>5. 4. <u>5.</u> Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years; and/or</li> <li>6. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility.</li> </ul> <b>Retirement village</b> Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development: <ol> <li>Meeting the requirements of the Residential Design Guide, as relevant;</li> <li>Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village;</li> <li>Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated for the Zone.</li></ol>
Ru	les: Land us	e activities
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R1	Commercial activities
	Where:	atus: <b>Permitted</b> y is not an Integrated Retail Activity (refer to Rule MCZ-R13).
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R2	Community facilities
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R3	Educational facilities
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R4	Arts, culture, and entertainment activities
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R5	Marae activities
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R6	Emergency service facilities
	2. Activity sta	atus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R7	Community corrections activities





P1 Sch1	MCZ-R16	Yard-based retailing activities			
	1. Activity sta	atus: <b>Discretionary</b>			
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rumust be publicly notified except when:-				
	a. <u>The activity relates to the maintenance, operation and upgrading of an ex</u>				
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R17 All other land use activities				
	1. Activity status: <b>Discretionary</b>				
	Where:				
		activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted etionary activity, or a non-complying activity.			
Ru	les: Building	and structures activities			
ISPP	MCZ-R18	Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures			
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted			
ISPP	MCZ-R19	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures			
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted			
	Where:				
	<ul> <li>a. The demolition or removal of a building: <ol> <li>Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or</li> <li>Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated with the use of a building; or</li> <li>Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or structure, or adding to or altering an existing building or structure, that is a permitted activity under MCZ-R20 or DEV-R1, or that has an approved resource consent, or resource consent is being sought concurrently under MCZ-R20.2, or for the Kilbirnie Bus Barns Development Area, DEV-R1.2; or</li> <li>The building or structure for demolition or removal is not on a site that has an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or</li> <li>The demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>				
	2. Activity sta	atus: Discretionary			
	Where:				
	a. Com	pliance with any of the requirements of MCZ-R19.1 cannot be achieved			
Т	1. How the la	t of the activity must have regard to: and will be utilised whilst it is vacant; and positive visual relationship between the site and streetscape whilst the site is			
		us: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R19.2.a is being either publicly or limited notified.			

ISPP	MCZ-R20	Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures
	1. Activity sta	itus: <b>Permitted</b>
	Where:	
	i. ii. iii. iv.	alterations or additions to a building or structure that: Do not alter the external appearance of the building or structure; or Relate to a building frontage below verandah level, including entranceways and glazing and compliance with MCZ-S5 is achieved; or Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and Are not visible from public spaces; and Comply with standards MCZ-S1, MCZ-S2, MCZ-S3, MCZ-S4, MCZ-S5, and MCZ-S6 and MCZ-SX (Boundary setback from rail corridor); and
	i. ii. iii. iv. v.	construction of any building or structure: Is not located on a site with an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or Is not visible from public space; and Will have a gross floor area of less than 100m <sup>2</sup> ; and Will result in a total coverage (together with other buildings) of no more than 20 percent of the site; and <u>Will c</u> Comply with standards MCZ-S1, MCZ-S2, MCZ-S3, MCZ-S4, MCZ-S5, and MCZ-S6 and MCZ-SX (Boundary setback from rail corridor); and Does not involve the construction of a new building for residential activities.
	2. Activity sta	tus: Restricted Discretionary
	Where:	
	a. comp achie	pliance with any of the requirements of MCZ-R19.1MCZ-R20.1 cannot be eved.
Μ	latters of discre	etion are:
	<ol> <li>The extent S5, MCZ-S (Boundary)</li> <li><u>City Outco</u> guideline (that excee residential)</li> <li><u>The Resid</u></li> <li><u>3. 4.</u> The e</li> <li>4. 4. <u>5.</u> Cons</li> </ol>	rs in MCZ-P6, MCZ-P7, MCZ-P8 and MCZ-P9; and effect of non-compliance with MCZ-S1, MCZ-S2, MCZ-S3, MCZ-S4, MCZ-S6, MCZ-S7, MCZ-S8, MCZ-S9, MCZ-S10, and MCZ-S11 and MCZ-SX setback from rail corridor); mes Contribution for The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including 5107 - City Outcomes Contribution as required in Appendix 16 for any building ds the maximum height requirement and either comprises 25 or more units or is a non-residential building; ential Design Guide; extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints; truction impacts on the transport network; and wailability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.
N	otification statu	JS:
		or resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R20.2.a that complies with all cluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
w	hich complies	us: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R20.2 with MCZ-S3, MCZ-S7, MCZ-S8, MCZ-S9, MCZ-S10 and MCZ-S11 is being either publicly or limited notified.



Sta	ndards	
	MCZ-S1	Maximum height

Location	Limit		1 Streetscape and visual amonity			
Height control are		<ol> <li>Streetscape and visual amenity effects;</li> <li>Dominance, privacy and shading</li> </ol>				
Johnsonville			effects on adjoining sites; and 3. The extent to which taller building			
Height control 2	27m		would contribute to a substantial increase in residential			
Kilbirnie (except as	below)		accommodation.			
Height control are	a 3 15m					
Kilbirnie, north of R Road	ongotai					
<ul> <li>an 11m maximum height limit applies;</li> <li>b. Accessory buildings;</li> <li>c. Solar panel and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height by more than 500mm;</li> <li>d. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height by more than 1m; and</li> <li>e. Lift overruns provided these do not exceed the height by more than 4m.</li> </ul>						
MCZ-S2	Minimum building heig	jht				
a. New bu b. Additior	eight of 7m is required fo ildings or structures; and is to the frontages of buildings and structures <u>a not apply to:</u> <u>buildings, ancillary to the</u> <u>tivity on the site.</u>	. infrinç . 1.	ssment criteria where the standard is ged; The extent to which a reduced height: a. Is necessary to provide for functio needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the			

ISPP

	ground floor height to ructural slab or equivalent	infringed: 1. The e: a. V b. 1 b. 1 2. Wheth constr	t criteria where the standard is extent to which a reduced height: Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floo for non-residential activities; Is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and her topographical or other site raints make compliance with the ard impracticable or unnecessary.
1. No part of any	leight in relation to bound building or structure may pr cession plane shown below:	oject beyond	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
Location Boundary adjoining a site within the MRZ v a height limit of 11m identified on the Dist Plan Maps	with vertically above ground		<ol> <li>Dominance, privacy, and shading effects on adjoining sites;</li> <li>Whether an increase in height in relation to boundary results from a response to natural hazard mitigation;</li> <li>Effecte on public encourse and</li> </ol>
Boundary adjoining a site within the MRZ	with vertically above ground		<ul> <li>3. Effects on public spaces; and</li> <li>4. The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute</li> </ul>
a height limit of 14m identified on the Dist Plan Maps			to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
identified on the Dist			

**ISPP** 

MCZ-S5 Verandah control

<ol> <li>Verandahs must be provide elevations on identified streets</li> <li>Any verandah must:         <ul> <li>Extend the full width elevation;</li> <li>Connect with any exite verandah;</li> <li>Have a minimum cleat directly above the foot ground surface;</li> <li>Not exceed a maximum measured between the verandah fascia and formed ground surface</li> <li>Be setback a minimum any point along the k back to the site boun</li> <li>Not exceed a maximum from the front of the back</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	eet frontages. infr of the building 1 sting adjoining arance of 2.5m otpath or formed um height of 4m 2 the footpath or ce directly below; m of 450mm from erbing extending dary; and um width of 3m ouilding.	<ul> <li>bessment criteria where the standard is inged:</li> <li>The extent to which any non-compliance: <ul> <li>a. Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians;</li> <li>b. Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the development; and</li> </ul> </li> <li>The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>a. Any scheduled building ide SCHED1-Heritage building any reason these buildings approval (resource consen approval) to be demolished would be required for any r buildings on these sites; ar</li> <li>b. Any building where complia standard results in an encr dripline of an existing street</li> <li>c. Service stations.</li> </ul>	is. However, if for received Council t or other d, then a verandah replacement nd ance with the oachment into the	
MCZ-S6 Active front	age and non-residentia	Il activity frontage controls
<u>control</u> and along the bordering any street <u>vehicle and pedestria</u> b. Provide a minimum c display windows or tr	fied street with an eet edge on all street <u>lentified active frontage</u> full width of the site boundary, <u>excluding</u> an access; of 60% of continuous ansparent glazing e ground floor building bublic entrance on the <u>y to service stations.</u> o, or alteration of, a a public space must	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functiona needs or operational needs; b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings <u>or otherwise</u> <u>enchances the streetscape</u> ; and c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.

	b. Extends from a height of 1m above ground level to a maximum height of 2.5m;					
	<ol> <li>Any roller shutter doors, security grilles, screens or similar structures fitted to the facade of any building must be at least 50% visually transparent; and</li> </ol>					
	4.	building on a frontage cont a. Be built bounda site bor b. Locate	building or addition to an existing in a site with a non-residential activity ontrol must: built up to the street edge on all street indaries and along the full width of the bordering any street boundary; and ate the principal public entrance on the boundary.			
ISPP		MCZ-S7	Minim	um residential unit	size	
	1.			luding dual-key following minimum	infringed:	ent criteria where the standard is
	Res	idential unit t	уре	Minimum net floor area		extent to which: The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity;
	a.	Studio unit		35m <sup>2</sup>	b.	and Other on-site factors compensate for a
	b.	1 bedroom u	nit	40m <sup>2</sup>		reduction in unit sizes.
	C.	2+ bedroom	unit	55m <sup>2</sup>		
ISPP		MCZ-S8	Reside	ential – outdoor liv	ing space	
	2.	Each residen must be prov living space of living space; Where privat must be: a. For the b. Directly c. A single d. Of the n specifie Where commit does not n space but it n a. Access serves; b. Of the n specifie c. Free of	tial unit ided wit or acces e outdo exclusiv access e contig minimur ed in the nust be ible from minimur ed in the building	Residential – outdoor livin ial unit, including any dual ke ded with either a private outo r access to a communal outo outdoor living space is prov exclusive use of residents; accessible from a habitable contiguous space; and inimum area and dimension d in the table below; and unal outdoor living space is p eed to be in a single continue ust be: ble from the residential units inimum area and dimension d in the table below; and outdings, parking spaces, ar g and manoeuvring areas.		<ul> <li>Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:</li> <li>1. The extent to which: <ul> <li>a. Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for;</li> <li>b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimension of the outdoor living space;</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Whether any alternative publicly available open space adjoins or is in close proximity to the site; and</li> <li>3. The availability of public space in proximity to the site.</li> </ul>

ISPP

Living space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	
a. Private			
i. Studio unit and 1- bedroor unit		1.8m	
ii. 2+ bedroor unit	8m <sup>2</sup>	1.8m	
b. Communal			
i. For eve <u>4 – 15 5</u> units		8m	
For each additional unit above 15 units		-	
Communal outdoor minimum area of pi			ne number of units not provided with the
MCZ-S9	Minimum ou	tlook space for multi-u	nit housing
<ol> <li>Every residential unit must l achieve a minimum of 1m b for all habitable rooms.</li> </ol>			<ul> <li>Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:</li> <li>1. The extent to which; <ul> <li>a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and</li> <li>b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in outlook space.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
MCZ-S10	Minimum bu		
		ilding separation dista	nce

ISPP	MCZ-S11 Maximum building depth
	<ul> <li>1. Any new building or additions to existing building <u>used for residential activities</u> must not result in the continuous depth of any external side wall being greater than 25m, as shown in Diagram 16 below.</li> <li>3. The extent to which design mitigates the effect of a long featureless building elevation;</li> <li>3. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.</li> </ul>
ISPP	MCZ-SX Boundary setback from rail corridor
	1. <u>Boundary or structures must not be</u> <u>located within 1.5m setback from a rail</u> <u>corridor boundary.</u> <u>Assessment criteria where the standard is</u> <u>infringed:</u>
	1.       The extent to which the location and design of the building relates to the ability to safely use, access and maintain buildings without requiring access on, above or over the rail corridor.
	Methods
	MCZ-M1 Urban Design Panel
	Council will seek to establish and facilitate an independent Urban Design Panel to inform the urban design assessments in relevant policies and matters of discretion that apply to significant resource consent applications as required.