Long-term Plan Phase 3

7 September 2023 - 18 October 2023

Rating Policies Review Submissions

Wellington City Council



Submissions

314

Online Emailed 6

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Resilience

Online accommodation

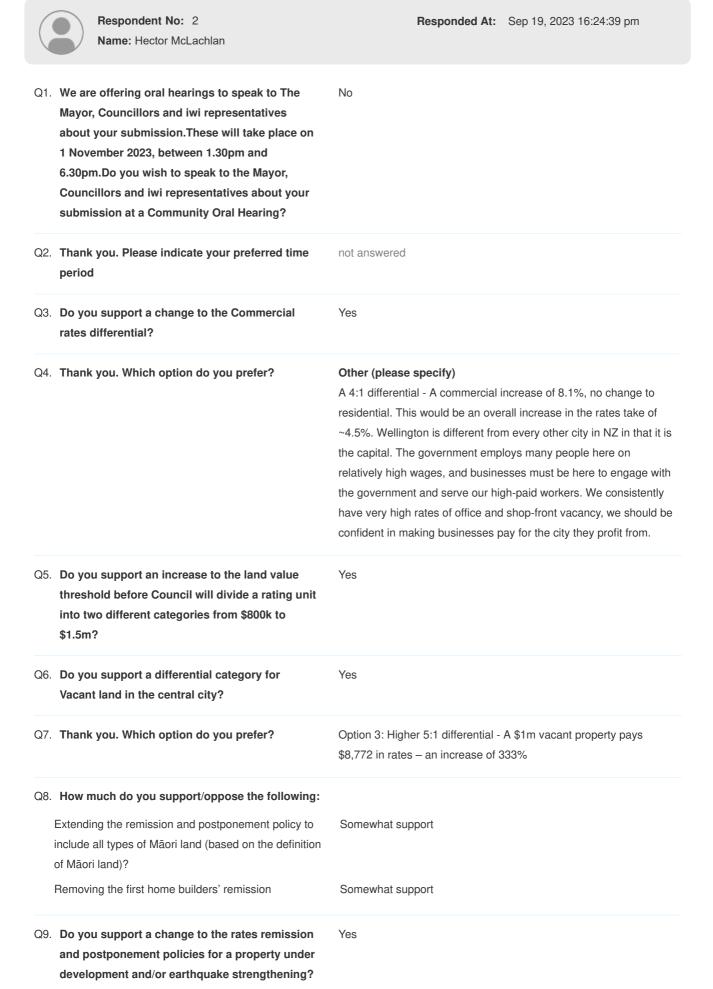
Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat support Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No - keep status quo and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for: Climate action Yes

Yes

Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

Strongly oppose

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Strongly oppose

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

This rating policy review felt far too narrow, and far too curated by senior council staff. There were multiple instances in the discussion document and survey where it was weirdly difficult to express a different view than staff's. For example, the proposed changes to the differential between commercial and residential rates only included options in one direction, decreasing commercial rates and increasing residential rates. Rates are paid by land-owners, not lessees. The sky-high commercial rents in Wellington City are mainly determined by the amount that a small group of land-owners think their tenants can pay, not by their rates bill, which is pitifully small compared to the billions in untaxed capital gains generated by these people every year.

In another instance, when proposing to change the remittance scheme for earthquake-prone buildings, no thought is given as to whether we should be, instead, punishing landlords who fail to strengthen their buildings in time, endangering us all. Again, new developments are already heavily incentivised in NZ with our bizarre lack of a capital gains tax. The reason these people tend to spend more money buying, renting out and selling 100 year old shacks rather than building new medium density developments, is that it is more profitable to do so. And far more profitable than a rates remittance will ever achieve.

We should be greatly increasing council revenue by targeting the former, and making the latter the only way to make money in property development. I'm not trying to claim that my ideas are all correct and should be parroted by the council, but having these differing views makes me stifled and unheard by you. It feels like all of the parameters of debate have already been set before we Wellingtonians have had a chance to think about it and talk to you.

Q13.If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Responded At: Sep 19, 2023 16:17:41 pm

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Other (please specify) Make it higher - 4:1 differentail (or more!)
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No - keep status quo
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following

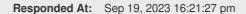
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes
Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Yes

Rates are such a drop in the bucket compared to real house prices and rents in Wellington. When people complain about 'rates' they are not acting in good faith - they are either selfish idiots who don't want to pay any money to the council, or businesses profit maximising. Big fan of drastic increases in rates on vacant lots. Would like to see this go even higher. Likewise with AirBnBs and the like. Ka pai.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.





Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Introduce a Tax system based on individual residents within each property over 18 years of age, rather than based on RV. Fairer outcomes based on individuals and respective ability to pay.

Q13.If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.





Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	not answered
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Strongly support

postponed rates would be payable.

strengthening) is undertaken.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Neither support nor oppose

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes
Resilience Yes
Online accommodation Yes

Airbnb rentals are an absolute blight on this city and only serve to reduce available rentals.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

	include all types of Māori land (based on the definition	Comewnat support
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to	Somewhat support
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No

No view

No view

No view

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No view rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No view threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Other (please specify) Significantly higher differential to deter landbanking, e.g. 10:1 Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat support Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No view and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for: Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Yes

I recommend the vacant land differential category be extended to include all developed areas of Wellington, not just the inner city. In order to ensure that this category adequately addresses the negative impacts of landbanking, I also recommend that the vacant land definition include all buildings that are deliberately being left vacant (not just derelict buildings). The vacant land differential should not apply if the owner can demonstrate that they are actively in the process of selling the property or are about to undertake meaningful development on the property.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support Somewhat support
	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Neither support nor oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

strengthening) is undertaken.

Strongly support

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	Yes
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	1.30pm to 2.30pm
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10	Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following

Unsure

Unsure

Yes

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

My main feedback is that while the proposed differential on vacant inner city land is a step in the right direction, it should not be viewed as a solution to the issue of land speculation, and it should not detract from actual solutions such as changing the rating basis from CV to LV.

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Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Other (please specify) a decrease in residential rates
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose Somewhat oppose
	Do you support a change to the rates remission	Yes
	and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

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Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
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	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

strengthening) is undertaken.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No view threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Yes

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes
Resilience Yes

Online accommodation

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Neither support nor oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Neither support nor oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Neither support nor oppose

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure Resilience Unsure Online accommodation Unsure

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Resilience

Online accommodation

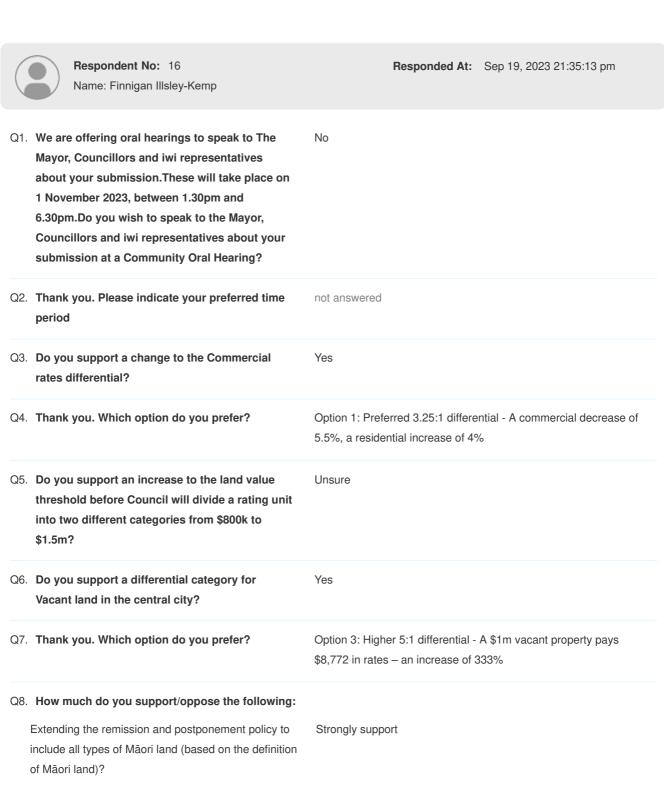
Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	Yes

Yes

Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Yes

Yes

Unsure

Is there a definition of "Vacant land" and can it be abused? Also, vacant residential should also have an increase

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No view

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No view

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No view

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation

Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Strongly support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Strongly support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Resilience Unsure

Unsure Online accommodation

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No view threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Somewhat support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No - keep status quo and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10	.Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following
Q11	. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted	rates for:
	Climate action	Yes
	Resilience	Yes
	Online accommodation	Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Other (please specify) Decrease residential increase
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10	Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following

Yes

Yes

Yes

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat support

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

We purchased our residence in 2021 (our first home). Since that time the RV has been increased (by 50%) and rates have gone up each year - WE CANNOT AFFORD TO LIVE IN THIS CITY, PLEASE STOP INCREASING RATES FOR US.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to

Strongly support

both commercial and residential buildings that are not

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I strongly oppose the plan to reduce commercial rates which will result in an (another) increase of 4% to residential rates.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat oppose

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 27 Name: Logan Silson

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: A 2.60:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 6%, a residential increase of 9%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition	Somewhat support
	of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Yes

Resilience

Yes

Online accommodation

Yes

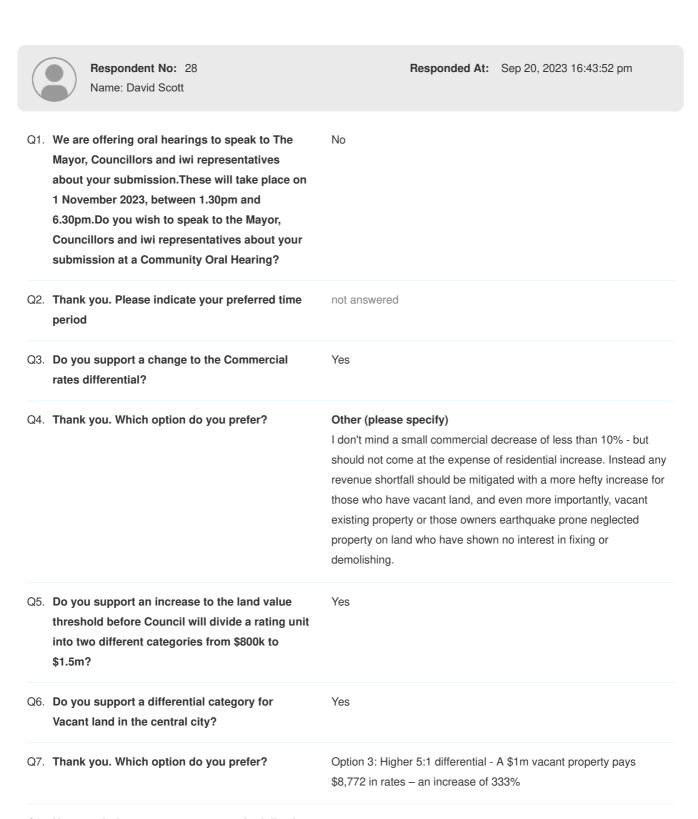
Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Definitely a fan of increasing rates for vacant land in the city (maybe also suburb town centres and not just the inner city?). The city needs to strongly encourage land bankers to develop these sites which will help create an awesome, vibrant, and hopefully more affordable city.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission

not answered

you can upload it here.



Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

 ${\tt Q10.}$ Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes
Resilience Yes
Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Council need to crack down on commercial properties that are neglecting to maintain as well as constantly putting off earthquake strengthening - too many properties in the CBD look abandoned, are filled with homeless people (or those just choosing to reside in their doorways for begging - and drinking).

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

not answered

Yes



not answered

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Unsure rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for: Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Yes

Resilience

Yes

Online accommodation

Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No view
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

Somewhat oppose

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not Strongly support

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Targeting unused land with higher rates is essential. Rates should also penalise anyone holding large amounts of land for earthquake strengthening if they aren't carrying out the work, and if they can't afford to carry out the work, they should be forced to sell, to the council for cents on the dollar if nobody else will buy.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission

not answered

you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Neither support nor oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Strongly support the targeted rate for online accommodation.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 2: A 2.60:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 6%, a residential increase of 9% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Yes

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Other (please specify) Commercial decrease of 3% and no change to residential. Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Yes and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Somewhat oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat oppose

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

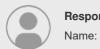
Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 38
Name: Peter Long

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No view

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No view

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Please make publically available the cost to rate payers for WCC to undertake this survey, including both internal council costs and external consulatants and/or service providers. Regarding vacant land, will WCC levy this rate against themselves for any unoccupied and unused land owned by council?

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Climate action Yes
Resilience Yes
Online accommodation Yes

Aware that this is being considered later but would definitely approve of moving to a Land Value based rating system.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

period

\$1.5m?

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Online accommodation Unsure

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

It would have been good to have information on how all of these options would affect the amount residential rate payers would pay it terms of \$ and % increase.

Unsure

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

Resilience



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

Neither support nor oppose

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Our residential rates have been going up non-stop already in Wellington. The council just seems to waste this money - our pipes are still bursting, our public transport is still an embarrassment. All we have are some poorly designed cycle lanes (did you ever think about how Fire-engines now have to drive completely around the basin when you removed the right turns on Kent Terrace in favour of a cycle lane?) and some useless planter boxes taking up much needed car parks. I understand the council trying to dissuade people using cars, but perhaps work on providing some other reliable options before implementing your changes. Basically, please don't ask for more residential rates - you're already making Wellington an undesirable place to live. We don't want to it to cost more money just to live, when we see no improvements for the extra money you take.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for No - keep status quo Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat support Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Yes and postponement policies for a property under

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Neither support nor oppose

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



 $development\ and/or\ earth quake\ strengthening?$

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Other (please specify) vacant land should not be subject to a full rates as it is not using the infrastructure and services - those percentage increases are ridiculous!
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

remission and postponement of rates is a stupid idea in an environment where we don't have enough income to do critical work that needs to be done. I would like to see the cost-benefit analysis done on cycleways. Building cycle ways was not a critical spend and should not have been done at a time when we need revenue more than ever to spend on infrastructure such as water. Getting rid of parking for cycleways was shortsighted and only impacts ratepayers who end up covering the revenue shortfall and funding those who use the cycleways.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No - keep status quo
Q10	Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following
Q11	. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted	rates for:
	Climate action	No view
	Resilience	No view

No view

how can you have a serious consultation when - you can only support council decision to a varied degree- I would oppose some of the proposals This is the worst example of a survey I have ever seen - totally biased You can not continue to bluntly increase rates by 25% for people on fixed incomes e.g. superannuates etc. Stop the vanity projects - fix the infrastructure

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I like the idea of prioritising life & amp; shelter over business, which is why I support more rates for vacant lots, and not reducing business rates

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission

not answered

you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of

5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays

\$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

New option: Commercial decrease of 5.5% and a decrease of residential DECREASE of 10%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Unsure

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat oppose

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit Strongly support residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Temporary accommodation providers (such as AirBNB owners) should be paying business rates, in the same way that motels and hotels do. All landowners, regardless of ethnicity, should pay the same rates. The rate burden on vacant land, even if increased by 290% is unlikely to be sufficient incentive to encourage the landowner to develop the site. An even higher rates increase on vacant land, or some other incentive is required to bring those sites into more active use.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Strongly support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

Strongly support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Strongly support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

strengthening) is undertaken.

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for No - keep status quo Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Strongly support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to $\;\;$ Neither support nor oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 54

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission

and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Name: Paul Bruce

Organisation: Sustainable Solutions Wellington

Responded At: Sep 27, 2023 16:06:50 pm

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I would like to see a targeted rate for properties that are vacant for more than two years.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time

No

period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation

Unsure

Burdening residential rate payers with consistently high increases every year is really not sustainable. I understand the need to support businesses, but because Wellington looks quite shabby and unappealing in several places, it's not a particularly enjoyable place to visit. Therefore, businesses miss out on customers if we go elsewhere. To help improve that situation, I therefore support the increase in rates on vacant properties at 5:1 which might focus and encourage the landowners to develop, renovate or sell.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 56

Name: C Daly

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

Should be the same as for general commercial purposes

 ${\tt Q8.} \ \ \textbf{How much do you support/oppose the following:}$

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Our rates have increased 14% and 11% in the last two years - you should be doing more to reduce the overall burden on rate-payers, not dreaming up more ways to gouge & amp; waste more money.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo Resilience No - keep status quo Online accommodation No - keep status quo

I strongly oppose these money grabbing draconian proposals

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat support Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No - keep status quo and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Yes

Yes

I am deeply disappointed that the vacant land taxation change has been limited to the "central/inner" city. This tax is mostly needed to combat land banking in the outer edges of the city, and most of all for the Johnsonville mall's parking lot. If nothing ever changes then our city will not survive. We need land based taxation.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	No - keep status quo
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose Strongly oppose
	•	
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit

Strongly support residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic strengthening) is undertaken.

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

$\ensuremath{\mathsf{Q11}}.\ensuremath{\text{\textbf{Do}}}$ you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Neither support nor oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat oppose

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10.Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	Yes
	Resilience	Yes
	O-li	V

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Neither support nor oppose

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No view

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Resilience

Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No - keep status quo
Q10	Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following	
Q11	.Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted	rates for:
	Climate action	Yes

Yes

we need Land Value based rates, it would simplify the whole system, and provide the right incentives for developing unproductive land

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Neither support nor oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Rates on our residential property in Wellington City (with a slightly above average CV) have increased by nearly 45% in 3 years. Further increases due to a shift in differentials are unsustainable. The CBD is going to benefit from major investments (LGLM) and three waters which will improve the CBD and allow for more intensive development (including residential). These are very costly but the benefit largely falls to building owners within the CBD. Therefore it is appropriate that they pay more rates. Also they get the claim back the GST on rates, basically giving them a 15% advantage of an owner occupier of a residential ratepayer. I very strongly oppose changing the differential. While other Cities have lower differentials I don't think this is a justifiable reason to change WCC's. Those Cities also have lower residential rates, for instance Auckland.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates - an increase of 225% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Strongly oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No - keep status quo and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Unsure

Unsure

No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Unsure rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Somewhat support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for: Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Tax the hell out of rotten land bankers holding back development in this city.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Not sure if this is feasible but I would like to see targeted rates for unoccupied residential homes.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Bearing in mind cost of living and that the WCC and WRC has what is effectively a monopoly, there needs to be greater transparency with rate payments so that the relationship between rates paid by residential customers and the services provided are more clearly identified and reconciled. There also needs to be a more vigorous approach with suppliers to both the WCC and the WRC to ensure residents are getting the best 'bang for their buck' and unnecessary spending is avoided. Last but not least, any future increases to rates must be careful considered and able to be justified with compelling evidence to support the proposed increase.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

It should be more granular, not a big sledgehammer. If a commercial business is doing very well or against public interest (any bank for example!, a consultancy or law firm already suckling the taxpayer teet (KPMG/PWC/Chapman Tripp/Meredith Connell/etc), a vape shop, etc.)- absolutely no change. However, if it's a hospo/arts/bookstore/GP/mum & dad business - absolutely.

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

Strongly support

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable. Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit

Somewhat support

residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

1) Rates should apply to churches 2) Vacant land charges should apply to all. For example - there's a massive vacant section on Owen Street in Newtown across from a Kainga Ora development. It is owned by Salvation Army. This massive section has been vacant for at least a decade and would be an ideal spot for in-build housing, just pushing developers outside of the city to find land. 3) Vacant should apply to property bankers too - if there's a vacant house, higher rates should apply the same as if it were just land.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No view threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for No - keep status quo Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Yes and postponement policies for a property under

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Neither support nor oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Neither support nor oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo Resilience No - keep status quo Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I chose no in the survey for the reduction in commercial rates as i could not find how it would be funded. If it can be funded by reduced council spending then it would be fine but if it is funded by increasing the residential rates base then definitely no as the residential rate increased have already increased to unsustainable levels

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No - keep status quo
Q10.Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	Yes
	Resilience	Yes

Yes

Rates should be based on land value to encourage urban intensification. At the same time, it should be made easier to build new housing by restricting height rules and restrictions on building up to boundaries.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10	Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following

Yes

Yes

Unsure

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Re targeted rates for climate change - these should be explicitly targeted towards people whose properties are at greater risk - ie properties at sea level or on steep hills. Re residential rates - these should operate within bands - ie capped at a certain amount (ie the lowest value property is \$3,000 per year and the highest value is \$6,000 per year). You allude to targeting rates to higher value properties, however often these are owned by families with children (those who actually need them). Cap rates at average CPI. If council wish to spend beyond that then they need to hold a referendum.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

2% commercial decrease with no residential increase

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Unsure

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

No

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission not answered you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 76 Name: Sophie Dia

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

I would suggest to entirely review rates system to ensure proper management is in place so there is no need to continiously increasing rates. Mismanagement in council causing rate increase to wellingtonians. Please learn from businesses if needed be (you can only spend what you have and cut costs if you don't have enough).

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	not answered
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	No - keep status quo
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

In practice a lot Council costs appear to be driven by population number rather than property and so it seems that these proposed changes are moving council funding further away from the cost drivers. It doesn't make sense. That is also why I don't support a change to the commercial/residential rates differential. It's seems to better pass on some of the cost of people living outside the Council area coming in to work or use facilities. We should also introduce water rates. Around my suburb it seems to take a long time for some people to fix leaks on their property and it would incentivise residents to be more careful with water use.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Unsure

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

The real issue that is not addressed is those who can vote in the local body elections but don't pay any rates. This is unfair. It means that some vote for the candidates who promise the most because they have to pay for it. Yes rates are paid by landlords and rents will need to pay for this but many don't appreciate this (and then moan we should do more to cut rents). Living in Wellington is becoming unaffordable

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

 ${\tt Q10.}$ Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Rates are ridiculous. There should be more user charges and lower rates. Those who want services should pay for them . It's absurd we have water restrictions already today, when it's raining outside because our infrastructure is leaking like a sieve. Meanwhile huge money is being on Lambton quay and the former golden mile and cyclelanes while businesses are closing. The mayor meanwhile is on som junket overseas with others. It's all rather pathetic

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure
Resilience Unsure
Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for No - keep status quo Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Somewhat oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Yes

Climate action

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Unsure

Increasing rates during cost of living crisis, while property value is plummeting, is a dangerous proposition. Adding new targeted rates is also excessive. I agree we need to be more efficient and targeted with how we invest current rates revenues and more investment should be apportioned to areas like climate change. Continuing to increase rates takes is not the solution.

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Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

Strongly support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



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No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Yes
Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.





Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

not answered

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of

5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays

\$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat support Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

No - keep status quo

Yes

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action
Resilience

Online accommodation

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No - keep status quo
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	Unsure
	Resilience	Unsure

Yes

This is like the steward on an aircraft where an engine has failed worrying about what kind of wine to serve. The WCC already wastes thousands of my hard-earned dollars every year and is set to waste even more. How about just fixing the water leak debacle and picking up the rubbish when you say you will? And also- getting ready for a hot summer and the possibility of fire in the town belt. Nobody at the WCC has given a thought to the consequences of letting vast swathes of land be taken over by gorse and broom. Surprised? .. not much. Instead we have vastly overpaid staff watching the city disintegrate around them, while spending the available funds on bike lanes everyone is too scared to use. Dean PS: I hope the Mayor had a fantastic trip to Asia, I'm sure we'll be making millions before you know it.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No view
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No view
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No view
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	Yes
	Resilience	Yes

Yes

I'd like to see Encroachment Annual Rentals calculated on the same basis as the rating factors applied to the adjacent Property. The current per square metre rental is 315% more than the adjacent land rates, yet the land provides practically no utility to the encroachment licence holder and in fact they are responsible for maintaining the land, thus removing this cost from Council.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



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Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Yes

Yes

Unsure

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

Overall it looks like a good set of changes. I would suggest expanding the scope of empty land to include suburban areas outside the central city as well.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Unsure Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of

5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays

\$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No view

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Unsure
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

unit Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Unsure

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Welcome the intention to also consider dropping some Council fees for earthquake strengthening projects. As a resident in a building that was officially earthquake prone for 8 years, every bit of assistance helps and Council fees add up quickly when applying for resource and building consents

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No - keep status quo
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	No - keep status quo

No - keep status quo

Look at reducing your ever increasing costs for vanity projects and nice to haves. Focus on the basics and let people get on with their lives.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

Strongly support

development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Neither support nor oppose

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I support an increase in rates for commercial, business, and industrial, but would be open to exceptions or lower levels for small businesses - owner-operated hospitality, single location, new businesses, etc. Large corporations should absolutely be paying more than small businesses and residential owners.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission

not answered

you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No - keep status quo and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Removing the first home builders' remission

Unsure

Neither support nor oppose

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 97
Name: Tim Stewart

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of

5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No view

Remissions should be based on the use of the land, and be available to all communities. They should not be based on the ownership structure or who the ultimate owners are.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 98

Name: Geraldine Murphy

Organisation: Inner City Wellington

Responded At: Oct 15, 2023 09:57:21 am

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

Yes

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

1.30pm to 2.30pm

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

not answered

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

not answered

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

strengthening) is undertaken.

Somewhat support

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure Resilience Unsure Online accommodation Unsure

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

See attached file

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.





Rating Policy consultation: comments in support of Inner City Wellington's submission

Other proposals – targeted rates to fund climate change, resilience, online accommodation providers

There is insufficient information on how these costs are currently funded and how they could be targeted.

Climate action and resilience could benefit all residents/workers/visitors to some extent - a targeted rate to ring-fence the funds could be achieved by allocating a % of rates to these programmes. There is also an overlap between 'climate action' and 'resilience' that could result in some ratepayers paying twice for the same thing.

Online accommodation has a direct private benefit, but is difficult to identify the properties being used for this purpose and to do so would have high transaction costs. Private properties used for this purpose and paying residential rates are competing with commercial accommodation providers.

Vacant land differential category

Implementing this differential should not be excessively labour intensive for 60 buildings beyond the first year as:

- any change in status is likely to result in a resource and/or building consent that will provide evidence of change
- it should be up to the owner to advise WCC of any changes that they consider would result in the removal of the vacant land differential
- the owner will be incentivized to advise the council of any changes, which can then be checked by WCC, without WCC officers checking all properties every year.

ICW considers that a vacant land differential should also apply to land being used as a carpark pending development (such as the carpark behind Reading Cinema) and vacant land in suburban centres to encourage medium density mixed use development along key public transport/arterial routes.

ICW does not agree with a remission if the owners 'tidy-up' the land by putting fences up. Owners of other properties do not get any remission for 'tidying-up' their properties or looking after council-owned land outside their properties.

Rates postponement and remission policies for properties for earthquakestrengthening

ICWs support for this proposal assumes that the:

- current rates remission policy for earthquake-prone buildings, once the building is strengthened and removed from the register, will continue to apply, and
- proposed rates remission policy will be available to owners of earthquake-prone buildings.



This would equate to six years of rates remission for owners who have to comply with legislation that requires them to strengthen or demolish their buildings by a deadline, and in some cases, results in all (or all bar a few) owners agreeing to sell their buildings due to the uneconomic costs and risks involved. MBIE's review of non-financial barriers found that buildings are being strengthened when it is not economic to do so. However, for owners the alternatives are not viable (pay to demolish in the hope of selling vacant land or sell at discounted prices and face not being able to repay the mortgage).

It also recognizes those owners who are voluntarily strengthening their buildings which increases the resilience of buildings in the city, but is unlikely to 'add value' to their individual apartments, and will not reduce insurance premiums.

ICW wants to clarify:

- that mixed-used buildings higher than 3 storeys are covered by this policy or whether they fit under 'multi-unit residential buildings
- that the first policy statement in the submission document where buildings are not 'fit for purpose' applies to a remission for property under development (as per the consultation document).

ICW *does not fully support* the proposed approach to not applying the remission if the work is not completed within the 3 years.

WCC knows the challenges in strengthening buildings to budget and to projected completion timeframes (eg, Town Hall). This proposal relies on a timeframe that is subject to factors outside the owners' control to get the full three years, particularly in multi-owner residential apartment buildings.

At what point do owners apply? Too early, and unforeseen issues, including delays in the Building Consent process, rework of plans, increased costs may mean the work is not completed within three years, and owners will have to pay back the postponed rates. Leave it too late and owners will not get the full value of the three years. Will the time it takes WCC to complete resource and/or building consent process, and code compliance processes be included or excluded from the three years calculation?

Clearly, if no work has proceeded (eg, building consents applied for) and there is no evidence of activity to progress work (eg, reports from engineers, development of solutions, costings, preapplication meetings, etc), then the application for the postponement should be reviewed.

The intent of this policy is to 'provide owners with some finance' to undertake the work. The reality is that this funding is an important gesture by WCC (and other ratepayers) towards owners' undertaking strengthening to increase the resilience of buildings in the city (and public safety) as the costs paid will far exceed the value of the rates remitted. Owners voluntarily undertaking this work should be eligible for the full three years from when they apply, and owners who are strengthening to comply with legislation should be eligible for the full six years.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Neither support nor oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Neither support nor oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Strongly support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Vacant land should definitely be charged more rates. There have been lots vacant for years that are not adding any value to the city and they need encouragement to develop those areas. Perhaps some of the rates collected from vacant land could be made available as a fund to developers who are planning to build community housing that is affordable and climate friendly to encourage positive behaviours.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Somewhat support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Strongly support Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No - keep status quo and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Climate action Yes
Resilience Yes
Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Unsure

Extending rates remission to all general land owned by maori gives exemptions to commercial and residential developments. These urban developments are increasing demands on council services, so should contribute to paying for them. It's not inconsistent with te tiriti to charge fairly for council services. If charging rates would adversely affect tino rangatiratanga or retention of maori land, council should consider exemptions for these specific circumstances.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)
Higher 10:1 differential.

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation

Yes

Remissions and postponements for earthquake strengthening should only be applied if the building owners are actually doing the earthquake strengthening. It shouldn't be given for building owners who are leaving buildings empty and delaying the earthquake strengthening works.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Unsure rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Unsure Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure
Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Strongly oppose additional charge to online accommodation - will not help housing crisis

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 104 Login: Registered **Responded At:** Oct 01, 2023 11:29:42 am **Last Seen:** Sep 30, 2023 22:11:48 pm

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16%

No - keep status quo

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Yes

Strongly support targeted increase on vacant land. Wellington desperately needs new housing that makes efficient use of available land. The public cannot continue to be held hostage by speculators and land bankers. A severe increase in the rates bill on vacant land will discourage land-banking and inefficient land use. Strongly oppose removal of first home builder remission. Lack of uptake suggests an issue with communication of the scheme by the council. If it is to be removed, then some new incentive must take its place to encourage new developments by owner-occupiers. Strongly oppose increasing the threshold for ratings split. The reasoning that property values have increased for doing so is poisonous. Property values need to decrease significantly, increasing this threshold will only cement the unjust rise in values of the last several years. Keeping the threshold as it is may serve as another source of pressure to bring values back down to something more closely resembling sanity. Similar to the targeted rate for mass transit, there could be a targeted rate for properties along the cycle network. This rate would reflect the increase in convenience and business traffic to the area, and would also serve as a punitive measure for businesses who opposed the introduction of cycle paths.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Unsure

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No view

Residential rates are very expensive. Any change that increases residential rates should be unacceptable at this time.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Yes Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time 2.30pm to 3.30pm period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Unsure rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Somewhat oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

I didn't understand the part about increasing something before dividing it into 2 units. That should have been clearer

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 109 Name: George Best

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

I think it is time the Council approached Government to change Rating from Land/Property Owners to ALL Taxpayers i.e. if you wish a "Poll Tax" it is unfair to Rate as currently done when all Taxpayers use the Council facilities. Council should not be offering support to Property Owners for Earthquake strengthening as the Property Owner should carry this risk and in many cases buys the property knowing this needs to be done. I also consider the Council has gone overboard in its assessment of Property risk. Maori should not be given an exemption from rating it should be all or nothing i.e. all property owners should be exempted! if this is done it's is an unfair Policy and an advantage given by Race.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Responded At: Oct 02, 2023 20:55:49 pm **Last Seen:** Oct 02, 2023 07:53:50 am

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No view
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
O10 Thenk year Hear much do year comment and a series	a fallanda a

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Climate action Yes
Resilience Yes
Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10	Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following
Q11	. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted	rates for:
	Climate action	Yes
	Resilience	Yes
	Online accommodation	Unsure

I strongly support the idea of Land Value rating instead of Capital Value - I know this is coming, I just hope you keep on with that investigation and I look forward to hearing more in the next couple of years.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 112 Name: Harry Nicholls

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No view
Resilience No view
Online accommodation Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

I have no confidence in the Wellington City Council.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 114
Name: Martin Read

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The	
	Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives	
	about your submission. These will take place on	
	1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and	
	6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor,	
	Councillors and iwi representatives about your	
	submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any o	other feedback you'd like to add?
--	-----------------------------------

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



WCC Rating Policy Review

General Rates Differential - Consultation does not comply with Local Government Act (2002) funding process or the WCC Revenue and Financing Policy or the WCC Significance and Engagement Policy.

The General Rates differential should not be changed or consulted on arbitrarily per this consultation. There is a significant lack of transparency with this consultation as there is no relevant information provided to enable credible feedback to WCC. The consultation is not compliant with WCC Policy and shows that WCC will not comply with the funding process required in the Local Government Act.

Local Government Act (2002)

The Local Government Act has a specific 2 step process for Local Authorities to make all funding decisions (sections 101(3)a and b) which the 'Rating Policies Review' engagement information states "considerations have been made in regard to".

The 2 step process essentially requires:

- 1) A (draft) budget by activity, with the benefits of each activity split to different groups in the community (among other considerations), and the funding streams (e.g. commercial & residential, targeted ratepayers, etc)
- 2) After considering the total impost of the funding (rates) on each group of ratepayers after adding up all the activities to be funded by each group, make considerations on the well-beings of the community (this includes affordability of the rates (tax) by each group. This is where a differential or targeted rates can be adjusted to balance affordability between groups, once the impost of step 1) is known.

The consultation process, particularly regarding the General Rates Differential, is apparently being done backwards (asking about step 2 with no info on step 1) and therefore the results of the consultation are meaningless. No relevant information is provided for the community to provide informed feedback.

The information provided for the General Rates differential consultation includes:

- a) Comparison to other Council's General Rates differentials this information is not relevant and not comparable to WCC because Councils fund different activities with General Rates, have different service levels, and have different sized Residential and Commercial sectors (by \$ Capital Value), have different targeted rates, and different rating categories therefore the information is at best pointless and at worst highly misleading (see RFP section below). E.g. Other TLA's do not have a downtown targeted rate for businesses, therefore the 'equivalent' could be captured within their General Rate differential. E.g.2. Other TLAs do not have 82,000 (non WCC ratepaying) people commuting into their territory daily creating a demand for services for which Businesses as the ratepayer are charged a general rate differential.
- b) Examples of \$ rates paid by different sectors for the same capital value. The source is the FY2023/24 Budget which is not related to the 2024 LTP to which the differential will be applied.

The information <u>not</u> supplied, but required to make an informed decision includes:

- a) The draft LTP budget, with rates funding requirements and rates increases (Ideally this would have splits of the activity costs and beneficiaries (Draft Revenue and Financing Policy) to engage at this input level)
- b) The impact on the rates for each sector compared to the 2022/23 year
- c) The current affordability of rates as a % of Household income (residential) and % of Income & Profit by sector (Commercial) as provided in the WCC Financial Strategy (pg 34 -35, Vol2, 2021 LTP)
- d) The impact of relevant tax factors between the sectors paying the rates, to enable a fair comparison e.g. The benefit of rates being income tax deductible for Businesses. GST on rates being claimable for Businesses, not for residential etc.
- e) The cost of the demand for WCC services (infrastructure including sludge minimisation etc) being created by Businesses particularly for attracting 82,000+ people (non-WCC ratepayers) daily from outside of the City boundary
- f) There is no information on the impact of the relative Capital value from each sector the key driver of the amount paid by each sector has this ratio changed since the last differential was set? What are the level of changes? (due to demolitions, construction, revaluations etc) What is the growth in the ratepayer base? By sector etc
- g) There is no information about whether WCC will continue its currently unsustainable operating budgets financial situation where the 2023/24 budget is not balanced (costs are greater than income). Significant costs (e.g. depreciation) are not being funded, thereby causing the current level of rates to be lower than they should be. This does not comply with the Local Government Act 2002 balanced budget requirement (section 100) or Financial Management (section 101(2)). If the 2024/25 Budget is to be balanced this will likely cause a further increase in rates to all ratepayers (to make up the current gap) before considering rates increases for operating cost increases and changes in levels of service etc.
- h) Ultimately the context of the rates impost for each rating category for 2024/25 onwards is required to enable feedback (in addition to the other information above) as to the fairness and affordability (ability to pay) of the proposed level of rates.

WCC Revenue and Financing Policy (RFP)

This consultation is not consistent with the WCC Revenue and Financing Policy. In section 5 'The General Rates Differential' section (Pg 93 Vol2, 2021 LTP) specifically states that "To determine equity and fairness, the entire rating system for Wellington City must be considered and it is not appropriate to focus on the differential only". This has not been done for, or in this consultation.

The other factors in section 5 of the RFP have also not been taken into account.

WCC Significance and Engagement Policy

The WCC Significance and Engagement Policy (Pg 181 2021 LTP vol 2) states in the Principles of Consultation section 'Provide them [people] with reasonable access to relevant information in an appropriate format on the process and scope of the decision'

The lack of the necessary information for residents and businesses to give proper informed feedback means the process lacks transparency and the results are not credible to inform Council as a decision maker.

The design of the consultation questionnaire is also inadequate by being binary – i.e. It is only asking how to split rates between 2 groups, with no information on the total rates funding requirement and the change from the current rates. If it is shown to be unaffordable for both groups – what will happen? This needs to be taken in the context of the extent of services and service levels from WCC.

Despite all this back-to-front process with a lack of information and transparency, the engagement document does not give a reason as to why it is trying to reduce the residential/commercial differential. As stated above comparison to other Councils' differential is not relevant.

WCC Rating Policies Review Engagement Information Document

The engagement document states on page 2 "The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives have agreed that the rating policy review will focus on: Transparency Providing clear information so the rates system is understood (including the collection of Greater Wellington Regional Council rates and any IFF levies set), and ratepayers know what they will need to pay". The document then gives very little meaningful relevant information about the rates policy or rating levels and no information on the rates 'system', or Greater Wellington Regional Council rating or IFF levies.

General Rates Differential Affordability

A critical component in any decision on rates is affordability, which I assume is why it is stated in the WCC Financial Strategy, The WCC R&F Policy, and The Local Government Act, as well as forming part of the criteria of Credit Rating agencies assessment of Councils credit worthiness (rates being a security on loans, section 115 LGA) and its resulting impact on financing costs. This information is required to make decisions on rating impost. The last available information from WCC is on pg 34 -35 Vol 2 of the 2021-31 Long-term Plan. This shows 2 key points:

- 1) Affordability of rates in Wellington is reducing for all ratepayers (from 14/15 to 2019/20) and this is pre Covid, pre cost of living crisis, pre WCC double digit rate rises.
- 2) Commercial rates are more affordable than Residential rates, noting residential is based on gross incomes (pre-tax), although the retail/hospitality sector has a similar average as a % of Profit to households.

Given the macro and micro economic changes and their impact on businesses and household finances, alongside the Council's rates increases above the LTP plan, the affordability analysis needs updating to consider any General Rates differential impact as well as any other rates and IFF levy impact. I agree with the engagement material that this should also include Regional Council rates impost.

Vacant Land Differential Category

While the sentiment is understandable, rating vacant land is not consistent with the intention of rating taxation or the funding process in Section 101 Local Government Act 2002 – whereby rates are set (after other funding) to recover costs of a council activity that benefits the property. The engagement information states the purpose is 'to promote development in the city'. It is not intended Councils use taxation to punish property owners for doing things Council doesn't like, or subsidising rates for things the Council does like.

No information has been provided as to how or what the Council found to come up with its conclusion that that "the benefits that vacant landowners receive are substantially above the rates", or how the vacant land in the inner city is different from other vacant land. There is absolutely no substance provided to draw this conclusion, again showing a complete lack of transparency in this process. Under the 'Proposal' section a different reason is given for this rate – "to help even the scales" by making sure owners pay their fair share of the cost of the capacity of infrastructure planned for the city. This explanation is defunct as well as the cost of the capacity of infrastructure in the city is not funded by rates (therefore not helping to even the scales), it is funded by Development Contributions per the Development Contributions policy.

The engagement material states Council looked at proposing other rates, one being a targeted rate on underdeveloped land, however found "it would be difficult to establish within the parameters of the rating legislation". How is this any different to a proposed differential on vacant land?

Under this proposal will the Council be required to pay rates on its vacant land (waterfront, Sports fields etc) and derelict buildings (CAB), and then redistribute these costs to other ratepayers causing further increases in rates?

Despite the above, vacant land is already taxed at higher rates than the current land use, as the land valuation includes the potential of the land, not the actual use, (it looks at zoning and building height limits etc) and therefore there is a degree of escalation of value (and rating) which increases rates already.

Council Cost control

There is also no information about the Costs facing Council, what cost cutting options are available, what the council has done to address its revenue challenges including non-rates funding (described as being necessary in the 2022 pre-election report pg 47) has been sought and obtained when consulting on the rates.

Page 47 in the 2022 pre-election report stated "Council will need to consider recycling our investments into priority areas, New financing tools will need to be identified and advocated for, We need to consider how we prioritise expenditure and investment, Manage the financial impact from the Three Waters Reform"

Online Accommodation

There is no information on this proposal however if by 'online accommodation' it means short term accommodation, this is already catered for in the Revenue and Financing Policy and therefore what is stopping Council implementing it?.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Unsure

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

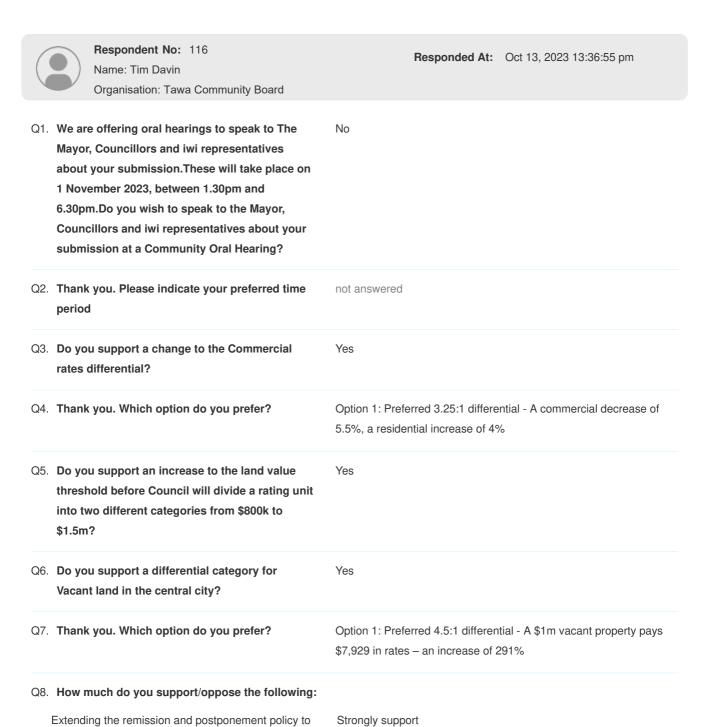
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo
Resilience No - keep status quo
Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Strongly oppose

Yes

include all types of Māori land (based on the definition

Removing the first home builders' remission

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission

and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

of Māori land)?

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No view

Resilience No view

Online accommodation No view

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Additional Comments - The First Home Builders' Remission Given the challenges for people trying to enter the housing market, we believe that the First Home Builders policy is a good one. We know that most Wellingtonians aren't even aware that the Policy exists (some Board members hadn't heard of it), so we ask Council to keep the Policy and to advertise it widely. We are still in a housing crisis, and we must continue to do everything that we can to address that. Additional Comments - The Postponement of Rates prior to seismic strengthening and after completion. We are also very supportive of policies that encourage the strengthening and development of properties. Getting buildings to a functional state faster is important for overall supply. We do agree that the policies need to acknowledge the length of time that planning and consents can take. We feel that the recommendations (particularly postponement for rates for three years prior to work is undertaken), strike the right balance. Additional Comments - smoothing of rates Increase where the Valuations are relatively low. In 2021, we saw some of our local community's (for example Grenada North) experience significant rates increases due to the significant relative increase in property values. This situation occurred in a number of communities across the city where we know disposable incomes are lower. Many people at that time had stretched their finances to invest in a first home and an increase in rates was much harder to cover. These areas had high demand from first home buyers as they were seen as more affordable. Therefore, we think that Council needs to look at the timing of when the revaluations are completed in relation to the LTP being agreed to and do everything possible to smooth the impacts. It is important that Council investigates some means of smoothing potentially very significant revaluation impacts including the costs and benefits, particularly on communities where the Valuations (and hence rates affordability) are relatively low. Therefore, we recommend that Council consider the following possible options: • For lower value properties - say for the lower 20% of valuations, smooth the rate increase over 3 years. • For lower value properties - increase rates no more than 50% of the average rate increase (e.g., by 5% if there was a 10% general increase) for the first year. • Advocate, through Local Government NZ, that Quotable NZ change the timetables when they set revaluations - considering the time frames that Councils need for their LTP processes.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Unsure rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Unsure threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Unsure and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

 ${\tt Q11}. \textbf{Do}$ you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

My experience is of a council who lack the awareness of the suffering they cause in the community. They choose not to be aware of the knock-on effect from an excessively high rates haul. They indulge in inappropriate spending that's not in keeping with the needs or requests of the community. It simply does not affect them in their privileged positions, so they don't care! Shameful behaviour.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		
	Climate action	Yes
	Resilience	Yes

Yes

Vacant property should be heavily penalised.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Unsure
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Yes

Resilience

Yes

Online accommodation

Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Taxing vacant properties and underutilised land is very important

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly oppose

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

1.a. Increase rates for vacant buildings and vacant lots to deter land banking, increase by 10% year on year, i.e. if rates were 2% the following year is 2.2%, then the following year after that 2.42% and increases. If rates are adjusted in future, apply a larger rate if it is greater than the new rate i.e. if their current rate is 7% and the new rate is 5% still use the 7%. 1.b. If a commercial lot is left vacant due to earthquake strengthening add additional rate charges to account for danger to public cost, right to enjoy the view as it is an eyesore, cost of loss to the city. 2. Increase rates for Airbnb households to equal that of commercial buildings as that property is used as a business. 3. If a residential household is partially used for an Airbnb, it still is charged at commercial rates i.e. if the owner lives in the house and rents out a room, it is charged at commercial rates. 4. If a property is listed as residential and is found on Airbnb sites or similar lodging sites, fine a minimum of 6 months commercial rates and immediately commence charging at commercial rates, if they opted to cease being an Airbnb or rented property they must submit evidence of this. 5. For any house that is not a person's main place of living, i.e. is a rental property or used for a bach etc, charge rates as commercial rates as that property is used as a business as a source of income or land banking. 6. If a property is listed under a trust charge at commercial rates unless proof that it is the owner's primary residence, this proof should be done year after year. 7. Use the census or census-like questionnaire to get data on what is a property owner's residence vs. rented property, or use the land ownership documents to check. 8. If a property is owned by a foreign or domestic owner and is left empty for an extended period of time, charge at the commercial rate or similarly higher rate to account for the loss of dwelling opportunities for those in the city, right to enjoy the view on account of it being vacant for the neighbours, and cost to the neighbourhood value.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Yes Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time 4pm to 5pm period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates - an increase of 225% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

No - keep status quo

development and/or earthquake strengthening?

and postponement policies for a property under

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission

Removing the first home builders' remission

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Climate action No view
Resilience No view
Online accommodation No view

Council should put an end to the intention to create SNAs on private urban land. However, if it doesn't then rates relief must be provided. Currently this has been pushed out, but it is ridiculous that Council refuses to indicate its intentions for compensation even if this is not implemented yet. If SNAs are to feature, then I believe rates relief in proportion to the SNA share should apply - i.e. if SNA = 50% then rates for that property should be halved.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place of 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about you submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	e not answered
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating uninto two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No view nit
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	No - keep status quo
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following Extending the remission and postponement policy include all types of Māori land (based on the definite of Māori land)?	to Strongly support
Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening	er

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

Strongly oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

Strongly support

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I note that vacant land puts no burden on the council for provision of services to it. Unsure why the council would charge more in these situations. It is also unclear where the vacant land penalty rate would apply. Exactly where down "downtown" start/stop? I also note that vacant land (if it is actually vacant) acts as an area that absorbs rainfall, and thus provides a service to the city. Which leads me onto the proposed (but not yet up for discussion) about "under utilised" land. Rather than trying to increase urban density, how about reversing the thinking and encouraging more properties to keep a percentage of the land unmodified so that it can absorb the ever increasing amount of rainfall, rather than contributing to excessive run off and putting an even bigger strain on our creaking storm water system. I'd like to see a targeted rate that hits properties that have less than a certain percentage of their land area "unmodified", as they will be contributing extra stress to the storm water. Let's find ways to encourage people to do the right thing with respect to climate change rather than go for unnecessary increased density that exacerbates existing infrastructure shortcomings.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

Land banking issues to include low used land like car yards as well as "vacant land" These uses are largely asphalted and do not help water absorption. By the same logic provision of public green spaces should not be penalised. There is insufficient clarity in what "vacant land means and thus the change is likely to be toothless. Option three prefered in sealed cases, option 2 in green space situation.

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action

Yes

Resilience

Yes

Online accommodation

Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I am not convinced that the dis-incentivising of poor central land use is clearly directed at the use of land for commercial activities that are better place in light industrial areas such as car retail and display yards. I am in favour of rating changes as long as planning loopholes are not created as well. The end result being a spinoff penalty on residential.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission

not answered

you can upload it here.



Online accommodation

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No view threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Yes Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291% Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission No view and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for: Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Your proposal to reduce commercial rates is regressive and not supported by any analysis, and I strongly opposed it. The fact that commercial rate payers pay a differential rate is not evidence of a problem - in fact, it ensures those with a greater ability to pay contribute. Commercial rate payers are businesses with annual revenues that, on average, far exceed household incomes (please refer to data readily available from Stats NZ). This, combined with their ability to offset the cost of rates and other expenses against their taxable income, means their ability to pay rates is greater. The status quo represents a more progressive rating base and should be retained. If individual commercial rate payers are actually struggling to meet the cost of rates, meaningful relief should be provided on a case by case basis (e.g. deferrals, forgiving debt, etc). You should not be propping up businesses in general with this incredibly blunt subsidy at the cost of residential rate payers.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No	
Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered	
Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes	
Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%	
Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes	
Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes	
Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%	
Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to	: Somewhat support	
include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?		
Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support	
Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	No view	
Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following		

Yes

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

strengthening) is undertaken.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Somewhat support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition

Strongly oppose

of Māori land)?

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation

We are going through rates shocks as it is that far outweigh inflation. A proposed 4% increased for the differential change will only be part of the next round of rates increases while inflation is expected to be dropping to ~4% in that time frame. I see no compelling driver to change the differential but the result is further financial grief for the majority of ratepayers. Businesses that pay rates will not be in any further financial difficulty due to no change. Bike lanes, water leaks, poorly maintained roads and absolute gridlock 7 days a week, and financially challenging to visit the city to purchase, park and eat in - I'm struggling to find compelling reasons to stay here. Thanks for the opportunity to offer feedback.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

A new vacant land differential rate is especially important. In addition to the reasons the council mentions in the background document, vacant land imposes costs on others (externalities/spillovers) which justify action. Buildable land is in short supply in Wellington, especially in the central areas, so anyone keeping land vacant (including derelict or unliveable houses) is effectively constraining building or forcing building into other, less suitable areas, which may include greenfield developments that carry higher financial costs and carbon emissions than brownfield. Accordingly the owners of such site should be penalised to encouraged them to bring their land into use.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 129

Name: Conrad Arthur

Organisation: Arthur Investment Group Limited

Responded At: Oct 09, 2023 16:57:39 pm

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The	١
	Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives	
	about your submission. These will take place on	
	1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and	
	6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor,	
	Councillors and iwi representatives about your	
	submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	
Ω^2	Thank you Please indicate your preferred time	n

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

Strongly support

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Somewhat support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

On behalf of Arthur Investment Group Limited, we own the following properties (along with its directors Conrad 27 & Conrad 27 Bradley 30) owning their own residential properties in Wellington. Arthur Investment Group Limited Wellington Commercial Properties & Dry Annual Rates (Incl. GST): 10 Waterloo Quay (PwC Centre) - \$1,645,491.93 40 Lady Elizabeth Lane (Bell Gully Building) - \$594,113.68 100 Cuba Street (GWRC) - \$1,004,751.09 250 Lambton Quay - \$1,326,562.66 31x Unit Carparks 73 Dixon Street - \$12,412.40 The annual rates bill for the company is \$4,583,331.76 p.a. incl GST making us one of the largest rate payers in the city. Our properties OPEX's sit around \$300/psm excl GST. For the gross leases, this comes directly off the profitability for the landlord in terms of cash flow and value. If the tenancy is net (whereby the landlord can charge these costs to tenants) the large tenants dispute the increases in costs and compare their OPEX to their Auckland and Christchurch premises. We are embarrassed sending increased OPEX costs to our smaller retailers who are already struggling. Furthermore and more recently we have had from some of our corporate tenants that they will be looking to reduce their footprint in Wellington to reduce costs going forward. We have also had retailers tell us that at their lease expiry they will exit Wellington due to increase costs. Due to the high operational costs to own Commerical buildings in Wellington (3.75:1) a large property owner can't afford to have any vacancy in this city or reinvest in the asset/improve the asset. Our company directors are significantly younger than most large Commerical landlords in the city, with our quarterly rates bill is in excessive of \$1m and both live in the Wellington suburbs. As business is becoming too difficult in Wellington, our directors are looking to explore more opportunities outside of Wellington and downsize its Wellington portfolio due to large operational costs. As listed above, the rates for the PwC Centre is \$1.645m p.a (Incl GST). The same building in Auckland with the same RV would have a rates invoice of c. \$700k (incl GST). I'm unsure why we would keep investing in Wellington? Not only is the cashflow better in Auckland, there is more rental growth opportunity as the council are taking less rates. We are in support of changing the rates differential in favour of the Commerical landlords, the current 3.7:1 isn't promoting investment into the city. Wellington needs to be competitive with Auckland and Christchurch who both have differentials less than 3:1. Our company at board level doesn't want more property in Wellington due to these costs. My contact details are listed below.

Conrad Arthur Director Arthur Investment Group Limited



Climate action

Online accommodation

Resilience

Q1. We are offering oral hear Mayor, Councillors and in about your submission.T 1 November 2023, betwee 6.30pm.Do you wish to so Councillors and iwi repressubmission at a Communication.	wi representatives These will take place on en 1.30pm and peak to the Mayor, esentatives about your	No
Q2. Thank you. Please indica	ite your preferred time	not answered
Q3. Do you support a change rates differential?	e to the Commercial	No - keep status quo
Q4. Thank you. Which option	do you prefer?	not answered
Q5. Do you support an increa threshold before Council into two different categor \$1.5m?	will divide a rating unit	Yes
Q6. Do you support a different Vacant land in the central		Yes
Q7. Thank you. Which option	do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
Q8. How much do you suppo	ort/oppose the following:	
Extending the remission and include all types of Māori land)?		Strongly support
Removing the first home bu	ilders' remission	Strongly support
Q9. Do you support a change and postponement polici development and/or earth	es for a property under	No - keep status quo
Q10. Thank you. How much do	you support/oppose the	following
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:		

Yes

Yes

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Unsure rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value Yes threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for Unsure Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Somewhat support include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Yes and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Strongly oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Commercial rate differential: On it's own, the resulting 4% increase of residential rates doesn't seem bad as long as the rates do not otherwise increase in the year that this is introduced. Based on the track record of three consecutive 12-13% annual increases (including the net effect of a revaluation in 2022), it is unlikely that rates will otherwise remain static, and therefore have a compounding effect. I do not support this, especially given the financial pain of paying nearly double the rates that I paid when I moved into my house 4.5 years ago. Removing the first home builders' remission: The failure to communicate the availability of the remission effectively is not a justifiable reason to discontinue the remission, when it would alleviate the cost for first home builders. I don't follow why a remission on general rates should be offered for residents of multistorey apartment buildings or 1-3 storey mixed-use buildings. It is my belief that rates on a property should be proportional to the number of dwellings (when comparing similarly-valued land parcels), not the perceived value of the dwelling itself. For example, a single-dwelling house that is presently valued at \$1m does not mean that the owner (who has lived there since buying it at e.g. \$400k) is receiving a high income that could afford a mortgage on a \$1m property. Yet it is unfair that apartment owners on a similar parcel of land should each be relieved of a fair portion of their rates bill. In theory I support a differential for 'underutilised' property where a developer is land banking and restricting supply in order to try and make a profit, however the criteria that defines utilisation is not defined. The definition of 'underutilised' should not include parks or gardens that provide a social benefit of green space, nor car parking lots that provide a public service (albeit at a cost) given the progressive removal of on-street parking - especially for people visiting from distant suburbs where the connection is poorly served by public transport. Other potential targeted rates: I believe everyone could be equally impacted by the effects of climate change and seismic activity depending on the event - whether landslips, flooding, erosion, wind damage, or wildfires. It is a luck of the draw as to who suffers more in a given event - which I don't believe can be forecast and mapped to particular targeted rates based on location. I do support targeted rates aimed at AirBnB and similar providers, as that activity reduces the availability of housing for first home buyers, and housing affordability overall suffers as a result of reduced housing supply. We need to provide the incentives to limit the widespread loss of housing to short-term accommodation providers (excluding hotels/motels/hostels) hoping to 'get rich quick'.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Strongly support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

Strongly support

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No view Unsure Online accommodation

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 133 Name: Jane O'Loughlin

Organisation: LIVE WELLington

Responded At: Oct 10, 2023 06:56:49 am **Last Seen:** Oct 09, 2023 17:39:47 pm

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of

5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays

\$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Strongly support

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit Strongly support

residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1–3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Unsure

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Earthquake strengthening We support the rates remission for those with buildings requiring earthquake strengthening but are wary about providing this BEFORE the owner has committed to strengthening work, as it may encourage the owner to just sit in limbo waiting for the building to fall down. Either there needs to be clear evidence that action is being taken towards this end OR the remission should only apply once actual strengthening work is underway. Vacant land differential. It is our view that this: - Should not be extended beyond the central city - Should include carparking sites (not multi-storey) - Should not matter if they are tidy or not – no remissions for 'tidied up' land - this is likely to result in minor works just to avoid the rate. In our view the main benefit of the rate is to encourage development, it's not about preventing eyesores (though hopefully this will be a side benefit). - Should include earthquake prone buildings if the owner is not actively improving them - Should NOT include heritage listed buildings - in most cases these are in use however this mechanism should not be misused as a way of penalising heritage buildings. There was no information in the engagement document on the AirBnB point.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure Resilience Unsure Online accommodation Yes

I feel that the rates burden that is placed on commercial rate payers is too heavy. The comparison of cost for rates and insurance between Wellington and Auckland for similar buildings is huge. The overall cost of a Wellington building is 4 times the amount for a Auckland building. If WCC want to keep businesses operating in Wellington and landlords able to afford seismic and measures to avoid climate change they need to be cognisant of the burden of costs that Wellington Landlords are under. They are not competitive with either Auckland and Christchurch. The impact will be very detrimental on the city. Also I hear the arguement that people from the Hutt and Porirua come to the city to work and so consume resources. Landlords pay for the transport subsidy and if as I have suggested that the differental should be 2.1:1 they will still be paying for those people who visit the city to work. Recognise that those people also contribute to the city's vibrancy through retail and hospo spending and just being in the city. So why penalise Landlords for this contribution.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 135

Name: Bernadette Pallister

Organisation: Tawa Business Group

Responded At: Oct 12, 2023 11:18:56 am

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time

period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates - an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Tawa Business Group agrees in principle with the change in commercial rates differential but at a time when there is a costof-living crisis, our members believe that it is more important to not increase residential rates. Business owners feel they could be squeezed as reductions in rates for commercial property owners may not result in reductions in rent for business owners and increased rates for residents would result in less money being spent in local businesses.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 136 Name: Nick Piercy

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The	Ν
	Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives	
	about your submission. These will take place on	
	1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and	
	6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor,	
	Councillors and iwi representatives about your	
	submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Yes

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation Unsure

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Respondent No: 137

Name: Mark Tarbin

Organisation: Waugh Rubber Bands

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission

and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Responded At: Oct 12, 2023 13:38:06 pm **Last Seen:** Oct 12, 2023 00:32:47 am

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial Yes rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16% Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for No - keep status quo Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Strongly oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Somewhat oppose

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Strongly support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Strongly support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

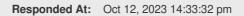
Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.





Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Somewhat support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 5.5%, a residential increase of 4%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Somewhat support

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Neither support nor oppose

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

I make these comments as the only member of the public to make a personal submission in support of a rates review. I have attached key slides from that submission. This policy will be successful only if the increase in rates on under-used central city land is sufficient to tilt the balance towards construction, and particularly construction which includes some affordable housing and green spaces which are inadequate in Te Aro. There is insufficient evidence to support the proposed rate for bare land. The real check would be to assess a sample of the 60 sites referred to and check that new rates would seriously encourage / cajole land banking owners to build or sell to someone who will. Using a land-based rating system would do that, particularly when a 12 storey apartment block can be charged 7-10 times per square metre of land in rates compared with bare land rented out for carparking. The definition of bare land is not clear. Does this include the suburban style parking lot at Chaffers New World or car yards on Kent Terrace. If the proposed rate change does not lead to change on such sites, it will not be worth adopting.

Q13. If you have a file to supp	port your submission
you can upload it here.	

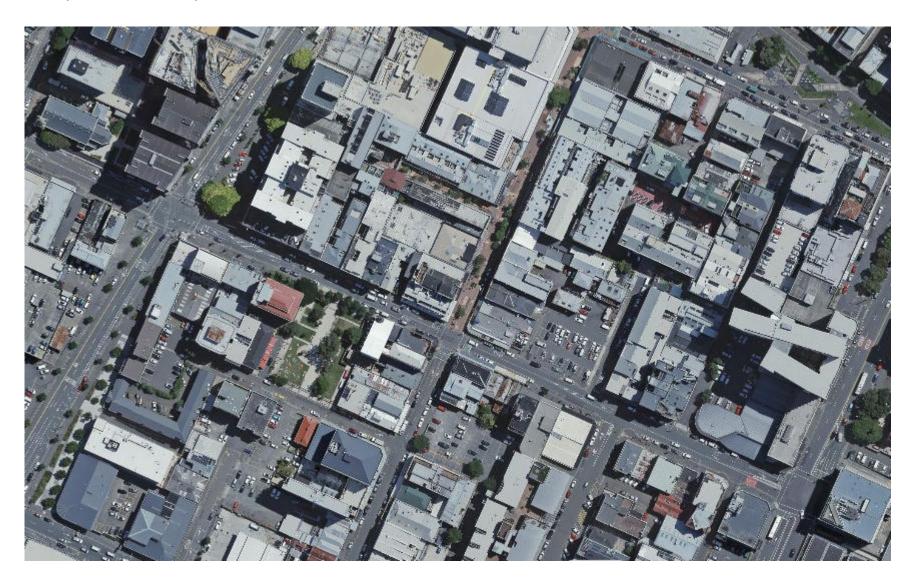
Rates and their impact on development and city planning.

Submissions and illustrations, Richard Norman, March 23, 2023.

- 20 years seeking options for developing under-used land at St Peter's Church, Willis / Ghuznee Streets, Te Aro
- Teaching and research at Victoria University's School of Business and Government – PhD study focused on 'levers of control' for delivery of public services.
- Concern about large scale removal of protections for pre-1930s buildings. Focus first on under-developed and ugly parts of the city created by 1950s zoning focused on motorcars, reinforced by rates which under-charge land bankers.

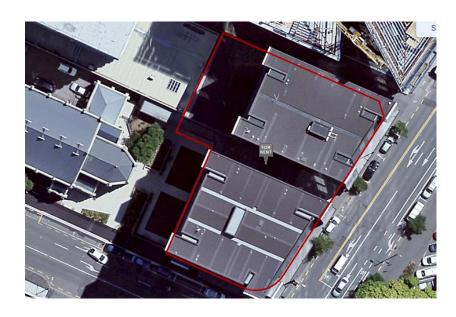
Where's the Green space?

Victoria / Ghuznee / Cuba Streets

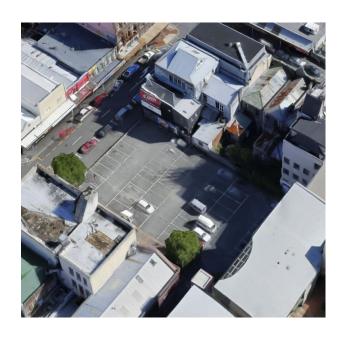


Rates as a 'subsidy' for land bankers and carpark operators

Apartments on former St Peter's land



1542 square metres, corner Victoria and Ghuznee Streets, VSP apartments, 140 units. Rates of \$450,000 approx., \$292 per square metre



153 Cuba Street, 40 carparks, 1008 square metres, Rates at \$30,000, \$30 per square metre
Capital (and land) value at \$2.1 million. Owner: Wilson Carparking







	Top of Tory Street (147)	75 Cambridge Terrace	279 Wakefield St, New World
Size, square metres	8906	4861	8392
Capital value	18,850,000	10,200,000	44,500,000
Land value	18,000,000	10,200,000	44,500,000
Purchase price			\$2.5 million, 1995
Rates \$	304,397	164,713	513,518
Rates per square metre \$	34.2	33.9	61.2

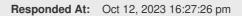
How Wellington's rating system discourages housing development

Richard Norman and Andrew Washington, DomPost, Sep 02 2022

https://www.stuff.co.nz/opinion/129623915/how-wellingtons-rating-system-discourages-housing-development



"When land is scarce, as in central Wellington, [capital value] rating makes it easy for owners to cover annual costs by charging for car parking on empty sites."





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No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

No - keep status quo

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly support

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

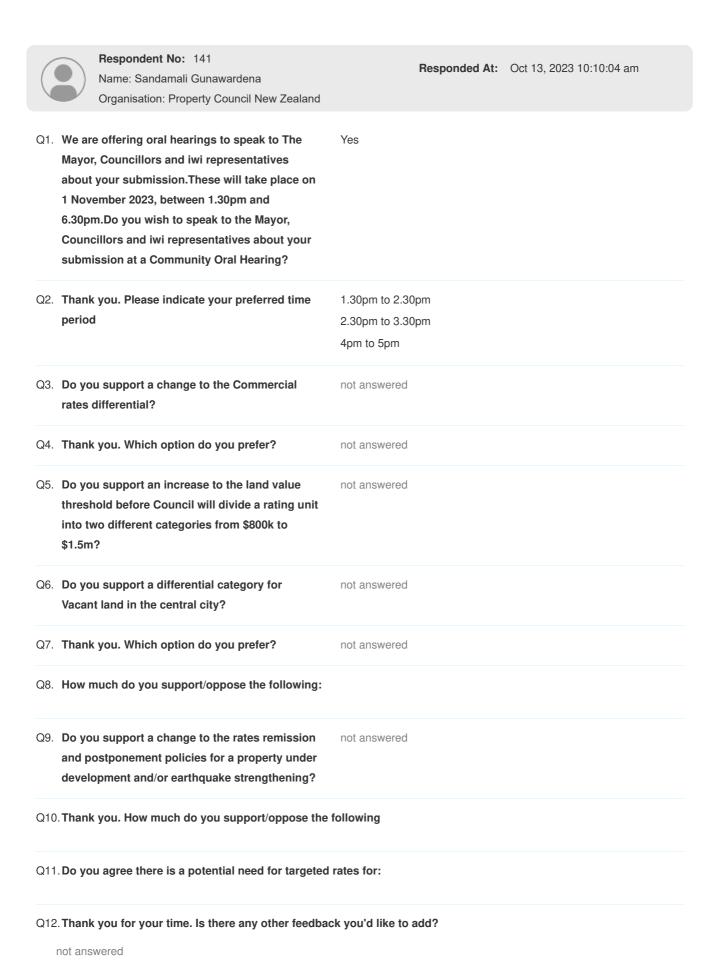
Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Yes Online accommodation Yes Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q13. If you have a file to support your submission

you can upload it here.



Property Council New Zealand

Submission on Wellington City Council's Rating Policies Review

13 October 2023

For more information and further queries, please contact

Sandamali Ambepitiya













Wellington City Council's Rating Policies Review

1. **Summary**

- Property Council Wellington Branch ("Property Council") welcomes the opportunity to provide 1.1 feedback on Wellington City Council's Rating Policies Review.
- Property Council supports a ratings review as this is much needed for Wellington's business 1.2 community. While we are pleased to see the proposed decrease to the business differential from 3.75:1 to 3.25:1, we do not support the introduction of a 4.5:1 vacant site differential.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 At a high level, we recommend that Wellington City Council ("the Council"):
 - Commence a staged reduction of the business differential until either removed or reduced to an equitable over the next three annual plans (nine years) and replaced with alternative funding mechanisms that are fairer and more equitable;
 - Reconsider the introduction of a vacant site differential; and
 - Reword the current remissions policy, to capture buildings that are partly occupied.

3. Introduction

- Property Council is the leading not-for-profit advocate for New Zealand's most significant industry, property. Our organisational purpose is, "Together, shaping cities where communities thrive".
- 3.2. The property sector shapes New Zealand's social, economic and environmental fabric. Property Council advocates for the creation and retention of a well-designed, functional and sustainable built environment, in order to contribute to the overall prosperity and well-being of New Zealand.
- 3.3. Property Council is the collective voice of the property industry. Property is the fourth largest industry in Wellington. There are around \$40.4 billion in property assets across Wellington, Wellington (10 percent) and employment for 20,640 Wellington residents.
- 3.4. We connect property professionals and represent the interests of 134 Wellington based member companies across the private, public and charitable sectors.
- 3.5. This document provides Property Council's feedback on the proposed changes to Wellington City Council's Rating Policies Review. Comments and recommendations are provided on issues relevant to Property Council's members.

4. **General Comments**

Property Council values the strong working relationship we have with Wellington City Council. 4.1.

We would like to thank the Council for its pre-engagement with us. Our members are passionate about the future of Wellington City and want to see a thriving city with fairer outcomes for all. We look forward to continued collaboration.













5. **Changing the General Rates**

Rates Differential

- We are pleased to see that the Council has proposed to decrease the general rates differential for commercial, industrial and business rate payers from 3.7:1 to 3.25:1. Property Council has longed championed for the reduction of rating differentials in Wellington given the significant multitude of costs the business community has historically faced and continues to face. We oppose business differentials as a rating tool due to the lack of transparency of funding which has often meant that the level of commercial rates paid, is disproportionate to the level of services received.
- 5.2. We recommend that the Council take a step further to commence a planned reduction of the business differential until entirely removed and replaced with alternative funding mechanisms that are fairer and more equitable. Such funding mechanisms include user pay models (e.g. toll roads), Private Public Partnerships (e.g. Transmission Gully), Special Purpose Vehicles (e.g. Milldale) or Targeted rates (e.g. downtown targeted rate collected from commercial properties in the downtown area).
- These alternative models meet the legislative principles of transparency and objectivity for funding local government set out in both the Local Government Act 2002 and Local Governing (Rating) Act 2002. Our approach is also consistent with the recommendation of the New Zealand Productivity Commission that local government should adopt a more transparent approach to rating tools and other funding sources.
- We recommend Wellington City Council consider viable alternative funding solutions for next year's Long-Term Plan in order to reduce or remove the business differential and encourage long term investment into the future of Wellington.

Vacant site differential

- We are extremely concerned to see the introduction of a vacant site differential. Our members understand the need to beautify the CBD and to ensure that vacant sites do not have a negative impact on the amenity of the city and on demand generally. However, we do not believe that the best way to achieve this is by imposing additional financial pressures on property owners and recommend that Council does not introduce a blanket vacant sites differential.
- For our members, there are a multitude of reasons why sites may be vacant or appear vacant. The development process varies meaning that a 'one size fits all' approach cannot be applied. For example, there could be an inability to secure an anchor tenant or a situation where there are development plans on a vacant site, but it remains vacant due to timeline sequencing within a portfolio.
- 5.7. Wellington is also faced with a number of vacant buildings, due to high insurance costs, general cost to do business and seismic issues. Seismic issues specifically have seen property owners unable to afford to strengthen or choose sell at a loss (a process which can take a number of years).
- 5.8. In order for Wellington's CBD to thrive, quality infrastructure is critical. Property Council recommends that Council take a targeted approach to discuss with the affected property owners to gain an understanding of what their plans are for the site and at what stage of the













development cycle they are in. Direct consultation with those who own the 60 vacant sites ensures that not all sites are being developed on at the same time, which would see Council have to contribute to the infrastructure that goes alongside these developments. This will help Council better stage and plan for future development.

6. Earthquake strengthening

- Currently, the Council's rates remission policy includes a remission of targeted rates on properties under development or undertaking earthquake strengthening. The remission only remits targeted rates for commercial buildings that are 'not for purpose'.
- 6.2. Our members are concerned that policy is more restrictive that its intention. For example, a number of buildings in Wellington will not be defined as "vacant" under the policy as a proportion of the building space is occupied (i.e. ground floor retail). Under the current policy, this means that the building is occupied, barring these building owners from applying for earthquake strengthening benefits.
- We recommend that the current wording in the policy to be reworded, to capture buildings that 6.3. are partly occupied i.e. where 90% of the building needs to be vacant.

7. Conclusion

- In summary, we are supportive of the decrease to the business differentials and appreciate the Council taking our feedback on board. However, we do not support the introduction of a vacant site differential. Property owners should not be penalised for deferring development when it is not economically viable. Ensuring that the right type of development occurs at the right time, is critical.
- 7.2. Property Council members invest, own, and develop property in Wellington. We wish to thank Wellington City Council for meeting with us as well as the opportunity to submit on the Rating Policies Review. This gives our members a chance to have their say in the future of our city. We also wish to be heard in support of our submission.
- 7.3. Any further enquires do not hesitate to contact Sandamali Ambepitiya, Senior Advocacy Advisor,

Yours Sincerely,

Leonie Freeman

CEO Property Council New Zealand













Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

Yes

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

4pm to 5pm 5pm to 6.30pm

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Unsure

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Unsure

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Strongly support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? Unsure

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Kia ora WCC, As a new independent homeowner, I find the current rating system discriminates against those of us on our own that shoulder the burden of all household costs. I also struggle to understand why I pay significantly more than the median Kiwi household (2 adults, 2 children) when I live alone in a 40sqm 1 bed studio apartment. I understand in theory (because of the capital value) but I don't believe this is a fair mechanism for calculating rates. Currently, housing equates to 57.3 % of my income, and that is before power, internet, phone, contents insurance, medical, groceries etc. — there's just nothing left for putting aside, it's tight. I will be drafting a longer submission and I would like to speak to councillors on behalf of single homeowners.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Resident Ratepayer Submission to WCC

Tēnā koutou WCC,

Introduction

My name is Amy Barnett. I am a single homeowner and Kiwibuild beneficiary living in multi-unit housing in central Wellington. This is a submission on the rating policies review, in particular, this submission addresses the focus area 'Fairness – considering affordability relative to matters such as income, age, geography.'

I view this review process as a positive opportunity to engage with council about current rating policies, specifically how rates could more equitably reflect the evolving demographic of our culturally vibrant city:

I would therefore like to see a review that considers the following:

- A city that recognises its single demographic and considers rating policies with single persons in mind
- A city that enables multi-unit housing as an affordable option for new homeowners
- A city that ensures a fairer rates system by considering the inhabitants and size of the dwelling, not solely it's capital value
- A city that supports first home owners in the first 5 10 years of ownership to counter growing intergenerational inequality

Some ideas for how this could be achieved:

- Reduced rates for owner occupiers who live alone similar to the <u>25% reduction in council</u> tax in the UK
- Reduced rates for multi-unit intensified housing to encourage medium/high density living and ensure it's affordability
- Reduced rates for new homeowners

The proposed ideas are in line with the councils priorities by considering affordability, relative to matters such as income, age, geography. They also offer a more equitable way of determining the proportion each property pays, while considering the services the property receives.

Single Homeowners

As a single homeowner, I find the current rating system discriminates against single households as it was largely designed for a society that organises itself around the <u>median sized (2.7) New Zealand household.</u> Currently, housing equates to 57.3% of my income, and that is before electricity, internet, mobile phone, contents insurance, groceries, transport, medical, dental, recreation etc. – costs that would normally be shared across a household. This demonstrates the financial vulnerability of single homeowners and exemplifies the disadvantages singles face in the long-term as there is nothing left to set aside for the future.

Single person households are largely excluded from political discourse, and as the second largest growing household in New Zealand this needs to change. Acknowledgement of this growing demographic via a reduction in rates for owner occupiers who live alone would deliver some relief and provide a more equitable way of determining the proportion each property owner pays.

Multi-Unit Housing Affordability

Multi-unit dwellings are part of the solution towards developing a climate resilient city that ensures affordable housing for all however currently multi-unit housing is expensive and rates don't make allowances for the difference in services these residences receive i.e. no outdoor water usage, smaller spaces, fewer inhabitants, no resident parking etc. The rates that have been set against my property are comparably higher than the median New Zealand household whose rates average \$2,781 per annum – this seems disproportionate considering I am the sole resident of a 40 sqm studio apartment.

To encourage and support intensified living it must be more affordable and rating policies should be equitably designed to reflect the different spaces people occupy.

Reduced Rates for New Homeowners

There is consensus we have big infrastructure projects that need funding due to underinvestment in the past 30+ years but yet again, it feels as though my generation, and those coming after me, have been left to pick up the tab – is there a more equitable way to fund these big infrastructure projects? One solution is to offer new homeowners reduced rates in the first 5 to 10 years and increase them year on year as peoples salaries grow and their mortgage depletes, while I imagine politically unsavoury, it is an equitable way for those that are now mortgage free (or near to it) to pay it forward, or in this case backwards. This would counter intergenerational inequality and support new homeowners in their first few years of home ownership.

Conclusion

I recognise the ideas I am proposing are out of scope for the suggested changes in this review, but I see this forum as an opportunity to start the conversation and raise these issues in order to begin receiving some consideration from policy makers.

I welcome the opportunity to discuss my experience as a single homeowner in multi-unit housing with councillors further.

Ngā mini nui,

Amy Barnett

More about me: I am an artist who supports myself working as an executive assistant for a central government agency. I hold a Bachelor of Music (hons) and Master of Fine Arts, and I am an active member of Pōneke, Wellington's creative community.

You can check out some of my creative work here: <u>amyjeanbarnett.com</u>



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: A 2:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 25%, a residential increase of 16%
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following:	AL SIL
	Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Neither support nor oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Neither support nor oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Strongly support

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Unsure Resilience Unsure Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Extending the remission and postponement policy to

include all types of Māori land (based on the definition

Removing the first home builders' remission

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission

and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

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Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Unsure
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q8.	How much do you support/oppose the following:	

Neither support nor oppose

Somewhat oppose

Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Somewhat support

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A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat support

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Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

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strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

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Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 2: Lower 3.7:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$6,580 in rates – an increase of 225%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Strongly support

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1–3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Strongly support

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Online accommodation

Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	No - keep status quo
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
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Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not

Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the

development work or seismic strengthening is

completed.

Somewhat oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

postponed rates would be payable.

Strongly support

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of

800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Neither support nor oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support

the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Instead of shifting further burdens to residential ratepayers the Council should concentrate on broadening the rates base for the Commercial/Business etc section by ensuring through lobbying that the Government pays rates on land it owns in Wellington. The Government provides services to all of NZ not just Wellington so it is unreasonable that Wellington ratepayers only support this through what is basically a rates remission for Government. The rating differential on vacant land is unreasonable - it is up to owners to decide when and what to build as long as this complies with the relevant regulations - there is no regulation requiring every inch of undeveloped land be developed. It is also outrageous to propose a policy that will be expensive to administer and will not recover any expenditure - it brings to mind the old two Ronnies joke about putting in toll booths to pay for the cost of putting in toll booths! On the issue of rates postponements and remissions in general - these must be based on NEED and not just because of membership to any particular group, including a racial or age based group. Everyone with the means to pay should be contributing to the services provided by the Council which are for the benefit of all residents regardless of there group or racial affiliation.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Strongly support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Strongly support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Neither support nor oppose

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

Somewhat oppose

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Somewhat oppose

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat oppose

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat oppose the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The No Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing? Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time not answered period Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial No - keep status quo rates differential? Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value No - keep status quo threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m? Q6. Do you support a differential category for No - keep status quo Vacant land in the central city? Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer? not answered Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to Neither support nor oppose include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)? Removing the first home builders' remission Neither support nor oppose Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Strongly support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Neither support nor oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not

completed, then the remission would not apply, and the

Neither support nor oppose

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Neither support nor oppose

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Neither support nor oppose the period in which development work (or seismic strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience Yes

Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

It is highly probable that residential rates will increase considerably over the next few years, whereby tens of thousands of residents will be unable to afford to pay their rates. It is our understanding that Council has already sought permission to lift the ceiling to up to 50%, so that rates can be increased should they need to be. Increases of this order will be particularly hard on the elderly, who are often asset rich and case poor (with income limited to Superannuation) and will struggle to pay such rates increases, potentially pushing them out of their family home that they have lived in for many years, causing great distress. In addition, those who have suffered as a result of Covid and other financial reasons with their income. Both the Christchurch City Council and Auckland City Council have 'specific' "Rates Postponement" policies, written under section 102 (3)(b) and Section 110 of the Local Government Act 2002, specifically addressing this potential crisis situation. Under their specific policies, under specific circumstances, residents rates are postponed, and the rates (along with interest) are repaid to Council upon the resident's death or when they move out of their home. Currently Wellington City Council only has provision for a '1 year' rates postponement, and that needs to be changed like in Auckland and Christchurch. Wellington needs to have a "heart" to plan for this situation, as it is certain to come shortly, causing a massive problem for both the Council and Councillors. See both the Auckland City Council and Christchurch City Councils 'Rates Postponement' policies by visiting their website.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	Yes
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	5pm to 6.30pm
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Unsure
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$8,772 in rates – an increase of 333%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Somewhat support
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Somewhat support

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Neither support nor oppose

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings (estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Somewhat support

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo Resilience No - keep status quo Online accommodation No - keep status quo

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

The current valuation system for house/properties values and does not take into account the incomes that the people who live in the houses make. this creates an unequal rates system which targets people of low or middle income and especially single people. In particular woman who live longer than mean and usually outlive partners and end up single at a time in their lives when they most need the support of their communities. The rates rebate scheme needs a complete overhauling as it only sets a fixed a amount which is minuscule and if you earn just over the threshold you cannot apply for it, even if your rates bill is crippling you financially. A fairer system would be for the rebate to be a proportion of your rates ie: a quarter of whatever your rates bill is. If you are entitled to the rebate. This would mean that someone on a pension and an income of around \$400 a week would be entitled to a rebate of around \$1,625 if their rates bill was \$6,500 per year. This would stop the forcing of pensioners, single people, and others out of their communities where they may have been living which can destroy the fabric and make-up of communities. In order to have robust communities you must have a mixture of people from different socio-economic backgrounds so therefore rates cannot be the same for everyone in a suburb. If rates are too high in a suburb you end with rich enclaves, who are mistrustful of poorer people and remain ignorant of those less fortunate. Rates need to go down by a much larger amount for those on pensions or benefits and be fixed to a proportion of the income not base on land/house value. Fixing rates on Land/house value as opposed to income does not support robust, multi-cultural and diverse communities. The remission for Arts and Heritage buildings needs to be fully supported and not as you have proposed excluded. There is already far too little money spent in this area. Retaining are Arts and Heritage Buildings are vital to the creation of a vibrant Wellington - they are the thing that makes Wellington unique. The destruction and lack of support for our Heritage buildings is shortsighted and equal to cultural vandalism.

Q13.If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Resilience

Online accommodation

Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	Yes
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	Option 1: Preferred 4.5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays \$7,929 in rates – an increase of 291%
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat support
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Unsure
Q10	Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the	following
Q11	. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted	rates for:
	Climate action	Yes
	D. 199 Control	V .

Yes

Unsure

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

Yes

- Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period
- 1.30pm to 2.30pm
- Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Unsure

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

Unsure

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Other (please specify)

No reasoning or justification is given for any of these options - they appear to be drawn out of a hat. I support the principle, but no evidence is given as to the pros and cons of each option. Without such evidence, this consultation is pointless.

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No view

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No view

Resilience No view

Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Much of this consultation is meaningless. In both the commercial differential and vacant differential sections nothing is said about why those particular options have ben selected, nor about the consequences of their selection or non-selection. Essentially, they are numbers pulled out of a hat. For instance, the commercial section says "we have considered" various things, but says nothing about the results of that consideration; it says what other councils charge, but nowhere gives an explanation of why charges for any of those cities (including Wellington!) are at that particular level. The reasoning that Wellington's commercial rates are too high because they are higher than elsewhere is nonsensical: based on that logic, eventually every council would reduce the differential to zero or below. And if the high rates are driven by the targeted downtown and commercial sector rates, surely the sensible way to reduce overall rates - if that can be justified, which this document makes no serious attempt to do - is to reduce these targeted rates. Altogether this consultation is a waste of ratepayers' time, asking for views on options on about which there is no proper information, either at the micro (between options) or the macro (the wider effects of the options). Apart from anything else, proposing a 4% increase in residential rates on top of any annual increase is politically dumb, particularly when no proper justification for that increase is given.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

not answered



Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 1: Preferred 3.25:1 differential - A commercial decrease of

5.5%, a residential increase of 4%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No view

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?

Yes

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 3: Higher 5:1 differential - A \$1m vacant property pays

\$8,772 in rates - an increase of 333%

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Neither support nor oppose

Removing the first home builders' remission

Neither support nor oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening? No view

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience Unsure

Online accommodation Yes Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

not answered



Q1.	We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?	No
Q2.	Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period	not answered
Q3.	Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	No - keep status quo
Q4.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
Q5.	Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?	No - keep status quo
Q6.	Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	No - keep status quo
Q7.	Thank you. Which option do you prefer?	not answered
	How much do you support/oppose the following: Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?	Somewhat oppose
	Removing the first home builders' remission	Neither support nor oppose
Q9.	Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?	Yes

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not Somewhat support

'fit for purpose'

A remission of the postponed rates once the development work or seismic strengthening is Neither support nor oppose

completed.

If the development work or strengthening is not completed, then the remission would not apply, and the Neither support nor oppose

postponed rates would be payable.

Include a remission of general rates for multi-unit residential buildings (estimated remission value of 800k) and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings

Neither support nor oppose

(estimated remission value of \$1.6 million)

Include a postponement of rates for three years prior to Somewhat support the period in which development work (or seismic

strengthening) is undertaken.

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action No - keep status quo

Resilience No - keep status quo

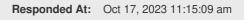
Online accommodation Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

Please pause cycle ways in suburban areas, whilst there is little money to do so, especially in areas where there are already cycleways-don't double dip! For example, I am horrified to read that Coutts St, Kilbirnie recently had cycleways imposed, without consultation and with NO PARKING areas near many houses. Please read the comments on 'Neighbourly', or survey the local residents to see their feelings about this imposition. So many have young children, or are elderly, and can't now find parks near their homes. Some thoughtfulness would go a long way. Thank you for reconsidering.

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

not answered





Q1. We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission. These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm. Do you wish to speak to the Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Hearing?

No

Q2. Thank you. Please indicate your preferred time period

not answered

Q3. Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?

Yes

Q4. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

Option 2: A 2.60:1 differential - A commercial decrease of 6%, a

residential increase of 9%

Q5. Do you support an increase to the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?

No - keep status quo

Q6. Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city? No - keep status quo

Q7. Thank you. Which option do you prefer?

not answered

Q8. How much do you support/oppose the following:

Extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of Māori land)?

Somewhat support

Removing the first home builders' remission

Strongly oppose

Q9. Do you support a change to the rates remission and postponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake strengthening?

No - keep status quo

Q10. Thank you. How much do you support/oppose the following

Q11. Do you agree there is a potential need for targeted rates for:

Climate action Yes

Resilience No - keep status quo

Online accommodation

Yes

Q12. Thank you for your time. Is there any other feedback you'd like to add?

not answered

Q13. If you have a file to support your submission you can upload it here.

not answered

Respondent No: 155
Name: Paul Franken

Responded At: via email Sept 28, 2023 8.29am

From:

To: BUS: Long Term Plan Engagement

Subject: Rates review

Date: Thursday, 28 September 2023 8:29:39 am

I believe that over the past 20 years there has been pressure on the WCC to reduce the commercial rates v the residential rates

Whenever a big project is supported by WCC there is a statement of how many million \$s it will bring into the city.

This will mainly go to the commercial/ retail sector, residential ratepayers get no discount in attending these new projects.

There must have been a good reason for the big differential when first imposed. I realise that the commercial sector has a greater voice in representing itself to the WCC

Is the watering down of the commercial rate really benefitting the voting residents?







Virus-free.www.avg.com

Respondent No: 156
Name: Eyal Aharoni

Organisation: Prime Property Group

Absolutely Positively **Wellington** City Council

Me Heke Ki Pōneke

Rating Policies Review

All submissions must be received by midnight Sunday, 15 October 2023

You don't have to give feedback on every question – just choose the ones you're interested in. You can only submit once. You can include supporting information along with your submission.

Before you start, read about our proposals in the engagement document.

Why we're collecting this information

Your feedback matters. This review is part of the development of the Long-term Plan 2024–34 which is about the future of Wellington, and it affects everyone who lives and works here. That's why we want to hear from as many people as possible. Your views will help us to decide on the next steps we take.

Privacy statement

Responded At: Via email Oct 17, 2023 12:24 am

All submissions (including names and contact details) are provided in their entirety to elected members. Submissions (including names but not contact details) will be made available to the public at our office and on our website.

Your personal information will also be used for the administration of the consultation process, including informing you of the outcome of the consultation.

All information collected will be held by Wellington City Council, 113 The Terrace, Wellington, with submitters having the right to access and correct personal information.

Your details

All fields marked with an asterisk (*) are required.

Name* Eyal Aharoni					
Postal address (including suburb)*					
Phone/mobile					
Email	Text				
I am making this submission:					
as an individual Text					
on behalf of an organisation. Organisation	's name: Prime Property Group				
My connection to Wellington is:		/			
1 am a Wellington City Council ratepayer	l live in Wellington	I work in Wellington			
own a business in Wellington	study in Wellington	☐ I am a visitor to Wellington			
We are offering oral hearings to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission.					
These will take place on 1 November 2023, between 1.30pm and 6.30pm.					
Do you wish to speak to The Mayor, Councillors and iwi representatives about your submission at a Community Oral Forum?					
res □ No					
If yes, please indicate your preferred time period					
☐ 1.30pm - 2.30pm ☐ 2.30pm - 3	3.30pm 4 pm - 5pm	5 pm - 6.30pm			

1. General rates changes

Wellington City Council currently splits the General Rate between two categories: base (residential including rural land) and commercial, industrial and business.

Changes proposed:

Māori land)?

- Change the general rates differential for commercial, industrial and business rate payers from 3.7:1 to 3.25:1.
- Change the threshold land use value before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m.
- Introduce a new general rates category for vacant land, with a differential of 4.5:1.

	. /				
Do you support a change to the Commercial rates differential?	Yes	□ No - kee	ep status quo	Unsure	☐ No view
If Yes, which option do you prefer?	Option 1		Option 2	Option	n3
	• Preferred 3.25	5 : 1	• 2.60:1	• 2:1	
	• Commercial do of 5.5%	ecrease	• Commercial decrea	• Commo of 25%	ercial decrease
	• Residential income of 4%	rease	• Residential increase of 9%	e • Resider of 16%	ntial increase
Other:					
Do you support an increase to	Yes	□ No - kee	ep status quo	Unsure	☐ No view
the land value threshold before Council will divide a rating unit into two different categories from \$800k to \$1.5m?					
Do you support a differential category for Vacant land in the central city?	Yes	No - kee	ep status quo	Unsure	☐ No view
If Yes, which option do you prefer?	Option 1		Option 2	☐ Option	n 3
	• Preferred 4.5	:1	• Lower 3.7 : 1	 Higher 	5:1
	 A \$1m vacant pays \$7,929 in an increase of 	rates -	 A \$1m vacant prop pays \$6,580 in rat an increase of 225 	es – pays \$8	vacant property 3,772 in rates - ease of 333%
Other:					
2. Rates remissions a	and nostn	onemei	nts		
We made minor changes to our rates re ncluding increasing the remission amo We are proposing the following addi	emissions and post ount for low-income	ponements po ratepayers to	olicies in the 2023/24 A \$700.	nnual Plan,	
A specific remission and postponem support the principles in the Te Ture	ent policy for Māor	i land to exter	nd to all types of Māori l		
Clarifying and expanding the remissi	ion for a property u	nder developr	ment and/or earthquake	e strengthening	
How much do you support/ oppose: extending the remission and postponement policy to include all types of Māori land (based on the definition of	Strongly support	Somew Support		Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose

	support	support support no oppose	r oppose	☐ Strongly oppose
o you support a change the rates remission and ostponement policies for a property under development and/or earthquake trengthening?	☐ Yes	☐ No - keep status quo	Unsure	☐ No view
yes, how much do you support	:/oppose the follow	ing:		
Make the policy clearer that the remission applies to both ommercial and residential uildings that are not 'fit for urpose'	Strongly Support	Somewhat Neither support support oppose	Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose
nclude a remission of general ates for multi-unit residential uildings (estimated remission alue of 800k) and 1-3 storey nixed/commercial buildings estimated remission value of 1.6 million)	Strongly support	Somewhat Neither support no oppose	Somewhat r oppose	Strongly oppose
nclude a postponement of ates for three years prior to the eriod in which development york (or seismic strengthening) s undertaken.	Strongly support	Somewhat Neither support support oppose	Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose
remission of the postponed ates once the development work or seismic strengthening scompleted.	Strongly support	Somewhat Neither support no oppose	Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose
the development work or trengthening is not completed, hen the remission would not pply, and the postponed rates yould be payable.	Strongly Support	Somewhat Neither support support oppose	Somewhat oppose	Strongly oppose

4. Any other feedback

Is there anything else you would like to tell us about the Rating Policy Review?

Wellington has become the most expensive place to do business in the country by a large margin.

Our commercial property suffers from exorbitant insurance costs, exorbitant rate costs, exorbitant seismic ramification costs.

There should be no differential, at the end of the day the businesses end up paying the costs by increased rents (not the landlords).

We have lost many businesses to other cities over the past 30 years due to our costs.

You have asked for option for differential and given an example of what a \$1.5m commercial property will be paying

Ranging from \$14,032 for 3.7:1 differential to \$10,556 to 1:2 differential.

A quick look at Auckland, the next most expensive rate center in NZ shows that a \$1.5m property will be paying \$7,112 annual rates.

See link

https://www.aucklandcouncil.govt.nz/property-rates-valuations/Pages/rates-details-results.aspx?an=12342881643

example:200 Queen Street, Auckland , rates 34137.70, value 7.2m, so @ 1.5m rates will be 7.112

2. Additional exorbitant rates on vacant residential land:

The outcome will be exactly the opposite and I will give you two examples:

a. I have been developing housing in Newlands, right beside the motorway for the past 20 years, when I started council only approved 30 houses on the massive 40 hectare site, I have engaged in litigation with council ever since to enable more houses on the site, we currently have permit for 300 there (200 built) we believe 400 is what the site will take, we are still arguing.

Should council burden me with more costs, the easy way out would have been to develop less houses.

Once low density is developed, it will stay that way for the next 100 years and more.

b. Shelly Bay, same thing as above, it is costly enough to deal with all the other issues, another burden will not help and will result in less houses, as you know costs is what caused this project to not proceed.

I can give many more examples, the greater the burden the less development will take place.

----- 2nd fold here

Freepost Authority Number 2199



Business Unit (261) Rating Policy Review Wellington City Council PO Box 2199 Wellington 6140 Respondent No: 157

Name: Mark Kirk-Burnnand

Responded At: via email Oct 13, 2023 3.30 pm

Organisation: Johnsonville Business Group

Submitter

This submission is provided on behalf of 253 Johnsonville businesses and property owners based within the central commercial area of Johnsonville. The Johnsonville Business Association is an Incorporated Society (Johnsonville Business Improvement District). Having surveyed and interviewed its constituents, this submission voices the needs of those businesses and property owners based on the cost of doing business in Johnsonville to best meet the needs of our customers, employees, and the wider catchment of our metropolitan centre.

SUBMISSION ON

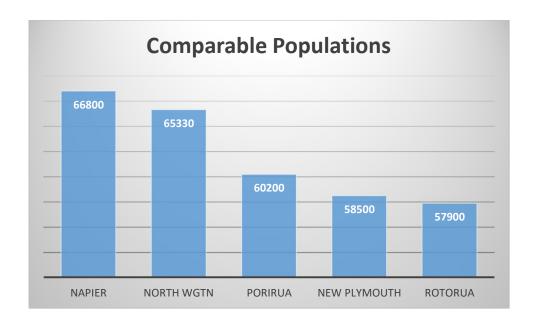
Wellington City Council | Rating Policies Review

10 October 2023

Johnsonville is a major metropolitan centre for Wellington and acts as the service hub to all northern and western Wellington suburbs. The Johnsonville Business Group (JBG) would like consideration given to a lower suburban commercial rate to match the level of facilities and services we receive.

On behalf of the Johnsonville Business Group, we write to express our concerns regarding the current commercial rates affecting businesses within our community. We appreciate the efforts undertaken by the local authorities to maintain essential public services; however, the burden posed by the existing commercial rates has become a significant obstacle to the success of our local businesses.

Johnsonville is a vital contributor to the Wellington economy and is well located to serving a large and growing population. The immediate proximity of suburbs from Wadestown to Tawa has a population of over 65,000 people. This is significant when comparing our current level of facilities and investment to similar populations elsewhere.



All comparable cities tabled have a much larger collection of public buildings and facilities to support their populations. The level of investment in Johnsonville does not match the level of investment in these other cities. Johnsonville is a key metropolitan centre of Wellington and is by definition a city by having over 50,000 inhabitants. There is evident potential for commercial growth and intensification, although Wellington City Council must acknowledge that we do not share the same quantum of trade that the commercial properties in central Wellington are able to benefit from.

Central Wellington business benefit from the draw of the Convention Centre, multiple museums, the waterfront, central city parks, artwork, murals and a higher level of general streetscape investment.

We recognise the complexities associated with budgetary considerations and revenue generation for essential public services. However, given that our businesses are subjected to rates that don't align with the services provided, this discrepancy raises concerns about the fairness of the current rating structure. We would therefore like to see a comprehensive cost-benefit analysis of the commercial rates in Johnsonville against how they align with the services provided.

Furthermore, the high commercial rates in Johnsonville are not only detrimental to our local businesses but also impact our ability to better service our wider catchment. The financial strain imposed by these rates restricts our capacity and our attractiveness to future investment towards enhancing our offerings, improving customer experience, and expanding employment opportunities within the community. In effect, this hampers our ability to attract new businesses and serve the broader population effectively.

We kindly request the Wellington City Council consider a lower commercial rate differential specific to suburban businesses in Johnsonville and other suburban commercial locations in Wellington. It is suggested that this be a reallocation of rates rather than an overall rates reduction across the wider rating base. Such a measure would not only alleviate the financial strain on our centre but also encourage an environment conducive to entrepreneurial growth, increased job creation, and investment within our community. By supporting our local businesses, we can collectively enhance the economic landscape of Johnsonville.

Summary

Overall, we support the proposed reduction in commercial rates paid for by businesses in Wellington, though more specifically we draw your attention to the differing levels of facilities and services provided by Council across varying commercial areas within our city, and propose a separate suburban commercial rate be applied. A fair and just system, one that considers the services provided and their correlation to rates, will benefit both the businesses and the community at large.

The Johnsonville Business Group is committed to collaborating with Wellington City Council and participating in any discussions to this issue. By working together, we can create a business-friendly environment in Johnsonville that encourages economic growth and prosperity.

On behalf of 253 Johnsonville businesses and property owners, we appreciate your attention to this matter and thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

Mark Kirk-Burnnand

Chair of the Johnsonville Business Group

Respondent No: 158

Responded At: via email Oct 18, 2023 16:16 pm

Name: John Swan, Robert Fisher, and Luke Pierson

Business Unit (261) Rating Policy Review Wellington City Council P.O. Box 2199 Wellington 6140

By email to: ltp@wcc.govt.nz

Submission on Rating Policies Review Submitted by: Robert Fisher, John Swan and Luke Pierson

We are Wellington citizens, and represent a wider group of Wellingtonians, seriously concerned about the financial sustainability of our city. We are concerned that the Wellington City Council (WCC) has not considered several important factors that risk putting an unsustainable rates and debt burden on the city's residents and businesses.

We love our great city. But we are worried that it is falling even further behind. The city's productive sector has declined, and its population has grown slower than any other urban centre. It contributes less and less to New Zealand's GDP.

WCC has called for submissions on its Rating Policies Review. We believe WCC cannot make decisions about rating policies before the full extent of its spending and risks, and the implications for council debt and the rates bill, are understood.

We commissioned independent economic advisors Castalia to assess the state of the city's finances from public documents. Castalia has:

- Identified at least \$500 million in identified expenditure not included in WCC's Long-Term
 Plan (LTP)
- Estimated another \$500 million including spending on the Michael Fowler Centre and Opera House earthquake strengthening, bringing water infrastructure up to standard, major transport projects and community housing investments
- Projected an unsustainable debt path and imminent breach of WCC's own and the Local Government Funding Authority's (LGFA's) covenant limits.

This will mean even more debt, higher rates (and rents) or worse.

We call on WCC to pause its Rating Policies Review and merge it with the work on the LTP scheduled for the December quarter. All components of the LTP need to be fully and transparently costed.

The implications for services, council assets, debt and rates must be understood and clearly communicated to the public.

We request a constructive and open dialogue between councillors and the ratepaying community to:

- Clearly outline the full extent of the city's finances, including comparisons between actual expenditure and revenues and budgets
- Explain the options that are available to WCC to keep expenditure under control:
 - How much more borrowing is needed?
 - How much will rates increase?

- What options are available to reduce fiscal liabilities and risks?
- Should we consider choices around partial asset sales, as has occurred recently in Auckland?
- Develop a robust plan to return the city to growth while still investing in essential infrastructure.

All of this must occur **before** considering the Rating Policies Review.

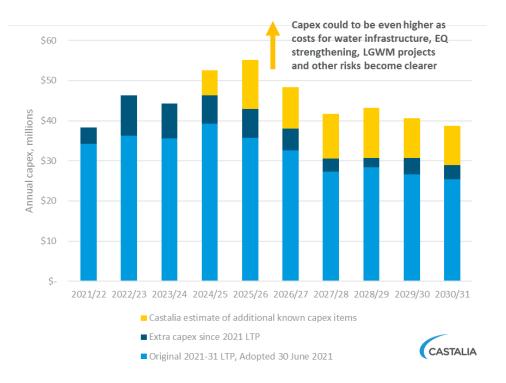
To state the obvious, in an environment where Wellingtonians are hurting from a cost-of-living crisis, significant rates hikes to cover this expenditure and additional debt will have significant adverse effects on ratepayers and rents, and cause hardship for many.

We are concerned that this lack of careful fiscal planning in a context of rising cost pressures is unlikely to go unnoticed by central Government. We are concerned that the absence of prudent and transparent financial management is further damaging Wellington's credibility with central Government, potentially prompting further intervention.

Our analysis shows WCC faces at least \$500 million of unbudgeted expenditure plus another \$500 million in additional capex not accounted for.

Analysis from Castalia shows WCC has to spend at least \$500 million above its 2021 LTP budget, which itself triggered record rates rises and increased borrowing. Castalia also suggests expenditure will be even higher than that once the costs of additional known capex items such as additional water infrastructure, earthquake strengthening of the Michael Fowler Centre and Opera House and major Let's Get Wellington Moving (LGWM) transport projects are added (yellow bars below).

Figure 1: WCC's planned 2021 LTP capex and Castalia's estimates for unplanned capex



Source: WCC Long Term Plan 2021-31, WCC 2022 LTP amendment, Department of Internal Affairs (DIA), Castalia analysis

Castalia's analysis identified capex and opex in re-evaluated costs of ongoing projects and from projects announced since the 2021 LTP was released. These significant new expenses are not included in the 2021 LTP, but the costs are now known and understood by WCC:

- Up to \$217 million increased cost for the Town Hall earthquake strengthening
- \$46 million for WCC's share of the Thorndon Quay and Hutt Road project for LGWM
- \$225 million in opex and \$32.5 million in capex for the new Zero Waste plan (new wheely bins and organic processing plant) over 10 years.

Not only are there these known spending increases, but WCC is highly likely to also have to budget to spend on the following **additional known capex items**:

Table 1: Castalia's estimates for additional known capex items

Additional known capex items	Estimated cost	Castalia's approach to estimating
Earthquake remediation and higher construction costs: Michael Fowler Centre and Opera House	Opera House: \$50 million over three years Michael Fowler Centre: Unknown	Opera House is assumed to have the same costs and build time as the St James restoration. No comparable data is available to estimate Michael Fowler Centre costs.
Essential drinking, waste and stormwater infrastructure	\$272 million over seven years	Castalia conservatively assumes costs are 50 percent of the Department of Internal Affairs' estimates of required investment. Capex begins in 2024/25 and any planned water infrastructure investment in the LTP is subtracted.
Let's Get Wellington Moving	\$331 million over six years	Derived from WCC's estimate of \$1.38 billion over 30 years, begins from 2025/26 and assumes debt is on WCC balance sheet.
Community Housing cost increases	\$61 million over seven years	Assumes same construction cost inflation affecting other WCC projects continues.

The above table **does not** include the acquisition costs for the land at Reading Cinema which reports suggest WCC has committed to purchase.²

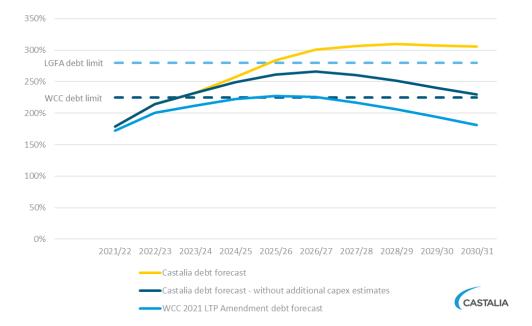
How will Wellington fund the significant additional expenditure?

WCC must clarify how the city will afford the additional, unbudgeted expenditure. It appears WCC will have to raise significant new debt, raise rates, sell assets, or withdraw from commitments (such as LGWM) or a combination of all four. Castalia's analysis below suggests that on confirmed expenditure, WCC will exceed its debt-to-revenue limit. If the additional known capex is included, WCC will also breach its covenants with the Local Government Funding Authority (yellow line in graph below).

WCC Financial and Infrastructure Strategy, page 27: <a href="https://wellington.govt.nz/-/media/your-council/plans-policies-and-bylaws/plans-and-policies/a-to-z/financial-financial-and-infrastructure-strategy.pdf?la=en&hash=5F5DF204569447A306B37F6487F2CF7A7C7F9266

Reports suggest WCC has committed to purchase the land on Courtenay Place where Reading Cinema is situated: https://www.nzherald.co.nz/nz/meeting-held-in-secret-on-future-of-wellingtons-deserted-reading-cinema/AGFNB6E7CRG3TMTH56M5DINGIM/

Figure 2: WCC's debt-to-revenue ratio under different scenarios



Sources: WCC Long Term Plan 2021-31, WCC 2022 LTP amendment, WCC LGOIMA response dated 19 July 2023, DIA, Castalia analysis Note 1: Castalia assumes that debt repayments are not made on the additional debt, and no interest expense is deducted from the available revenue for the additional debt.

Note 2: Reported actual revenue was higher (14%) and non-current borrowing lower (20%) than the LTP forecast (budget) in WCC's 2021/22 Annual Report. We used the forecast numbers from the 2022 LTP Amendment in our analysis but acknowledge that actuals may differ from forecasts (and did differ in the year 2021/22).

Note 3: WCC 2021 LTP Amendment debt forecast excludes the \$270 million for additional borrowing capacity to cover insurance underwriting for major events. If this was included the debt-to-revenue ratio would **exceed** WCC's borrowing limit for seven years until 2029/30

We believe this analysis is critically important context for WCC to urgently consider and we trust it is helpful. We intend to release this data publicly in the spirit of fostering important public discussion around the future of our city.

We look forward to speaking with councillors on this submission as a matter of priority.

Yours sincerely,

Robert Fisher

John Swan

Luke Pierson

Respondent No: 159

Name: Simon Arcus

Organisation: Wellington Chamber of Commerce



Wellington Chamber of Commerce

wecc.org.nz info@wecc.org.nz 04 473 7224

Level 13 NTT Tower 157 Lambton Quay Wellington 6011

PO Box 1087 Wellington 6140 New Zealand **SUBMISSION ON**

Wellington City Council Rating Policies Review

Responded At: via email Oct 18, 2023 17:03 pm

SUBMITTED TO:

Long-term Plan Engagement Team

BY EMAIL:

ltp@wcc.govt.nz

DATE:

18 October 2023

OVERVIEW

The Wellington Chamber of Commerce and Business Central (the Chamber) is a business membership association, representing over 1,000 organisations in Wellington and a further 2,600 businesses throughout Central New Zealand (Gisborne to Taranaki and down to Nelson). We have represented business in the Wellington Region for over 165 years and work with a range of organisations to help them network, share ideas and experiences, learn and develop, represent their interests to local and national government, provide Employment Relations support, and help with export and growth opportunities.

The Chamber works closely with the Wellington City Council (WCC) to ensure Wellington's business community is consulted on the changes that impact them. We seek to play a constructive role in the future development of our city and would like to thank the Council for their continued engagement with us and the wider business community through a range of initiatives, such as the quarterly business huis and the Pōneke Promise forum, as well as the Long-term Plan review process. We look forward to further opportunities to work together.

OUR RESPONSE

The Chamber recognises that the Council's budget is increasingly under pressure and appreciates that difficult decisions will need to be made over the months ahead to ensure the stability of the city's long-term financial position. We welcome the Council's decision to carry out a review of ratings policy, looking in detail at how the 'ratings pie' is comprised. This is an important exercise: a broad ranging strategic review has not been conducted in recent decades. We agree with the Council that the rating policies review provides an opportunity to think about the future direction of Wellington and the economic opportunities, and risks, that lie ahead.

We are committed to being a constructive partner as the Council grapples with this complex issue. We believe this review comes at a critical time for local government across Aotearoa New Zealand more broadly: it's unclear whether conventional models for financing local government activities are sustainable. This is a message for central government as well.



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Level 13 NTT Tower 157 Lambton Quay Wellington 6011

This review presents a real opportunity for Wellington to lead this discussion, and we urge the Council to engage closely with the new government as it determines its priorities over the weeks ahead.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Earlier this year, Council confirmed that rates would be increased by 12.3%. While we understood the rationale, we did not agree that such an increase, which far exceeded annual inflation, was the right approach at a time when households and businesses are already confronted by rising costs. We made these points strongly at the time and maintain our position on this issue.

However, we recognise that this rating policies review is not about the overall 'size of the pie', but rather about how the 'pie' is constituted, and it's on that basis that we have formulated this response.

At the outset, we welcome the Council's proposal to reduce the commercial differential from 3.7 to 3.25 from July next year. This reduction is a welcome step that will help to ease the burden on Wellington businesses when wider commercial pressures are considerable. The reduction is a message for business that the Council is listening to them, even in tight financial conditions.

The Chamber also welcomes the principles behind the Council's proposals to introduce a new vacant land differential of 4.5:1 – we hope this will drive improvements in our cityscape, though the policy will need to be clearly and carefully defined to limit unintended consequences.

Densification is the foundation of sustainable and affordable cities. It evidences their growth trajectory. Dense developments should be centred around liveable precincts, as people can live where they work. Our members are eager for the Council to better incentivise densification, working with developers to understand what's required to deliver progress. The reality is that dense housing requires well integrated social services, recreation areas and transport support to succeed.

We have long argued that the differential is not an appropriate mechanism to calculate commercial rates. In the longer-term, we hope to see the differential reduced and ultimately abolished; however, getting to the point where Council is able to make this shift will require a significant amount of additional work and analysis. We support the Council's commitment to continue to explore issues surrounding the



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rating base following the implementation of the 2024/2034 Long-term Plan – we look forward to further engagement on this issue in future.

In addition to this consultation response, the Chamber is pleased to have commissioned Wellington-based economic consultants, Sense Partners, to carry out independent analysis into, and modelling of, the impact of commercial rates on the local economy. A short report – *Tax and the city* – *a closer look at the business differential and land taxation* – has been produced and attached as an annex. We encourage Council to review this report alongside our response. We hope the Council, the Chamber and the wider business community will be able to work closely together on this issue over the months ahead.

In summary, the report finds that:

- 1. There is an opportunity for the city to flourish by improving revenue raising settings.
- 2. Wellington's high business differential is likely to be reducing employment growth, crimping powerful agglomeration effects that would lift productivity and wages for workers.
- 3. The rating base is too narrow, more work should be done to expand funding and financing services. In addition, user charging, such as volumetric water and waste-water, should be more widely implemented to recoup the cost of service provision.
- 4. While taxing land rather than capital may offer some efficiencies, any shift brings distinct political difficulties and is by no means a silver bullet.
- A simple and predictable tax system is required to support firms and households make better long-term decisions.

Please note, the contents of this report should not be viewed as preferred policy of the Chamber – rather the report is intended as a discussion document to support the development of the debate around local authority finances over the months and years ahead.

LOST OPPORTUNITIES: THE IMPACT OF HIGH RATES

Analysis by Sense Partners demonstrates that local taxes (rates in this case) impact the places where firms choose to locate. As a consequence, the models suggest that decreasing the business differential by 1% would boost employment by a little under than 0.1%; decreasing the differential by 50% would increase employment by about



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4%. But it's not only the level of employment that's impacted – a lower differential would support productivity improvements to deliver an additional \$185.83 of income for incumbent workers each year. Overall, a lower differential could induce a \$29.3 million increase in city-wide GDP for Wellington.

A NEW MODEL?

To be clear, the Chamber is not advocating for expanding the revenue take, but any system change should include additional methods of raising revenue to reduce the cost of raising revenue through any single lever. The Sense Partners report sets out three additional revenue raising measures to be considered:

- Expanding the set of user charges to include volumetric water and waste-water charges to recover the cost of providing services according to the beneficiary pays principle. Council is already moving in this direction. The Chamber believes that a principle of better targeting end users of specific benefits makes sense.
- Better aligning development contributions to the context and cost of services. This might mean high development contributions in some situations and lower development contributions for other developments.
- Increasing the use of special purpose vehicles for specific infrastructure projects could also broaden revenue. Investment in the Moa Point sludge minimisation facility uses this funding method and might be used for further infrastructure investments.

First implementing these options would reduce the extent of heavy lifting the rating base is required to achieve and better align who pays to beneficiaries. Any discussion of a shift from capital to a land value-based system, should be a second order consideration.

TIGHTENING THE PURSE STRINGS

In addition to the review of how rates are composed, and any change in policy that's decided on as a result, it's critical that Council takes a hard look at its spending commitments and cuts its cloth accordingly.

The Council must re-examine opportunities for further savings and to take a fresh look at its various assets and how they are performing. For



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example, the Chamber believes there is a strong case to explore sharing services and some back-office functions with neighbouring councils to bring down costs. In addition, we would encourage the Council to review its stake holding in Wellington Airport to ensure ratepayers are getting value for money.

Council should transition towards the phased amalgamation of backoffice functions and public services across Wellington, Porirua, and Hutt
Councils over time. This process has already begun in some areas
behind the scenes but needs to pick up pace. We urge the Mayor to use
the Mayoral Forum to drive this conversation forward. Local authorities
overseas have found that sharing services can unlock significant savings
– in the UK, it's estimated that around £200m (c.\$400m) is saved
annually by local authorities through pooling services.¹ Councils in
Australia have also realised multi-million-dollar savings from sharing
services such as IT and procurement.² There are a range of approaches
to sharing services, from pooling back-office functions like finance and
HR, through to sharing leadership teams across a region. We call on the
Council to kick-start a discussion on amalgamation across the
Wellington region and explore a range of options that could unlock
savings for ratepayers.

We also call on the Council to look closely at existing initiatives and projects to ensure that ratepayers are always getting value for money. For example, we have heard concerns from members that the role of WellingtonNZ, which receives significant Council funding and a slice of the Downtown Levy, is not as clear as it could be. Its mandate and structure are also perceived to be complex and cumbersome. We urge the Council to clarify WellingtonNZ's mandate by introducing key performance indicators (KPIs) based on economic growth and business success, and to consider making the funding the agency receives contingent on performance against these metrics. We would welcome the opportunity to work closely with Council and WellingtonNZ to better communicate the role and activities of the economic development agency to businesses in the city.

The Chamber would also like to encourage the Council to again examine its ownership stake in Wellington Airport. The Chamber would welcome an assessment from the Council of the return it receives from its 34% holding in Wellington International Airport and whether this delivers value for money for ratepayers. The Chamber appreciates that this topic was



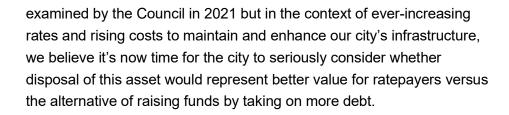
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¹ https://www.local.gov.uk/our-support/efficiency-and-incomegeneration/shared-services

² https://www.lgnz.co.nz/assets/Uploads/f850ff9434/Shared-services.pdf



Finally, debt at WCC is a major concern for the Chamber – the scope of WCC's planned capital programme must be scaled back as a result. This will require councillors and the executive to make difficult decisions. With borrowing forecast to reach \$1.57bn by the end of the year – and further pressure added by recent cost overruns in relation to the Town Hall, the Central Library, the citywide network of cycleways and the sewage sludge plant – we encourage the Council to set out a clear plan to keep debt below the self-imposed cap in the medium-term, and falling in the longer-term, so that business owners and residents aren't saddled with high debt servicing costs well into the future.

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wecc.org.nz info@wecc.org.nz 04 473 7224

Level 13 **NTT Tower** 157 Lambton Quay Wellington 6011

PO Box 1087 Wellington 6140 New Zealand

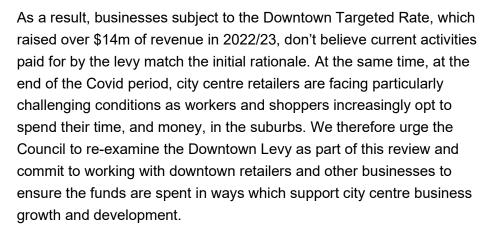
DEMONSTRATING VALUE FOR MONEY

The connection between rates payments and adequate services for residents and businesses must be strengthened. Currently, business feels the year-on-year rates increases are out of step with actual Council service delivery and performance.

Our members in the city centre remain concerned around how the Downtown Levy portion of their rates bill is being spent. We have repeatedly asked for specific information about these funds and have never had a fulsome response.

When the levy was initially introduced, the resulting rates revenue was administered separately from other Council activities, and it was essentially a fund paid for by retailers for the promotion of retail. Over the years however, this seems to have evolved, with the 2022/23 Annual Plan specifying that the Downtown Targeted Rate is "set to pay for tourism promotion", incorporating the following activities:

- 50 percent of the cost of the Wellington Regional Economic Development Agency (WREDA) and Venues activities
- 40 percent of the cost of the Wellington Convention Centre activity
- 70 percent of the visitor attractions activity
- 25 percent of galleries and museums activity



It is not just businesses in the downtown area that are subjected to additional targeted rates. Through the Business Improvement Districts (BIDs) scheme, businesses in Miramar, Khandallah, Kilbirnie, Tawa and Karori are all subject to additional targeted rates. Taken together, the revenue collected through these schemes equated to \$413,740 in 2022/23. While this may be a fraction of the Downtown Levy's receipts, it is still a considerable burden on businesses, many of which are SMEs, and we believe transparency is required around how these funds are spent and how these levies are expected to develop in the longer term. We are concerned that there is limited data available on the performance of these schemes and the nature of the projects funded in each area.

The Chamber is not opposed to the BIDs scheme per se, but we do believe that greater scrutiny of these schemes, and how they spend public money, is required to ensure value for money is delivered for ratepayers. In relation to the Johnsonville BID proposal outlined for establishment in this year's annual plan for example, very limited information was made available around the parameters of the scheme. For example, the map of the proposed BID area was not made available online, and so it was difficult for businesses in Johnsonville to know whether they will be subject to additional rates in future.

Lastly, projects for change in the city such as the removal of carparks need to be understood in terms of their impact on Council revenue, and the public should be very aware of this. The revenue lost from parking fees will be recouped through rates as it must be, and the costs to them should be transparent to ratepayers.



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wecc.org.nz info@wecc.org.nz 04 473 7224

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CONCLUSION

Thank you for taking the time to review our response to the Wellington City Council Rating Policies Review.

Businesses in our Capital understand that the much-needed programme of upgrades and improvements scheduled by the Council over the years ahead will be costly and time-consuming. However, and as we set out in the Wellington Report last year, the Council needs to provide greater certainty around future costs; this will enable businesses to better prepare and plan. We welcome the opportunity that this review presents to shift Wellington's ratings policy to a longer-term footing. A clear plan from Council which sets a long-term approach to rate-setting is required.

We urge the Council to consider our recommendations and believe that doing so would help to unlock economic growth and opportunities for Wellington, identify significant further savings and enable the Council to adopt a less aggressive approach to annual rate setting moving forwards.

In summary, the Chamber urges the Council to:

- Set out a long-term plan for ratings policy that sees the commercial differential falling over time and ultimately abolished. Getting to this point will require a significant amount of additional work and analysis.
- 2. Explore additional methods of raising revenue to reduce the cost of raising revenue through any single lever. Additional measures could include: expanding the set of user charges to include volumetric water and waste-water charges; better aligning development contributions to the context and cost of services; increasing the use of special purpose vehicles for specific infrastructure projects.
- 3. Strengthen the connection between commercial rates payment and the provision of services and demonstrate to business that WCC delivers value for money.
- 4. Bring council expenditure under control by:
 - exploring further opportunities for amalgamation of backoffice functions and public services across Wellington, Porirua and Hutt Councils.
 - b. reviewing the Council's ownership of key assets (such as the airport) and providing an assessment of the value such shareholdings deliver for ratepayers.



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c. setting out a clear plan for reducing Council debt to below the Council-imposed cap of 225% of annual operating income.

We welcome any questions from the Council regarding is submission and the associated report. We look forward to continuing to work together to make Wellington an even better place to do business.

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wecc.org.nz info@wecc.org.nz 04 473 7224

Level 13 NTT Tower 157 Lambton Quay Wellington 6011

PO Box 1087 Wellington 6140 New Zealand

Ngā mihi nui,

Simon Arcus Chief Executive

Wellington Chamber of Commerce



Tax and the city – a closer look at the business differential and land taxation

For the Wellington Chamber of Commerce

Sense Partners

October 2023



Context for this report

In July 2023, the Wellington Chamber of Commerce approached Sense Partners for advice on how to think about local rates. The Chamber wanted an economic framework to think about the business rate differential and advice on the pros and cons of assessing rates on a land versus capital basis. This note is an overarching strategic assessment of the problem. We note the first steps from Wellington City Council to signal a decrease in the business differential to 3.25. There remains opportunity for further adjustments to the business differential.

Key Points

Opportunity for city to flourish by improving revenue raising settings

- Wellington City could enable firms and workers to thrive by revisiting how rates are set.
- The choice of how to raise revenue has large and long-lived implications, requiring scrutiny of the evidence.
- Right now, Wellington City sets rates with a high business differential. International studies and our indicative modelling shows this pushes firms to reduce the size of operations within the capital and raises the barrier for new firms to bring new and innovative goods and services to the city.
- Reducing the business differential would increase density and expand Wellington's labour market, enabling firms and workers to be more productive by increasing specialisation, for better job opportunities and higher incomes.

Case for business differentials is poor and holds Wellington back

- Businesses pay rates 3.7 times the rate charges on residential assets the highest differential in the country. The reason for this differential is not clear and unlikely to be due to user pays.
- At times council refers to charging businesses higher rates based on ability to pay and recouping user charges. But these reasons are not consistent and suggest different methods of raising revenue that are not consistent with each other.
- We show the differential is likely to be reducing Wellington's employment growth, crimping powerful agglomeration effects that would lift productivity and wages for workers.

The rating base is too narrow, more can be done to expand funding and financing of services

- New Zealand has the narrowest taxation base for local government in the world.
- Others have recognised more could be done to broaden revenue gathering. One
 approach is to better align development contributions to the cost of services.
 Increasing the use of special purpose vehicles for specific infrastructure projects
 could also broaden revenue.
- Where the interests of central and local government align, use city deals to help finance infrastructure projects.

Implement user charging to recoup the cost of services...

• At times, council argues taxing capital is a proxy for user charges but the capital on a land parcel is a poor proxy for user charges.

• Instead, volumetric water and waste-water charges should be used to recover the cost of providing services according to the beneficiary pays principle. Where large building use more city resources, they should pay a larger portion of the cost.

Taxing land rather than capital offers efficiencies that should be explored, but will be politically challenging

- Setting rates on land rather than capital is more efficient as a means of taxation: businesses don't change behaviour to avoid the land-based rates system. This means less impact on the economy and the allocation of resources when collecting revenue.
- Collecting revenue on a land-basis better reflects the benefit of the provision of local public goods. There is less need to implement a series of bespoke targeted rates, which are challenging to get right.
- Land use settings need to complement rates settings, enabling firms and households to develop vacant land that would otherwise collect higher rates.
- But changes to almost all taxation regimes result in winners and losers. That makes it
 impossible to identify the "best" taxation regime without making value judgments
 across individuals or interest groups. Individuals that live on properties where land is
 a higher fraction of the property value will pay higher rates.

Taxing vacant land might appear appealing but risks the unintended consequence of making housing *more* expensive

- Wellington City Council propose imposing taxes on vacant land, at four and a half times the rate of residential properties, to promote increasing housing supply.
- But this approach risks the unintended consequence of *reducing* housing supply.
- Taxing vacant land increases the cost of holding land for development. In the shortrun developers may opt to build smaller, less complex designs, reducing their costs of holding land by building. That adds fewer dwellings to the housing stock.
- Any positive impacts are expected to be small and only transitory as housing markets respond to the new level of tax.
- Vacant land taxes also needs to traverse material design challenges that raise implementation costs and hamper effectiveness.

Keep it simple so firms and households can make better choices

- Removing business rates differentials and implementing a broad set of user charges should be implemented alongside any potential shift from land to capital rates settings.
- Avoid unintended consequences of micro-managing outcomes when raising revenue.
 Allow firms and households to respond to incentives.



Prioritised recommendations

Table 1: Prioritised recommendations on rates

	Recommendation	Description	Priority
1	Council should look for alternative funding and financing tools to finance infrastructure investment	Broadening revenue gathering and funding to include better use of special purpose vehicles. Ensure interest are aligned by using city deals between central and local government. Right-sizing development contributions to costs faced by Council can also help the efficiency of raising revenue.	High
2	Implement user charges rather than a business rate differential	The benefit principle says where possible adopt user charges. The case that capital is a proxy for user charges is not well-made. Council should levy volumetric water and wastewater charges instead.	High
3	Raising revenue on land rather than capital appears to offer efficiencies, but further analysis is required to fully understand the impact of this shift. Without addressing the business rate differential, expect modest impacts.	Raising revenue on a land rather than a capital basis better identifies the beneficiaries of public goods and appears to offer efficiencies. Ultimately this raises the amenity value of living and working in the city.	Medium
4	Any shift to raising revenue on a land rather than capital basis needs to dovetail with land use settings that enable landowners to develop sites	Since urban form evolves only slowly, expect incremental rather than fundamental changes. Land use regulation needs to be complementary with financial incentives to encourage efficient land use.	Medium
5	Keep it simple and beware of unintended consequences of complex revenue raising settings	Applying a variety of rates, differentials, and taxes can have complex and overlapping impacts. This creates uncertainty, undermining how workers and firms respond to settings. Vacant land taxes are likely to be ineffective.	Medium

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1. Current environment

Expect opportunity from timely, comprehensive rates review...

This year, Wellington City Council will review the rating policies that determine who pays for the services provided by the Council. In the context of increasing constraints on both central and local government, it makes sense to look closely at how revenue is collected.

To make progress, this study makes no claims about how revenue should be spent or right sizing the pie. Instead, we aim squarely at the question of how best to collect revenue to fund the provision of goods and services.

...deciding who pays can have profound impacts

Tax matters. How revenue is collected impacts the choices firms and households make on where to work, where to live, and where to call home. Improving tax settings can contribute to greater prosperity over future years.

And it's not just about more of the same when it comes to setting rates. One of our key points is working to identify additional levers that could expand the set of revenue raising tools.

This is not a new point for many. It reflects the direction of travel of the Infrastructure Funding and Financing Act 2020, the tone of much of the Future of Local Government Review, and the reality of a system with a one of the narrowest revenue bases globally.

Others have also focussed on using revenue bonds to fund public goods, doing more to ensure development contributions are set to recover the costs of infrastructure and taking a close look at value capture to raise funds.¹

Pulling together

One of the messages of the Future of Local Government report is central government can do more to help fund local infrastructure. Central government has interests in well-functioning cities to promote good outcomes for citizens using tools and information not available to central governments, and for the revenue central government receives when cities flourish.

In contrast, poorly functioning local communities can create problems for central government. In the past, central government has at times, picked up the tab for underinvesting in infrastructure. And when cities inhibit growth with prohibitive rather than enabling land use policies, growth pressures manifest elsewhere.

Central government will be more willing to invest when local government can demonstrate a transparent and robust basis for raising revenue in a fair and efficient manner. Council must show that local government settings are doing all they can to promote a growing and flourishing city that contributes to the tax base. When local government settings inhibit growth, expect central government to investing in local infrastructure.

¹ See for example, the New Zealand Initiative on using revenue bonds, Auckland Council on development contributions and Te Waihanga on the use of value capture.

And this is not about businesses versus residents. Ultimately, workers and households are better off with improved job opportunities and stronger incomes. This can be achieved when local taxation settings enable firms to be productive and thrive.

2. What good looks like – principles for setting local government rates

2.1. Objectives for raising revenue

The OECD identifies a set of principles for taxation that apply equally to local government. We set these out in Table 2 below.

Table 2: OECD Principles for Setting Taxation

Principle	Description Description
Neutrality	Taxation should seek to be neutral and equitable between forms of business activities. A neutral tax will contribute to efficiency by ensuring that optimal allocation of the means of production is achieved. A distortion, and the corresponding deadweight loss, will occur when changes in price trigger different
	changes in supply and demand than would occur in the absence of tax.
Efficiency	Compliance costs to business and administration costs for governments should be minimised as far as possible.
Certainty and simplicity	Tax rules should be clear and simple to understand, so that taxpayers know where they stand. A simple tax system makes it easier for individuals and businesses to understand their obligations and entitlements. As a result, businesses are more likely to make optimal decisions and respond to intended policy choices.
Effectiveness and fairness	Taxation should produce the right amount of tax at the right time, while avoiding both double taxation and unintentional non-taxation. In addition, the potential for evasion and avoidance should be minimised.
Flexibility	Taxation systems should be flexible and dynamic enough to ensure they keep pace with technological and commercial developments. It is important that a tax system is dynamic and flexible enough to meet the current revenue needs of governments while adapting to changing needs on an ongoing basis.
Equity	Equity has two main elements: horizontal equity and vertical equity. Horizontal equity suggests taxpayers in similar circumstances should bear a similar tax burden. Vertical equity is a normative concept, whose definition can differ across users. Many users suggest, vertical equity taxpayers in better circumstances should bear a larger part of the tax burden as a proportion of their income. Equity is traditionally delivered through the personal tax and transfer systems.

Source: OECD

Other organisations and researchers have also set out their own principles for gathering taxation revenue.² For example, one UK expert considers there are six important considerations for a good tax system using their framework:³

- incentives and economic efficiency
- distributional aspects
- international aspects
- administration and compliance
- flexibility and stability
- transitional problems

In practice these principles have considerable overlap.

Applying the principles to local government

When it comes to principles of taxation, Local government is no different from central government. Local government should not be immune from raising revenue in a principled manner.

Central government is well placed to address equity through the tax and transfer system

Perhaps the key difference is the lack of ability to levy taxes on capital, labour, or consumption. These taxes make central government best suited to deal with equity and distributional issues through the tax and transfer system.

Instead, equity can take a spatial dimension. When mobility of residents means taxes can be moved onto other rate payers, this erodes local responsibility and accountability. The outcome is the level of public goods provided can be inefficient (too high and too low).

Taxes are set on the principle that taxpayers should bear tax burdens in line with their ability to pay.⁴ The ability-to-pay principle requires horizontal and vertical equity in the tax system.

Horizontal equity holds if those with an equal ability to pay bear equal tax burdens. Vertical equity holds if those with a greater ability to pay bear higher tax burdens. Horizontal equity is undermined when businesses pay more property tax than households while they have the same ability to pay. Individual and company taxes would ideally be aligned to avoid distorting outcomes.⁵

² See the objectives of the Tax Working Group 2019 or the Productivity Commission 2019 and Spahn 1995 for example.

³ See Meade 1978.

⁴ See Case et al., 2019.

⁵ See McLeod et al., 2001.

Expect local government to show greater interest in matching costs to who benefits

Local government is likely to be concerned with linking revenue capture with the benefit or willingness-to-pay for local public goods. The closer and stronger the link, the greater the extent individuals benefit from local government and the city thrives.

In practice, eliciting prices for public goods can be challenging. It can be difficult to extract what residents would be willing to pay for a service.

Efficiency continues to matter at a local level

Raising revenue at a local level should be executed in the least distortive manner possible. This allows firms to allocate resources in a similar way to if there was no taxation at the local level. Neutral taxes minimise the unintended consequences on private decisions. Neutrality is necessary for a good tax system.⁶ Higher tax rates for businesses will distort private decisions.

The efficiency criteria takes on a new dimension at the local level since firms and workers can avoid tax by "voting with their feet" and moving to a new location. At least in principle, since firms can move between jurisdictions, differences in tax rates across councils should be minimised.

This has a particular emphasis within the region where commuting flows across jurisdictions are large. Commuter flows into Wellington City are larger than elsewhere in New Zealand.

Moreover, tax competition favours raising revenue on land rather than capital since land cannot be moved across local boundaries.

Simple and transparent

The use of revenue raised by local and central government can create accountability issues when the use of funds is not clear. Volumetric charging would help councils better fund the costs of growth and help reduce demand for services that could delay the need for infrastructure.

Land and capital taxes can be straightforward to collect. But land taxes require identification of the land component of the capital-land package for any site. This can be more challenging if few land only parcels come to market. But this should not be considered a showstopper. A range of techniques can be used to assess land value.

2.2. A closer look at Wellington City objectives

Wellington City Council in their own words

Wellington City Council usefully spells out the principles and policy objectives for setting rates that we lay out in Table 3. We test these principles against the OECD principles. In general, Wellington City Council principles appear consistent with rationalising the current set of rates rather than working from principles to how rates should be set.

⁶ See Ebel and Petersen, 2012.

The first principle resonates with horizontal equity. Similar properties should pay similar local taxes. However, the presence of business differentials would appear to work against this principle.

Wellington City Council also seems to want to prioritise the viability and vitality of the Wellington business community. The second principle says the burden on different sectors needs to be reasonable in terms of its impact on the viability and vitality of the business community.

But there is a long literature, dating to the urban economist Jane Jacobs, pointing to the benefits of low rents. These provide opportunity for entrepreneurs and the arts community to try out new and diverse activities within the city centre (see Box A).

It would appear one unintended consequence of business differentials is reduced opportunities for low rent within the city. This works against the ethos and method of achieving vibrant cities laid out by Jane Jacobs decades ago.

This also works against the key economic channels that respond to how rates are set:

- i. when rates are set on land, this encourages investment by reducing the disincentive to add capital to the city;
- ii. when rates are neutral between business sites and residential sites this further reduces the disincentive to invest in commercial space.

It is important to distinguish between the static world, where firm choices and land prices do not respond to incentives, and a dynamic world that accounts for the impact of firms' location decisions.

Take the example of Cuba Street where the capital value of many properties is arguably low relative to land value. Rates could go up, rather than down. But the increase in commercial space means the same rates would be covered by a lot more sqm of commercial business. Rents would drop from both the increase in space and the bearing of a smaller fraction of that rates burden.

Wellington City Council also nods towards the beneficiary pays principle. However, they then suggest the principle needs to be tempered by other objectives, including affordability, practicality, and Council's other policies. So it's not clear the extent to which the beneficiary pays principle applies. It appears it might apply, but only when a range of other factors are satisfied. This is only reinforced by the Council's sixth principle that rates should *to some extent* reflect benefits received.

For services with clearly identifiable private benefits a direct user charge may be more appropriate, as it causes the user to focus on cost and the need for conservation. However, this approach is to be tempered with an assessment of affordability, practicability, and the Council's other policies.

The final principle is an amalgam of many things but seems to suggest rating burden should be distributed based on capital value of properties. But this seems an outcome or tool for meeting objectives, not a principle or foundation of how to reason about how to collect local revenue. Table 3 also reflects the objectives of neutrality in that it does not encourage people to redirect activity to avoid its impact.

Table 3: Wellington City rating principles and objective in their own words

Tal	ble 3: Wellington City rating principles and objective in their own words
	Rating principles
1	There will be one comprehensive rating system for the whole of Wellington city that allows consistent application across the entire city.
2	The rating burden on the different sectors needs to be reasonable in terms of its impact on the viability and vitality of Wellington's business community.
3	For services with clearly identifiable private benefits a direct user charge may be more appropriate, as it causes the user to focus on cost and the need for conservation. However, this approach is to be tempered with an assessment of affordability, practicability, and the Council's other policies.
4	The rating system will have wide general application and will be set from a global perspective.
5	The impact of the process of change, due to revised assessment of incidence of costs and benefits received, as well as changes in the assessment of ability to pay and other Council policies, will not fall disproportionately on any one section of ratepayers. While it is recognised anomalies will exist, it is not appropriate to focus on special 'individual' cases.
6	Rates paid should to some extent reflect the benefits received. However, it is recognised that the issue of benefit distribution analysis is a complex and inexact process.
7	The rating burden should be distributed amongst ratepayers based on capital value of property and by using targeted rates. Any differential, where appropriate, will be based on property use, the incidence of costs and benefit of service. It should account 'for ability to pay' practicalities and the Council's other policies but recognise that the level of rating also depends on the degree of use of alternative sources of income such as user charges.
	Policy objectives
1	Provide the Council with adequate income to carry out its mission and objectives
2	Support the Council's achievement of its strategic objectives
3	Be simply administered, easily understood, allow for consistent application and generate minimal compliance costs
	Policy objectives
4	Spread the incidence of rates as equitably as possible, by balancing the level of service provided by the Council with ability to pay and the incidence of costs in relation to benefits received
5	Be neutral in that it does not encourage people to redirect activity to avoid its impact
6	Reflect the decisions of the Funding Policy and rating reviews
	urac: Wallington City Council

Source: Wellington City Council

Box A: Jane Jacobs argues for lower rents

A well-functioning urban environment should have a variety of activities...

Jacobs wrote *The Death and Life of Great American Cities*⁷ in 1961 as an attack on the urban planners of her day. She believed that urban environments should promote safety, economic prosperity, social interaction, and adaptability.

"...writing [the book] about how cities work in real life, because this is the only way to learn principles of planning and what practises in rebuilding can promote social and economic vitality in cities, and practises and principles deaden these attributes".

Preconditions of well-functioning urban environments include:

- mixed land use
- smaller blocks
- mix of new and old buildings
- sufficient concentration of people to boost economic activity

This is supported by some buildings having low rents, facilitating start-up of new activities...

New and old buildings will demand higher and lower rent. The variety in rent is useful for attracting different occupants to the urban environment. For example, start-up businesses with a lesser ability to pay rent can operate in the same locations as well-established businesses.

This favours land tax and high business taxes prohibit start-ups doing new things within the city (too expensive)

Land taxes are generally considered to be neutral, meaning that it does not distort economic decision-making. Land is immobile and taxing it doesn't lead to reduced investment in the same way as a capital tax might. Capital taxes reduce the post-tax rate of return for businesses and will reduce investment levels at the margin.

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⁷ See Jacobs 1961.

3. No case for business differentials

3.1. Assessment against principles

Ability-to-pay argument poorly founded...

Wellington City Council make the claim that the business differential reflects ability to pay. However, Wellington business properties pay a higher fraction of rates than elsewhere (Figure 1).

Urban economists are often interested in the agglomeration benefits. These are the productivity benefits that come from cities that enable firms and workers to work in density. It turns out that one of the key benefits of cities is the labour market opportunities that provide higher income to residents.

For households, locating close to a larger pool of firms increases the number of potential jobs. For firms, locating close to households means a larger number of potential applicants. These factors both increase the likelihood of a good match between firms and applicants.

The additional opportunities provided by cities increases specialisation. For example, rather than operating as engineers, specialisation allows engineers to operate as civil engineers. They in turn can specialise on vertical construction, such as commercial buildings, or horizontal construction, such as roads.

This helps raise the productivity of each worker, allowing workers to reap a higher return for their labour. Without sufficient scale provided by cities, such specialisation is difficult.

Specialisation and agglomeration effects make workers more productive in cities, increasing returns to firms and increasing wages and incomes.⁸

Economists estimate these benefits not through the lens of firms, but instead, through the wages that accrue to workers. Firms are widely recognised as an intermediary, a tool for improving outcomes for households.

The ability to pay argument also fails to capture firms that have left Wellington City and have simply moved elsewhere. Nor does ability to pay capture firms that find it too expensive to setup in the city or fail to start-up because costs are too expensive.

Moreover, at times Council refers to charging businesses higher rates based on ability to pay and recouping user charges. But both arguments cannot simultaneously be true since each argument would likely produce different rates.

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⁸ See Maré and Graham 2003 and Donovan et al. 2022 for New Zealand estimates.

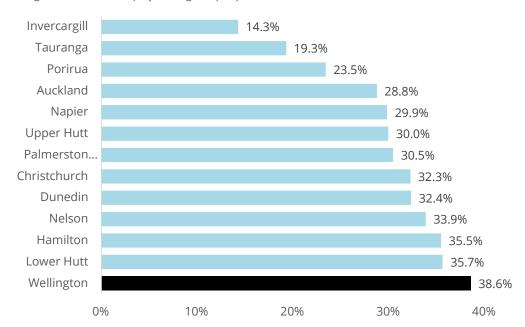


Figure 1: Wellington businesses pays a higher proportion of rates than other districts

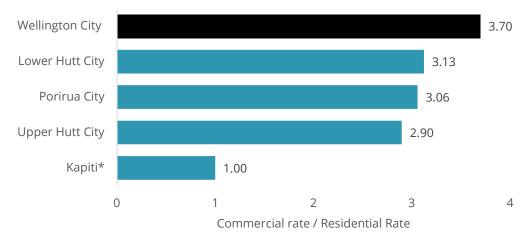
Source: Various council data

...councils cannot claim to be setting business differentials based on the incidence of costs

The claim is often made that business differentials for Wellington City reflect the additional impacts on infrastructure from workers from other territory authorities that commute into the city.

But business differentials are high right across the region (see Figure 2) compared to other councils. There is limited discount for businesses in councils with outflows of commuters.

Figure 2: The Wellington City differential is higher than other councils in the region Business differentials selected councils



* Kapiti increases commercial rates based on 0.00036 of land value

Source: Various Council Annual Reports

That beneficiaries should pay is a principle for raising tax revenue. Doing more to put in place volumetric water and wastewater charges would help users of infrastructure services make better decisions about use that could drive system efficiencies.

Without volumetric charging firms lack a price signal to drive changes in behaviour. Given Wellington City's has deteriorating water infrastructure widely detailed elsewhere, reducing pressure on the system would appear crucial. At the least, a stronger evidence base is needed to support the claim that business differentials support the incidence of costs.

Figure 3: The business differential had been falling but is now increasing Differential 8.0 7.0 6.0 5.0 3.7 4.0 2.8 3.0 2.0 1.0 0.0 2000/01 2004/05 2008/09 2012/13 2016/17 2020/21

Source: Wellington City Council

3.2. Beware unintended consequences

Business differentials distort the decisions of where firms locate and households want to live by driving a wedge between efficient locations and the locations incentivised by differentials. These impacts can also come with unintended consequences.

For example, the Greater Wellington Regional Council Transport Rates Policy has a special category for CBD Business ratepayers and now charges these businesses 7 times the amount charged to most residential ratepayers (see Table 4).

The differential values discourage businesses from setting up in the Wellington CBD and encourage activity to move elsewhere and to the Wairarapa in particular. 9,10

⁹ It is not clear why GWRC opt to apply differentials across residential rating areas for the transport levy.

¹⁰ The levies also make it more expensive to set up businesses in general.

This approach runs counter to the goal of shaping urban intensification in GWRC's proposed Regional Policy Statement.¹¹

Table 4: GWRC transport levies are 7 times higher for Wellington CBD businesses Transport levies

Location	Differential value
Residential (excluding Wairarapa and Ōtaki)	1
Residential (Wairarapa and Ōtaki)	0.5
Wellington CBD	7
Business (excluding Wairarapa)	1.4
Business (Wairarapa)	1
Rural	0.25

Source: Greater Wellington Regional Council Annual Plan 2023/24

3.3. Reducing the differential lifts jobs and wages

International evidence shows firms respond to local tax rates...

Despite the importance of understanding the impacts of taxation by local government, there are no empirical New Zealand studies that identify the impact of local government rates on business location.¹²

But we know from the international literature that firms respond to differences in local taxation:

The international literature provides examples of firms relocating to take advantage of differences in the rate of local taxation:

- Ten years of data on manufacturing start-up firms in Belgium shows higher local taxation rates deter start-ups, even in the presence of location-specific production agglomeration impacts¹³
- Data from startups in Swiss cantons shows that higher tax rates for business deters start-up rates, but the relationship between tax rates and market entry is weaker in spatially concentrated sectors, probably because of agglomeration impacts¹⁴

¹¹ See https://www.gw.govt.nz/your-region/news/greater-wellington-proposes-bold-new-regional-policy-statement-for-the-wellington-region/

¹² Kerr, Aitken and Grimes 2004 provide useful discussion of the New Zealand context but not empirical estimates of likely effects.

¹³ See Crabbé, Karen and Karolien De Bruyne, 2013.

¹⁴ See Brülhart, M., M Jametti and K Schmidheiny, 2012.

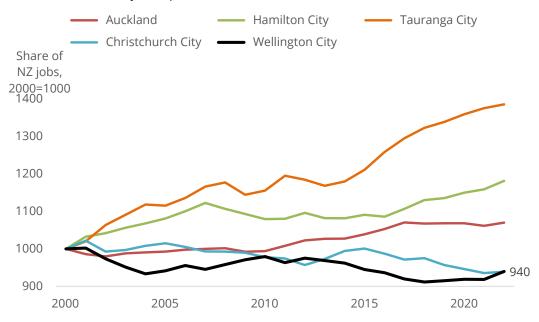
 Data on British manufacturing plants show these firms make location choices that respond to subsidies. Effects are largest for areas that already have large stocks of pre-existing manufacturing plants attracting greater investment¹⁵

But in these studies, local government typically plays a larger role than in New Zealand. In the case of the US, sometimes providing health and education services. Local and in some cases regional tax rates could be expected to be a larger fraction of tax than in New Zealand. So New Zealand specific estimates are needed.

...other cities are outpacing employment growth in Wellington City

We know that other cities are outpacing employment growth experienced in Wellington. Figure 4 reports the share of jobs in the tier 1 major New Zealand cities as an index normalised to 1000 in the year 2000. Since that time, Auckland, Hamilton, and Tauranga have outpaced the growth in Wellington City. Wellington City's share of jobs is about 6 percent lower in 2022 than in the year 2000. The share of total jobs in Auckland Hamilton, and Tauranga is increasing over time.

Figure 4: Wellington's share of New Zealand jobs is falling over time Share of New Zealand jobs reported as an index



Source: Various

A decreasing share of employment is consistent with several explanations including higher costs of commercial property associated with earthquake strengthening, the attraction of larger growing consumer markets in other cities and the impact of higher business rates.

Indicative analysis suggests local taxes impact where firms locate

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¹⁵ See Devereux, Michael P; Rachel Griffith and Helen Simpson 2007.

To test the extent to which lower business rates are impacting firm location decisions, empirical work would ideally be grounded in cross-sectional estimates that utilise changes in business rates over time and across all New Zealand councils and compares this data to business demography data that tracks the number of businesses within each local council over time.

While we have snapshots of this data available, ¹⁶ we have limited time series data across all councils on the rates businesses pay. So we use the time series data available for Wellington City Council to provide indicative impacts of tax changes on employment. We find reducing the business rate differential would increase employment in Wellington City.

We use the following equation to relate employment to business rates:¹⁷

$$\ln(employment)_t = \bar{\beta}\Delta\tau_t + x_t' + u_t$$

Where we seek to explain the change in the natural logarithm of employment in Wellington City with the change over time in the natural logarithm of local taxation, τ_t , that we approximate with the business differential. We allow for a vector of controls, x_t , that includes a dummy variable that takes a value of one for the COVID period and a variable that accounts for industry exposure tracing what Wellington's employment would be if industry shares grew at the national rate. We present the modelling results in Table 5.

We present three models with the preferred model in column 1. That model shows a significant constant term and the industry share dummy that controls for the industry composition of employment is significant at the 1 percent level.

The change in the business differential is significant at the 5 percent level. Since both the employment variable and the business differential enter in logarithms, we can interpret the estimated parameter in percent terms: a one percent decrease in the business differential would boost employment by a little under 0.1 percent. Decreasing the business differential by 50 percent would increase employment by about 4 percent.

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¹⁶ See Ratepayers report 2023 for example: https://ratepayersreport.nz/.

¹⁷ This is a variation on the equation in Jofre-Monseny and Solé-Ollé 2012.

Table 5: Indicative modelling suggests reducing the business differential would lift jobs

	Model 1 (preferred)	Model 2	Model 3
Constant	3.641 [‡]	3.285 [†]	12.056 [‡]
	(0.001)	(0.036)	(0.000)
Covid dummy		-0.011	0.064
		(0.637)	(0.107)
Industry share			
dummy	0.700	0.730	
	(0.000)	(0.000)	
Business differential	-0.079 [†]	-0.080 [†]	-0.129 [†]
	(0.014)	(0.016)	(0.034)
Adjusted r ²	0.859	0.852	0.401

^{*} Significant at the 10 percent level

Lower the differential to boost productivity and wages

We calculate the impact a boost to employment growth could have on existing residents. We use the 4 percent increase in employment as a benchmark and calculate the impact on productivity and wages through agglomeration impacts.

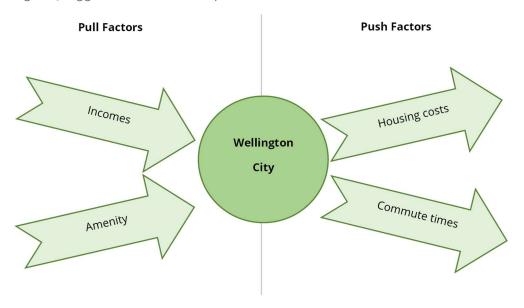
Like most cities, Wellington city provides firms with location benefits or agglomeration benefits. This includes knowledge transfer between workers, access to more choice of firms that can supply goods and services, and more customers.

Workers receive these benefits, offsetting some of the costs of cities, including higher housing costs and commute times (see **Error! Reference source not found.**).

[†] Significant at the 5 percent level

[‡] Significant at the 1 percent level

Figure 5: Agglomeration forces improve incomes and amenities for firms and workers



Source: Adapted from Glaeser

These location benefits improve productivity, particularly for services firms, incentivising these firms to locate in larger cities.

We must also calculate the impact of agglomeration impacts on the towns and cities where people leave from to set up in Wellington City. These distortions can be costly. We assume that new firms and residents are attracted to Wellington City from neighbouring cities, in particular the Horowhenua District Council (centred on Levin), Manawatū District Council (centred on Feilding) and Palmerston North City Council. In the absence of data on the characteristics of marginal firms that are mobile, we use average GDP per capita across each region to capture productivity and economic output impacts.

Since we need to understand the impact on economic activity of how business differentials distort location choices, we work with pre-COVID data from 2018 since more recent regional data is affected by the COVID period.

We apply the same approach to estimating the agglomeration impacts used in the Cost-Benefit Analysis of the Enabling Housing Supply legislation that assess changes in land use regulation to accommodate intensification.¹⁸ The change in productivity per workers is expressed as:

$$\Delta Productivity = \left(\frac{New\ city\ size}{Old\ city\ size}\right)^{agglomeration\ elasticity}$$

Productivity is increased through two channels: (i) the magnitude of the increase in city size; and (ii) the strength of agglomeration effects.

-

¹⁸ See PWC and Sense Partners 2022.

We note the estimate of the impact for agglomeration for Manawatū -Horowhenua within Maré and Graham 2013 is 0.004 and statistically insignificant. Imposing this elasticity would imply negligible impact on the Manawatū -Horowhenua economy from firms that leave the district. Nor do we use the agglomeration elasticity for the Wellington region of 0.085 that would imply large agglomeration effects.

Instead, we present results using the lower and upper bound of the range used in in the Cost-Benefit Analysis of the Enabling Housing Supply legislation – a lower estimate of 0.04 and a higher estimate of 0.069.

This **Error! Reference source not found.** shows the impact of our scenario where the reduction of a business differential results in a one percent increase in the labour force in Wellington City from firms that move to the city from the neighbouring Manawatū - Horowhenua district.

Across both panels, the second column shows the city size (in terms of workers) before the change to the differential. After the one percent change in the workforce, the populations of Manawatū, Palmerston North and Horowhenua decline in the same proportion.

In the first panel with the conservative estimate of agglomeration impacts, this increase in population intensifies agglomeration impacts in Wellington City, increases productivity that generates an additional \$185.83 of income for incumbent workers each year. Overall, city-wide GDP for Wellington City for existing residents increases by about \$29.3 million per year.

The movement of firms and workers makes the districts in Manawatū -Horowhenua a little worse off.¹⁹ GDP falls for these regions but in aggregate, the economy increases output by about \$17.6 million a year. For the case where agglomeration impacts are stronger, the Wellington economy expands by about \$50.5 million per year, the Manawatū -Horowhenua contracts a little more and the aggregate economy expands by about \$30.4 million.

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¹⁹ At least in terms of first-round effects.

Table 6: Expect Wellington City to increase economic activity by reducing the differential Illustrative example of reducing the business differential to reduce location distortions

Local Council	Old city size (workers)	GDP per capita	New city size (workers)	Impact on GDP per worker	lmpact on incumbent workers GDP
	Panel (A)	: Lower bour	nd estimate = agglo	omeration elasticity	is 0.04
Wellington	157,700	\$118,359	164,008	\$185.83	\$29,305,601
Manawatu	9,500	\$31,571	9,286	-\$51.43	-\$1,574,843
Palmerston North	51,200	\$60,218	50,048	-\$98.12	-\$8,641,534
Horowhenua	9,400	\$27,773	9,189	-\$45.25	-\$1,483,171
				Total	\$17,606,053
	Panel (B):	Higher bou	nd estimate, agglo	meration elasticity i	s 0.069
Wellington	157,700	\$118,359	164,008	\$320.74	\$50,580,930
Manawatu	9,500	\$31,571	9,286	-\$88.66	-\$2,715,000
Palmerston North	51,200	\$60,218	50,048	-\$169.16	-\$14,897,840
Horowhenua	9,400	\$27,773	9,189	-\$78.02	-\$2,556,959
					\$30,411,131

Source: Statistics New Zealand, Sense Partners calculations

Importantly, these impacts are realised annually. Using a discount rate of 5 percent, over a and extrapolating over a one-hundred-year period, the impacts accrue to between \$610 million to \$1,054 million for Wellington City and \$366 million to \$633 million across the aggregate economy. These impacts are returned to workers through higher productivity.

3.4. Wellington City Council are taxing productivity benefits of location, distorting the economy

The business differential reduces economic activity

Standard theory suggests when faced with higher local rates of taxation firms would "vote with their feet" and move to councils with lower business rates. That seems reasonable, so what is going on?

But increasing business differentials relative to other jurisdictions distorts the incentives facing each firm, reducing the economic efficiency of how revenue is raised. Wellington City Council is effectively taxing these agglomeration benefits.²⁰ In addition, the international literature and our modelling work shows setting higher business differentials relative to residential rates, reduces employment growth. Expect fewer firms to start-up in Wellington.

Since business differentials are larger in Wellington City than in other urban areas (see Figure 6), we should expect these distortions to be higher for Wellington City than other urban areas.

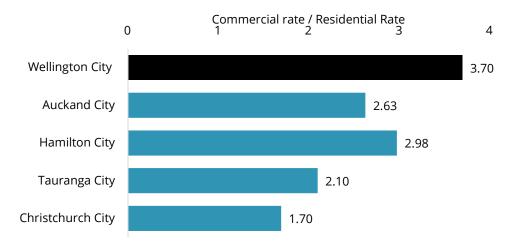


Figure 6: Rates in Wellington City are higher than other urban areas

Source: Various

These rate differentials can help make for stark differences across similar properties in different cities. Table 7 provides an example based on two similar commercial properties, one in the Auckland CBD and one in the Wellington CBD. Based on average space of 15 square metres per worker, this suggests rates costs a little over \$1,500 per worker in Wellington (\$1,533.60) and a little under \$1,000

²⁰ See Jofre-Monseny, Jordi 2013 and Koh et al. 2013 for international evidence on local government taxing agglomeration benefits.

Table 7: Comparing commercial properties shows clear different in rates paid Rates across comparable commercial buildings: Wellington and Auckland

City	Wellington	Auckland
Building	Vodafone on the Park	HSBC Tower
Address	157 Lambton Quay	188 Quay Street
Capital Value	\$152,5 million	\$400 million
Net Lettable Area	16,634 metres	31,589 metres
Rates per annum	\$1,700,612	\$2,089,579
Rates per square metre	102.24	66.15

NB 157 Lambton Quay includes a public carpark

Source: Precinct Properties

There are various factors that drive rates, including the extent to which different cities provide different levels of public goods and the cost of providing services. But the differences across the properties is striking. The Auckland property is worth considerably more in absolute terms and on a per square metre basis. But the difference in rates in considerable: rates are over 50 percent higher for the Wellington property.

This difference in rates represents an extra cost to the rents within Wellington City, reducing the competitiveness of the city.

Central government has an interest in local taxation settings

Although our example is illustrative, it makes clear the costs to restricting access to firms by setting high business rate differentials that distort the economy, effectively taxing agglomeration or location benefits. Workers lose out on additional income.

Central government also loses out on the increase from additional economic activity and improved outcomes for potential residents.²¹

So an opportunity then exists between central and local government to foster a deal that increases economic growth by reducing distortions in the local economy.

City deals have been promoted as a means for central government to help achieve their objectives by providing funding and finance to local authorities for key infrastructure projects. In return, central government might expect local taxation settings to enable growth rather than produce distortions in the local economy to ensure interests are well-aligned.

²¹ Some of the economic gains might reasonably be expected to be returned through tax and transfers to workers that remain in Manawatū -Horowhenua.

4. Taxing land holds efficiency benefits

4.1. Taxing land is generally more efficient

Economists agree that land-based taxation, in theory, is one of the most efficient taxes. Because land is in fixed supply, businesses find it extremely difficult to avoid the tax. This means it has the lowest impact on the decisions businesses make to allocate resources across the economy. In contrast, capital-taxation applies to the worth of any building, effectively discouraging businesses to develop economic value.

That agreement can be stark and to the point. One Nobel prize-winning economist notes:

"The property tax is economically speaking, a combination of one of the worst taxes – the part that is assessed on real estate improvements ... and one of the best taxes – the tax on land or site value". Vickrey 1999²²

And a second Nobel prize-winning economist puts it simply:

"...the least bad tax is the property tax on the unimproved value of land" (Milton Friedman). 23

In contrast, income taxation reduces the return from employment, reducing the effort of labour. Similarly a capital-based property tax reduces the returns to capital, reducing the incentive to invest. In short, land-based taxation can support growth. According to the Economist in 2013:

"Taxing land and property is one of the most efficient and least distorting ways for governments to raise money. A pure land tax, one without regard to how land is used or what is built on it, is the best sort."

Ultimately land is immobile. That makes land-based taxation an efficient, non-distortionary taxation system. The Taxation Working Group agrees:

"Most members of the TWG support the introduction of a low-rate land tax as a means of funding tax rate reductions and improving the overall efficiency of the tax system. However, there are concerns over the political sustainability of such a tax."

The OECD's 2011 report on New Zealand advocates a land-based tax:

"A land tax would tend to be more efficient than a property tax. Because land is fixed in supply, it is relatively price-inelastic, and therefore deadweight losses from taxing it are relatively low."

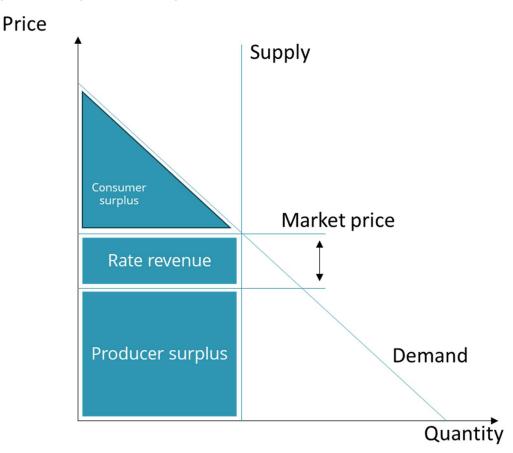
Since capital is mobile and unlike land can respond to relative price shifts, taxing capital would reduce the existing taxation base. Assessing the rates required to return a fixed revenue base needs to assess the price effect on the size of the capital base. That favours using land-based taxation (see Figure 7), since the tax does not distort the quantity of goods and services

²² Cited in Dye and Richards 2011.

²³ Referenced in Blaug 1980, and Coleman and Grimes 2010.

supplied. Retaining a tax on capital and land reduces the quantity of goods and services supplied.

Figure 7: Raising revenue through a land-based tax is the most efficient tax



Source: Sense Partners

4.2. Taxing vacant land risks making housing *more* expensive

A sharp tax on vacant land risks unintended consequences...

Wellington City Council propose increasing the proportion of rates paid on vacant land in the central city to 4.5 times the rates a residential of the same value would pay. This considerably higher rate is meant to incentivise holders of vacant land to either develop or sell the land to someone that will develop the land and increase the supply of residential housing.

The proposed mechanism works in a similar manner to taxes on vacant dwellings: owners are incentivised to rent out these houses or sell to owners that are prepared to rent them.

But there are several flaws in this thinking:

First, it is unclear whether a tax on vacant land will increase housing supply in the short-run. The tax increases the cost of holding land for development, Treasury point out that landowners that are uncertain about future profits may opt for smaller, lower cost projects

that bring forward the timing of developments, reducing the cost of holding land, but adding fewer dwellings to housing supply on a given site.

Second, any positive impact on the supply of housing is likely to be transitory and occur as the Wellington's land market transitions to a higher tax rate. Capital Strategic Partners looked at this issue and concluded:

"initial impact is likely to be transitory because increases in housing supply would largely occur only for the period that stocks of vacant properties are being reduced to new, after tax, equilibrium levels. That adjustment would likely occur very quickly for vacant dwellings and over a few years for vacant land."

Third, a vacant land tax may even *decrease* development in the long-run. The Productivity Commission concluded that:²⁴

"Beyond the first-round effect, vacant-land taxes would likely reduce the responsiveness of housing supply to changes in housing demand, exacerbating the underlying problem with New Zealand's housing market. The taxes would likely shift the scale and timing of steps in the development process from their before-tax chosen settings – choices that are likely to be efficient."

Increasing the burden of development with additional costs makes the easy option building fewer dwellings, reducing the affordability of housing across Wellington City.

Finally, there is also scant evidence globally that regions with either vacant land or vacant dwelling taxes improve housing supply.²⁵ New Zealand Treasury note earlier work by the Tax Working Group report little evidence of effective vacant land or dwelling taxes (see Table 8).

Taxes on vacant land face two critical design challenges

The design of vacant land taxes is fraught and complicated.

An effective vacant land tax would first need to define vacant land. If vacant land is not well-defined, landowners can easily avoid the tax by switching vacant land to marginal economic activities such as carparking. That makes it challenging to obtain a workable definition of vacant land that cannot be easily masked by switches to alternative activities to avoid the tax.

Moreover, it would likely be necessary to define some exemptions, for example, for land about to be sold or developed.

Treasury point out that maintaining these design features requires:

- a. Establishing and maintaining a register of vacant land; and
- b. Monitoring and compliance activities.

These features would require maintaining a vacant land register that would involve considerable administrative costs for effective monitoring.

²⁴ See Productivity Commission 2019.

²⁵ See New Zealand Treausry 2021.



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Table 8: Treasury advice shows little international evidence to support taxes on vacant land or vacant dwellings

Location	Measure	Definition of vacant	Effect of the measure
Ireland	In 2018 the levy rate was increased to 7% (from 3%) of the market value of the vacant land. Responsibility for identifying land to put on the vacant land register is delegated to the local planning authorities.	Levy applies to vacant land, suitable for the provision of housing in areas where there housing need The site must exceed 0.05 hectares (excluding a home and its associated garden) for the levy to apply. The levy only applied to land zoned for residential purposes and land designated with the objective of development and renewal of areas in need of regeneration regardless of who owns it. In 2018 a change was made to exclude property that was sold during the year.	Legislation passed in 2015, but levy applied from 2018. As at 1 January 2019, only 140 properties were subject to the charge since: • administrative difficulties in local planning authorities implementing the legislation • in many counties it is not clear which land, if any, could be deemed suitable for development for residential and regeneration purposes As the levy has not been in effect for long, there is no evidence of the effect on housing supply.
Melbourne, Australia	1% tax on the capital improved value of a vacant dwellings from January 2018. This tax is administered by Victoria's State Revenue Office.	A dwelling, within Melbourne's inner and middle suburbs, that is occupied for less than 6 months in a calendar year and is not an individual's principal private residence. Exemptions from tax include: Death of owner Construction or renovation Change of ownership Properties occupied for at least 140 days for the purpose of working in Melbourne.	Could not find any evidence of how much tax has been charged or paid in 2018. It is also not currently possible to say what effect this tax had on the Melbourne housing market.
Vancouver, Canada	1% tax on the value of the empty home from 2017. Increased to 3% for 2021. Administered by the City of Vancouver.	Home not used as a principal private residence; or has not been rented out for a minimum of 6 months in a year. Exemptions apply: Home sold during the year • Renovation or redevelopment • Strata restrictions on renting property • Death of owner	The property status in Vancouver for the 2017 tax year was (i) Occupied – 178,120; (ii) Exempt – 5,385; (iii) Vacant – 2,538. Note that census 2016 recorded over 25,000 homes were vacant. Data showed a 25% reduction in the number of vacant dwellings between 2017 and 2019
France	Surcharge on second homes in areas with housing shortages, applies on the notional rental value for the property. Councils can charge between 5% and 60%	The tax applies to secondary homes which are not registered as owner or occupier's principal private residence. Those who hold a second home for business or professional reasons are exempt, as are landlords who ordinarily let out a property on an annual basis.	Limited evidence of the impact of the tax in France. The fact that the original tax, capped at a 20% surcharge, was reformed in 2017 to allow for a surcharge of up to 60% indicates the initial tax was not having desired impacts in the areas with the greatest housing market pressures.

4.3. A closer look at fairness

Traditionally economists have been more divided about not just the relative "fairness" of property taxation versus income and other forms of taxation but also the relative fairness of land-based versus capital-based taxation.

The equity impact of land-based taxation depends on many factors. These include not just the direct impact of the tax, but on how the tax shapes the prices of land and other assets. These also include how homeowners and businesses change their behaviour in response to these price changes.

note that the international evidence is mixed but that area specific features matter. This makes it hard to generalise whether a land-based tax takes a larger percentage of income from high-income groups than from low-income groups.²⁶

Some researchers find that for the case of New Zealand, at a national level, the land-based tax is less likely to take a larger percentage of income from high-income groups than from low-income groups.²⁷ Others advocate for land-based taxation in the New Zealand context – at least partly because high-income groups are likely to pay relative more than low-income groups.²⁸

To see how the land-based taxation system can have different impacts, compare the taxation incidence of a well-located inner-city urban property with a property in a less desirable location. For the well-located inner-city property, land makes up a larger fraction of the overall value of the property. Since individuals with more wealth and income can afford to live in the well-located suburbs they would pay more tax under a land-based taxation system.

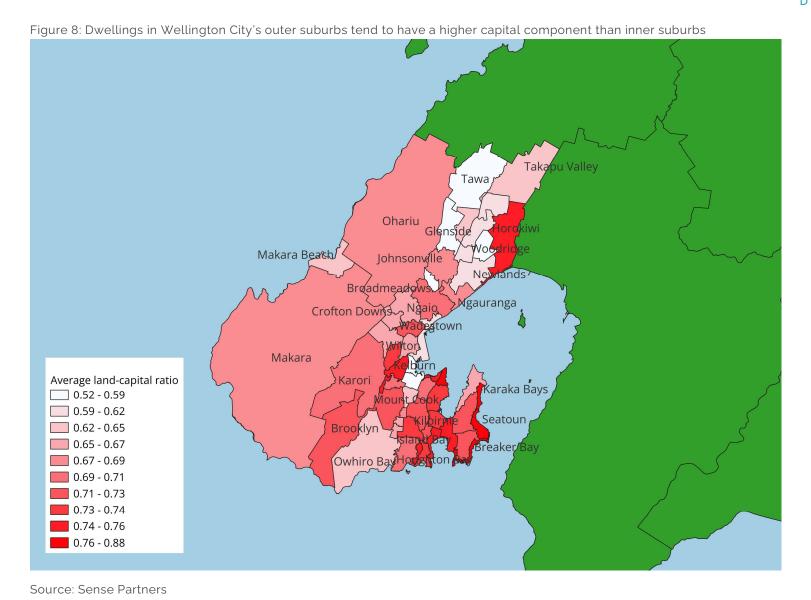
But in terms of the impact on residents, land is typically a lower share of the value of residential land-capital package for lower valued properties. Conversely, in higher valued residential suburbs, land is higher fraction of the land-capital package. So taxing land could mean that across Wellington suburbs, higher value properties pay relatively more tax (see Figure 8Error! Reference source not found.).

²⁶ See Coleman and Grimes 2010 for general discussion. Bowman and Bell 2008 show that for their case study of Roanoke, Virginia, a land-based taxation takes a larger percentage of income from high-income groups than from low-income groups, but for the case of use the case of Dover, New Hampshire, England and Zhou 2005 and find the opposite is true: land-based taxation takes a larger percentage of income from high-income groups than from low-income groups for their case study.

²⁷ See McClusky et al. 2006.

²⁸ See Kerr, Aitken, and Grimes 2004.

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5. Our preferred model

5.1. A broader set of incentives and instruments

We are not advocating expanding the revenue take. But system change should include additional methods of raising revenue to reduce the cost of raising revenue through any single lever. Additional measures include:

- Expanding the set of user charges to include volumetric water and waste-water charges to recover the cost of providing services according to the beneficiary pays principle. Council is moving in this direction.
- One approach is to better align development contributions to the context and cost of services. This might mean high development contributions in some situations and lower development contributions for other developments.
- Increasing the use of special purpose vehicles for specific infrastructure projects could also broaden revenue. Investment in the Moa Point sludge minimisation facility uses this funding method and might be used for further infrastructure investments.

First implementing these options would reduce the extent of heavy lifting the rating base is required to achieve and better align who pays to beneficiaries.

5.2. A lower differential

There is every reason for a lower business differential

Differentials between business and residential rates are inefficient since they distort economic activity: many more firms would opt to locate within Wellington City but are priced out of operating within a highly productive area by the costs imposed by the business differential.²⁹

Using a broader range of incentives and instruments could reduce the business differential. In the absence of using these tools, we show what the likely impact on residential rates would need to be to reduce the business differential. Table 9 shows that to cut the business rate differential in half, residential rates need to increase by about 24 percent.³⁰

²⁹ Brülhart, et al. 2012 show how agglomeration economies reduce the extent to which firms "vote with their feet" and move towards regions with lower rates of taxation.

³⁰ These estimates are produced using the latest ratings database for Wellington City Council. We remove a small number of zero land sites, parcels with zero ratings and parcels that are listed with both residential and commercial rates. This generates a small difference between the differential in the table and the difference in the carded rates.

Table 9: Our indicative estimates show that to halve the business differential, residential rates need to increase from a rate of 0.29% to 0.36%, an increase of about 24 percent

Ratepayer	Capital Value	Rates	Rate
	St	atus Quo	
Residential	\$95,764,752,900	\$278,114,261	0.29%
Commercial	\$17,986,319,950	\$176,655,294	0.98%
Total	\$113,751,072,850	\$454,769,556	0.40%

Differential 3.38

Scenario: halving the business differential				
Residential	\$95,764,752,900	\$344,707,756.25	0.36%	
Commercial	\$17,986,319,950	\$110,061,796.95	0.61%	
Total	\$113,751,072,850	\$454,769,553.20		
			Differential 1.7	

Source: Sense Partners

5.3. Implementation

In practice, removing the business differential entirely might prove politically difficult without a strong narrative on the benefits of reducing the economic distortion from business differentials.

Three approaches could help:

- Examining the differential at the same time as changes to land and capital taxation that could change the relative distribution of who pays for infrastructure.
- Continuing to examine the differential at the same time as adopting volumetric water and waste-water charges, that might on the margin be higher for business sites.
 Communication of the impacts of different charges to different groups is critical.
- Exploring move towards a uniform differential across the councils within the Wellington regional leadership committee and then lowering the differential over time.

Absent offsetting decisions on expenditure, debt, or the use of user pay charges, decreases in the amount businesses pay in rates needs to be taken up by residents.

But our example shows that workers are ultimately better off through increased incomes resulting from reductions in the business differential. Deciding on the mix of increase in residential rates, short-term debt funding and a glide path to a lower business differential are options that could help implement a lower differential.

5.4. Apply rates on land rather than capital

Setting rates on land rather than capital has the potential to deliver benefits including:

- Revenue is gathered efficiently businesses don't change behaviour to avoid the land-based rates system. This means less impact on the economy and the allocation of resources.
- Revenue better reflects the benefit of the provision of local public goods.
 There is less need to implement a series of bespoke targeted rates, which are challenging to get right.

However, this shift cannot be adopted in isolation. Land use settings need to complement rates settings, enabling firms and households to develop vacant land that would otherwise collect higher rates.

Existing taxation rules are baked in or capitalised into existing property values, so expect substantial winners and losers from changing taxation regime. The losers will have above average capital intensity, developed under the previous land-based taxation regime. Conversely the winners will have large land holding with relatively undeveloped properties.

Changing the taxation regime will have non-trivial implications for households and businesses. Property values – particularly commercial property values – will move immediately on announcement of the new regime, even if the incidence of the taxation regime begins in ten years' time. Where to live and work, the type of house to buy and the house location are all dependent on the local taxation regime.

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Respondent No: 160

Name: Jimmy Tait-Jamieson

Organisation: Willis Bond and Company Ltd



16 October 2023

Business Unit (261) Rating Policy Review Wellington City Council PO Box 2199 Wellington 6140 Wellington Level 2 5 Cable Street PO Box 24137 Wellington 6142

Responded At: via email Oct 18, 2023 12.12 pm

Wellington 6

Auckland

Level 4

12 Viaduct Harbour Avenue PO Box 2007 Auckland 1140

willisbond.co.nz

Wellington City Long-term Plan 2024-2034 – Rating Policies Review

1. Introduction

- 1.1. This submission is given on behalf of Willis Bond and Company Limited ("Willis Bond"). Willis Bond has been involved in development in Wellington for 35 years. Its developments include Clyde Quay Wharf, Chews Lane, One Market Lane, the PwC Centre, the Bell Gully Building and the Cuba Precinct 100 Cuba Street, Te Auaha and the recently-completed Victoria Lane Apartments).
- 1.2. We do not wish to speak to this submission but, if you have any questions on the submission, feel free to get in touch with the writer at
- 2. General rates changes commercial differential
- 2.1. Willis Bond supports a change to the commercial rates differential.
- 2.2. As shown in the engagement information, Wellington's commercial rates differential is out of step with other centres. This disadvantages Wellington's commercial sector, particularly the retail, hospitality and entertainment sectors which are critical to Wellington's vibrancy.
- 2.3. Rates are typically passed directly through to tenants as part of the operating expenses payable in a commercial lease. Operating expenses for commercial real estate are significantly higher in Wellington than Auckland. The two greatest contributors to operating expenses are insurance costs and rates. While the former is out of Council's control, a reduction in the commercial differential will help to ease the burden.
- 2.4. Our preference is the 3.25: 1 option recommended by Council. A greater reduction has the risk of imposing too much cost on residential ratepayers at a time of high inflation and interest rates. We would support a further reduction in the commercial differential over time.
- 2.5. We also support any targeted initiatives to assist the retail, hospitality and entertainment sectors in the central city.
- 2.6. We understand Council are further considering a change from capital value as the basis for general rates to land value. As part of that review, one issue Council should consider is the significant premium paid by newer commercial buildings compared to older buildings. Newer buildings generally

impose a lower burden on Council services and are greener and more resilient yet, due to their higher valuations, they pay more in rates than older buildings.

3. General rates changes – vacant land

- 3.1. Willis Bond does not support a differential category for vacant land.
- 3.2. We understand the rationale for the proposal and agree that it is important to incentivise development of vacant land. However, the number of truly vacant properties is relatively low and does not justify the cost of administering a new differential category.
- 3.3. If Council adopts the vacant land differential category, it is important that it is designed in a way that does not disincentivise development. The scheme could increase holding costs for developers, particularly in multi-stage developments where land for future stages is often required to be held for many years.
- 3.4. In practice, we suspect it will be difficult to categorise land as vacant. Empty development sites are often used for carparking, in which case, they are arguably not vacant. There will also be issues in determining when a site is genuinely under development.
- 3.5. We agree with the comment in the engagement information that the key mechanism for encouraging development is through the district plan.

4. Rates remissions and postponements

- 4.1. We generally support the retention of the rates remission and postponement policies for properties undergoing redevelopment and/or earthquake strengthening.
- 4.2. Properties undergoing redevelopment/strengthening are unoccupied and pose far less burden on Council services than occupied properties. The cost of full rates during the construction period would also disincentivise important development and strengthening work.
- 4.3. In terms of the specific proposals to amend the policy:
 - 4.3.1. We support making the policy clearer in that it applies to both commercial and residential buildings that are not fit for purpose.
 - 4.3.2. Our view is that the remission should apply to general rates (and not just targeted rates) for all properties. A remission of general rates should not be limited to multi-unit residential buildings and 1-3 storey mixed/commercial buildings. The latter category, in particular, is an arbitrary category of buildings and inconsistent with the general direction from Council in the Proposed District Plan to encourage greater density and development of at least 6 storeys.
 - 4.3.3. We support a postponement of rates for three years prior to the period in which seismic strengthening is undertaken (although question whether this should apply *during* the period of strengthening) and a remission when the development work or seismic strengthening is completed.

4.4. There should be more discretion in the policy for Council to accept applications after the commencement of the rating year (perhaps subject to a late/administration fee). The remissions are not well advertised and the penalty for missing the deadline (full rates) is overly harsh.

Yours sincerely,

Jimmy Tait-Jamieson General Counsel

Willis Bond and Company Limited