Wellington City Proposed District Plan

Hearing Stream 3 - Viewshaft Chapter and Schedule 5 - Viewshafts

Appendix A – Recommended Amendments to provisions

This entire chapter has been notified as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument, using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (ISPP) in accordance with Section 80E of the RMA.

Ngā Rāhui Tirohanga

Viewshafts

VIEW Viewshafts

Introduction

The purpose of the Viewshafts Overlay (viewshafts) is to identify and maintain significant views within Wellington City that contribute to its sense of place and identity. <u>To achieve this purpose the Viewshaft Overlay</u> identifies a number of viewshafts that identify where built development is restricted to ensure that the views (i.e. 'focal' elements at the end of the viewshaft and 'context' elements that surround the focal elements) are not compromised by future development.

All <u>of</u> the views covered by the <u>mapped extent of the Viewshaft Overlay are identified in Schedule 5. These</u> <u>views</u> have local significance, <u>providing provide</u> a means of orientating oneself in the City and provide visual relief from the <u>monotony of</u> continuous built form. Many <u>elements protected by</u> views<u>hafts</u> are also recognised regionally, nationally or internationally. They are unique to Wellington and offer significant visual amenity to residents and visitors alike.

There are 18 identified viewshafts identified that traverse the following zones City Centre and Waterfront Zones.:

- <u>City Centre Zone</u>
- Special Purpose Waterfront Zone
- High Density Residential Zone
- Medium Density Residential Zone
- Special Purpose Wellington Town Belt Zone
- Special Purpose Tertiary Education Zone
- Open Space Zone.

These <u>The</u> views <u>that these viewshafts protect</u> are experienced from a range of positions, some of which may be in a different zone to their intended focal point.

There are three main types of viewshaft identified in the District Plan:

- 1. Viewshafts from the City Centre towards of the harbour, hills, landmarks, and wider setting;
- 2. Wide-angle elevated viewshafts across the harbour from the Cable Car station viewing platform; and
- 3. Viewshafts protecting views of landmark buildings and places within the City Centre.

These views<u>hafts</u> are spatially characterised as either 'contained' views, and 'vista' views <u>and 'panoramic'</u> <u>views</u>. Contained views<u>hafts</u> are typically those experienced along a street that is vertically framed by buildings (existing or future permitted) located along their edge, terminating at an identified focal point. They are important because they:

1. Recognise the unique relationship between topography and built form;

- 2. Reinforce the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour; and
- Promote the visual connection between the City Centre and the inner harbour and, in doing so, contribute to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place by providing continuous views to the inner harbour from the Golden Mile.

Vista <u>viewshafts</u> are more expansive than the contained <u>viewshafts</u>. They are typically viewed from elevated positions or from areas that allow a wider viewing angle, and complement the contained <u>viewshafts</u> experienced at street level. Their key features include:

- 1. Establishing the relationship of the City Centre with its wider landscape and harbour setting; and
- 2. Reinforcing the City Centre's identity and sense of place.

Some views<u>hafts</u> (whether contained or vistaviews) have been identified due to their focus on important landmark buildings or iconic places within the City. These views<u>hafts</u> are significant as they provide an understanding of the City Centre environment, promote its history and assist wayfinding.

The Viewshafts Overlay seeks to protect these identified views to ensure that they are not compromised by future development. Views, <u>including the identified associated</u> focal and context elements, that are the subject of this <u>Viewshaft eO</u>verlay are identified in Schedule 5.

The rules in this chapter apply to sites across multiple zones where the Viewshaft Overlay applies as identified in Schedule 5 and on the District Plan maps. The purpose of the rule framework is to regulate development that intrudes on the specific parameters of each viewshaft set out in Schedule 5, but not to prevent changes to the views (focal and context elements) themselves. Any such development will be subject to the provisions of the relevant zone based chapter.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

It is important to note that in addition to the provisions in this chapter, a number of other Part 2: District-Wide matters chapters and Part 3: Area-Specific chapters also contain provisions that may be relevant. for activities in underlying Zone chapters, including:

- City Centre Zone the City Centre Zone contains objectives, policies, rules and standards to manage the location, bulk and scale of new buildings and structures, or additions and alterations to existing buildings and structures.
- Waterfront Zone the Waterfront Zone contains objectives, policies, rules and standards to manage the location, bulk and scale of new buildings and structures, or additions and alterations to existing buildings and structures. A zero height limit applies in the Waterfront Zone.

Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule or in this chapter, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

Objectives	
VIEW-01	Purpose
	Views that contribute to the City's identity and sense of place, and that support an understanding of the City's topography and urban form, are recognised and maintained.
VIEW-O2	Iconic and landmark views
	Views from public places to key City landmarks are recognised and maintained due to their regional, national and/or international significance.
Policies	
VIEW-P1	Identification of important view <mark>shaft</mark> s

	Identify and maintain important viewshafts to the harbour, hills and iconic and landmark
	features from public places within and around the City Centre.
VIEW-P2	Maintaining identified view <u>shaft</u> s
	 Maintain view<u>shaft</u>s that reinforce the City's identity and sense of place by restricting development that could affect these view<u>shaft</u>s, having regard to: 1. Whether the development will positively frame the view<u>shaft</u>horizontally or vertically; 2. The extent to which the relationship between context and focal elements will be
	 maintained; Whether the development will disrupt intrude on the viewshaft, vertically or horizontally, and the extent of this intrusion whether this is of a minor nature; Whether the development will encroach on one or more of on the view's focal elements and whether this is of a minor nature; and The extent to which the development will remove existing intrusions or increase the quality of the viewshaft, particularly in relation to focal elements.
VIEW-P3	Avoiding intrusions into on iconic and landmark viewshafts
	 Avoid intrusions <u>on inte</u> identified iconic and landmark view<u>shaft</u>s, unless it can be demonstrated that: 1. The development will result in the removal of an existing <u>viewshaft</u> intrusion or increase the quality of the view experienced; or 2. The <u>viewshaft</u> intrusion is of a minor nature and will not detract from the overall appreciation of the view; or 3. In the case of verandahs, the <u>viewshaft</u> intrusion will either be screened by another verandah or building element in the foreground or be contained within the outline of a building (that is not a context or focal element) in the background.
Rules: Buildin	ng and structure activities
VIEW-R1	Verandahs within viewshafts
<u>City Centre</u> Zone	1. Activity status: Permitted Where:
	a. Compliance with Standard CCZ- <u>S78</u> is achieved; and b. The verandah does not intrude <u>on into</u> View <u>shaft</u> 1 or View <u>shaft</u> 4.
City Centre	2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
Zone	Where:
	a. Compliance with any of the requirements of VIEW-R1.1 cannot be achieved Matters of discretion are:
	1. The matters in VIEW-P2 and VIEW-P3. Notification status: An application for resource consent under Rule VIEW-R1.2 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
VIEW-R2	Construction of new buildings and structures, and alterations and additions to existing buildings, within <u>the extent of the</u> a <u>V</u> viewshaft <u>Overlay</u>
All Zones	1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
	Where:
	a. Compliance cannot be achieved with VIEW-S1.
	Matters of discretion are:

		-
	1. The matters in VIEW-P2.	
All Zones	2. Activity status: Discretionary	
	Where:	
	 a. Development intrudes into any of the followidentified in Schedule 5: Viewshaft 1 (The Beehive and Parliarii. Viewshaft 2 (The Inner Harbour/Mt Viiii. Viewshaft 4 (Whitmore Street); Viewshaft 13 (Viewing platform to the on Matiu Somes Island and Mokopuntv. Viewshaft 14 (Viewing platform to the on Point Jerningham and Point Halswivi. Viewshaft 15 (Viewing platform to the on St Gerard's Monastery); and Viewshaft 18 (The Panoramic view from the on Point Viewshaft 18 (The Panoramic view from the View Panoramic View from the Viewshaft 18 (The Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft 18 (The Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft Viewshaft 18 (The Viewshaft Vi	nent Buildings); ctoria Ridgeline from Parliament Steps); north of the Cable Car Station, focusing a Island); north of the Cable Car station focusing /ell); north of the Cable Car station focusing
Standards		
VIEW-S1	Viewshaft Protection	
view <u>shaft</u> s a. View Whitr b. View c. View d. View e. View f. View h. View i. View j. View	g or structure shall intrude on any of the following identified in Schedule 5: shaft 3 (North Queens Wharf and Inner Town Belt – more Street); shaft 5 (Waring Taylor Street); shaft 6 (Johnston Street); shaft 7 (Brandon Street); shaft 8 (Panama Street); shaft 9 (Lambton Quay/Grey Street); shaft 10 (Hunter Street); shaft 11 (Willeston Street); shaft 12 (Chews Lane/Harris Street); shaft 16 (Taranaki Street); and shaft 17 (Tory Street). bes not apply to:	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Extent of intrusion; 2. Verandah dimension; 3. Scale; 4. Location; and 5. Design.
Viewshaft (b. Any buildin c. Land within d. Cranes, ele equipment Note: Vegetation assessing applic	that comply with CCZ-S87 and do not intrude into S1 or Viewshaft S4; or structure within the coastal marine area; on the 'Commercial Port' area of the Port Zone; and evators and similar cargo or passenger handling and lighting poles. or intruding into a viewshaft will be disregarded when eations, particularly where pruning or the deciduous getation can act to restore the quality of the viewshaft.	

Definitions:

CONTEXT ELEMENTS	means, in relation to a Viewshaft, the components that surround focal elements and provide the setting for those elements. They provide the overall context for the view.
CONTINUUM ELEMENTS	means those components that traverse views (usually horizontally) and break up the view into discrete segments such as but not limited to horizons, water lines, edges to housing area, and ridgelines.
FOCAL ELEMENT	means, in relation to a viewshaft, one of a number of components that are the primary purpose for the view. Focal elements are the outstanding element that a view focuses on.
ICONIC AND LANDMARK VIEWS	Views that have been identified as having public significance, townscape value, or are representative of the City's identity at a national or international scale.
PANORAMIC VIEW	An expansive wide-angled distant view providing a complete view of an area. Viewshafts associated with panoramic views are open (i.e. they are not defined by a based or margins).
TERMINATION POINT	The end of the mapped extent of any viewshaft as depicted in the Viewshaft Overlay.
VIEW	Means the focal and context elements protected by a Viewshaft.
VIEWSHAFT	 means a view <u>down an identified viewing corridor (shaft)</u> from a fixed point that is publicly accessible to identified focal elements and context elements. Viewshafts are defined by vertical margins and a base which demarcate the extent of the protected view. There are three types of viewshafts that viewshafts protect: a. Contained views run along street corridors and are vertically framed on either side by <u>physical margins -</u> a building or other structure (existing or future permitted) b. Vista views are <u>distant views seen obtained</u> from elevated viewpoints or from areas that allow a wider viewing angle than contained views. c. Panoramic views.

This entire chapter has been notified as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument, using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (ISPP) in accordance with Section 80E of the RMA.

SCHED5 – Te Hōtaka o Ngā Rāhui Tirohanga

SCHED5 – Viewshafts

Viewshafts

Note: In order to accurately survey sites with regards to viewshafts identified in Schedule 5, surveyors will need to look at the base, left margin and right margin descriptions.

VS1 The Beehive	
Description	A view of the Beehive <u>against the backdrop of Te Ahumairangi Hill</u> from a major thoroughfare for commuters. This is one of two significant viewshafts (the other being VS4) which, when combined, promote the image of Wellington as a capital city in views from key points within the northern end of the City Centre Zone The Beehive and Parliament Buildings are two of the emblems of New Zealand's capital and key landmarks in the Wellington townscape. VS1, located on a major pedestrian route for commuters leaving the Wellington Rail Station, enhances wayfinding and contributes to Wellington's sense of place
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Iconic and Landmark
Focal elements	The Beehive, Parliament Buildings, south-east façade of General Assembly Library
Context elements	Te Ahumairangi Hill / Ahumairangi Ridge (Tinakori Hill)
Location	Footpath at north-east corner of intersection of Bunny Street and Featherston Street Height of ground: 3.0m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.5m above mean sea level
Left margin	Northern corner of Government Buildings 1876 (VUW Faculty of Law) at 55 Lambton Quay (Sec 1 SO 37161)
Right margin	Southern corner of 2 Molesworth Street, intersection of Molesworth Street and Lambton Quay (Sec 1 SO 35741, SECS 1 2 SO 35741 - HIGH COURT)
Base	10m ground level on the south-east side of the Beehive



VS2 Oriental Bay f	rom Parliament Steps
Description	A view of Oriental Bay from the top of the steps to the old Parliament Building. This is a very important location as it is one where tourists often have their photograph taken, and where petitions are received, and demonstrations are held. The viewpoint provides an elevated view across the harbour to Oriental Bay and Roseneath and promotes the relationship between two of Wellington's key townscape features – Parliament Buildings and Grounds and the harbour. VS2 is one of 15 viewshafts that enhance the visual connection between the city, the harbour and their wider setting.
Type of view	Vista
Significance	Local
Focal elements	The inner harbour
Context elements	Oriental Bay, Mount Victoria ridgeline/Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Location	Top of steps between two middle pillars, old Parliament Building Height of ground: 14.5m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint 16.0m (above mean sea level)
Left margin	Southern corner of Railway Station entrance, at property boundary of 2 Bunny Street (south-east corner of Lot 1 DP 548049)
Right margin	North-east corner of Shed 21, 28 Waterloo Quay (northernmost corner of Lot 101 DP 65083)
Base	7.6m above mean sea level at the boundary of mean high seawater springs



VS3 North Queens	Wharf and Inner Town Belt – Whitmore Street
Description	A view of the North Kumutoto Precinct and the Inner Town Belt down Whitmore Street at the intersection of Bowen Street and Lambton Quay.
	VS3 is one of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting. The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for those moving along the Golden Mile - one of the most widely used pedestrian routes within the city. Collectively these viewshafts enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote visual and physical connections between the CBD and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	The inner harbour, Oriental Bay
Context elements	North Kumutoto Precinct, Inner Town Belt/Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Location	The footpath on the north-west corner of the intersection of Bowen Street and Lambton Quay Height of ground: 2.4m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 3.9m above mean sea level
Left margin	South-west corner of 70 Featherston Street (SEC 1 SO 26720 SEC 1 SO 17350 - 4.3 M2COMMERCIAL BUILDING & BASEMENT ON ROAD RESERVE)
Right margin	The south-east corner of Whitmore Street/ Customhouse Quay, 1 Whitmore Street (LOT 1 DP 56486, LOT 1 DP 64672 SEC 2 & PT SECS 1, 3 & 4 BLK II THORNDON RECLAMATION (DEFINEDON DP 360) LOT 1 DP 56486 - 25 M2 SUBSOIL FOUNDATIONS ON ROAD RESERVE)

Base	Ground level at 2.4m
Photo	

VS4 The Beehive a	and The Cenotaph – Whitmore Street
Description	VS4 is one of two viewshafts (the other being VS1) focused on the Beehive from the south and east as set against the backdrop of Te Ahumairangi Hill. Along with the Beehive this viewshaft includes the Cenotaph as an additional focal element. Both of these viewshafts are individually and collectively significant and promote the image of Wellington as NZ's 'seat of government' and capital city in views from key points. Additionally, as the Beehive and Cenotaph are important physical reminders of Wellington's rich history the views to and from them, as provided by VS4, contribute to the city's sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Iconic and Landmark
Focal elements	The Beehive and The Cenotaph
Context elements	Te Ahumairangi Hill (Tinakori Hill), Thorndon Residential Area
Location	The footpath on the southern corner of the intersection of Whitmore Street and Featherston Street Height of ground: 2.1m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 3.6m above mean sea level
Left margin	Eastern most extent of the tower at 1 Bowen Street (LOT 1 DP 68935)
Right margin	Western corner of 70 Featherston Street (SEC 1 SO 26720 SEC 1 SO 17350 - 4.3 M2COMMERCIAL BUILDING & BASEMENT ON ROAD RESERVE)
Base	Ground level at 2.4m above mean sea level

Photo					
-------	--	--	--	--	--

VS5 Waring Taylor	' Street
Description	VS5 is one of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting and is sequential to VS3 as you move south along Lambton Quay. It is also located in the vicinity of one of Wellington's most widely used inner-city parks (Midland Park).
	The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for those moving along the Golden Mile - one of the most widely used pedestrian routes within the city – and enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote the visual and physical connection between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	Inner Harbour, Inner Town Belt/Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Context elements	North Kumutoto Precinct, Roseneath
Location	Western side of Lambton Quay, in line with the middle of Waring Taylor Street Height of ground: 2.6m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.1m above mean sea level
Left margin	The north-west corner of the tower on 20 Customhouse Quay (LOTS 3 DEEDS 431)
Right margin	The south-east most extent of the tower on 4 Waring Taylor Street (PT LOT 5 DP 1130)
Base	Ground level at 2.4m above mean sea level

Photo																																State and an and an and an and an and an and and																																																													NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.								and the second s			and the second s			The second secon	Contraction of the second of t	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERTY AN							AGE IGENERATORS	TOP							and the second s																						
-------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-----------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

VS6 Johnston Stre	et
Description	VS6 is one of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting and is sequential to VS5 as you move south along Lambton Quay. It is also located in the vicinity of the one of Wellington's most widely used inner-city parks (Midland Park). The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for those moving along Lambton Quay - one of the most widely used pedestrian routes within the city – and enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline (that once ran along Lambton Quay) and the harbour. They also promote the visual and physical connection between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	Roseneath and its built-up ridgeline, Inner Town Belt/Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Context elements	North Kumutoto Precinct
Location	The western side of Lambton Quay in line with the middle of Johnston Street Height of ground: 2.5m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.0m above mean sea level
Left margin	Northern edge of Johnston Street intersecting 20 Customhouse Quay (Lot 1 DEEDS 431)
Right margin	Southern edge of Johnston Street intersecting 36 Customhouse Quay (Lot 6 DP 10768)
Base	Ground level 1.9m at Customhouse Quay (2m at water's edge)



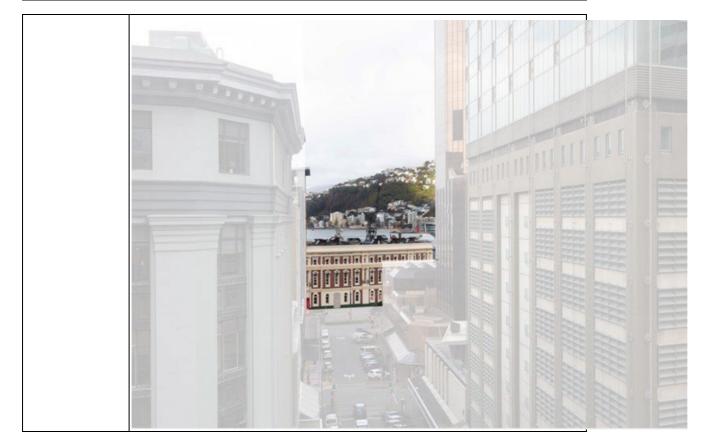
VS7 Brandon Stree	VS7 Brandon Street	
Description	VS7 is one of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting and is sequential to VS6 as you move south along Lambton Quay. The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for those moving along the Golden Mile - one of the most widely used pedestrian routes within the city – and enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote the visual and physical connection between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.	
Type of view	Contained	
Significance	Local	
Focal elements	Queens Wharf building (3 Queens Wharf)	
Context elements	Built-up ridgeline of Roseneath	
Location	Western footpath on Lambton Quay in line with centre of Brandon Street Height of ground: 2.6m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 4.1m above mean sea level	
Left margin	Southern side of former Deloitte House, 10 Brandon Street (Lots 3, 4, 7, 9 DP10768 Lot 2 51595)	
Right margin	Northern side of Chartered Accountants House, 50 Customhouse Quay (Lot 1 DP 10633)	
Base	Ground level 2m at Customhouse Quay	

Photo	
-------	--

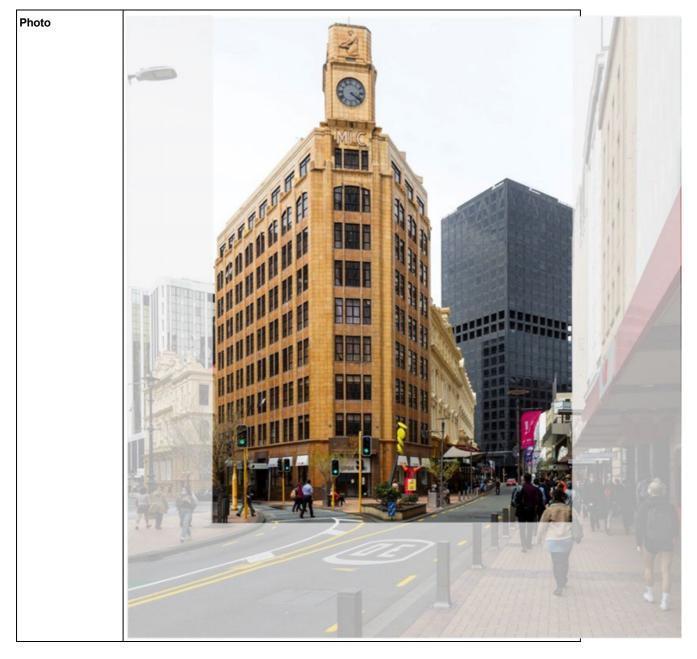
VS8 Panama Stree	VS8 Panama Street	
Description	VS8 is one of eight viewshafts offering views to the harbour and its wider setting. It is sequential to VS7 as you move south along the Golden Mile with the view along Panama Street obtained from an elevated viewpoint on The Terrace. Its elevated position and alignment along a thoroughfare between Lambton Quay and The Terrace offers a publicly accessible view of the harbour to be enjoyed from a different angle/perspective. Collectively these viewshafts are important as they enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote the visual and physical connection between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.	
Type of view	Contained	
Significance	Local	
Focal elements	Old Harbour Board Office Building, Inner Harbour, Oriental Bay	
Context elements	Roseneath, Inner Town Belt and Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct	
Location	The viewing platform accessible at 125 The Terrace Height of ground: 26.5m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 28.0m above mean sea level	
Left margin	Southern edge of Chartered Accountants House, 50 Customhouse Quay (Lot 1 DP 10633)	
Right margin	North-east corner of the Intercontinental Hotel, <u>following the outline of the hotel tower and the</u> <u>lower podium</u> , 163 Featherston Street (Lot 1 DP 91187) <u>Note: The right margin of this viewshaft is not a single vertical line as it follows the</u> <u>stepped building profile created by the hotel tower and lower podium</u> .	

Blasto

Ground level 2.2m at Jervois Quay adjacent to former Harbour Board Offices and stepped to 12m ever following the height of the Intercontinental Hotel podium



VS9 Lambton Qua	y/Grey Street
Description	Although located on Lambton Quay, VS9 is not one of the eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile to the harbour and its wider setting. Instead, it offers a 'townscape' view that principally focusses on two widely recognisable city centre buildings (the MLC Building and Aon Centre - the latter formerly known as the BNZ Tower and then State Insurance Building). Although the two buildings present distinctly different form and architectural character/features, they are both well-known city landmarks. Consequently, the viewshaft acknowledges and promotes the townscape significance of these buildings and the contribution they make to the sense of place in this locality.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Iconic and Landmark
Focal elements	MLC Building, AON Centre
Context elements	Stewart Dawson's Corner, oblique view of Old BNZ Centre (Old Bank Arcade)
Location	The footpath outside 318 Lambton Quay approximately 22 meters before Lambton Quay separates into Hunter Street Height of ground: 3.0m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.5m above mean sea level
Left margin	North-east corner Interface of the North-east corner of MLC building and north-west corner of Old BNZ Centre (Old Bank Arcade) at 233-237 Lambton Quay (Lot 1 DP 85253)
Right margin	South-east corner of 332 Lambton Quay (Lot 2 DP 20963)
Base	Ground level at 3.0m above mean sea level



VS10 Hunter Street	
Description	VS10 is one of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting and is sequential to VS7 as you move south along Lambton Quay. The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for those moving along the Golden Mile - one of the most widely used pedestrian routes within the city – and enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote the visual and physical connection between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	Oriental Bay and Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Context elements	Frank Kitts Park, Inner Harbour, Mount Victoria Ridgeline
Location	Located along the Golden Mile between two entrances to the Westpac Bank 318-324

Page 10 of 19 Print Date: 07/03/2023

	Lambton Quay, (Lot 1 DP 32604) Height of ground: 2.6m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.1m above mean sea level
Left margin	Harbour Tower, 2 Hunter Street (Lot 1 DP 59894)
Right margin	Ricoh House, 1 Victoria Street (Lot 1 DP 54061)
Base	Ground level 2.2m at Jervois Quay
Photo	

VS11 Willeston Str	reet
Description	VS11 is one of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting and is sequential to VS10 as you move south along the Golden Mile. The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for people moving along the Golden Mile - one of the most widely used pedestrian routes within the city – and enhance the historical connection between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote the visual and physical connection between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	St Gerard's, Frank Kitts Park
Context elements	Oriental Bay, Roseneath and Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Location	Centreline of Willeston Street at the intersection between Willeston Street and Willis Street (Stewart Dawson's corner) Height of ground: 3.2m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.7m above mean sea level
Left margin	Southern corner of 22 Willeston Street (Lot 1 DP 328873)

Page 11 of 19 Print Date: 07/03/2023

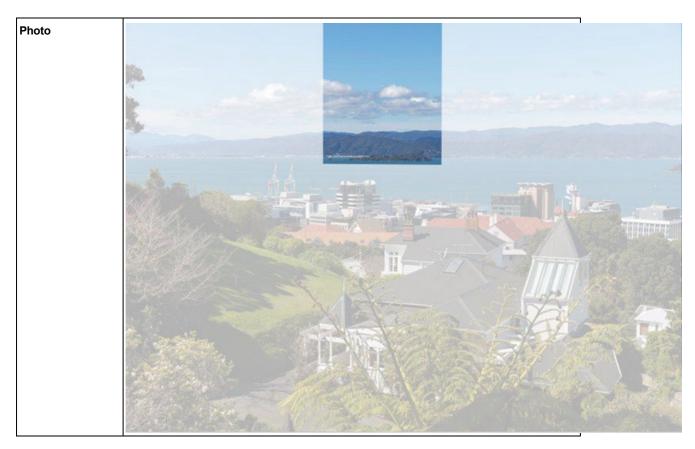
Right margin	Northeastern corner of 5 Willeston Street, (Lot 6 DP 10811)
Base	Ground level at 1.8m Jervois Quay
Photo	

VS12 Chews Lane/	Harris Street
Description	VS12 continues the series of eight viewshafts offering views from the Golden Mile (Lambton Quay/Willis Street) to the harbour and its wider setting and is sequential to VS11. The importance of these viewshafts, individually and collectively, is that they provide frequent and sequential views to the harbour for those moving along Lambton Quay and Willis Street - both of which are widely used pedestrian routes within the city - and enhance the historical connections between the original shoreline and the harbour. They also promote physical and visual connections between the city centre and the waterfront which, in turn, contributes to wayfinding and an enhanced sense of place.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	Star Boating Club, St Gerard's Monastery, Mt Victoria
Context elements	Taranaki Street Wharf area and lagoon, Oriental Bay, Te Ranga a Hiwi Precinct
Location	The mid-point of Chews Lane where the lane meets Willis Street Height of ground: 2.8m Eye level: +1.5m Viewpoint: 4.3m above mean sea level
Left margin	South-east corner of Datacom House (south tower), 68-86 Jervois Quay (Lots 8-10, 12-15 DP 10811)
Right margin	Colonial Carrying Company Building, 56 Victoria Street (Lot 1 DP 365302)
Base	Ground level 2.2m at Jervois Quay



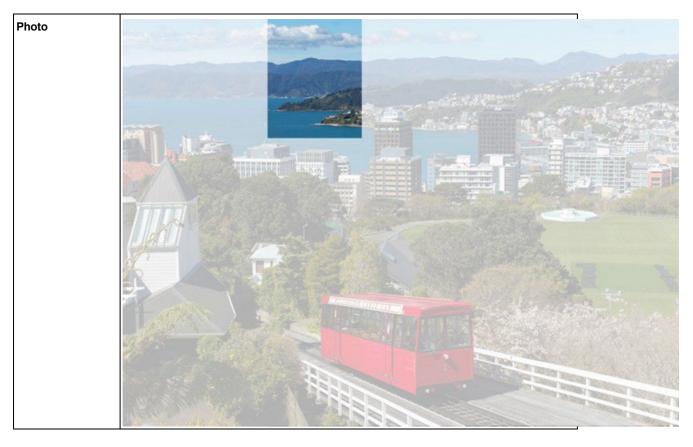
VS13 Cable Car St	VS13 Cable Car Station to Matiu Somes Island and Mokopuna Island	
Description	VS13, along with VS14 and VS15, is one of three elevated viewshafts offering 'vista' views across the harbour from the west. Originating from the same viewpoint (the Cable Car Station viewing platform), these viewshafts provide sequential views of the city's compact urban form and wider harbour landscape setting moving in a north to south direction and complement the 'ground level' viewshafts along the Golden Mile offering views to the harbour. By allowing wide angle expansive views of Wellington's memorable landscape these viewshafts enable the city's natural and urban context and sense of place to be experienced and enjoyed, and collectively combine to provide a single 'panoramic' view of the city (refer Viewshaft 18).	
Type of view	Vista	
Significance	Iconic and Landmark	
Focal elements	Matiu Somes Island and Mokopuna Island	
Context elements	Distant hills (Remutaka and Orongorongo Ranges)	
Location	Viewing platform to the north of the Cable Car station, popular because of its accessibility from Wellington's business district via the Cable Car and its panoramic views Height of ground: 120.7m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 122.2m above mean sea level	
Left margin	Rocks to the north of Mokopuna Island Line of sight: east corner of Balance and Featherston Streets intersection Height above sea level = 108m	
Right margin	Rocks to the south of Matiu Somes Island	
Base	Water in the foreground, approximately 2.6km south-west of Somes Island	

Page 13 of 19 Print Date: 07/03/2023



VS14 Cable Car Station to Point Jerningham and Point Halswell	
Description	VS14, along with VS13 and VS15, is one of three elevated viewshafts offering views across the harbour from the west. Originating from the same viewpoint (the Cable Car Station viewing platform), these viewshafts provide sequential views of the city's compact urban form and wider harbour and landscape setting moving in a north to south direction and complement the 'ground level' viewshafts along the Golden Mile offering views to the harbour. By allowing wide angle expansive views of the Wellington's memorable landscape, these viewshafts enable the city's natural and urban context and sense of sense of place to be experienced and enjoyed, and collectively combine to provide a single 'panoramic' view of the city (refer Viewshaft 18).
Type of view	Vista
Significance	Iconic and Landmark
Focal elements	Point Jerningham and Point Halswell
Context elements	Roseneath, the harbour, and distant hills (Remutaka and Orongorongo Ranges)
Location	Viewing platform to the north of the Cable Car station, popular because of its accessibility from Wellington's business district via the Cable Car and its panoramic views. Height of ground: 120.7m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 122.2m above mean sea level
Left margin	Point Jerningham lighthouse
Right margin	Northern edge of the Gateways Apartments, Point Jerningham, 19 Maida Vale Road (Lot 55 DP 475, Lot 54 DP 475, PT Lot 3 DP 1030, PT Lot 2 DP 1030, PT Lot 1 DP 1030, Lot 1 DP 75462)
Base	Water in the foreground, approximately 400m west of the Point Jerningham shoreline

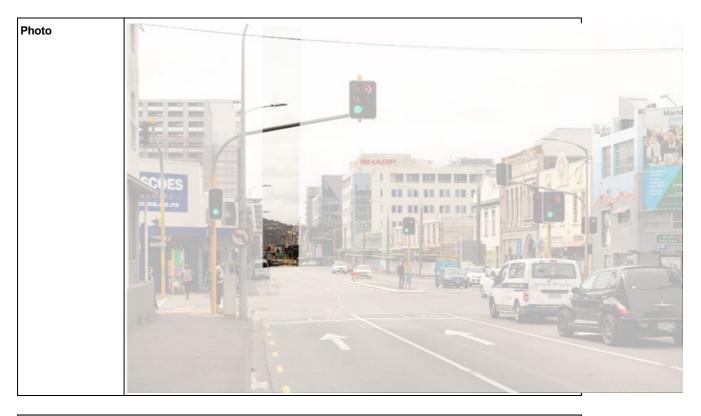
Page 14 of 19 Print Date: 07/03/2023



VS15 Cable Car St	VS15 Cable Car Station to St Gerard's Monastery		
Description	VS15, along with VS13 and VS14, is one of three elevated viewshafts offering views across the harbour from the west. Originating from the same viewpoint (the Cable Car Station viewing platform), these viewshafts provide sequential views of the city's compact urban form and wider harbour and landscape setting moving in a north to south direction, and complement the 'ground level' viewshafts along the Golden Mile offering views to the harbour. By allowing wide angle expansive views of the Wellington's memorable landscape, these viewshafts enable the city's natural and urban context and sense of sense of place to be experienced and enjoyed, and collectively combine to provide a single 'panoramic' view of the city (refer Viewshaft 18).		
Type of view	Vista		
Significance	Iconic and Landmark		
Focal elements	St Gerard's Monastery		
Context elements	Oriental Bay, Roseneath and distant hills (Oronogorongo Ranges)		
Location	Viewing platform to the north of the Cable Car station, popular because of its accessibility from Wellington's business district via the Cable Car and its panoramic views. Height of ground: 120.7m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 122.2m above mean sea level		
Left margin	Northern edge of Jellicoe Towers, 189 The Terrace (Lot 2 DP 5264)		
Right margin	South-west corner of the Harbour View Flats, 2 Oriental Terrace, Pt Lot 29 DP 123		
Base	Top of the 38m Dorchester Apartments, 144 Oriental Parade (Lot 1 DP 43005)		



VS16 Taranaki Street	
Description	VS16 plays an important role in establishing the visual relationship between this important arterial pedestrian and vehicle connection to the port, and inner harbour and the more distant hills of the City.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	Port and inner harbour
Context elements	Wharf sheds and gates, and distant hills
Location	Kerbside, outside Te Aro Hall, approximately 10m north of the southern boundary of 152 Taranaki Street (Lot All DP 13452) between Wigan/Vivian Street Height of ground: 10.0m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 11.5m above mean sea level
Left margin	Western side of Taranaki Street, northern corner of the intersection with Jervois Quay
Right margin	Eastern side of Taranaki Street, northern corner of the intersection with Cable Street
Base	Ground level 2.6m at Cable Street



VS17 Tory Street	
Description	VS17 aligns with an important pedestrian route and plays an important role in establishing a visual relationship between the Te Aro Basin and the waterfront/inner harbour and the more distant western hills of the City.
Type of view	Contained
Significance	Local
Focal elements	Western escarpment, Te Papa grounds, Pohutukawa trees
Context elements	Te Papa, Te Papa grounds, Pohutukawa trees
Location	South/western kerbside, intersection of Tory and Vivian Streets Height of ground: 10.5m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 12.0m above mean sea level
Left margin	Western side of Tory Street, northern corner of the intersection with Courtenay Place
Right margin	Eastern side of Tory Street, northern corner of the intersection with Courtenay Place
Base	Ground level 2.6m at Cable Street



VS18 Cable Car Panoramic View	
Description	VS18 recognises the expansive views offered from the Cable Car station across Wellington Harbour, including contributory short- and long-range natural and built elements. It is a popular viewpoint because of its accessibility from the City Centre via the Cable Car and its panoramic views.
Type of view	Panoramic
Significance	Iconic and Landmark
Focal elements	St Gerard's Monastery, Point Jerningham and Point Halswell, Matiu Somes Island and distant hills
Continuum elements	Distant hills (Remutaka and Orongorongo Ranges), Eastbourne harbour edge, Mt Victoria <u>,</u> and the Town Belt and Oriental Bay
Location	Televiewer, to the Viewing platform to the north of the Cable Car station, popular because of its accessibility from Wellington's business district via the Cable Car and its panoramic views Height of ground: 120.7m Eye level: 1.5m Viewpoint: 122.2m above mean sea level

