Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (P1 Sch1), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (ISPP). Please see notations.

He Rohe Pokapū Paekiritata

Neighbourhood Centre Zone

NCZ Neighbourhood Centre Zone

P1 Sch1 Introduction

The purpose of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone is to provide for predominantly for small-scale commercial activities and community activities that service the needs of the immediate residential neighbourhood and support the role and function of other Centre Zones in the hierarchy of centres.

The Neighbourhood Centre Zone includes a range of small commercial centres across Wellington that provide a neighbourhood function in the City's hierarchy of centres. The Neighbourhood Centre Zone is the lowest in the hierarchy due to its make-up of small spot zones for very small commercial clusters. Neighbourhood centres service the surrounding residential neighbourhood and offer small-scale convenience-based retail for day-to-day needs. These Centres tend to have easy pedestrian access for locals and have some community services and small-scale offices.

High quality building design is a focus for the Neighbourhood Centres Zone. The transition to more intensive use in some neighbourhood centres will result in changes to existing amenity values in the centres and their surrounds. Consequently, redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes, and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide. To enable intensification around existing neighbourhood centres, some of these will have increased building heights.

There is an identified need for residential intensification within and around neighbourhood centres. Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within these centres. To support a mix of activities within the zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality and viability of centres.

Development of larger sites in the Ngaio neighbourhood centre is required to be integrated and coordinated to act as a catalyst for positive change and demonstrate density done well.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

passers-by including:

1. Commercial activities; 2. Residential activities;

Page 2 of 21

NCZ-P3

NCZ-P4

NCZ-P5

NCZ-P6

P1 Sch1

P1 Sch1

P1 Sch1

ISPP

ISPP

NCZ-P7

Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone by:

- 1. Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide;
- 2. 1. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive development, including the extent to which the development:
 - a. Acts as a positive catalyst for future change by reflecting Reflects the nature and scale of the development proposed enabled within

the zone and in the vicinity, and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the neighbourhood;

- b. Optimises the development capacity of land; particularly sites that are:
 - i. Large; or
 - ii. Narrow; or
 - iii. Vacant; or
 - iv. Ground level parking areas;
- c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation enabled in this zone; and
- d. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities; and
- e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles.
- 3. 2. Ensuring that the development, where relevant:
 - Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to:
 - i. A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or other Māori; or
 - ii. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; or
 - iii. An identified character precinct; or
 - iv. Residential zoned areas; or
 - v. Open space and recreation zoned areas;
 - b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment;
 - c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface;
 - d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks, including planned rapid transit stops; and
 - e. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for a range of activities, including residential.
 - 4. Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development, including the extent to which the development:
 - Enables universal accessibility within buildings, ease of access for people of all ages and mobility/disability; and
 - b. Incorporates a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased climate change and earthquake resilience; and
 - c. <u>Incorporates construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs.</u>

ISPP

NCZ-P8 On-site residential amenity

Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone by:

- 1. Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; and
- 2. Ensuring <u>convenient</u> access to convenient outdoor space, including private <u>and/or shared</u> communal areas <u>of outdoor space;</u>
- 3. Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide; and
- 4. Providing residents with adequate internal living space.

ISPP

NCZ-P9 Managing adverse effects

Recognise the evolving, higher density development context enabled in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:

- 1. Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and
- 2. The impact of construction on the transport network <u>and pedestrian</u> <u>linkages.</u>

ISPP

NCZ-P10 C

City outcomes contribution

-

Require over height, large-scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive development in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone to deliver City Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107, including through either:

- 1. Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or
- 2. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased climate change resilience; and/or
- Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; and/or
- 4. Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years; and/or
- 5. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility.

NCZ-P10

Retirement villages

<u>Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development:</u>

- 1. Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide;
- 2. <u>Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village;</u>
- 3. Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development;
- 4. <u>Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can</u> address any constraints on the site; and
- 5. <u>Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated for the Zone.</u>

Rules: Land use activities

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R1

Commercial activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

a. The activity is not an Integrated Retail Activity (refer to Rule NCZ-R11).

P1 Sch1	NCZ-R2	Community facilities		
	Activity status: Permitted			
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R3	Educational facilities		
	Activity status: Permitted			
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R4	Arts, culture and entertainment activities		
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R5	Emergency service facilities		
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R6	Community corrections activities		
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R7	Visitor accommodation		
	Activity status: Permitted			
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R8	Recreational activities		
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R9	Public transport activities		
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R10	Residential activities		
	Activity status: Permitted			
	Where:			
	a. The activity is located:			
	i.	Above ground floor level; At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as an active frontage; or		
		At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as a non-residential activity frontage; or		
	IV.	At ground level along any street not identified as requiring verandah coverage.;		
		At ground level on any site contained within a Natural Hazard Overlay.		
	2. Activity sta	atus: Discretionary		

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R10.1 cannot be achieved.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R10.2.a is precluded from being publicly notified.

2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R10.1.a is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P4, NCZ-P6 and NCZ-P7;
- 2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with NCZ-S4 and NCZ-S5;
- 3. Whether residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage at ground floor;
- 4. The extent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street or area of public space;
- 5. The extent to which the building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings;
- 6. The effect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity contributes to or detracts from the surrounding public space;
- 7. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space; and
- 8. The extent to which non-compliance with verandah coverage will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R10.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R11

Integrated retail activity

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The total gross floor area does not exceed 210,000m².
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R11.1.a cannot be is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P1, NCZ-P2, NCZ-P3, and NCZ-P4;
- 2. The cumulative effect of the development on:
 - a. The ongoing viability and vitality brancy of the City Centre Zone and Golden Mile;
 - b. The safety and efficiency of the transport network, including providing for a range of transport modes;
 - c. The hierarchy of roads, travel demand or vehicle use; and
- 3. The compatibility with other activities provided for in the zone.

Council will not apply a permitted baseline assessment when considering the effects of integrated retail activities that cannot comply with NCZ-R11.1.a.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R12 Industrial activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

a. The activity is not a heavy industrial activity.

2. Activity Status: Non-complying

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R12.1 cannot be is not achieved

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R12.2.a must be publicly notified.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R13 Carparking activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The activity involves:
 - i. Provision of carparks not visible at street edge along an active frontage or nonresidential activity frontage; or
 - ii. Provision of carparks above ground floor level; or
 - iii. Provision of carparks below ground floor level; or
 - iv. Provision of parking spaces for people with disabilities; or
 - v. Provision of ground floor level carparks that form part of a building specifically constructed and used for carparking purposes; or
 - vi. Provision of carparks on a road.
- 2. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R13.1.a is not achieved.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R14 Yard-based retailing activities

1. Activity status: Discretionary

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NLCZ-R14 that is either a new activity or expands the net area of an existing area must be publicly notified.

NCZ-R15

Retirement Villages

Activity status: Discretionary

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R1645 | All other activities

1. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. The activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or a non-complying activity.

Rules: Building and structures activities

ISPP

NCZ-R1746 Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

ISPP

NCZ-R1817 Demolition or removal of buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The demolition or removal of a building:
 - i. Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or
 - ii. Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated with the use of a building; or
 - iii. Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or structure, or adding to or altering an existing building or structure, that <u>is a permitted activity</u> <u>under NCZ-R1948</u>, <u>or that</u> has an approved resource consent, or resource consent is being sought concurrently <u>under NCZ-R18.2</u>; or
- b. The building or structure for demolition or removal is not on a site that has an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
- c. The demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.
- 2. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NCZ-R1847.1 cannot be is not achieved.

The assessment of the activity must have regard to:

- 1. How the land will be utilised whilst it is vacant; and
- Creating a positive visual relationship between the site and streetscape whilst the site is vacant.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R1847.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

ISPP

NCZ-R1948 Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The Aalterations or additions to a building or structure:
 - i. Do not alter the its external appearance of the building or structure; or
 - ii. Involve the placement of solar panels on rooftops; or
 - iii. Involve maintenance, repair or painting; or
 - iv. Involve re-cladding with like for like materials and colours; or
 - v. Relate to a building frontage that is:
 - below verandah level, including entranceways and glazing;
 - compliantee with NCZ-S54 is achieved; or
 - vi. Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and
 - vii. Are not visible from public spaces; and
- b. The alterations or additions:
 - i. Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and
 - ii. Comply with effects standards NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4 and NCZ-S5 and NCZ-S6; and
- c. The construction of any building or structure:
 - i. Is not located on a site with an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
 - ii. Is not visible from a public space; and
 - iii. Will have a gross floor area of less than 100m²; and
 - iv. Will result in a total coverage (together with other buildings) of no more than 20 percent of the site; and
 - v. Will cComply with effects standards NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4 and NCZ-S5 and NCZ-S6; and
 - vi. Does not involve the construction of a new building for residential activities.

2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NCZ-R1948.1, excluding NCZ-S1 cannot be is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 4. 1. The matters in NCZ-P6, NCZ-P7, NCZ-P8, NCZ-P9 and NCZ-P10.
- 2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standard;
- 3. The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including guideline G107 City Outcomes Contribution for any building that exceeds the maximum height requirement at Ngaio, Berhampore and Aro Valley centres; and either comprises 25 or more residential units or is a non-residential building;
 - 4. The Residential Design Guide;
- 4. 3. The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints;
- 5. 4. Construction impacts on the transport network; and
- 6. 5. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status:

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R19.2.a that complies with all standards is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R1948,2,a that complies with both NCZ-S3NCZ-S2, NCZ-S7NCZ-S6, NCZ-S8NCZ-S7, NCZ-S9NCZ-S8, NCZ-S10NCZ-S9 and NCZ-S11NCZ-S10 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R1948.2.a that results from non-compliance with NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S4NCZ-S3, NCZ-S5NCZ-S4 and NCZ-S6NCZ-S5 is precluded from being publicly notified.

3. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-S1 is not achieved.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R2019 Conversion of buildings, or parts of buildings, for residential activities

1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P1, NCZ-P3, NCZ-P6, and NCZ-P8 and NCZ-P10;
- 2. The extent of compliance with standards NCZ-S7NCZ-S6, NCZ-S8NCZ-S7 and NCZ-\$9NCZ-S8 and satisfaction of associated assessment criteria; and
- 3. The Residential Design Guide; and
- 4. 3. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R2049.1 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R2120 Outdoor storage areas

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- The storage area is screened by either a fence or landscaping of 1.8m in height from any adjoining road or site.; and
- b. Screening does not obscure emergency or safety signage or obstruct access to emergency panels, hydrants, shut-off valves, or other emergency response facilities.
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R2120.1 cannot be is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P7;
- 2. The extent to which any lesser screening is necessary to provide for functional or operational requirements of the activities on the site, or for people's health and safety; and
- 3. The extent to which outdoor storage is visible to surrounding areas, including any associated effects on amenity values where visible from Residential Zones or Open Space and Recreation Zones.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R2120.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

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Standards NCZ-S1 Maximum Height

The following maximum height limits above ground level must be complied with:	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
	 Streetscape and visual amenity effects; Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.

Location	Height
Height control area 1	12 metres
All Neighbourhood centres, including Are Valley Centre Height Control Area A, except as stated below in Height Control Areas 2, 3 and 4.	
Height control area 2	14 metres
Ngaio Centre Mersey Street, Island Bay	
Height control area 2-3	22 <u>18</u> metres
Aro Valley Centre Height Control Area B Berhampore Centre Ngaio Centre Oxford Street Tawa Centre	
Height control area 4	22 metres
Linden Oxford Street Tawa Centre	

2. Fences and standalone walls must not exceed a maximum height of 1.8 metres (measured above ground level).

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Accessory buildings;
- b. Fences or standalone walls;
- Solar panel and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height by more than 500mm;
- d. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires)

	provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height by more than 1m; and e. Lift overruns provided these do not exceed the height by more than 4m.			
ISPP		NCZ-S2	Minimum building height	
	4.	- a. New bu b. Additio	neight of 7m is required for: uildings or structures; and ns to the frontages of existing gs and structures.	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed; 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary; and 3. Whether, for any additions or alterations, the existing ground floor height meets the standard.
ISPP		NCZ-S3	Minimum ground floor height	
	1.		n ground floor height to the a structural slab or equivalent shall	Assessment Criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floor for non-residential activities; b. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.
ISPP		NCZ-S4	Height in relation to boundary	
	1	•	ny building or structure may project elevant recession plane shown	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; 2. Whether an increase in height in relation to boundary results from a

pedestrians;

b. Will result in further street trees being added to public

			response to natural hazard mitigation; Effects on public spaces; and The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Location	Recession plane	•	
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a height limit of 11m identified on the District Plan Maps	60° measured from height of 4m vertica above ground level		
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a height limit of 14m identified on the District Plan Maps	60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level		
Boundary adjoining any site within the HRZ	60° measured from height of 8m vertica above ground level		
Boundary adjoining any site within an Open Space and Recreation Zone	60° measured from height of 5m vertica above ground level		
These standards do not apply to:			
 a. A boundary with a road; b. Internal boundaries; c. Solar power and heating come a building provided these do not height in relation to boundary to 500mm; and d. Satellite dishes, antennas, aer flues, architectural or decorative finials, spires) provided that not 1m in diameter and do not exceptation to boundary by more the vertically. 	ot exceed the by more than rials, chimneys, we features (e.g. one of these exceed seed the height in		
NCZ-S5 Verandah contr	rol		
Verandahs must be provided on building elevations on identified street frontages;			ssment criteria where the standard inged:
Any verandah must: a. Extend the full width of the building elevation; b. Connect with any existing adjoining verandah:			The extent to which any non-compliance: a. Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians:

b. Connect with any existing adjoining verandah;

ISPP

- c. Have a minimum clearance of 2.5m directly above the footpath or formed ground surface:
- d. Not exceed a maximum height of 4m measured between the base of the verandah fascia and the footpath or formed ground surface directly below;
- e. Be setback a minimum of 450mm from any point along the kerbing extending back to the site boundary; and
- f. Not exceed a maximum width of 3m from the front of the building.

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Any scheduled building identified in SCHED1-Heritage buildings. However, if for any reason these buildings received Council approval (resource consent or other approval) to be demolished, then a verandah would be required for any replacement buildings on these sites; and
- b. Any building where compliance with the standard results in an encroachment into the dripline of an existing street tree.

space as part the development; and

 The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space.

ISPP

NCZ-S6

Active frontage and non-residential activity frontage controls

NCZ-S5

- Any new building or addition to an existing building on an identified street with an active frontage must:
 - a. Be built up to the street edge <u>at ground floor</u>
 level along at least 90% of the full width of
 the site that borders the street(s) on all
 street boundaries and along the full width of
 the site bordering any street boundary;
 - b. Provide a minimum of 60% of continuous display windows or transparent glazing along the width of the ground floor building frontage; and
 - c. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary;

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Any vehicle and pedestrian access to a site situated on a street subject to an active frontage or non-residential activity control;
- b. Service stations.
- 2. Any ground level addition to, or alteration of, a building or structure facing a public space must not result in a featureless façade that:
 - a. Is more than 3 metres wide; and
 - b. Extends from a height of 1m above ground level to a maximum height of 2.5m;
- 3. Any roller shutter doors, security grilles, screens or similar structures fitted to the facade of any

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional or operational needs;
 - b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings or otherwise enhances the streetscape; and
 - c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.

building must be at least 50% visually transparent; and

- 4. Any new building or addition to an existing building on a site with a non-residential activity frontage control must:
 - a. Be built up to the street edge on all street boundaries and along the full width of the site bordering any street boundary; and
 - b. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary.

ISPP

NCZ-S7

Minimum residential unit size

NCZ-S6

 Residential units, including dual key units, must meet the following minimum sizes: Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.

Residential unit type	Minimum net floor area
a. Studio unit	35m ²
b. 1 bedroom unit	40m ²
c. 2+ bedroom unit	55m ²

ISPP

NC	Z-S8

Residential - outdoor living space

NCZ-S7

- Each residential unit, including any dual key unit, must be provided with either an private outdoor living space or access to a communal outdoor living space;
- Where private outdoor living space is provided it must be: that is:
 - a. For the exclusive use of residents:
 - b. Directly accessible from a habitable room;
 - c. A single contiguous space; and
 - d. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below;
- 3. Where communal outdoor living space is provided it does not need to be in a single continuous space but it must be:
 - a. Accessible from the residential units it serves;

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

The extent to which:

- Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for:
- Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimension of the outdoor living space; and
- 3. The availability of public space in proximity to the site.

- b. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; and
- Free of buildings, parking spaces, and servicing and maneuvering manoeuvring areas.

Living space type	Minimum area		Minimum dimension
a. Private			
i. Studio unit and 1-bedroom unit	5m ²		1.8m
ii. 2+ bedroom unit	8m ²		1.8m
b. Communal			
i. For every <u>54 -</u> <u>15</u> units	1064 m ²		8m
ii. For each additional unit above 15 units	<u>2m²</u>		Ξ

Communal outdoor living space is calculated on the basis of the number of units without exclusive access to private outdoor living space.

PP NCZ-S9

Minimum outlook space for multi-unit housing

NCZ-S8

 Every residential unit must be designed to achieve a minimum of 1m by 1m outlook space for all habitable rooms.

2. All principal living rooms must have an outlook space of a minimum dimension of 4m in depth and 4m in width as shown in Diagram 11 and Diagram 12 below.

Diagram 11: In-block site

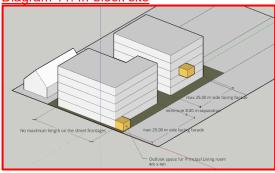
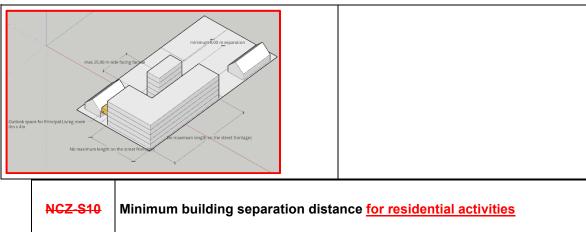


Diagram 12: Corner site

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in outlook space.

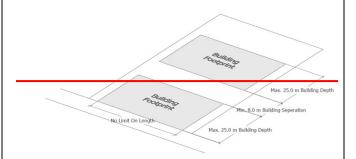
ISPP



ISPP

NCZ-S9

 Any new building or addition to an existing building used for residential activities must provide an 8m separation distance between buildings located on the same site, as shown in Diagram 11 and <u>Diagram 12</u> below.



Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- The extent to which a reduced setback will increase dominance and shadowing related effects on residential units within the development site; and
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.

Diagram 11: In-block site

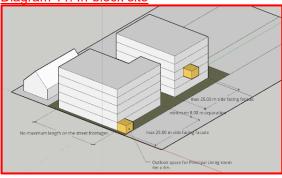
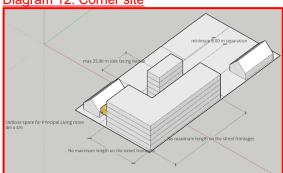


Diagram 12: Corner site



This standard does not apply to Neighbourhood centres other than Aro Valley, Berhampore and Ngaio Centres.

ISPP

NCZ-S11

Maximum building depth for residential activities

NCZ-S10

- 1. Any new building or additions to existing building must not result in the continuous depth of any external side wall being greater than 25m, as shown in Diagram 12 below.
 - 1. Any new building, part of a new building, or additions to an existing building, constructed for residential activities on any site aside from a rear site, must not result in the continuous length of any external side façade, facing a neighbouring site, being greater than 25m, as shown in Diagram 11 and Diagram 12 below.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- The extent to which the design mitigates the effect of a long featureless building elevation;
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.

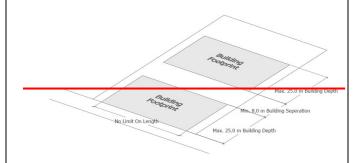


Diagram 11: In-block site

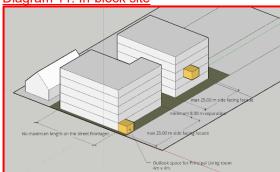
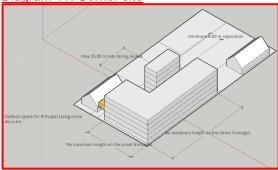


Diagram 11: Corner site



This standard does not apply to Neighbourhood centres other than Aro Valley, Berhampore and Ngaio Centres.

Methods

MCZ-M1

Urban Design Panel

Subject to obtaining relevant approvals and supporting funding, Council will seek to establish and facilitate an independent Urban Design Panel to inform the urban design assessments of relevant policies and matters of discretion that apply to significant resource consent applications as required.