Wellington City Proposed District Plan

ISPP wrap up and integration hearing

Part 2: Design Guides

Appendix E -Recommended Amendments to Commercial and Mixed Use Provisions

Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (**P1 Sch1**), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (**ISPP**). Please see notations.

Note:

- Changes recommended in the original Section 42A Report for the City Centre Zone are in red, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statements of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.

He Rohe Pokapū Tāone

City Centre Zone

CCZ

City Centre Zone

P1 Sch1 Introduction

The purpose of the City Centre Zone is to enable and reinforce the continued primacy of the Wellington central city area as the principal commercial and employment centre servicing the city and metropolitan region. The City Centre Zone is the commercial heart of Wellington and the wider region and New Zealand's Capital City. It is also a major employment hub for the region and contains a vibrant and diverse mix of inner city living, entertainment, educational, government, parliamentary, civic and commercial activity. Relative to other areas of the city it exhibits a heightened intensity and scale of development.

As well as a diversity of activity, the City Centre Zone contains a variety of environments ranging from high-rise office towers and residential apartments through to distinct heritage areas and buildings, and an array of public and open space, including the waterfront. These combine to give the City Centre Zone a distinctive identity and character.

This distinctiveness is further reinforced by the long established traditional, historical, cultural, and spiritual associations and more recent development interests that the mana whenua of Te Whanganui ā Tara (Wellington), Taranaki Whānui and Ngāti Toa Rangatira, have with many places and sites across the City Centre Zone. Some of the more significant of these include Pipitea Marae and Pā, Kumutoto Kāinga and stream, Te Aro Kainga, Waitangi and Whairepo Lagoons and statutory acknowledgement areas such as the Old Government Buildings and Turnbull House Historic Reserves.

Also centrally located within the City Centre Zone is Te Ngākau Civic Square – a distinct civic precinct that abuts Victoria Street, Wakefield Street, Harris Street and Jervois Quay and acts as a key connector to the city's waterfront. The precinct is entering a phase of transition, with some of its associated civic buildings and assets requiring either earthquake strengthening or

redevelopment. In addition to seismic resilience challenges it also faces significant climate and water management related issues including flooding and inundation.

A long-term vision for the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct has been developed and approved by the Council, the focus of which is ensuring the precinct becomes a vibrant, safe and inclusive area that enables creative, cultural, civic and arts activities to flourish. <u>The Council and its mana</u> <u>whenua Tākai Here partners will plan the precinct development to realise this vision</u>. The City Centre Zone aligns with this vision by enabling a level of redevelopment to occur that accommodates the range of activities anticipated.

To maximise development capacity to accommodate projected growth, an increase in the scale and intensity of development is enabled across the zone, <u>including through the removal of</u> <u>maximum building heights</u>. This includes building height, density and urban form tailored to align with the outcomes sought by the National Policy Statement – Urban Development (NPS-UD) and to reflect the higher, denser nature of development within the City Centre Zone. To complement this the Zone also contains measures to ensure that buildings and spaces are designed to:

- be of accessible and of a good quality;
- positively contribute to public space and built form of the City Centre;
- offer a suitable level of amenity for users such as access to sunlight and open space;
- · provide opportunities for active and passive recreational pursuits; and
- mitigate relevant adverse effects.

To ensure the continued vibrancy and viability of the City Centre Zone a wide range of activities are permitted and encouraged throughout most parts of the Zone. This is supported by measures to manage activities and development that have the potential to adversely affect public and private amenity or to create reverse sensitivity effects, including along the boundary with adjoining residentially zoned areas or identified public space.

In locations where rapid transit investment has been signalled measures have been included to enable opportunities for more intensive, comprehensive development to occur, particularly in areas within a walkable <u>distance catchment</u> of planned rapid transit stops.

CCZ-	Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct
PREC01	

P1 Sch1 The purpose of the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct is to provide for civic activities <u>and</u>, functions, <u>public use</u>, and areas of open space and redevelopment of the precinct while ensuring that any future development respects the special qualities of the area, including the concentration of <u>schedullisted</u> heritage buildings.

The Precinct is Wellington's unique civic place. It is located in the heart of the City Centre and is a destination in itself. It is also an anchor point and gateway that connects the city centre's entertainment area, the waterfront and the Central Business District. Wellington's major civic and entertainment venues are located within the precinct, including the Wellington Town Hall, City Gallery Wellington (Te Whare Toi), Wellington City Library (Te Matapihi), Michael Fowler Centre, <u>Civic Administration Building, Municipal Office Building,</u> and Capital E.

The long-term vision for the precinct is that Te Ngākau is the beating heart of our capital city: a thriving neighbourhood where creativity, culture, democracy, discovery and arts experiences collide on the edge of Te Whānganui-a-Tara.

In particular, the aims of the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct are to:

1. Ensure that it is a vibrant and welcoming space which supports a range of uses to locate alongside its core civic function;

- 2. Provide a distinctive, safe, inclusive, comfortable and green environment for all users;
- 3. Create a civic space that reflects Wellington's unique culture, architecture, design, heritage and identity, including reflecting mana whenua values;
- 4. Ensure that future buildings and public environments are designed to a high quality; are resilient and sustainable; and complement and connect existing buildings and public spaces within the precinct as well as to the wider urban fabric of the City Centre;
- 5. Enable greater connectivity to surrounding streets and access between the city and waterfront, and to integrate with the wider transport network; and
- 6. Ensure that it is equipped to respond to significant seismic and climate change resilience challenges.

Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct has long established historical and cultural associations for the mana whenua of Whanganui a Tara (Wellington), Taranaki Whānui and Ngati Toa Rangatira. Consequently, it is important that activities within the precinct recognise mana whenua as kaitiaki, alongside their relationship with the land. Active engagement with mana whenua will assist in ensuring the mouri/mauri of this area of significance to mana whenua is not diminished through any potential adverse effects created by activities and development within the precinct.

The Land Use Activities Rules for the City Centre Zone apply to the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct, with the Building and Structure Activity Rules and Standards for the City Centre Zone also applicable in addition to any precinct specific rules and standards identified in the plan.

Where there is any conflict between City Centre Zone and precinct specific provisions, the precinct provisions prevail.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

	Objectives			
	City Centre Zone			
ISPP		CCZ-O1	Purpose The City Centre Zone continues to be the primary commercial and employment centre servicing Wellington and the wider region, supported by residential and a diverse mix of other compatible activities that reflect its role and function in the hierarchy of centres.	
ISPP		CCZ-O2	 Accommodating growth The City Centre Zone plays a significant role in accommodating residential, business and supporting community service growth, and has sufficient serviced development capacity and additional infrastructure to meet its short, medium and long term residential and business growth needs, including: A choice variety of building type, size, affordability and distribution, including forms of medium and high-density housing; Convenient access to active and public transport activity options; Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and 	

		 Convenient access to a range of open space, including green space, and supporting commercial activity and community facility options.
ISPP	CCZ-O3	Urban form and scale The scale and form of development in the City Centre Zone reflects its purpose as Wellington's primary commercial and employment centre, with the highest and most intensive form of development concentrated in the zone relative to other parts of the city.
ISPP	CCZ-O4	Ahi Kā Taranaki Whānui and Ngāti Toa Rangatira are acknowledged as the mana whenua of Te Whanganui ā Tara (Wellington) and their cultural associations, and landowner and development interests are recognised in planning and developing the City Centre Zone.
ISPP	CCZ-O5	 Amenity and design Development in the City Centre Zone positively contributes to creating a high quality, well-functioning urban environment, including: Reinforcing the City Centre Zone's distinctive sense of place; Providing a quality and level of public and private amenity in the City Centre Zone that evolves and positively responds to anticipated growth and the diverse and changing needs of residents, businesses and visitors; Maintaining and enhancing the amenity and safety of public space; Contributing to the general amenity of neighbouring residential areas while achieving the anticipated planned urban form of the City Centre Zone; Producing a resilient urban environment that effectively adapts and responds to natural hazard risks and the effects of climate change; Protecting current areas of open space, including green space, and providing greater choice of space for residents, workers and visitors to enjoy, recreate and shelter from the weather; and Acknowledging and sensitively responding to adjoining heritage buildings, heritage areas and areas and sites of significance to Māori.
ISPP	CCZ-O6	 Development near rapid transit Activities and development near existing and planned rapid transit stops: Are located to enable convenient access by local residents, workers and visitors, particularly around transport hubs; Are of sufficient residential scale and intensity to support a frequent and rapid transit network and associated mixed use development; and Provide vibrant, attractive and easily accessible public space.
ISPP	CCZ-07	Managing adverse effects Adverse effects of activities and development in the City Centre Zone are managed effectively both: 1. Within the City Centre Zone; and

	Te Ng	ākau Civic	 2. At interfaces with: a. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; b. Scheduled sites and areas of significance to Māori; c. Identified public spaces; d. Identified pedestrian streets; e. Residential Zoned areas; f. Open Space and Recreation Zoned areas; and g. The Waterfront Zone. 2. Square Precinct
ISPP	P	CCZ- REC <u>01</u> -01	Purpose Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct is a vibrant, safe, resilient, connected and inclusive environment supported by a range of activities that complement its primary civic function.
ISPP	P	CCZ- REC <u>01</u> -O2	 Built form The scale, form and positioning of development within the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct: Respects and reinforces the distinctive form and scale of existing associated historic heritage buildings, architecture and public space; Integrates mana whenua values into the design; Frames the square, where relevant; Ensures a high degree of sunlight access is achieved within the precinct public spaces in the precinct; Provides multiple connections which enable people to conveniently move between the city centre and the waterfront;-and Is sustainable and resilient; and Provides for green spaces, where possible.
ISPP	P	CCZ- REC <u>01</u> -O3 es	Integration with the City Centre, Waterfront and wider transport network Safe and accessible pedestrian linkages through the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct, and to and from other parts of the city centre and waterfront, are maintained and enhanced.
	City C	entre Zon	e
P1 Sch1		CCZ-P1	 Enabled activities Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the purpose and ongoing viability of the City Centre Zone and enhances its vibrancy and amenity, including: Commercial activities; Residential activities, except located; Above ground level; or At ground level aAlong any street not subject to active frontage and/or verandah coverage requirements.; On any site subject to an identified natural hazard risk;

		 Community facilities; Educational facilities; Arts, culture and entertainment activities; Emergency service facilities; Emergency service facilities; Marae activities; Community corrections activities; Public transport activities; Visitor accommodation; Repair and maintenance service activities; and Recreation activities; Parliamentary activities; Government activities; and Civic activities.
P1 Sch1	CCZ-P2	Potentially incompatible activities
		 Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the purpose of the City Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on its vitality, vibrancy, and amenity, resilience and accessibility. Potentially incompatible activities include: Industrial activities; Yard-based retail activities; Carparking at ground level; Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of vacant land; and Ground floor residential activities on streets identified as requiring either an active frontage or verandah coverage and sites subject to an identified hazard risk.
P1 Sch1	CCZ-P3	Heavy industrial activities
		Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the City Centre Zone.
ISPP	CCZ-P4	Housing choice
		 Enable high density, good quality residential development that: 1. Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the city; and 2. Offers Contributes to a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures, impairments and abilities.
ISPP	CCZ-P5	Urban form and scale
		Recognise the benefits of intensification by:
		 Enabling greater overall height and scale of development to occur in the City Centre Zone relative to other centres; and Requiring the available development capacity of land within the zone to be efficiently optimised.
ISPP	CCZ-P6	Adaptive use
		Encourage new development and redevelopment in the City Centre Zone that is sustainable, resilient and adaptable to change in use over time, including enabling:

г		
		 Sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be used and converted for a range of activities; and Residential activities at ground floor level along streets that are not subject to active frontage and/or verandah coverage requirements-and sites free of any identified natural hazard risk.
P1 Sch1	CCZ-P7	Ahi Kā
		 Recognise and enable Taranaki Whānui and Ngāti Toa Rangatira cultural associations and landowner and development interests in the City Centre Zone by: 1. Providing for the development of papakāinga, kaumātua housing and affordable Māori housing on their landholdings; 2. Managing new development adjoining scheduled sites of significance to Māori; and 3. Collaborating on the design and incorporation of traditional cultural elements into public space within the zone.
ISPP	CCZ-P8	Sense of place
		 Provide for good quality new development and supporting public space that reinforces the City Centre's identity and unique sense of place at a city scale, including its: 1. Surrounding topography and harbour setting; 2. Rich Māori and tauiwi/non-Māori history; 3. Compact, walkable city structure; 4. Diversified and vibrant mix of activities; 5. Visually prominent buildings and variety of architectural styles; and 6. Diversity of accessible, well designed civic and public space.
ISPP	CCZ-P9	Quality design outcomes
		 Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development, at a site scale to positively contribute to the sense of place and distinctive form, quality and amenity of the City Centre Zone by: 1. <u>Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant;</u> 24. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive development, including the extent to which the development: a. Acts as a catalyst for future change by reflecting Reflects the nature and scale of the development proposed enabled within the zone and in the vicinity and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the neighbourhood; b. Optimises the development capacity of the land, particularly including sites that are:-large, narrow, vacant or ground level parking areas; i. Large; or ii. Narrow; or iii. Vacant; or

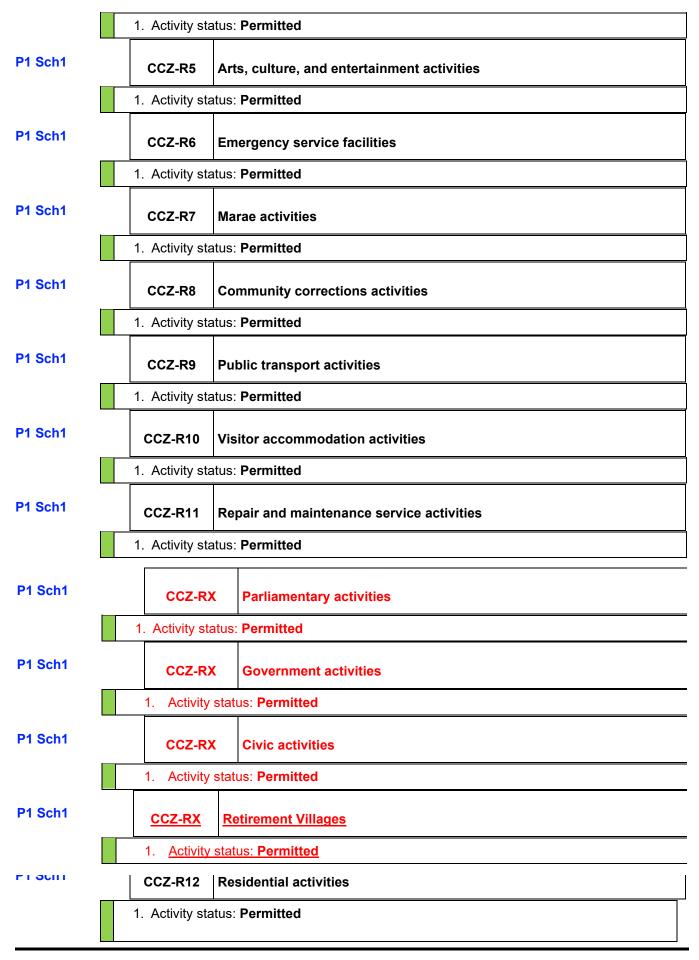
	iv. Ground level parking areas;
	c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation anticipated; and
	 Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities; and
	e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles; and
	2. Ensuring that development, where relevant:
	a. Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to:
	i. A scheduled site of significance to Māori;
	ii. A heritage building, heritage structure or heritage area;
	iii. An identified character precinct;
	iv. A listed public space;
	v. Identified pedestrian streets;
	vi. Residential zones;
	vii. Open space zones; and
	viii. The Waterfront Zone;
	b. Responds to the pedestrian scale of narrower streets;
	 Responds to any identified significant natural hazard risks and climate change effects, including the strengthening and adaptive reuse of existing buildings;
	d. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment;
	e. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and the private/public interface;
	 f. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport activity movement networks, including planned rapid transit stops; and
	g. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted to a range of activities, including residential along streets that are not subject to active frontage and/or verandah coverage requirements and sites free of any identified natural hazard risk.
CCZ-P10	On-site residential amenity
	Achieve a high standard of amenity for residential activities that reflects and responds to the evolving, higher density scale of development anticipated in the City Centre Zone, including:

		 Providing residents with access to an adequate outlook; and Ensuring <u>convenient</u> access to convenient outdoor space, including private <u>and/or shared communal areas <u>of outdoor space;</u>.</u> <u>Meeting the requirements</u> Fulfilling the intent <u>of the Residential-Centres</u> and Mixed Use <u>Design Guide, as relevant</u>; and <u>Providing residents with adequate internal living space.</u>
ISPP	CCZ-P11	City outcomes contribution
		Require over and under height, large-scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive developments over CCZ-S1 height thresholds and under CCZ-S4 minimum building heights in the City Centre Zone to deliver City Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in <u>Appendix 16 the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107</u> , including <u>satisfying through at least two of the following outcomes either</u> :
		 Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or
		 Enabling universal accessibility within buildings ease of access for people of all ages and mobility/disability; and/or
		2.3. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased climate change earthquake resilience; and/or
		3. <u>4.</u> Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; and/or
		4. <u>5.</u> Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years.; and/or
		5. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility.
ISPP	CCZ-P12	Managing adverse effects
		Recognise the evolving, higher density development context anticipated <u>enabled</u> in the City Centre Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:
		 The impacts of building dominance and the height and scale relationship;
		2. Building mass effects, including the amount of light and outlook around
		 buildings; and 3. The impacts on sunlight access to identified public space; and 4. The impacts of related construction activity on the transport network <u>and</u> <u>pedestrian linkages</u>.
	CCZ-PX	Retirement villages
		Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development:

		 Meetsing the requirements of the Residential-Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide, as relevant; Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village residents; Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all of the solid waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated in for the Zone.
Te	Ngākau Civi	c Square Precinct
P1 Sch1	CCZ- PREC01-P1	Activities Enable a range of activities and temporary events that support the civic purpose and ongoing vibrancy and amenity of Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct, including:
		 Civic functions; Arts, culture and entertainment activities; Recreation activities; Community facilities; Commercial activities; and Residential activities above ground level to encourage activation of the precinct both day and night.
ISPP	CCZ- PREC01-P2	 Use and development of the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct Provide for the staged redevelopment of the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct, and its connections with the transport network, wider City Centre Zone and Waterfront Zone, including: Enhancing the public function, pedestrian network and public spaces within the precinct; Maintaining its special character by managing the form, scale and intensity of development; Ensuring land use activities and development are planned and designed in a co-ordinated, site-responsive, comprehensive and integrated manner; and Enabling new development and a range of activities that are integrated and compatible with existing buildings and land uses in the precinct.
ISPP	CCZ- PREC01-P3	 Access, connections and open space Require that the use and development of the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct: 1. Provides attractive, safe, efficient, and convenient connections to existing and planned transport networks; 2. Promotes existing and planned pedestrian access and connections between the precinct, the waterfront and the city centre; and

		3. Provides well-designed, safe and accessible public and green open space, within the precinct.
ISPP	CCZ- PREC01-P4	Amenity and design
		Require development within the Te Ngākau Civic Square Precinct to contribute positively to its visual quality, amenity, interest and public safety by:
		<u>1. Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed</u> <u>Use Design Guide and the Residential Design Guide where possible;</u>
		4. 2. Requiring buildings and public spaces to incorporate high-quality visual and architectural design based on factors such as the bulk, form, scale, portion, location and detailing of the building/structure or building
		 additions/alterations; 23. Ensuring building design respects the form, scale and style of heritage buildings and wider architectural elements within the precinct, including interfaces the transmission with the Tawa Hell.
		 interface treatment with the Town Hall; 3. 4. Responding to any identified significant natural hazard risks and climate change effects, including the strengthening and adaptive reuse of existing buildings and requiring new buildings to be resiliently designed;
		 4. <u>5.</u> Recognising mana whenua cultural values in the design of public spaces;
		5. 6. Ensuring new development will result in overall improvements to the function, access and safety of the precinct, including enabling universal access and opportunities for formal and informal surveillance;
		6- 7. Providing an active edge along a portion of each building that addresses both the internal precinct area and externally towards adjoining streets;
		 7. 8. Providing a comfortable micro-climate for precinct users; 8. 9. Positioning new development and managing building height and form
		to ensure a high degree of sunlight access is achieved within the square; 9. 10. Retaining and enhancing strong visual and physical connections between the square, the waterfront, the city centre and streets
		surrounding the precinct; and <u>40.</u> <u>11.</u> Incorporating public amenities, public artwork and means to assist wayfinding, including provision of interpretation and references to the area's cultural and historic heritage associations.
Rul	es: Land us	e activities in the City Centre Zone
P1 Sch1	CCZ-R1	Commercial activities
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	CCZ-R2	Community facilities
	1. Activity sta	itus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	CCZ-R3	Educational facilities
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	CCZ-R4	Recreation activities

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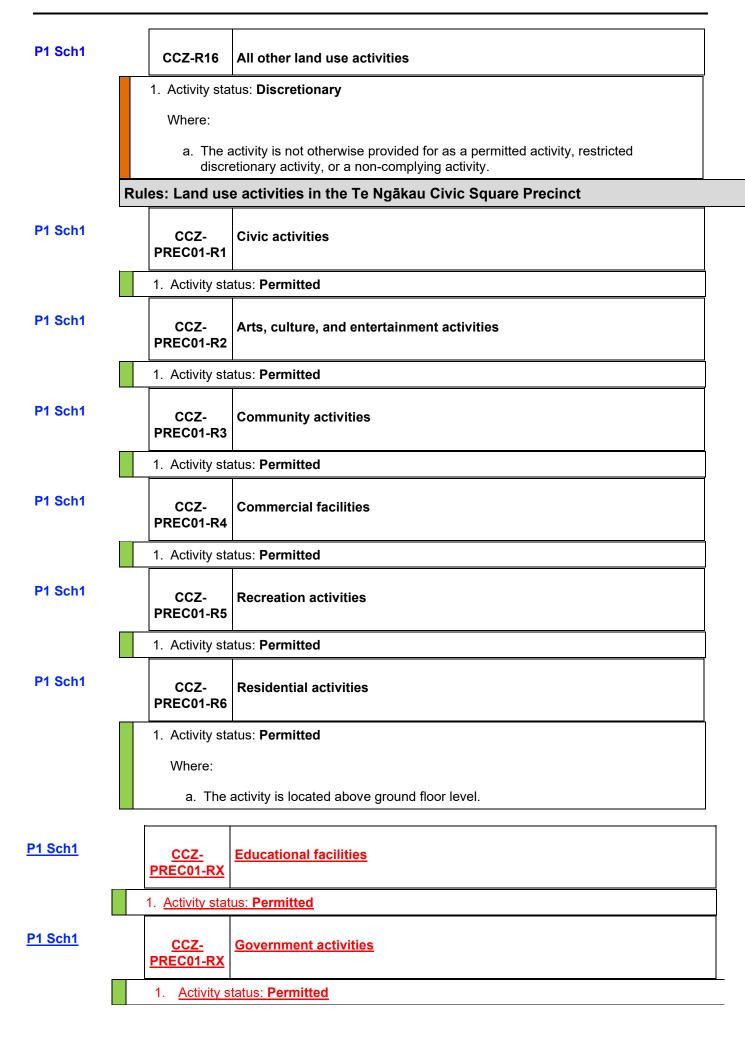


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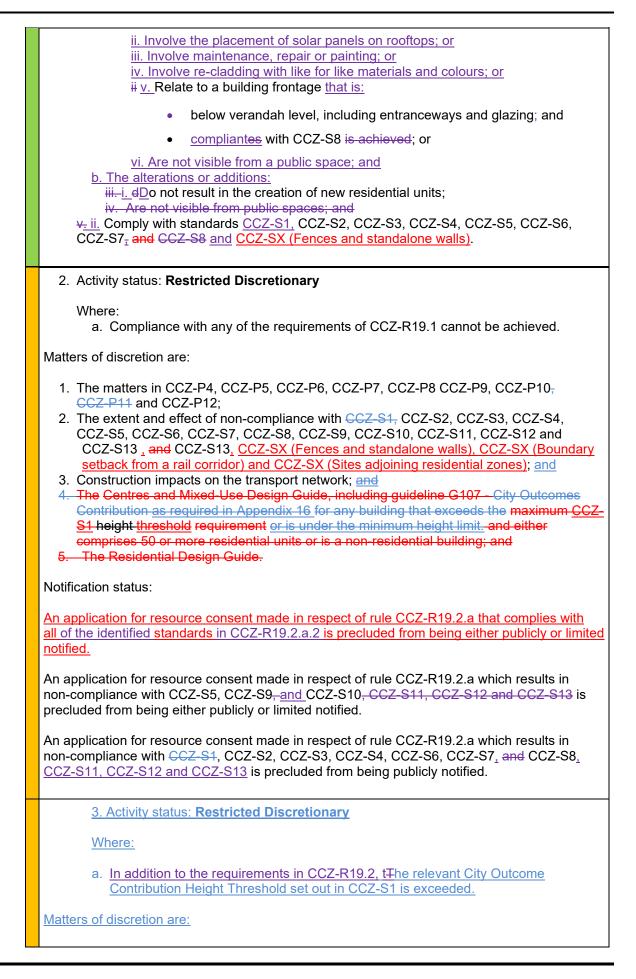
	 a. The activity is located: i. Above ground floor level; or ii. At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as frontage; or iii. At ground level along any street not identified as requiring v coverage; or iv. At ground level on any site contained within a Natural Haza 	verandah
2. A	stivity status: Discretionary	
₩	here:	
R12.2. a	a. Compliance with the requirements of CCZ-R12.1.a cannot be ac tion status: An application for resource consent made in respect of r a uded from being <u>either</u> publicly <u>or limited</u> notified.	
2. Activ	ity status: Restricted Discretionary	
Where:		
a. Com	pliance with the requirements of CCZ-R12.1.a cannot be achieved.	
Matters	of discretion are:	
1.	The matters in CCZ-P2, CCZ-P4 and CCZ-P9;	
2.	The extent and effect of non-compliance with CCZ-S7 and CCZ-S8	£
3.	Whether residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage a	<u>at ground</u>
	<u>floor;</u>	
4.	The extent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance	is maintained
	between the interior of the building and the street or area of public s	space;
5.	The extent to which the building frontage is designed and locate	<u>d to create a</u>
	strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings;	
6.	The effect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent	to which the
	activity contributes to or detracts from the surrounding public space	1
7.	The continuity of verandah coverage along the identity	<u>tified</u> <u>street</u> ,
	informal access route or public space; and	
8.	The extent to which non-compliance with verandah coverage will ac	Iversely affect
	the comfort and convenience of pedestrians.	
	tion status: An application for resource consent made in respect of respect o	ule CCZ-
cc	Z-R13 Industrial activities, excluding repair and maintenance activities	service
1 1	ctivity status: Restricted Discretionary	

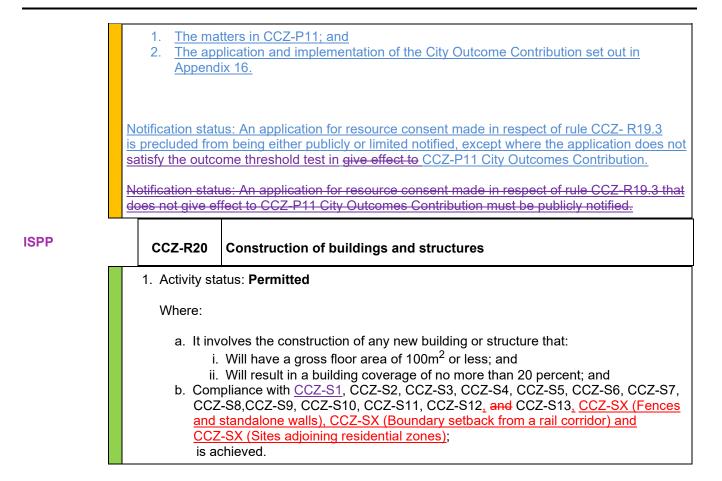
P1 Sch1

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	a. The a	activity is not a Heavy Industrial Activity.		
	Matters of discre	ation are:		
	2. The effect contributes	atibility with, and nature and form of, neighbouring activities; on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity s to or detracts from the surrounding public space; and the amenity of the area, particularly in relation to noise, traffic generation, dust, light spill.		
		us: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R13.1.a is being publicly notified.		
	2. Activity sta	tus: Non-complying		
	Where:			
	a. Com	pliance with the requirements of CCZ-R13.1.a cannot be achieved		
	Notification statu must be publicly	is: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R13.2 notified.		
P1 Sch1	CCZ-R14	Carparking activities		
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted		
	Where:			
	a. The activity involves:			
	 i. Provision of carparks above ground <u>floor</u> level; or ii. Provision of carparks below ground floor level; or 			
	iii.	Provision of parking spaces for people with disabilities; or		
	IV.	Provision of ground <u>floor</u> level carparks that form part of a building specifically constructed and used for carparking purposes <u>and that complies with CCZ-</u>		
	V.	<u>S8; or</u> Provision of ground floor level carparks that form part of a building, are		
	lo	cated to the rear back of the site, comply do not cause non-compliance with CZ-S8 and are not visible from the street; or		
		. Provision of carparks on a road.		
	2. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary		
	Where:			
	a. Compliance with the requirements of CCZ-R14.1.a cannot be achieved.			
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R14.2.a must be publicly notified.			
P1 Sch1	CCZ-R15	Yard-based retailing activities		
	1. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary		
	<u>is either a new a</u> must be publicly	us: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R15 ₁ that activity or expands the net area of an existing activity must be publicly notified notified except when the application activity relates to the maintenance, agrading of an existing activity.		



P1 Sch1	CCZ- PREC01-R7	All other land use activities
	1. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary
	Where:	
		activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted etionary activity, or a non-complying activity.
R	ules: Building	and structure activities in the City Centre Zone
ISPP	CCZ-R17	Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
ISPP	CCZ-R18	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
	Where:	
	i. ii. iii.	demolition or removal of a building: Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated with the use of a building; or Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or adding to or altering an existing building that <u>is a permitted activity under CCZ-R19 or</u> <u>CCZ-R20, orthat</u> has an approved resource consent or resource consent is being sought concurrently under CCZ-R19.2, CCZ-R20.2 or <u>CCZ-R20.3</u> ; or demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.
	2. Activity sta	tus: Non-complying
	Where:	
	a. Com	pliance with any of the requirements of CCZ-R18.1 cannot be achieved.
		us: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R18.2.a is being either publicly or limited notified.
ISPP	CCZ-R19	Alterations and additions to buildings and structures
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
	Where:	
	a. <u>The </u> A	my alterations or additions to a building or structure that:
	i.	Do not alter its the external appearance of the building or structure; or

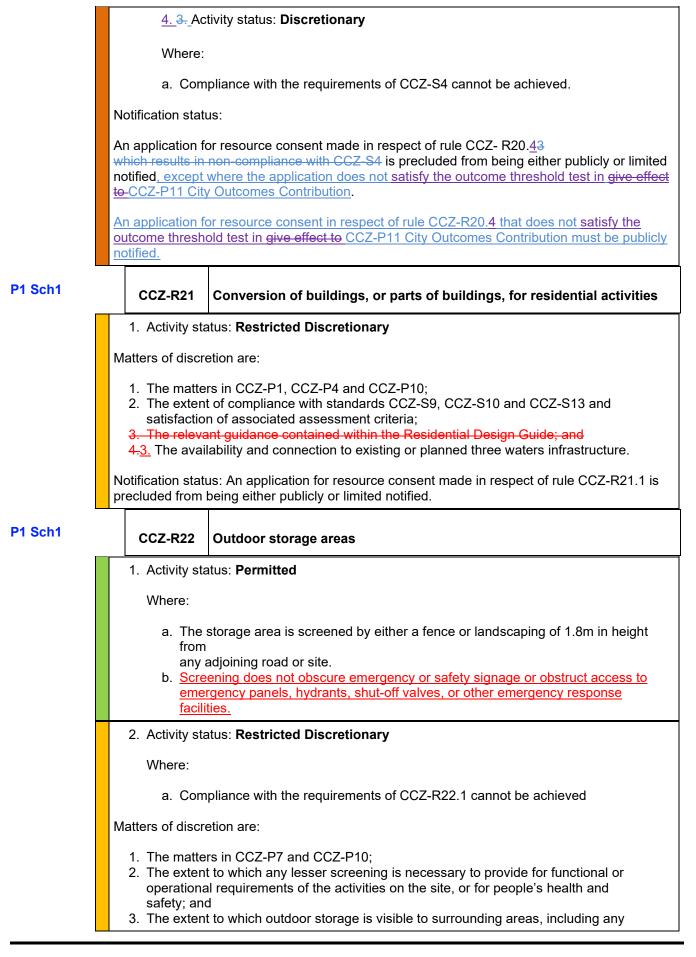




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2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
Where:
 Compliance with any of the requirements of CCZ-R20.1, excluding <u>CCZ-S1 and</u> CCZ-S4, cannot be achieved.
Matters of discretion are:
1. The matters in CCZ-P4, CCZ-P5, CCZ-P6, CCZ-P7, CCZ-P8, CCZ-P9, CCZ-P10, CCZ- P11 and CCZ-P12;
 The extent and effect of non-compliance with CCZ-S1, CCZ-S2, CCZ-S3, CCZ-S5, CCZ-S6, CCZ-S7, CCZ-S8, CCZ-S9, CCZ-S10, CCZ-S11, CCZ-S12, and CCZ-S13, CCZ-SX (Fences and standalone walls), CCZ-SX (Boundary setback from a rail corridor) and CCZ-SX (Sites adjoining residential zones);
 The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including guideline G107 - City Outcomes Contribution as required in Appendix 16 for any building that exceeds the maximum <u>CCZ-</u> S1 height threshold requirement or is under the minimum height limit in CCZ-S4 and either
comprises 50 or more residential units or is a non-residential building; 4. The Residential Design Guide;
 The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints; The impacts of related construction activities on the transport network; and
6. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.
Notification status:
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R20.2.a which complies with all of the identified standards in CCZ-R20.2.2 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule R20.2.a which results in non-compliance with CCZ-S5, CCZ-S9 , and CCZ-S10 , CCZ-S11, CCZ-S12 and CCZ-S13 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule R20.2.a which results from non-compliance with CCZ-S1, CCZ-S2, CCZ-S3, CCZ-S6, CCZ-S7, and CCZ-S8, CCZ-S11, CCZ-S12 and CCZ-S13 is precluded from being publicly notified.
3. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
Where:
a. In addition to the requirements in CCZ-R20.2, tThe relevant City Outcome Contribution Height Threshold set out in CCZ-S1 is exceeded.
Matters of discretion are:
<u>3. 1. The matters in CCZ-P11; and</u> <u>4. 2. The application and implementation of the City Outcome Contribution set out in Appendix 16.</u>
Notification status:
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ- R20.3 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified, except where the application does not satisfy the outcome threshold test in give effect to CCZ-P11 City Outcomes Contribution.
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-R20.3 that does not give effect to CCZ-P11 City Outcomes Contribution must be publicly notified.



	es: Building Z-PREC01)	and structures activities in the Te Ngākau Civic Square Preci
	CCZ- PREC01- R7 <u>8</u>	Construction of buildings and structures, additions and alterations buildings and structures
	1. Activity sta	tus: Restricted Discretionary
M	atters of discre	etion are:
С	 The extend CCZ-S7, C The Centre The Centre	rs in CCZ-PREC01-P2, CCZ-PREC01-P3 and CCZ-PREC01-P4; and effect of non-compliance with CCZ-S1, CCZ-S3, CCZ-S5, CCZ-S6, CCZ-S8, CCZ-S9, CCZ-S10, CCZ-S11, CCZ-S12 and CCZ-S13; es and Mixed Use Design Guide; ential Design Guide; ones of any consultation undertaken with mana whenua; ent and effect of any identifiable site constraints; ent to which the proposed building or addition/alteration respects the form of historic heritage buildings located within the precinct; ent to which the new building or addition/alteration to a building has an ar- the micro-climate of surrounding public space, including any impacts on ccess and wind protection; and gn, scale and configuration of the proposed building/structure or building alterations, including: scale of development anticipated within the precinct and in the vicinity of r visual and architectural quality based on such factors as form, scale, de on and detailing of the building/structure or building additions/alterations; safe movement of people to, from and within the site, precinct and surrou port and street network. as: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule 876.1 for a new building or structure, but excluding any additions and puilding or structure, is precluded from being either must be publicly or lin
	<u>terations to a t</u> otified.	ouilding or structure, is precluded from being either must be publicly or lin
	2. Activi	ty status: Restricted Discretionary
	Where:	
		In addition to the requirements in CCZ-PREC01-R8, t∓he relevant City Outcome Contribution Height Threshold set out in CCZ-PREC01-S1 is exceeded.
M	atters of discre	etion are:
		tters in CCZ-P11; and

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-PREC01-R8.2 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified, except where the application does not satisfy the outcome threshold test in give effect to CCZ-P11 City Outcomes Contribution.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule CCZ-PREC01-R8.2 that does not satisfy the outcome threshold test in give effect to CCZ-P11 City Outcomes Contribution must be publicly notified.

Standards

City Centre Zone

ISPP

CCZ-S1 Maximum height-City Outcomes Contribution Height Threshold

 <u>There are no maximum heights for buildings</u> and structures in the City Centre Zone.
 <u>Above</u> T<u>the following maximum height limits</u> thresholds the The following City Outcomes <u>Contribution Height Thresholds must be</u> complied with (measured above ground level unless otherwise specified) apply to any new building or addition to an existing building:

Location	<u>Limit-Height</u> <u>threshold</u>
a. Height Control Area 1 – Thorndon Quay	35.4m
 b. Height Control Area 2 – Waterloo Quay section 	50m
c. Height Control Area 3 – Bulk of Thorndon	27m
d. Height Control Area 4 – Mid and Upper Molesworth Street	43.8m
e. Height Control Area 5 - CBD East	48.5m-93m
f. Height Control Area 6 - CBD West	
g. Height Control Area 7– Southern edge of CBD	43.8m
h. Height Control Area 8 –Te Aro	42.5m
i. Height Control Area 9 - South- East, South-West Zone Edge	28.5m
j. Height Control Area 10 - Adelaide Road	42.5m
 Fences and standalone walls mut maximum height of 1.8 metres (m ground level). 	

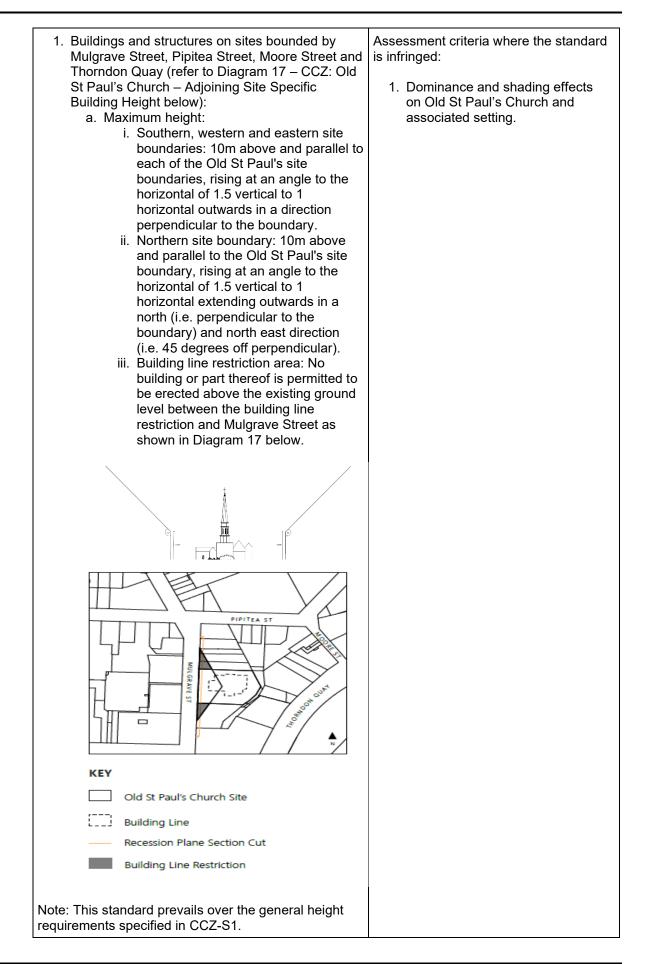
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

For CCZ-S1.1:

2

- 1. <u>Streetscape and visual amenity</u> effects;
- 2. Dominance and privacy effects on adjoining sites; and
- 3. <u>The extent to which taller buildings</u> <u>would substantially contribute to</u> <u>increasing residential</u> <u>accommodation in the city.</u>

 a. Solar panel and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height City Outcomes Contribution Height Threshold by more than 500mm; b. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height City Outcomes Contribution Height Threshold by more than 1m; and c. a. c.L]ift overruns provided these do not exceed the height City Outcomes Contribution Height Threshold by more than 1m; and d. a. c.L]ift overruns provided these do not exceed the height City Outcomes Contribution Height Threshold by more than 4m; and d. Fences and standalone walls; and e. Circumstances where up to 50% of a building's roof in elevation exceeds the City Outcomes Contribution Height Threshold 	
where the entire roof slopes 15° or more.	



ISPP		CCZ-S3	Character precincts and Residentian site specific building and structure	ally Zoned heritage areas – Adjoining e height
	1.	Zoned herita a. For any a Chara Zoned building may pro from a	v site adjoining a site identified within acter Precinct or a Residentially Heritage Area: no part of any g, accessory building or structure oject beyond a line of 60° measured height of 8m above ground level side and rear boundaries that adjoin	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance and shading effects on adjoining sites.
	a. b. c. d.	in height; Solar panel a a building pro height by mo Satellite dish flues, archite finials, spires exceed 1m ir the height by Lift overruns the height by	andalone walls no greater than 1.8m andalone walls no greater than 1.8m and heating components attached to ovided these do not exceed the re than 500mm; es, antennas, aerials, chimneys, ctural or decorative features (e.g.) provided that none of these n diameter and do not exceed more than 1m; and provided these do not exceed more than 4m.	
ISPP		CCZ-S4	Minimum building height	
	This 1.	buildings or s standard does Any site adjo character pre Heritage Area		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: - 1. The extent to which a reduced height is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and 2. Whether topographical or other site 3. constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.
ISPP	1.		Minimum ground floor height n ground floor height to <u>the</u> <u>a</u> structural slab or equivalent shall	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Will compromise or preclude
				future use or adaptation of the

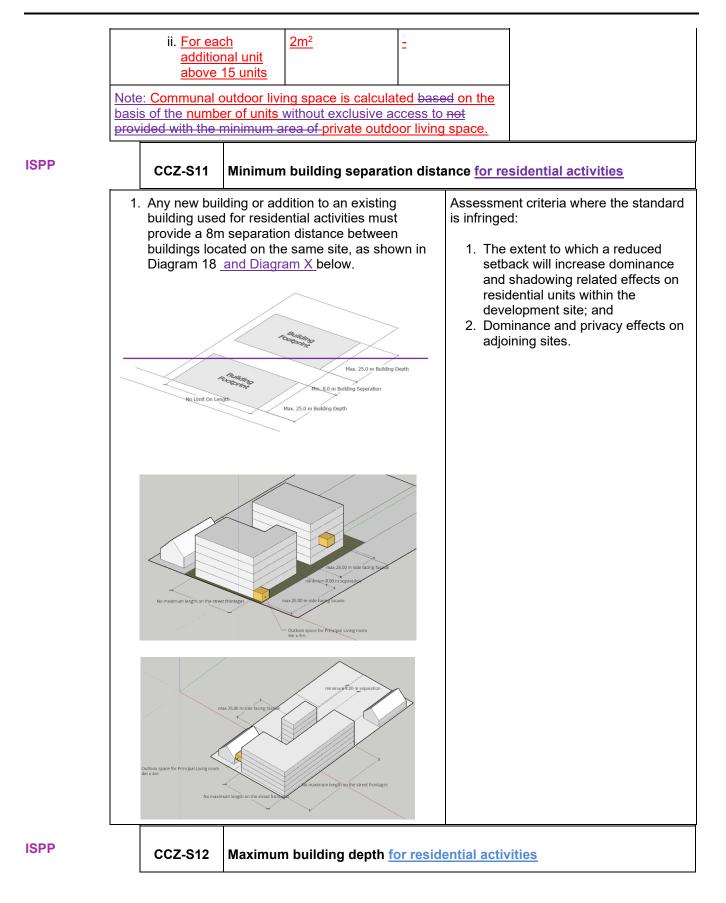
			••
			ground floor for non- residential activities; b. Is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and 2. Whether topographical or other Site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.
	CCZ-S6	Minimum sunlight access – public	space C
2. 3. <u>4.</u> TI a.	Zone must b sunlight acce "Minimum Su Requirement in Table 1 of For areas in period: a. 11:30a b. 12:00p c. 1:30pm Sunlight acc area during th For areas in period: a. 10:00a b. 10:00a Sunlight acc minimum of 7 his standard d	Appendix 9 with a specified time m-1:30pm; m-2pm; er n-3:00pm; and cess must be maintained in the entire his period. Appendix 9 with a specified time m-3:00pm; er m-4:00pm; and cess must be maintained in a 70% of the area during this period. oes not apply to: any structure erected and dismantled 30 days; and menity facility erected within an	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent of increased shadowing and any associated adverse amenity effects on the open space.
	CCZ-S7	Verandahs	
1.		nust be provided on building n identified street frontages;	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
ე	Any veranda	h must	1 The extent to which any

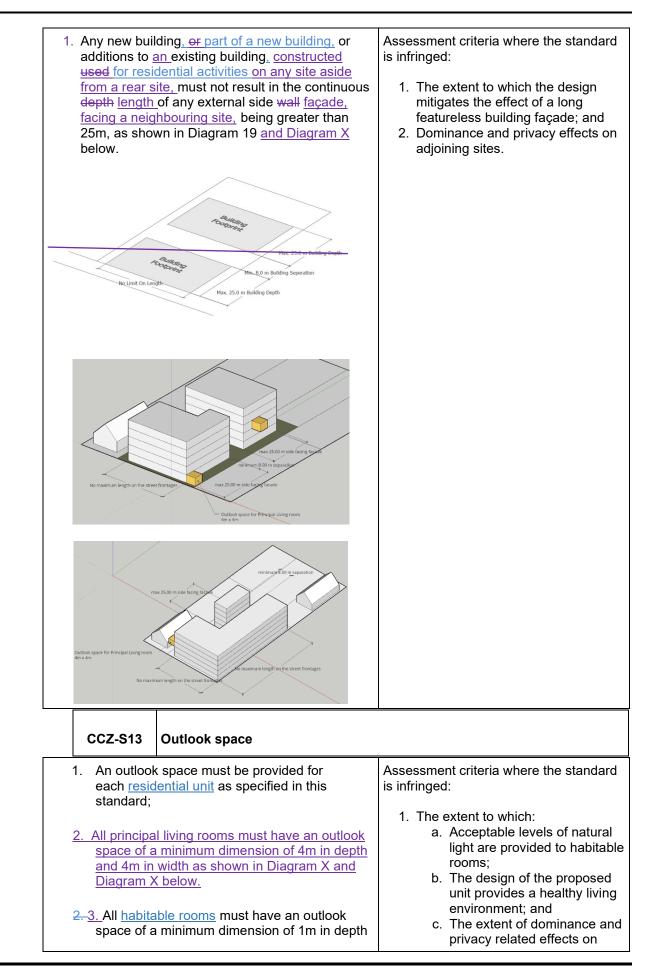
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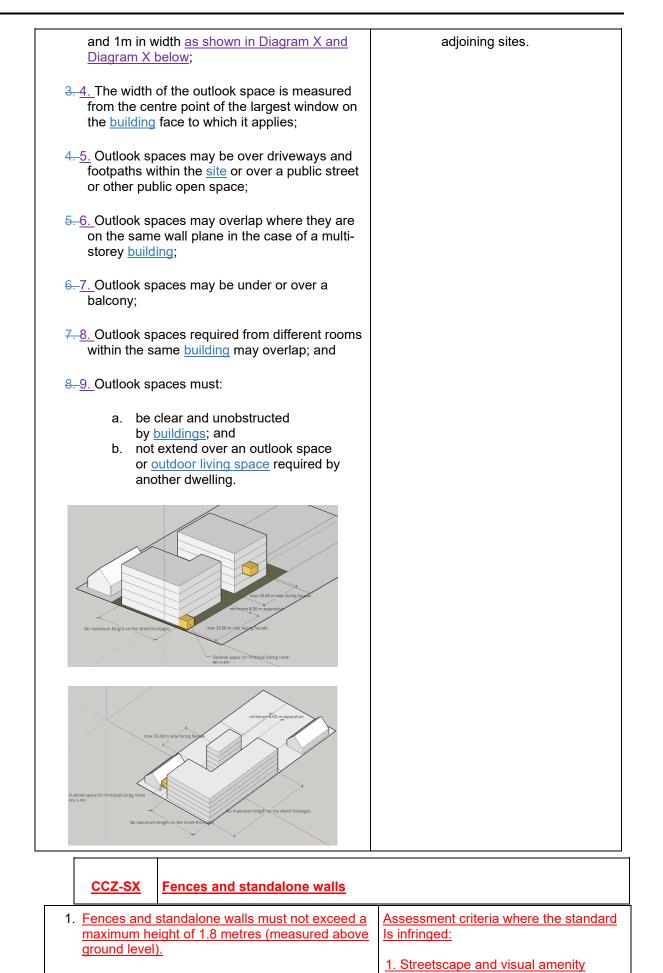
	002-07	Veranualis	
1.		nust be provided on building n identified street frontages;	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
2.	elevatic b. Connec adjoinir c. Have a	the full width of the building on; ct with any existing ng verandah; minimum clearance of 2.5m directly the footpath or formed ground	 The extent to which any non-compliance: Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians; Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the

This	measur the vera formed e. Be sett point al the site f. Not exc the from s standard does a. Any sch SCHED for any resource demolis requires these s b. Any but standard	neduled building identified in 01 - Heritage Buildings. However, if reason these buildings received se consent approval to be shed, then a verandah would be d for any replacement buildings on ites; and ilding where compliance with the rd results in an encroachment into line of an existing street tree; and.	development; and 2. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space.
	CCZ-S8	Active frontage control	<u>.</u>
<u>This</u>	building adje an active from a. Be built <u>level all</u> the site street b <u>active f</u> of the s <u>excludi</u> b. Provide display along th frontage c. Locate front bo standard does a. <u>Any vehicle</u> <u>situated or</u> <u>frontage cr</u> a. <u>b.</u> building or st not result in a a. Is more b. Extends level to c. Any roll	the principal public entrance on the bundary. <u>s not apply toExcept that:</u> and pedestrian access to a site <u>n a street subject to an active</u>	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional needs or operational needs; b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings <u>or otherwise</u> <u>enhances the streetscape</u> ; and c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.

		f any building must be at transparent.	least 50%	
ISPP	CCZ-S9	Minimum residential – u	nit size	
		its, including any dual key following minimum sizes		ent criteria where the standard d:
	Residential unit ty	pe Minimum net flo	oor area 1. The	extent to which:
	a. Studio unit	35m ²	а	. The design of the proposed unit provides a good
	b. 1 bedroom un	it 40m ²		standard
	c. 2+ bedroom u	nit 55m ²	b	of amenity; and . Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit size.
ISPP	CCZ-S10	Residential – outdoor liv	ing space	
	 provided with to a communation 2. Where private a. For the e b. Directly a c. A single d. Of the m table bel 3. Where communation need to be a. Accessite b. Of the m table bel c. Free of the second s	unal outdoor living space i a single continuous spac ble from the residential un inimum area and dimensi	ing space or access ovided it must be: le room; on specified in the s provided it does e but it must be: its it serves; on specified in the	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for; b. Other on-site factors
	Living space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	compensate for a reduction in the size or
	a. Private			dimension of the
	i. Studio u 1- bedro unit	VIII	1.8m	outdoor living space; and c. The availability of public open space
	ii. 2+ bedro	oom unit 8m ²	1.8m	in proximity to the site.
	b. Communal]
	i. For ever units	y 5 <u>4-15</u> <u>1064m²</u> per unit	8m	







effects; and

2. Dominance and privacy effects

on adjoining sites.

CCZ-SX Boundary setback from a rail corridor

 Boundary Buildings or structures must not be located within 1.5m of the boundary of setback froma designated rail corridorboundary. 	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. <u>The extent to which the location</u> <u>and design of the building</u> relates to the ability to safely
	use, access and maintain buildings without requiring access on, above or over the rail corridor.

ISPP	CCZ-SX	Sites adjoining residential zones	
This a b	a. <u>no part</u> <u>building</u> <u>line of 0</u> <u>above</u> <u>bounda</u> <u>Zoned</u> <u>standard does</u> <u>L. Fences or</u> <u>1.8m in he</u> <u>attached t</u> <u>exceed th</u> <u>stellite dis</u> <u>flues, archi</u> <u>finials, spiru</u> <u>exceed 1m</u> <u>the height</u> <u>L. Lift overrun</u>	not apply to: standalone walls no greater than	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance and shading effects on adjoining sites.

Те	Ngākau Civi	c Squar	re Precinct	
	CCZ- PREC01-S1	Maximu	um height <u>City Outc</u>	tcomes Contribution Threshold
Cit gro gro	1. The following maximum height limit The following City Outcomes Contribution Height Thresholds above ground level must be complied with (measured above ground level unless otherwise specified) apply to any new building or addition to an existing building:		n Height Thresholds a blied with (measured a vise specified) apply to	s_above is infringed: d above - <u>v to any</u> 1. Dominance and shading effects
Lo	cation		Limit Height Three	eshold sites; and
6	a. Entire Precin	ict	40m	2. Streetscape and visual amenity effects.
ł	attached to a exceed the h Threshold by b. b. Satellite chimneys, flu features (e.g these exceed the height Ci by more than the height by or d. Fences and e. Circumstance	a building eight City / more th a dishes, les, archi . finials, s d 1m in d ty Outcol 1 1m; and y more that d standal as where tion exce	antennas, aerials, itectural or decorative spires) provided that liameter and do not e mes Contribution Thr d vided these do not exe an 4m; and	not ution ive at none of exceed hreshold exceed ding's mes

Methods

CCZ-M1 Urban Design Panel

Subject to obtaining relevant approvals and supporting funding Council will seek to establish and facilitate an independent, non-statutory Urban Design Panel to inform the urban design assessments of increasing assessments of increasing assessments are policies and matters of discretion that apply to significant resource consent applications as required.

Definitions:

CIVIC ACTIVITIES	Means activities or services provided by, or on behalf of, Wellington City Council or a council-controlled organisation to promote the social, economic, environmental and cultural well- being of Wellington's communities.	
GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES	Means activities undertaken by an organisation that is part of the state sector, including: a. <u>The public service;</u>	
	b. <u>Other departments in the executive branch of</u> <u>government that are not part of the public service (such</u> <u>as the New Zealand Police, the New Zealand Defence</u> <u>Force, and the Parliamentary Counsel Office);</u>	
	c. <u>Statutory entities, which comprise Crown agents,</u> <u>autonomous Crown entities, and independent Crown</u> <u>entities;</u>	
	 d. <u>Crown entity companies and subsidiaries; and</u> e. <u>The Reserve Bank of New Zealand.</u> 	
PARLIAMENTARY ACTIVITIES	Means activities related or ancillary to, the business or functioning of Parliament, including: a. <u>Offices of Parliament;</u> b. Administrative and support services to the House of	
	 <u>Representative and support services to the ribuse of</u> <u>Representatives and members of Parliament;</u> <u>Management of the Crown's buildings within the</u> <u>parliamentary area; and</u> 	
	d. <u>Parliament tours, education and information services to</u> <u>the public.</u>	

Note:

- Changes recommended in the original Section 42A Report for the Waterfront Zone are in red, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statement of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.



Figure 1: New Waterfront Public Open Space specific control north of Bell Gully building

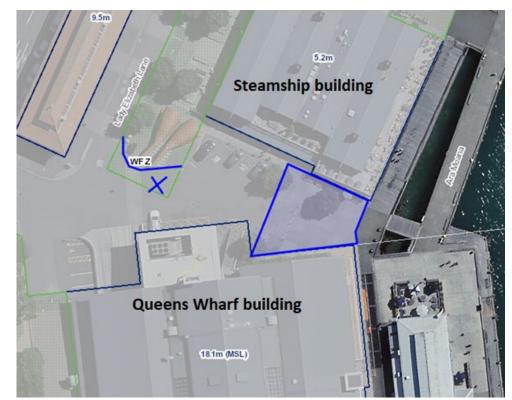


Figure 2: Amended delineation and new area of Waterfront Public Open Space specific control around the Steamship building. X = Area to remove the Public Open Space.

Ngā Tautuhinga Definitions

RECLAMATION	means the manmade formation of permanent dry land by the positioning of
	material into or onto any part of a waterbody, bed of a lake or river or the coastal
	marine area, and:-
	a. includes the construction of any causeway; but-
	b. excludes the construction of natural hazard protection
	structures such as seawalls, breakwaters or groynes except where the
	purpose of those structures is to form dry land.

Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (**P1 Sch1**), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (**ISPP**). Please see notations.

He Rohe Tāhuna

Waterfront Zone

WFZ	Waterfront Zone
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P1 Sch1 Introduction

The Waterfront Zone provides an interface between the city centre and Te Whanganui a Tara. It contains one of the city's primary promenades along with two major parks: Frank Kitts Park and Waitangi Park. It caters to a variety of cultural, recreation and entertainment activities and includes buildings such as Te Papa, Te Wharewaka o Poneke and the Events Centre along with residential apartment living.

The land now covered by the Waterfront Zone was created through reclamation, structures and encroachments into the harbour that are seaward of the original natural shoreline from the late 1800s to 1970. Its original purpose was to facilitate travel, trade, and general industry and commerce. The Zone has a number of remaining heritage buildings and other structures from this era that influence its character today.

Development since the 1980s on the land covered by the Waterfront Zone has transformed the area into a space for recreation, events, arts and culture, business, residences, and active transport including walking and cycling. This evolution of the waterfront is in line with the vision of the Wellington Waterfront Framework (2001), which is still relevant and important today:

Wellington's Waterfront is a special place that welcomes all people to live, work and play in the beautiful and inspiring spaces and architecture that connects our city to the sea and protect our heritage for future generations.

The Council uses the Wellington Waterfront Framework to help manage the waterfront in its role as property owner and manager of the land and public assets. The Framework has also helped inform the Waterfront Zone content in this District Plan.

Mana whenua, particularly Te Āti Awa, have an important connection with Te Whanganui a Tara and the Whairepo Lagoon. Both Taranaki Whānui and Ngāti Toa's Claims Settlement Acts identify the Wellington Harbour as a statutory area. Wellington City Council must have regard to these statutory acknowledgments. The Natural Resources Plan for the Wellington Region (Schedule C4 Map 6) identifies a coastal site adjoining the Waterfront Zone with significant mana whenua values linked to the historic Te Aro Pā. The Waterfront Zone recognises the landward side of this site as also having particular significance to mana whenua, anchored by Te Wharewaka o Pōneke, through a method enabling greater mana whenua involvement in resource consents and plan changes affecting this area.

Management of the Waterfront area needs to be integrated across mean high water springs and actively engage mana whenua and other agencies with management responsibilities.

When constructing new and redeveloped buildings and public spaces, the Waterfront Zone requires public involvement and weighs the public interest very highly as the Zone is predominantly a public area. Applications for significant new development in the Waterfront Zone are publicly notified, as specified in the relevant rules' notification status.

Eventually, the Waterfront Zone is anticipated to be extended further north to the ramp that connects to the Fran Wilde Walkway (the walkway to the Wellington Regional Stadium). This extension would replace the Inner Harbour Port Precinct. This is currently CentrePort land that was previously partly redeveloped into office buildings and is currently zoned Port Zone. Any Zone extension will be done through a plan change. The plan change process would include a companion master plan to guide the comprehensive redevelopment.

Activities that cross the mean high water springs boundary will be managed by having regard to the Proposed Natural Resources Plan for the Wellington Region and in conjunction with the Greater Wellington Regional Council.

The Waterfront has three areas where specific controls apply. These areas of specific controls are identified in the Planning Maps. They are:

- 1. Areas of change. These are areas identified for redevelopment into buildings and/or public spaces.
- 2. Public open spaces. These are public spaces specifically mapped within the Waterfront Zone to be retained for public activities with minimal buildings.
- 3. Queens Wharf buildings. These areas have specific height standards and external alternation and addition rules.

These three specific controls are mentioned in some Waterfront Zone objectives and policies, and are labelled to the left of the relevant rules for building and structure activities. The label "Entire Zone" to the left of a rule or standard means the rule or standard applies to areas both with and without specific controls, unless otherwise specified.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

	Objectives	
ISPP	WFZ-01	Purpose Activities and development in the Waterfront Zone contribute to Wellington's identity and sense of place, with public spaces, buildings and other structures that reflect the unique and special components and elements that make up location and character of the waterfront.
ISPP	WFZ-O2	Ahi Kā Taranaki Whānui and Ngāti Toa Rangatira are acknowledged as the mana whenua of Te Whanganui ā Tara (Wellington) and their cultural associations and landowner and development interests are recognised in planning and developing the Waterfront Zone.
ISPP	WFZ-O3	Protection of public open spaces The Waterfront's public open spaces mapped as specific controls are protected and maintained for temporary activities and recreation activity.
ISPP	WFZ-O4	Areas of change Areas of change are redeveloped over time into high-quality public spaces and

		buildings.
P1 Sch1	WFZ-O5	<u>Active transport and micro-mobility connectivity</u> Connections to Te Whanganui a Tara, public transport and the City Centre
		Active transport and micro-mobility connections vity within the Waterfront Zone, and between the edge of Te Whanganui a Tara, public transport and the City Centreare, is maintained or enhanced.
P1 Sch1	WFZ-O6	Vibrant and diverse mix of activities
		The Waterfront Zone has a diverse and vibrant mix of activities that collectively provide and encourage public interest, use and enjoyment of the Zone during the day and night.
ISPP	WFZ-07	Managing adverse effects
		Adverse effects of activities and development in the Waterfront Zone are managed effectively both:
		 Within the zone, including on its role, and function and connectivity; and At interfaces with: At interfaces with: a. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; b. Scheduled sites and areas of significance to Māori;
		 C. Mapped pPublic open space<u>specific controls</u>; d. Identified pedestrian streets; e. Residential zoned areas;
		 f. Open space zoned areas; and g. The coastal marine area.
Poli	cies	
Poli	wFZ-P1	Enabled activities
		Enabled activities Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including:
		 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: 1. Commercial activities;
		Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including:
		 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: Commercial activities; Community facilities; Recreation activities;
		 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: Commercial activities; Community facilities; Recreation activities; Emergency service facilities; Marae activities;
		 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: Commercial activities; Community facilities; Recreation activities; Emergency service facilities; Marae activities; Public transport activities <u>on Waterloo Quay, Customhouse Quay, Jervois Quay, Cable Street, Oriental Parade and in the Post Office Square Heritage Area;</u> Visitor accommodation; and
P1 Sch1	WFZ-P1	 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: Commercial activities; Community facilities; Recreation activities; Emergency service facilities; Marae activities; Public transport activities <u>on Waterloo Quay, Customhouse Quay, Jervois Quay, Cable Street, Oriental Parade and in the Post Office Square Heritage Area;</u> Visitor accommodation; and Residential activities above ground floor.
P1 Sch1	WFZ-P1	 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: Commercial activities; Community facilities; Recreation activities; Emergency service facilities; Marae activities; Public transport activities <u>on Waterloo Quay, Customhouse Quay, Jervois Quay, Cable Street, Oriental Parade and in the Post Office Square Heritage Area;</u> Visitor accommodation; and Residential activities above ground floor. Manage the location and scale of activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the vitality, vibrancy and amenity of the Waterfront Zone, including: Industrial activities; Construction of apartments and visitor accommodation;
P1 Sch1	WFZ-P1	 Enable a range and diversity of activities that support the role and function of the Waterfront Zone and enhance the Zone's vitality, vibrancy and amenity during the day and night, including: Commercial activities; Community facilities; Recreation activities; Emergency service facilities; Marae activities; Public transport activities <u>on Waterloo Quay, Customhouse Quay, Jervois Quay, Cable Street, Oriental Parade and in the Post Office Square Heritage Area;</u> Visitor accommodation; and Residential activities above ground floor. Manage the location and scale of activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the vitality, vibrancy and amenity of the Waterfront Zone, including: Industrial activities;

		Public transport activities seaward of Waterloo Quay, Customhouse Quay, Jervois Quay, Cable Street, Oriental Parade and the Post Office Square Heritage Area.
P1 Sch1	WFZ-P3	Incompatible activities
		Avoid activities that are incompatible with the role and functions of the Waterfront Zone.
		These incompatible activities include:
		 Heavy industrial activities; Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of unutilised vacant land; Ground floor residential activities; Significant buildings in mapped public open space; and
		 Significant buildings in mapped public open space, and Surface-level carparks, other than car parks for people with mobility issues, for service vehicles, and pick-up/drop-off parking
P1 Sch1	WFZ-P4	Access, connections and public space
		Require that the use, development, and operation of the Waterfront Zone:
		 Provides attractive, safe, efficient, and convenient connections to existing and planned transport networks;
		 Promotes and enhances existing and planned pedestrian and cycle access and connections between to the City Centre Zone;
		 Provides well-designed, <u>connected</u> and safe public space and pedestrian, cycle and micro-mobility access;
		4. Provides equitable access to and along the edge of the coastal marine area and structures within it; and
		 Provides a safe environment for people that promotes a sense of security and allows informal surveillance.
ISPP	WFZ-P5	Sense of place
		Require development of public spaces, buildings and other structures to maintain or enhance the sense of place and distinctive form, quality and amenity of the Waterfront Zone including, where relevant:
		 A balance of buildings and open space with no more than 35% total building site-coverage over the whole Waterfront Zone to form a sense of openness and transition between the dense city centre environment and the expansiveness of Te Whanganui a Tara;
		 Design relating to the maritime location and activities; Rich Māori and tauiwi/non-Māori history; Sunlight to parks, plazas and other open spaces where people regularly
		congregate; 5. Visual connections to the City and Te Whanganui a Tara; and 6. Accessibility for people of all ages and mobility levels.
ISPP	WFZ-P6	Development of buildings
		Require new and altered buildings to be of a high quality, including:
		 Building forms and facades, especially those that are visually prominent; Bulk, scale and heights that are complementary to and of a scale appropriate to the existing nearby buildings in the Waterfront Zone; Heights that are consistent with the low-rise nature of buildings in this zone;
		 Active building frontages and publicly-accessible areas on the ground floors of buildings, except for storage and/or service areas;

		 Storage and/or service areas screened from public view; Sustainable, resilient building design that is adaptable to changes in use over time; Buildings that respond to any identified significant natural hazard risks and climate change effects, including the strengthening and adaptive reuse of existing buildings; and Design that responds positively to identified historic heritage structures, buildings and areas, including those seaward of mean high water springs and identified in the Regional Natural Resources Plan, that are adjacent to the new or altered building.
ISPP	WFZ-P7	Protection of public open space Protect the Waterfront Zone's mapped public open spaces by avoiding new permanent buildings above-ground on public open space except where they improve the space for public use and enjoyment and do not dominate or cumulatively diminish the public open space.
ISPP	WFZ-P8	Areas of change Enable re-development of Areas of Change from car parking to high quality buildings and/or public spaces.
ISPP	WFZ-P9	Sustainable long term use Encourage new development and redevelopment in the Waterfront Zone to be sustainable, resilient and adaptable to change in use over time, including enabling sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be used and converted for a range of activities and responding to future coastal hazards.
P1 Sch1	WFZ-P10	 Ahi kā Recognise and provide for the cultural associations and development interests of Ngāti Toa Rangatira and Taranaki Whānui ki te Upoko o te Ika in the Waterfront Zone by: Managing new development adjoining sites and areas of significance to Māori; and Collaborating on the design and incorporation of Māori cultural elements into public open space within the zone.
Me	thods	
P1 Sch1	WFZ-M1	 Mana whenua involvement in managing the Waterfront Zone For all resource consent applications and private plan change requests in the Waterfront Zone from Te Papa to Frank Kitts Park inclusive, and elsewhere in the Waterfront Zone that affect Te Whanganui a Tara, Wellington City Council will: Require the applicant to include a record of engagement with Te Aro Pā Trust and Te Rūnanga o Toa Rangatira with the application for resource consent or request for private plan change; and If a public hearing is required, enable Te Aro Pā Trust and Te Rūnanga o Toa Rangatira to select up to half of the hearing commissioners on the panel to hear submissions and make recommendations or delegated decisions, provided these commissioners are certified by the Ministry for the Environment for this purpose.

P1 Sch1	WFZ-M2 I	ntegrated management across mean high water springs
	a r	Wellington City Council will work with mana whenua, Wellington Regional Council, and other agencies with management responsibilities, on the integrated management of resource management matters across mean high water springs, in particular:
		 Activities and development on structures in the coastal marine area that are connected to land;
		Activities and development, and their effects, that cross the mean high water springs boundary;
		 Communication and information sharing; Improved biodiversity values; and Improved public access to the coast
Rule	es: Land use act	5. Improved public access to the coast.
Nule		
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R1 C	Commercial activities
	1. Activity statu	s: Permitted
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R2 C	Community facilities
	1. Activity statu	s: Permitted
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R3 F	Recreation activities
	1. Activity statu	s: Permitted
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R4 E	Emergency service facilities
	1. Activity statu	s: Permitted
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R5	Marae activities
	1. Activity statu	s: Permitted
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R6	Public transport activities
		y status: Permitted
	<u>Where</u>	
	a.	The activity is located in one or more of: i. <u>Waterloo Quay</u>
		ii. <u>Customhouse Quay</u> iii. <u>Jervois Quay</u>
		iv. <u>Cable Street</u> v. <u>Oriental Parade</u>
		vi. <u>Post Office Square Heritage Area.</u>
	2. <u>Activi</u>	ty status: Discretionary
	When	<u>e:</u>
	- a. <u>Co</u>	mpliance with the requirements of WFZ-R6.1 cannot be achieved.

P1 Sch1	WFZ-R7	Visitor accommodation
	1. Activity stat	cus: Permitted
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R8	Residential activities
	1. Activity stat	tus: Permitted
	Where:	
	a. The a	ctivity is located above ground floor level.
	Cross-reference -	also refer to NOISE-R5 and NOISE-S4 for noise-sensitive controls near the Port Zone.
	2. Activity stat	tus: Non-complying
	Where:	
	a. Comp	pliance with any of the requirements of WFZ-R8.1.a cannot be achieved
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R9	Industrial activities
	1. Activity stat	cus: Restricted discretionary
	Where:	
	a. The a	ctivity is not a heavy industrial activity.
	Matters of discret	ion are:
	public enjo 2. The design 3. Effects on t	to which the activity contributes to or detracts from the surrounding activities and yment; of the activity relating to the maritime location and adjacent public open space; and he safety and amenity of the area, particularly in relation to noise, vehicle s, dust, odour, fumes and hazardous substances.
	Notification statu being publicly not	s: An application for resource consent made in respect of WFZ-R9.1 is precluded from ified.
	2. Activity stat	us: Non-complying
	Where:	
		bliance with the requirements of WFZ-R9.1 cannot be achieved s: An application for resource consent made in respect of WFZ-R9.2 must be publicly
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R10	Car parking activities
	1. Activity stat	tus: Permitted
	Where:	
	i. ii. iii.	ctivity is providing: Car parking for people with mobility issues, or Pick-up/drop-off parking of 10 minutes or less, or For service vehicles; or ctivity is located within a building below ground floor or under public open space.

	2. Activity status: Non-complying		
	Where:		
	a. Co	ompliance with the requirements of WFZ-R10.1 cannot be achieved	
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R11	All other land use activities	
	Entire zone	2. Activity status: Discretionary	
		Where:	
		a. The activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or a non-complying activity	
	Rules: Building	and structure activities	
ISPP	WFZ-R12	Maintenance and repair of buildings, structures and public open space	
	Entire Zone	1. Activity status: Permitted	
ISPP	WFZ-R13 D	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures	
	Entire Zone	1. Activity status: Permitted	
		Where:	
		a. The demolition or removal of a building:	
		 i. Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or ii. Enables the creation of public space or for private outdoor living space; or iii. Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or adding to or altering an existing building that is a permitted activity under WFZ-R14 or WFZ-R15, or that has an approved resource consent or resource consent is being sought concurrently under WFZ-R14 or WFZ-R15; or b. The demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building. 	
	Entire Zone	1. 2. Activity status: Non-complying	
		Where:	
		a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R13.1 cannot be achieved	
		The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and-Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022].	
		Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of WFZ-R13.1 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.	
ISPP	WFZ-R14	Alterations or additions to buildings and structures	
	Public Open	1. Activity status: Permitted	
	Space	Where:	
		a. The building or structure is:	

	 i. Waterfront furniture; or ii. Play equipment; or iii. Sculptures or public art; or iv. Former cargo handling equipment, cranes or similar port-related equipment
	Or:
	 b. The alterations or additions result in the building or structure being: a. Less than 30 m² in site coverage; and b. Less than 4 metres high; and c. The aggregate area of all buildings in the contiguous public open space does not exceed 200 m² per hectare.
Public Space	pen 2. Activity status: Discretionary
	Where:
	a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R14.1 cannot be achieved
	The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022].
Queer Wharf	3. Activity status: Controlled
Buildir	 Where: The alterations or additions do not exceed the existing site coverage of the existing building; and Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-S1 – WFZ-S6 are achieved.
	Matters of control are:
	 Building design; External appearance of the building; and Siting of the building.
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of WFZ-R14.3 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
Queer Wharf	4. Activity status: Discretionary
Buildir	s Where:
	a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R14.3 cannot be achieved
	The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022].
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of Rule WFZ- R14.4 must be publicly notified.
Entire except	ublic
Open : Queer	
Wharf Buildir	 a. The alterations or additions do not extend the footprint of the existing building by more than 5% of the footprint at 18 July 2022; and b. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-S1 – WFZ-S6 are achieved.
	Matters of discretion are:
	I

	 Screening of activities and storage; Dust; Lighting; Design; External appearance; and Height and the placement of building mass. The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022].
Entire Zone except Public Open Space, Queens Wharf Buildings	 6. Activity status: Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R14.5 cannot be achieved The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022]. Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of Rule WFZ-R14.6 must be publicly notified.
WFZ-R15	Construction of new buildings and structures
Public Open Space	 Activity status: Permitted Where: a. The building or structure is: Outdoor furniture; or Play equipment; or Sculptures or public art; or Former cargo handling equipment, cranes or similar port-related equipment
Public Open Space	 2. Activity status: Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R15.1.a or b cannot be achieved The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022]. Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of Rule WFZ-R15.2 must be publicly notified.
Public Open Space	 3. Activity status: Non-complying Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R15.1.c cannot be achieved

		 The assessment of the activity must have regard to: 1. The Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022]; and 2. Standards WFZ-S1, WFZ-S2, and WFZ-S6. Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of Rule WFZ- 2015 2 methods with the state of
		R15.3 must be publicly notified.
	reas of hange	4. Activity status: Permitted Where:
		 a. The structure is: i. Outdoor furniture; or ii. Servicing transport functions; or iii. Sculptures or public art.
E	ntire Zone	5. Activity status: Permitted
	xcept Public Ipen Space,	Where:
	reas of	where.
C	hange	a. The building or structure is:
		i. Outdoor furniture; or ii. Play equipment; or
		iii. Sculptures or public art; or
		 iv. Former cargo handling equipment, cranes or similar port-related equipment
		Or
		b. The new building or structure:
		i. Has a site coverage of less than 30 m ² ; and
		ii. Is less than 4 metres high.
	ntire Zone xcept Public	6. Activity status: Discretionary
	pen Space	Where:
		a. Compliance with the requirements of WFZ-R15.4 or 5 cannot be achieved
		The assessment of the activity must 1. Ensure that the bulk, scale and height of any new buildings achieve WFZ-P6.b and
		c. 2. Have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design
		Guides Introduction [2022] ; and 3. Have regard to standards WFZ-S1 – WFZ-S6.
		Notification Status: An application for resource consent made in respect of WFZ-R15.6 must be publicly notified.
	WFZ-R16	Development of new public space, or modification of existing public open space
	ublic Open	1. Activity status: Discretionary
5	pace	The assessment of the activity must have regard to the Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022] .
		Note this rule does not apply to activities in WFZ-R12, WFZ-R15 or WFZ-R18.

P1 Sch1

P1 Sch1	WFZ-R17	Conversion of buildings or parts of buildings to residential activities
Entire	e Zone	1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Matters of discretion are:
		 The extent of compliance with standards WFZ-S3 and WFZ-S4 and associated assessment criteria; The Residential Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide [2022]; The Principles and Outcomes in the Wellington City Council Design Guides Introduction [2022]; The availability and connection existing or planned three waters infrastructure; and The safe movement of people and vehicles to and from the site and within the surrounding area.
		Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of WFZ-R17 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
P1 Sch1	WFZ-R18	Outdoor storage areas
Entire	e zone	 Activity status: Permitted Where: a. The storage area is screened by a fence or landscaping of 1.8m in height from any adjoining road or site, and; b. Screening does not obscure emergency or safety signage or obstruct access to emergency panels, hydrants, shut-off valves, or other emergency response facilities.
Entire	7	 Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:
Standa	rds	

	WFZ-S1	Maximum building height outside of Public Open Space and Areas of Change
	re Zone, pt Queens	Assessment Criteria where the standard is infringed:
Wha	orf Buildings	 The building at any point does not exceed the height of the existing building heights.
		Note that new buildings outside of existing building footprints and Queens Wharf Buildings do not have a maximum building height. Instead, each building height must

ISPP

Quee Build	ens Wharf lings	 The building does not exceed 18.1 metres above New Zealand Vertical Datum 2016 (NZVD 2016). 		
	WFZ-S2	Minimum Sunlight Access - Public Spac	e	
must be des access to ar "Minimum S Requiremen Table 1 of A 2. For areas in a. 11:30 b. 12:00 c. 1:30-3 Sunlight acce during this p 3. For areas in a. 10:00 b. 10:00 Sunlight acce 70% of the a		appendix 9 with a specified time period: m-1:30pm; m-2:00pm; and 00pm; and is must be maintained in the entire area riod. appendix 9 with a specified time period: m-3:00pm; and m-4:00pm; and as must be maintained in a minimum of ea during this period. not apply to: ry structure erected and dismantled in fays. nenity facility erected within an	Assessment criteria where the standard infringed: 1. The extent of increased shadowin and any associated adverse amen effects on the sunlight access area	
	identified pul	olic space. Outlook space (per residential unit)		
1.		bace must be provided for each	Assessment criteria where the standard	
	residential unit as specified in this standard; All habitable rooms must have an outlook space with a minimum dimension of 1m in depth and 1m in width;			
2.	All habitable a minimum d	rooms must have an outlook space with	and any associated adverse ameni	
	All habitable a minimum d width; The width of	rooms must have an outlook space with imension of 1m in depth and 1m in the outlook space is measured from the of the largest window on the building	 The extent of increased shadowing and any associated adverse ameni effects on the sunlight access area The extent to which: a. <u>Acceptable levels of natural lig</u> are provided to habitable root 	
3.	All habitable a minimum d width; The width of centre point face to which Outlook space	rooms must have an outlook space with imension of 1m in depth and 1m in the outlook space is measured from the of the largest window on the building	 The extent of increased shadowing and any associated adverse ameni- effects on the sunlight access area The extent to which: Acceptable levels of natural ligare provided to habitable roo The design of the proposed un provides a healthy living environment; and The extent of dominance and 	
3. 4.	All habitable a minimum d width; The width of centre point of face to which Outlook space within the sit open space; Outlook space	rooms must have an outlook space with imension of 1m in depth and 1m in the outlook space is measured from the of the largest window on the building it applies; es may be over driveways and footpaths	 The extent of increased shadowing and any associated adverse ameni- effects on the sunlight access area The extent to which: Acceptable levels of natural ligare provided to habitable roo The design of the proposed un provides a healthy living environment; and 	
3. 4. 5.	All habitable a minimum d width; The width of centre point of face to which Outlook space within the sit open space; Outlook space same wall pla	rooms must have an outlook space with imension of 1m in depth and 1m in the outlook space is measured from the of the largest window on the building it applies; es may be over driveways and footpaths e or over a public street or other public es may overlap where they are on the	 The extent of increased shadowing and any associated adverse ameni- effects on the sunlight access area The extent to which: Acceptable levels of natural lig are provided to habitable rood The design of the proposed un provides a healthy living environment; and The extent of dominance and privacy related effects on 	

ISPP

ISPP

8.	b. not exte	and unot and over a	ostructed by buildings; and n outlook space or outdoor red by another dwelling.	
	WFZ-S4	Minimur	n residential unit size	
1.	 Residential units, including any dual key unit, must meet the following minimum sizes: 			Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
Residential Unit Type		be	Minimum Net Floor Area	1. The extent to which:
a.	a. Studio unit		35m ²	a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of
b.	1 bedroom un	nit	40m ²	amenity; and
c.	2+ bedroom u	init	55m ²	 b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.
	WFZ-S5	Building	separation distance	·
1.	Any new residential building or addition to an existing residential building must provide a 8 m separation distance between buildings located on the same site.		t provide a 8 m separation	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced setback will increase dominance and shadowing related effects on residential units within the development site.
	WFZ-S6	Waterfro	ont Zone site <u>total building</u> cov	erage
1.	All development must result in the sum of all buildings in the Waterfront Zone having a site- <u>total</u> <u>building</u> coverage of less than 35% of the whole Waterfront Zone.		ont Zone having a site <u>total</u>	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which an exceedance is temporary, or is not perceived as a dominant above-ground building (for example, a low-level building with easily accessible public space on top).

APP9 – Te Rohe Pokapū o te Tāone me te Rohe Tāhuna Kaupapa Ahurei - Te Uru Mōkito e taea ana e te Rā - Ngā Herenga o Ngā Wāhi Tūmatanui

APP9 – City Centre Zone and Special Purpose Waterfront Zone – Minimum Sunlight Access and Wind Comfort Control – Public Space Requirements

City Centre Zone and Special Purpose Waterfront Zone – Minimum Sunlight Access (<u>CCZ-S6</u> and <u>WFZ-</u> <u>S2</u>) and Wind Comfort Control (<u>WIND-S3</u>)– Public Space Requirements

This appendix and the requirements set out within it apply to the <u>City Centre Zone</u> and <u>Special Purpose Waterfront</u> <u>Zone</u> and relates to and is to be read in conjunction with <u>CCZ-S6</u>, <u>WFZ-S2</u> and <u>WIND-S3</u> - minimum sunlight <u>access</u> and wind comfort – <u>public space</u> standards.

Public space location	Zone	Time period to be calculated using New Zealand Standard Time at
		either of the equinoxes (i.e. 21 March or 23 September <u>2023</u> }

This entire chapter has been notified using the RMA Part One, Schedule 1 process (P1 Sch1).

Note:

- Changes recommended in the original Section 42A Report for the Commercial Zone are in red, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statement of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.

He Rohe Arumoni

Commercial Zone

COMZ Commercial Zone

Introduction

The purpose of the Commercial Zone is to provide for a mixture of commercial and residential activities.

The Commercial Zone applies to an area of land on Curtis Street in Karori and supports the City's hierarchy of centres.

Development in the Commercial Zone needs to be of a nature and scale that supports the social, cultural and economic importance of the City Centre and other Centres. It is vital that the City Centre remains the economic and employment hub for the region and that the Metropolitan, Local and Neighbourhood Centres are vibrant and well-functioning. Accordingly, the Commercial Zone does not anticipate large supermarkets or integrated retail activity, which is more appropriately located in the Metropolitan Centre Zone, Local Centre Zone, Neighbourhood Centre Zone.

Development is supported by a range of measures to ensure good design, environmental outcomes and address amenity effects.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

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Objectives	
COMZ-O1	Purpose
	The Commercial Zone contributes to meeting the City's needs for business land and supports the hierarchy of centres.
COMZ-O2	Activities
	Activities and development will be of an appropriate scale and type that do not undermine the vibrancy and viability of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, Local Centre Zone, and Metropolitan Centre Zone and the primacy of the City Centre Zone.
COMZ-O3	Amenity and design
	Development in the Commercial Zone is achieved that positively contributes to creating a good quality, well-functioning urban environment and is compatible with the surrounding residential context.

Policies	
COMZ-P1	 Enabled activities Enable a range of activities in the Commercial Zone that contribute positively to the purpose of the zone including: 1. Commercial activities; 2. Retail activities, except for large-scale integrated retail activities; 3. Carparking activities; and 4. Residential activities, except for large scale integrated retail activities.; and 5. Community corrections activities.
COMZ-P2	Managed activities Manage the location and scale of commercial activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the viability and vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of commercial activities within the Commercial Zone, and the function of the transport network.
COMZ-P3	 Potentially incompatible activities Only allow all other activities where they will not have an adverse effect on the use of the zone for commercial activities. Potentially incompatible activities include: 1. Community facilities; 2. Large-scale integrated retail activity; 3. Emergency service facilities; 4. Visitor accommodation; 5. Public transport activities; and 6. Residential activities at ground floor level.

COMZ-P4	Avoiding industrial activities
	Avoid locating industrial activities and heavy industrial activities in the Commercial Zone.
COMZ-P5	Quality design - neighbourhood and townscape outcomes
	Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Commercial Zone by ensuring that it, where relevant:
	 <u>Meets the requirements Fulfils the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide where relevant;</u> <u>1.</u> Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to: a. Residential zoned areas; and/or
	 b. Open space zoned areas; 3. 2. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment; 4. 3. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface; 5. 4. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks; and
	<u>6.</u> 5. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for a range of activities.
COMZ-P6	On-site residential amenity
	Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Commercial Zone by:
	 Providing residents with adequate outlook; and Providing access to convenient outdoor space, including private or shared communal areas-; and
	 <u>Meeting the requirements</u> Fulfilling the intent <u>of the Residential Centres and Mixed Use</u> <u>Design Guide as relevant; and</u> <u>Providing residents with adequate internal living space.</u>
COMZ-P7	Zone interfaces
	Require use and development of the Commercial Zone to maintain reasonable amenity for the adjoining Medium Density Residential Zone, Open Space Zones and other sensitive uses.

COMZ-R1 Commercial activities		
1. Activity status: Permitted		
Where:		
2. The	commercial activity is a retail activity and does not exceed 500m ² total GFA; commercial activity is a supermarket and does not exceed 1500m ² total GFA; or other commercial activity, including integrated retail activity that does not exceed 2500m ² total	
2. Activity	status: Restricted Discretionary	
Where:		
a. Com	pliance with the requirements of COMZ-R1.1 cannot be achieved.	
	cretion are:	
atters of dis		

COMZ-R2	Residential activities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
Where:		
a. The a	activity is located above ground floor level.	
2. Activity s	tatus: Restricted Discretionary	
Where:		
a. Com Matters of dis	pliance with the requirements of COMZ-R2.1 cannot be achieved. cretion are:	
 The external The complexity The effect to or detration 	ers in COMZ-P1, COMZ-P3 and COMZ-P6; In to which the activity is the most appropriate to meet Wellington's future growth needs; patibility with existing activities nearby and other activities provided for in the Commercial Zone; t on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the development contributes acts from the pedestrian environment; and in to which the activity enables or limits adaptability for future non-residential activity at ground	
COMZ-R3	Carparking activities	
Activity status	: Permitted	
COMZ-R4X C	community corrections activities	
Activity status	Activity status: Permitted	
COMZ-R5X Retirement Villages		
Activity status	: Discretionary	
COMZ-R <u>6</u> 4 All other land use activities		
COMZ-R <u>6</u> 4		
	tatus: Discretionary	
1. Activity s Where: a. The a		
1. Activity s Where: a. The a	tatus: Discretionary activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or	
1. Activity s Where: a. The a nor COMZ-R75	tatus: Discretionary activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or n-complying activity.	

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1. Activity Status: Non-complying

COMZ-R <u>9</u> 7 Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures		
1. Activity status: Permitted		
COMZ-R <u>108</u> Demolition or removal of buildings and structures		
1. Activity s	tatus: Permitted	
COMZ-R <u>11</u> 9	Construction of, or additions or alterations to, buildings and structures	
1. Activity s	tatus: Restricted Discretionary	
2. The exter	ers in COMZ-P5, COMZ-P6 and COMZ-P7; nt of compliance with standards COMZ-S1, COMZ-S2, COMZ-S3, COMZ-S4, COMZ-S5,	
3. The Cent 4. The Resid	6, COMZ-S7 and COMZ-S8 ; <u>.</u> res and Mixed-Use Design Guide; and ential Design Guide for any part of a building used for residential activities. Conversion of buildings or parts of buildings for residential activities or visitor accommodation	
3. The Cent 4. The Resid COMZ-R <u>12</u> 40	res and Mixed-Use Design Guide; and ential Design Guide for any part of a building used for residential activities. Conversion of buildings or parts of buildings for residential activities or visitor	
3. The Cent 4. The Resid COMZ-R <u>12</u> 40	res and Mixed Use Design Guide; and ential Design Guide for any part of a building used for residential activities. Conversion of buildings or parts of buildings for residential activities or visitor accommodation tatus: Restricted Discretionary	

Standards		
COMZ-S1	S1 Maximum height	
1. A maximum height limit of <u>12m</u> 8m above ground level must be complied with.		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
•		1. Streetscape and visual amenity effects;
These standards do not apply to:		 Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and
a. Accessory buildings. b. Fences or standalone walls no greater than 1.8		3. The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential

1. No part of any building or strubeyond the relevant recession Location Rec Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a 60° heig		
beyond the relevant recessionLocationRecBoundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a60° heig		1
Boundary adjoining any 60° site within the MRZ with a heig		 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance, privacy, and shading effects on adjoining sites; 2. Whether an increase in height in relation to
site within the MRZ with a heig	ecession plane	boundary results from a response to natural
identified on the District Plan Maps	° measured from a ight of 4m vertically ove ground level	 hazard mitigation; 3. Effects on public spaces; and 4. The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Boundary adjoining any site within an Open Space60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level		
These standards do not apply to:	to:	
 a. A boundary with a road. b. Internal boundaries; c. Fences or standalone walls no greater than 1.8 metres in height where these are not for the purpose of screening an outdoor storage area. d. Solar power and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height in relation to boundary by more than 500mm; and e. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height in relation to boundary by more than 3m measured vertically. 		

 The minimum ground floor height to <u>the</u> underside of <u>a</u> structural slab or equivalent shall 	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
be 4m.	 The extent to which a reduced height: a. Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floor for non-residential activities; b. Is necessary to provide for the functional or operational needs of a proposed activity; and Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.

COMZ-S4	Verandah	control		
 Any verandah constructed on any building frontage facing a public space, including roads, must: a. Have a minimum clearance of 2.5m directly above the footpath or formed ground surface; b. Not exceed a maximum height of 4m measured between the base of the verandah fascia and the footpath or formed ground surface directly below; c. Be setback a minimum of 450mm from any point along the kerbing extending back to the site boundary; and d. Not exceed a maximum width of 3m from the front of the building. 			 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: The extent to which any non-compliance is necessary to provide for functional or operational requirements of the activities on the site, or for people's health and safety; Whether sufficient clearance is provided for pedestrians and the delivery of goods where any verandah is proposed lower than 2.5m above the footpath or ground surface level; and The extent to which any verandahs wider than 3m or within 450mm of any kerbing allow clearance for unencumbered vehicle movement, parking and loading. 	
<u>The standa</u> COMZ-S5		apply to service stations. residential unit size		
		ling dual key units, must	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:	
meet the fol				
Residential un	it type	Minimum net floor area	 The extent to which: a. The design of the proposed unit provides a 	
a. Studio unit		35m ²	good standard of amenity for the occupants;	
b. 1 bedroom	unit	40m ²	and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a	
c. 2+ bedroom	Ι	55m ²		
COMZ-S6	Outdoor I	iving space for residential	units	
 Each residential unit, including any dual key unit, must be provided with either a private outdoor living space or access to a communal outdoor living space; Where private outdoor living space is provided it must be: a. For the exclusive use of residents; b. Directly accessible from a habitable room; c. A single contiguous space; and d. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; and 		either a private outdoor o a communal outdoor iving space is provided it use of residents; from a habitable room; s space; and ea and dimension specified	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: The extent to which: Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for; Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimension of the outdoor living space; and The availability of public space in proximity to the site. 	
it does not r space but it a. Access serves; b. Of the	need to be in must be: ible from the	oor living space is provided n a single continuous e residential units it ea and dimension specified and		

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iving space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	
a. Private		uniension	
i. Studio unit and 1- bedroom unit	5m ²	1.8m	
ii. 2+ bedroom unit	8m ²	1.8m	
b. Communal			
i. For every <u>4-15</u> 5 units	10 <u>64</u> m ²	8m	
ii. For each additional unit above 15 units	<u>2m²</u>		
ote: Communal outdoor livir			
e basis of the number of un ccess to based on the numb	its without e	exclusive	
th the minimum area of priv			
		e for residen	tial units
	outlook spac	e for all an outlook m in depth m X and	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in outlook space.

COMZ-S8	Building setback controls	
setback (We	ust be located outside of the building estern Escarpment) and building hitehead Road).	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Landscaping mitigates the placement of buildings within the setback; and b. There is a functional need or operational need for the buildings or structures to be located within the building setback (Western Escarpment) and building setback (Whitehead Road).

Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (**P1 Sch1**), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (**ISPP**). Please see notations.

Note:

- Changes recommended in the Section 42A Report for the Local Centre Zone are in red, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statement of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.

He Rohe Pokapū Haukāinga

Local Centre Zone

LCZ

Local Centre Zone

P1 Sch1 Introduction

The purpose of the Local Centre Zone is to provide for a range commercial, community, recreational and residential activities. These centres service the needs of the surrounding residential catchment and neighbouring suburbs. Local centres support the role and function of other Centre Zones in the hierarchy of centres.

The Local Centre Zone is distributed across the city and will play a crucial role in accommodating and servicing the needs of the existing and forecast population growth. The <u>Medium Density and</u> High Density Residential Zone surrounds most local centres. These zones enable intensification due to the capacity of the area to absorb more housing with enablers of growth such as walkability, access to public transport, community facilities and services.

High quality building design is a focus for the Local Centres Zone. The transition to more intensive use in some local centres will result in changes to existing amenity values in the centres and their surrounds. Consequently, redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes, and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide. To enable intensification around existing neighbourhood centres, some of these will have substantial building heights.

There is an identified need for residential intensification within and around local centres. These centres are subject to the intensification policies 3 (c) and (d) of the National Policy Statement on Urban Development 2020 (NPS-UD). Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within these centres. To support a mix of activities within the zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are

of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality and viability of centres.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

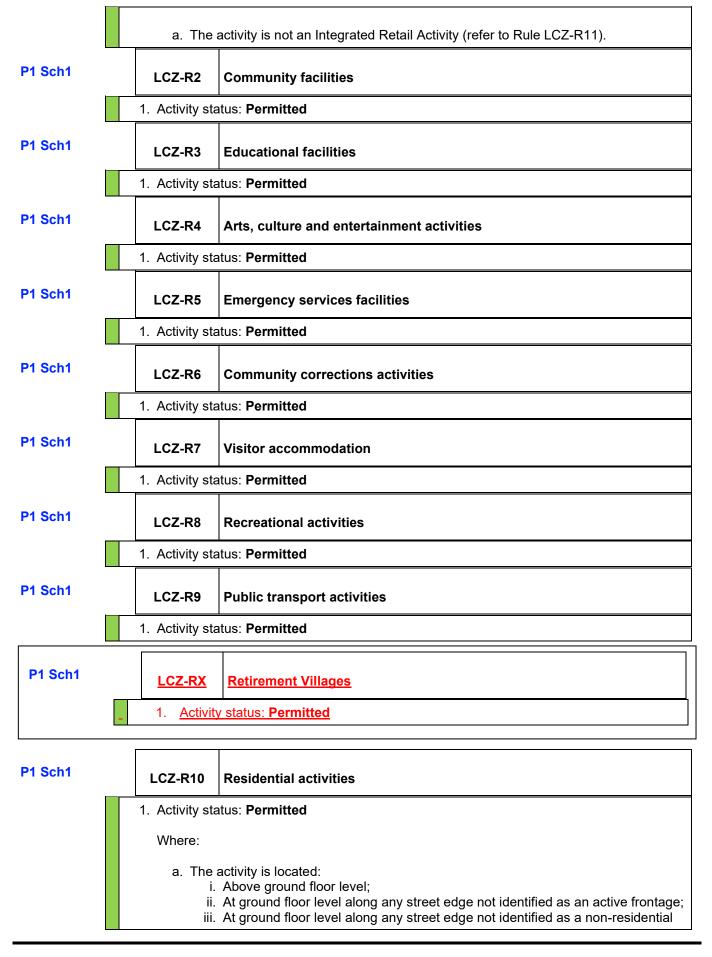
Objectives

Ubj	ectives	
ISPP	LCZ-O1	Purpose The Local Centre Zone meets the needs of communities, businesses and residents in the surrounding residential catchment and neighbouring suburbs in a manner that supports the City's compact urban growth objectives and its role and function in the City's hierarchy of centres.
ISPP	LCZ-O2	Accommodating growth The Local Centre Zone has an important role in accommodating growth and has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity and additional infrastructure to meet residential and commercial growth needs.
ISPP	LCZ-O3	Amenity and design Medium to high_density mixed-use development is achieved that positively contributes to creating a high quality, well-functioning urban environment that reflects the changing urban form and amenity values of the Local Centres and their surrounding residential areas.
P1 Sch1	LCZ-O4	Activities Activities will be of an appropriate scale and type to enhance the vibrancy-and viability of Local Centres, support walkable neighbourhoods and support their local purpose.
ISPP	LCZ-P1	 Accommodating growth Provide for the use and development of the Local Centre Zone to meet the City's needs for housing, business activities and community facilities, including: 1. A variety of building types, sizes, tenures, affordability and distribution of a scale and intensity that does not undermine the viability and vibrancy of the Metropolitan Centre Zone and the primacy of the City Centre Zone; 2. Forms of medium to high density housing; 3. Convenient access to active, public transport and rapid transit options; 4. Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development

	sites; and
	5. Convenient access to a range of open spaces.
LCZ-P2	Enabled activities
	Enable a range of activities that contribute positively to the role and function of the Zone and meet the needs of the residential catchment and surrounding suburbs including:
	 Commercial activities; Residential activities; Community facilities;
	 4. Educational facilities; 5. Arts, culture, and entertainment activities; 6. Emergency service facilities;
	 Community corrections activities; Visitor accommodation; Recreational facilities; Public transport activities; and
	11. Industrial activities.
LCZ-P3	Managed activities
	Manage the location and scale of commercial activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the viability and vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of activities within the Local Centre Zone, and the function of the transport network.
LCZ-P4	Potentially incompatible activities
	Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the role and function of the Local Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on the vibrancy and amenity of the centre:
	 Carparking visible at street edge along an active frontage or non- residential activity frontage; Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of unutilized uses at the strength of the strengt of the strength of the strength of the strength of the stre
	 Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of unutilised vacant land; Ground floor residential activities on street edges identified as having an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; and Yard-based retail activities.
LCZ-P5	Heavy industrial activities
	Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Local Centre Zone.
LCZ-P6	Housing choice
	Enable medium density residential development that:
	 Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the City; and Offers a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures, impairments and abilities.
	LCZ-P3

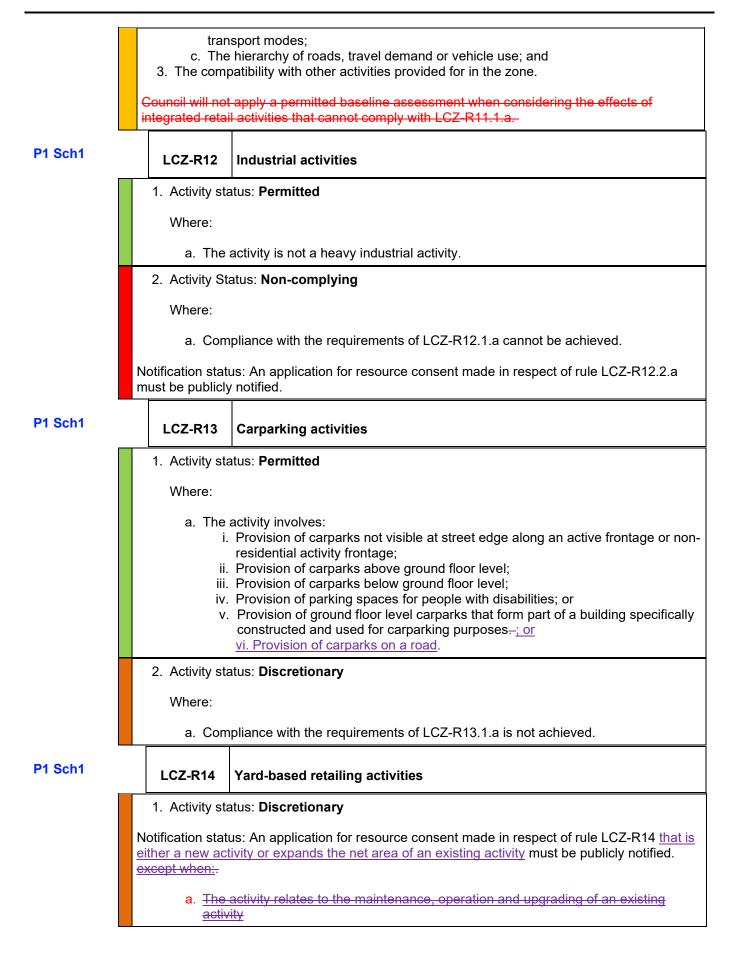
ISPP	LCZ-P7	Quality design outcomes – neighbourhood and townscape outcome
		 Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Local Centre Zone by: 1. <u>Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide ac relevant;</u> 2. 1. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive development, including the extent to which the development: a. Acts as a positive catalyst for future change by reflectingReflects the nature and scale of the development proposedenabled within the zone and in the vicinity and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the neighbourhood; b. Optimises the development capacity of land_r particularly sites that are: i. Large; or ii. Vacant; or iw. Ground level parking areas; c. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities; and e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles. 3. 2. Ensuring that the development, where relevant: a. Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to: i. A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or other Māori; ii. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; iii. An identified character precinct; iv. Residential zoned areas; b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment; c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface; d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks, including residential.
ISPP	LCZ-P8	On-site residential amenity Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Local
		Centre Zone by:
		 Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; and Ensuring <u>convenient</u> access to convenient outdoor space, including private <u>and/or shared</u> communal areas <u>of outdoor space</u>; <u>Meeting the requirements</u>Fulfilling the intent of the <u>Residential Centres</u> and <u>Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant</u>; and <u>Providing residents with adequate internal living space.</u>

]		
ISPP	LCZ-P9	Managing adverse effects
		Recognise the evolving, higher density development context enabled in the Local Centres Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:
		 Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and The impact of construction on the transport network <u>and pedestrian</u> <u>linkages</u>.
ISPP	LCZ-P10	City outcomes contribution
		 Require over height, large-scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive development in the Local Centre Zone to deliver City Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in <u>Appendix 16 the Centres</u> and <u>Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107</u>, including through either satisfying at least two of the following outcomes: 1. Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or 2. Enabling universal accessibility within buildings ease of access for people of all ages and mobility; and/or 2. 3. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased <u>earthquake climate change</u> resilience; and/or 3. 4. Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; and/or 4. 5. Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years.; and/or 5. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility.
	LCZ-PX	Retirement village
		 Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development: 1. Meets Meeting the requirements Fulfils the intent of the Residential Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide, as relevant; 2. Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village residents; 3. Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all of the solid waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; 4. Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and 5. Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated for in the Zone.
Rule	es: Land us	e activities
P1 Sch1	LCZ-R1	Commercial activities
	1. Activity sta Where:	atus: Permitted



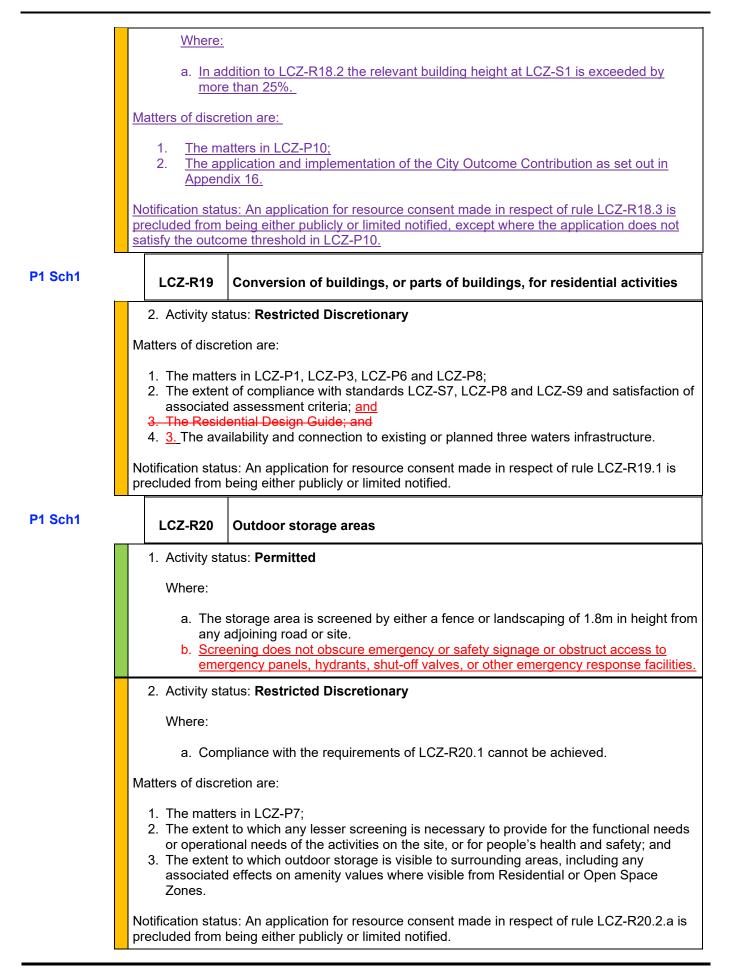
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	activity frontage; iv. At ground level along any street not identified as requiring verandah coverage; or v. At ground level on any site contained within a Natural Hazard Overlay.			
	2. Activity status: Discretionary			
	Where:			
	a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R10.1.a cannot be achieved.			
	- Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R10.2.a is			
	precluded from being limited and publicly notified.			
	2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
	Where:			
	a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R10.1.a cannot be achieved.			
	Matters of discretion are:			
	 <u>The matters in LCZ-P4, LCZ-P6 and LCZ-P7;</u> The extent and effect of non-compliance with LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6; 			
	3. Whether residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage at ground floor;			
	4. <u>The extent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between</u> the interior of the building and the street or area of public space;			
	5. The extent to which the building frontage is designed and located to create a strong			
	 visual alignment with adjoining buildings; 6. The effect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity 			
	contributes to or detracts from the surrounding public space;			
	7. <u>The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route</u> <u>or public space; and</u>			
	8. <u>The extent to which non-compliance with verandah coverage will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians.</u>			
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R10.2.a is			
	precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.			
P1 Sch1	LCZ-R11 Integrated retail activity			
	1. Activity status: Permitted			
	Where:			
	a. The total gross floor area does not exceed 20,000m ² .			
	2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
	Where:			
	a. Compliance with the requirements of LCZ-R11.1 cannot be achieved.			
	Matters of discretion are:			
	1. The matters in LCZ-P1, LCZ-P2, LCZ-P3, and LCZ-P4;			
	 The cumulative effect of the development on: a. The viability and vitality of the City Centre Zone and Golden Mile; 			
	b. The safety and efficiency of the transport network, including providing for a range of			



P1 Sch1	LCZ-R15	All other activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary	
	Where:		
		activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted etionary activity, or a non-complying activity.	
Rul	es: Building	and structures activities	
ISPP	LCZ-R16	Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
ISPP	LCZ-R17	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
	Where:		
	i. ii. iii. b. The l fronta	demolition or removal of a building: Is required to avoid a threat to life and/or property; Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated with the use of a building; Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or structure, or adding to or altering an existing building or structure, that <u>is a permitted activity</u> <u>under LCZ-R18</u> , or <u>that</u> has an approved resource consent, or resource consent is being sought concurrently- <u>under LCZ-R18.2</u> ; or building or structure for demolition or removal is not on a site that has an active age or non-residential activity frontage; or demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.	
	2. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary	
	Where:		
	a. Compliance with any of the requirements of LCZ-R17.1 cannot be achieved.		
т	he assessmen	t of the activity must have regard to:	
	 How the land will be utilised whilst it is vacant; and Creating a positive visual relationship between the site and streetscape whilst the site is vacant. 		
		us: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R17.2.a is being either publicly or limited notified.	
ISPP	LCZ-R18	Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
	Where:		
		Any alterations or additions to a building or structure that : Do not alter <u>its</u> the external appearance of the building or structure; or Involve the placement of solar panels on rooftops; or	

 iii. <u>Involve maintenance, repair or painting; or</u> iv. <u>Involve re-cladding with like for like materials and colours; or</u> v. Relate to a building frontage <u>that is:</u>
 Below verandah level, including entranceways and glazing; and Compliant compliance with LCZ-S5 is achieved; or
vi. Are not visible from public spaces; and
 b. <u>The alterations or additions:</u> +- Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and Comply with standards LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S3, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6; and
 c. The construction of any building or structure: i. Is not located on a site with an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or ii. Is not visible from a public space; and iii. Will have a group floor area of loss than 100m²; and
 iii. Will have a gross floor area of less than 100m²; and iv. Will result in a total coverage (together with other buildings) of no more than 20
 percent of the site; and v. <u>Will comply</u> Comply with effects standards LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S3, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6; and
vi. Does not involve the construction of a new building for residential activities.
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
Where:
a. Compliance with any of the requirements of LCZ-R18.1 cannot be achieved.
Matters of discretion are:
 The matters in LCZ-P6, LCZ-P7, LCZ-P8, LCZ-P9 and LCZ-P10; The extent and effect of non-compliance with LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S3, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5, LCZ-S6, LCZ-S7, LCZ-S8, LCZ-S9, LCZ-S10, and LCZ-S11 and LCZ-SX (Boundary setback from a rail corridor);
3. City Outcomes Contribution as required in Appendix 16 The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including guideline G107 - City Outcomes Contribution for any building that exceeds the maximum height requirement and either comprises 25 or more residential units or is a non-residential building;
 4. The Residential Design Guide; 3. The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints;
 <u>4.</u> Construction impacts on the transport network; and <u>5.</u> The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.
Notification status:
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R18.2.a that complies with all standards is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R18.2.a that complies with LCZ-S3, LCZ-S7, LCZ-S8, LCZ-S9, LCZ-S10 and LCZ-S11 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LCZ-R18.2.a that results from non- compliance with LCZ-S1, LCZ-S2, LCZ-S4, LCZ-S5 and LCZ-S6 is precluded from being publicly notified.
3. <u>Activity status</u> : Restricted Discretionary



Standards				
	LCZ-S1	Maximum heigh	t	
		g maximum above ground e complied with:	 Assessment criteria where the stand. 1. Streetscape and visual amenity 2. Dominance, privacy and shadin sites; and 3. The extent to which taller buildir a substantial increase in resider 	effects; g effects on adjoinin ngs would contribute
Lo	cation		Limit	
Height Control Area 1 Newtown Local Centre Heritage Area Island Bay Local Centre Heritage Area Hataitai Local Centre Heritage Area		e ntre Heritage Centre Heritage	12 metres	
Ka <u>Ke</u> <u>Kh</u>	ight Control A rori Iburn andallah wtown Local Ce	rea 2 entre Heritage	18 metres	
<u>Ne</u> <u>Are</u>				
Are Bro Ch Cro Isla Ke Kh Lin Ha Mir Ne	ight Control A ooklyn urton Park ofton Downs and Bay Iburn andallah den taitai amar wlands wtown	rea 3	22 metres	

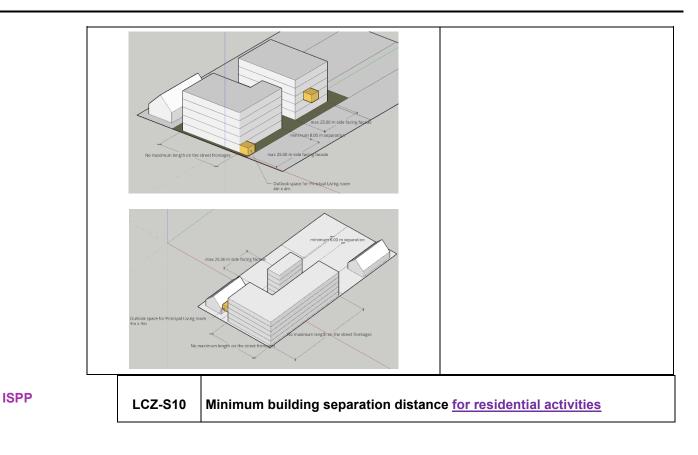
<u>New</u> Taw	<u>/town</u> /a		
2			
This	standard doe	s not apply to:	
c	building prov exceed the h than 500mm . Satellite dish aerials, chim architectural features (e.g provided that exceed 1m ir do not excee more than 1r . Lift overruns	and heating attached to a ided these do not eight by more es, antennas, neys, flues, or decorative finials, spires) none of these diameter and d the height by n; and provided these d the height by	
	LCZ-S2	Minimum building height	
<u>This</u> 1	a. New bu b. Addition building standard doe <u>Accessory bu</u> activity on the	uildings, ancillary to the primary <u>e site.</u> or structure that is unable to be	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed; 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; Whether topographical or other constraints make compliance we the standard impracticable or unnecessary; and Whether, for any additions or alterations, the existing ground floor height meets the standard
	LCZ-S3	Minimum ground floor height	
1		n ground floor height to <u>the</u> <u>a</u> structural slab or equivalent shal	Assessment criteria where the standa is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced

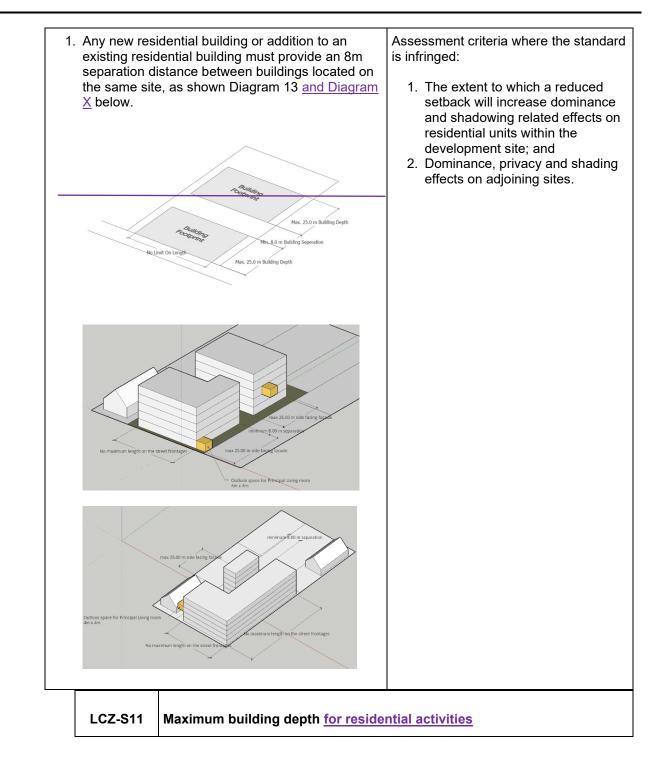
	residential activities; b. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.
in relation to boundary	
	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance, privacy, and shading effects on adjoining sites; 2. Whether an increase in height in relation to boundary results from a response to natural hazard mitigation; 3. Effects on public spaces; and 4. The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Recession plane	
60° measured from a height of 4m vertically above ground level	
60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level	
60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level	
60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level	
bad. ating components attached to a lese do not exceed the height in by more than 500mm; and	
	 60° measured from a height of 4m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level

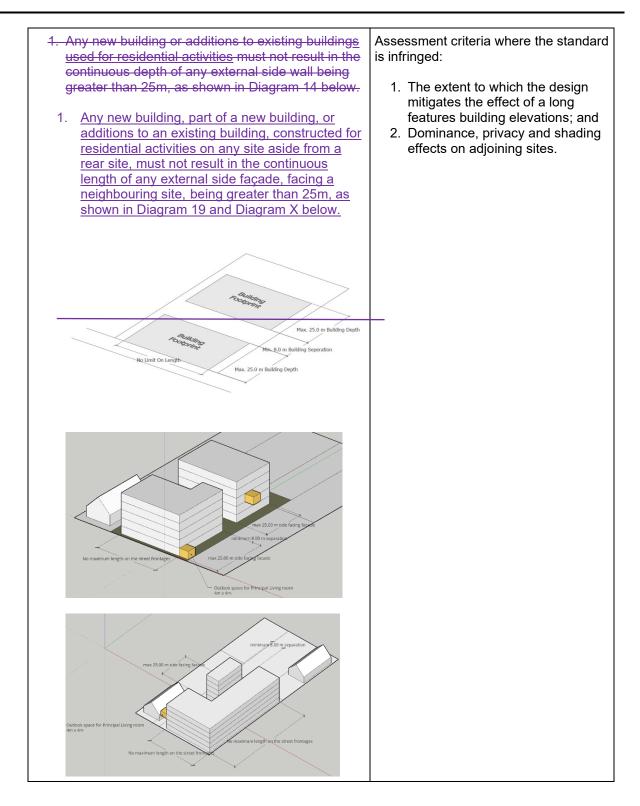
		diameter and	ded that none of these exceed 1m in I do not exceed the height in relation to more than 3m measured vertically.	
ISPP		LCZ-S5	Verandah control	
 1. Verandahs must be provided on building e on identified street frontages; 2. Any verandah must: a. Extend the full width of the building e b. Connect with any existing adjoining v c. Have a minimum clearance of 2.5m of above the footpath or formed ground d. Not exceed a maximum height of 4m measured between the base of the verandah fascia and the footpath ground surface directly below; e. Be setback a minimum of 450mm from point along the kerbing extending basite boundary; and f. Not exceed a maximum width of 3m front of the building. This standard does not apply to: a. Any scheduled building identified in SCHE Heritage buildings. However, if for any rear buildings received Council approval (resource) 		street frontages; h must: the full width of the building elevation; ct with any existing adjoining verandah; minimum clearance of 2.5m directly the footpath or formed ground surface; ceed a maximum height of 4m red between the base of andah fascia and the footpath or formed surface directly below; back a minimum of 450mm from any ong the kerbing extending back to the undary; and ceed a maximum width of 3m from the the building. s not apply to: ed building identified in SCHED1- dings. However, if for any reason these eived Council approval (resource	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which any non-compliance: a. Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians; b. Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the development; and 2. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space. 	
		verandah wo buildings on Any building		
ISPP		LCZ-S6	Active frontage and non-residential a	ectivity frontage controls
		facing adjoin frontage mus a. Be buil <u>level al</u> <u>site tha</u> <u>bounda</u> <u>control</u> <u>borderi</u> <u>vehicle</u> b. Provide display the wid and c. Locate front bo	t up to the street edge <u>at ground floor</u> ong at least 90% of the full width of the t borders the street(s); on all street wies with an identified active frontage and along the full width of the site ing any street boundary, excluding and pedestrian access; a minimum of 60% of continuous windows or transparent glazing along th of the ground floor building frontage; the principal public entrance on the bundary.	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional needs or operational needs; b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings or otherwise enhances the streetscape; and c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.
			oes not apply to: hicle and pedestrian access to a site	

 frontage or me b. Service static Except that this does 2. Any ground level a building or structure result in a featurelet a. Is more than b. Extends from level to a maximilar structures firmust be at least 50 4. Any new building or on a site with a nor 	situated on a street subject to an active frontage or non-residential activity control; b. Service stations. Except that this does not apply to service stations. 2. Any ground level addition to, or alteration of, a building or structure facing a public space must not result in a featureless façade that: a. Is more than 3 metres wide; and b. Extends from a height of 1m above ground level to a maximum height of 2.5m; 3. Any roller shutter doors, security grilles, screens or similar structures fitted to the facade of any building must be at least 50% visually transparent; and 4. Any new building or addition to an existing building on a site with a non-residential activity frontage control must:				
a. Be built up to boundaries a bordering any b. Locate the pr front boundar	the street edge on all street nd along the full width of the site y street boundary; and incipal public entrance on the ry.				
2. Residential units, in the following minim	ncluding dual key units must meet num sizes:	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.			
Residential unit type	Minimum net floor area				
a. Studio unit	35m ²				
b. 1 bedroom unit	40m ²				
c. 2+ bedroom unit	55m ²				
LCZ-S8 Resi	dential – outdoor living space				
must be provided v	hit, including any dual key unit, vith either a private outdoor living a communal outdoor living	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			
2. Where private outc	2. Where private outdoor living space is provided it1. The extent to which: a. The size of the proposed				

 c. A single contiguid. Of the minimum in the table below 3. Where communal out it does not need to be but it must be: a. Accessible from 	ble from a habitable room; bus space; and area and dimension specified w; and door living space is provided in a single continuous space the residential units it serves;	 outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for; and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size of the outdoor living space (e.g. communal living space); 2. Whether any alternative publicly available open space adjoins or in a clear provinity to the oiter.
in the table belo c. Free of buildings	area and dimension specified <i>w</i> ; and s, parking spaces, and aneuvering <u>manoeuvring</u>	 is in close proximity to the site; and 3. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable.
Living space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension
a. Private		
i. Studio unit and 1-bedroom unit	5m ²	1.8m
iii. 2+ bedroom unit	8m ²	1.8m
a. Communal		
i. For every 5 <u>4 –</u> <u>15</u> units	10<u>64</u>m²	8m
ii. <u>For each</u> <u>additional unit</u> <u>above 15 units</u>	<u>2m²</u>	=
		basis of the number of units without ded with the minimum area of private
LCZ-S9 Minimu	m outlook space for multi-uni	t housing
achieve a minimum for all habitable roo 2. <u>All principal living ro</u> space of a minimum	hit must be designed to of 1m by 1m outlook space ms. <u>boms must have an outlook</u> <u>n dimension of 4m in depth</u> <u>shown in Diagram X and</u>	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in outlook







<u>ISPP</u>

LCZ-SX Boundary setback from a rail corridor

1.	located wit designated	Buildings or structures must not be hin 1.5m of the boundary of a I setback from a rail corridor	<u>is infrin</u>	
	boundary.		1.	The extent to which the location and design of the building relates to the ability to safely use, access and maintain buildings without requiring access on, above or over the rail corridor.

Methods

LCZ-M1	<u>Urban Design Panel</u>	
Subject to ot	taining relevant approvals and supporting funding, <u>Council will seek to</u>	
	I facilitate an independent Urban Design Panel to inform the urban design	
assessments of in relevant policies and matters of discretion that apply to significant		
resource cor	sent applications as required.	

Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (**P1 Sch1**), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (**ISPP**). Please see notations.

Note:

- Changes recommended in the original Section 42A Report for the Metropolitan Centre Zone are in red, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statement of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.

He Rohe Paetata Tāone

Metropolitan Centre Zone

P1 Sch1

Metropolitan Centre Zone

Introduction

MCZ

The purpose of the Metropolitan Centre Zone is to provide predominantly for a broad range of commercial, community, recreational and residential activities. The Metropolitan Centre Zone applies to the Johnsonville and Kilbirnie metropolitan centres.

The Metropolitan Centre Zone is a focal point for sub-regional urban catchments and provides significant support to the City Centre Zone by offering key services to the outer suburbs of Wellington City and the wider region. This is identified in the Wellington Regional Policy Statement. These centres contain a wide range of commercial, civic and government services, office, community, recreational, entertainment and residential activities and have well established access to public transport.

The Johnsonville and Kilbirnie metropolitan centres will play a critical role in accommodating forecast population growth and have significant development/redevelopment potential. To support and encourage intensification, the Metropolitan Centre Zone provides <u>an opportunity for substantial building heights to be realised substantial height limits</u>. Given the significant development potential in the Metropolitan Centre Zones, comprehensive development and the integrated and coordinated development of larger sites is required to act as a catalyst for positive change and demonstrate density done well.

High quality building design is a focus for these centres. The transition to more intensive use in metropolitan centres will result in significant changes to existing amenity values and design in the centres and their surrounds. Redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide.

There is an identified need for significant residential intensification within and around the Metropolitan Centres. These centres are subject to the intensification policies 3 (b) and (c) of the National Policy Statement on Urban Development 2020 (NPS-UD). Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within the centres and the High Density Residential Zone has been applied within a walkable catchment of the edge of these centres. The cumulative risk from natural hazards in Kilbirnie is that the intensification of this area has been tempered as a qualifying matter under Subpart 6, clause 3.32 of the NPS-UD has been addressed by applying the natural hazards overlay.

To support a mix of activities within the Zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality and viability of centres.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

Objectives

L		
ISPP	MCZ-O1	Purpose The Metropolitan Centre Zone meets the sub-regional needs of communities, businesses and residents in a manner that supports the City's strategic direction for compact urban growth and its sub-regional role and function in the City's hierarchy of centres.
ISPP	MCZ-O2	Accommodating growth The Metropolitan Centre Zone plays a significant role in accommodating growth and has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity <u>and</u> <u>additional infrastructure</u> to meet commercial and residential growth needs.
ISPP	MCZ-O3	Amenity and design Medium and high density mixed-use development is achieved that positively contributes to a good quality, well-functioning urban environment that reflects the changing urban form and amenity values of the Metropolitan Centres Zone.
ISPP	MCZ-O4	Activities Activities will be of an appropriate scale and type to enhance the vibrancy and viability of Metropolitan Centres <u>, support walkable neighbourhoods</u> and reflect their sub-regional purpose.

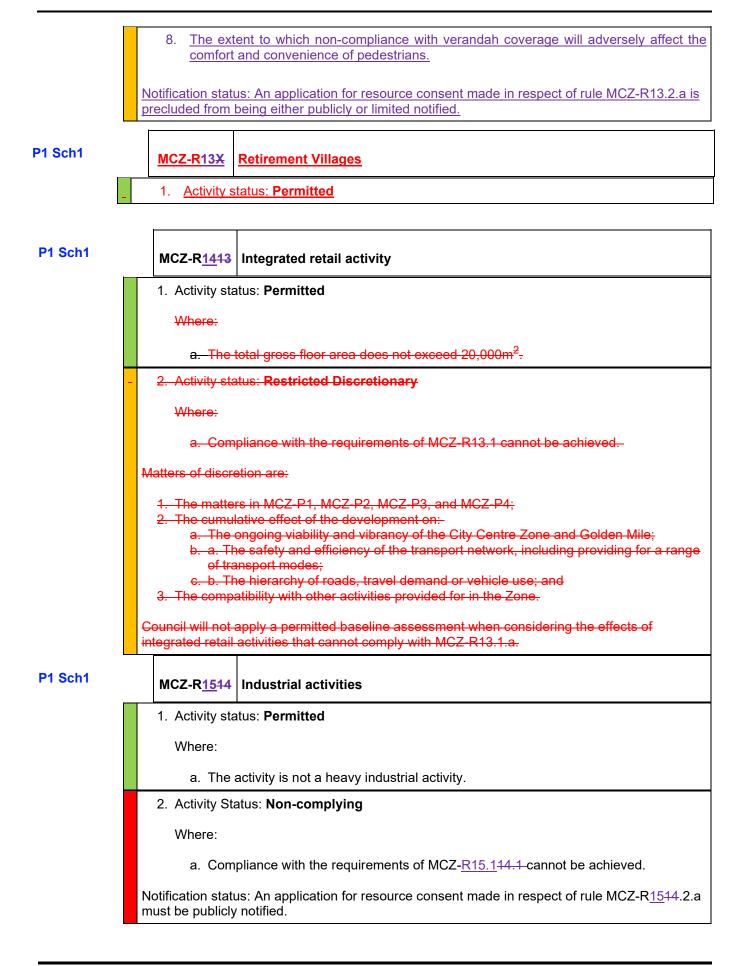
Pol	icies	
ISPP	MCZ-P1	Accommodating growth
		 Provide for the use and development of the Metropolitan Centre Zone to meet the City's needs for housing, business activities and community facilities, including: A variety of building types, sizes, tenures, affordability and distribution of a scale and intensity that does not undermine the ongoing viability, vibrancy and primacy of the City Centre Zonesupports the purpose of the Zone; A mix of medium and high-density housing; Convenient access to active transport and public transport options; Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and Convenient access to a range of open spaces.
P1 Sch1	MC7 D2	Enabled activities
	MCZ-P2	 Enabled activities Enable a range of activities that contribute positively to the purpose of the zone and meet sub-regional needs including: 1. Commercial activities; 2. Residential activities; 3. Community facilities; 4. Educational facilities; 5. Arts, culture, and entertainment activities; 6. Marae activities; 7. Emergency service facilities; 8. Community corrections activities; 9. Visitor accommodation; 10. Recreational activities; 11. Repair and maintenance service activities; 12. Industrial activities; and 13. Public transport activities.
P1 Sch1	MCZ-P3	Managed activities
		Manage the location and scale of commercial activities that could result in cumulative adverse effects on the viability and vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of activities within the Metropolitan Centre Zone, and the function of the transport network.
P1 Sch1	MCZ-P4	Potentially incompatible activities
		Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the purpose of the Metropolitan Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on the vibrancy and amenity values of the centre.
		Potentially incompatible activities include:
		 Carparking visible at street edge along an active frontage or non- residential activity frontage; Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of vacant land;

		 Ground floor residential activities on street edges identified as having an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; and Yard-based retail activities. 	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-P5	Heavy industrial activities	
		Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Metropolitan Centre Zone.	
ISPP	MCZ-P6	Housing choice	
		Enable medium and high-density residential development that:	
		 Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the City; and Offers a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures, impairments and abilities. 	
ISPP	MCZ-P7	Quality design outcomes – neighbourhood and townscape outcomes	
		 Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Metropolitan Centre Zone by: 1. Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant; 2. 4. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive, development, including the extent to which the development: a. Acts as a positive catalyst for future change by reflecting Reflects the nature and scale of the development proposed enabled within the zone and in the vicinity; and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the centre; b. Optimises the development capacity of the land, particularly including sites that are:-large, narrow, vacant or ground level parking areas; i. Large; or ii. Vacant; or iw. Ground level parking areas; c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation enabled in this zone; and d. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities; e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles. 3. 2. Ensuring that the development, where relevant: a. Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to: i. A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or or other Maori; ii. A heritage building, heritage structure or heritage area; iii. Residential zoned areas; b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment; 	

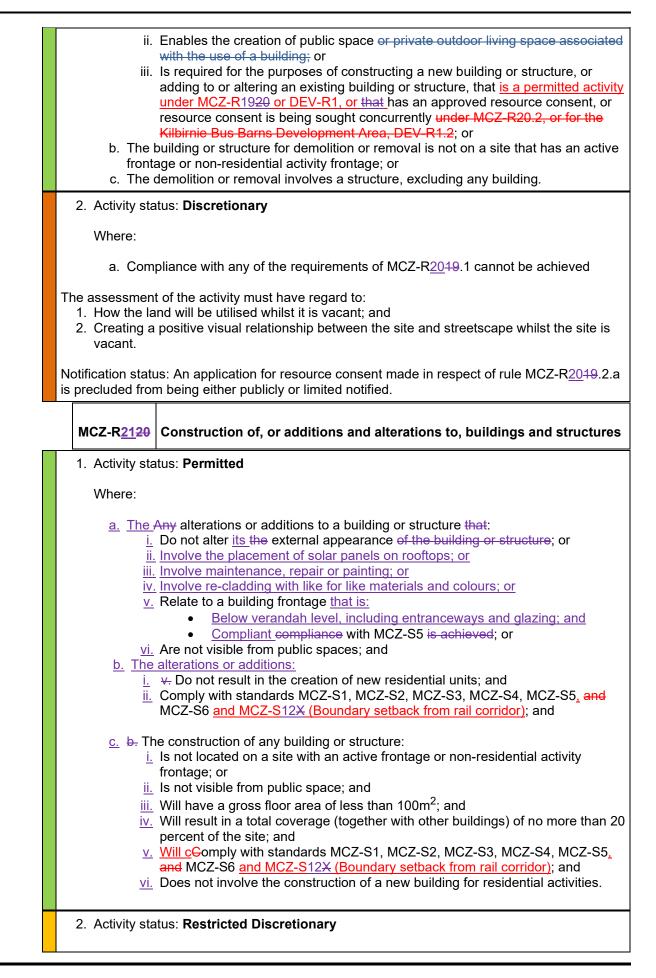
		 c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface; d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks; and e. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for a range of activities, including residential.
ISPP	MCZ-P8	 On-site residential amenity Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Metropolitan Centre Zone by: 1. Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; and 2. Ensuring convenient access to convenient outdoor space, including private and/or shared communal areas of outdoor space;- 3. Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Residential Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide, as relevant; and 4. Providing residents with adequate internal living space.
ISPP	MCZ-P9	 Managing adverse effects Recognise the evolving, higher density development context <u>enabled</u> anticipated in the Metropolitan Centre Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including: 1. Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and 2. The impact of construction on the transport network <u>and pedestrian</u> <u>linkages</u>.
ISPP	MCZ-P10	 City outcomes contribution Require over height, large-scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive development in the Metropolitan Centre Zone to deliver City Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in <u>Appendix 16 the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107</u>, including through either satisfying least two of the following outcomes: Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or Enabling universal accessibility within buildings ease of access for people of all ages and mobility; and/or a. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased <u>earthquake climate change</u> resilience; and/or Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; and/or Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years.; and/or Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility.

	MCZ-P11X	Retirement village	
Ru	es: Land us	 Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development: 1. Meets Meeting the requirements Fulfils the intent of the Residential Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide, as relevant; 2. Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village residents; 3. Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all of the solid waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; 4. Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and 5. Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated for in the Zone. 	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R1	Commercial activities	
	1. Activity sta Where:	tus: Permitted y is not an Integrated Retail Activity (refer to Rule MCZ-R13).	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R2	Community facilities	
	1. Activity status: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R3	Educational facilities	
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R4	Arts, culture, and entertainment activities	
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R5	Marae activities	
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R6	Emergency service facilities	
	2. Activity sta	atus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R7	Community corrections activities	
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R8	Visitor accommodation activities	
	1. Activity sta	atus: Permitted	

P1 Sch1	MCZ-R9	Recreation activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R10	Repair and maintenance activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R11	Public transport activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R <u>13</u> 12	Residential activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
	Where:		
	i. ii. iii. i v.	activity is located: Above ground floor level; At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as an active frontage; At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as a non-residential activity frontage; At ground level along any street not identified as requiring verandah coverage_; or At ground level on any site contained within a Natural Hazard Overlay.	
	2. Activity status: Discretionary		
	Where:		
	a. Com	pliance with the requirements of MCZ-R12.1 cannot be achieved.	
	- Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R12.2.a is precluded from being <u>limited and</u> publicly notified.		
1	2. Activity status	: Restricted Discretionary	
2	Where:		
1	a. Compliance w	vith the requirements of MCZ-R13.1.a cannot be achieved.	
	Matters of discre	ation are:	
	 The extension Whether The extension The extension The extension The extension The extension alignme The effect contribut The corr 	tters in MCZ-P4, MCZ-P6 and MCZ-P7; ent and effect of non-compliance with MCZ-S5 and MCZ-S6; r residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage at ground floor; ent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between ior of the building and the street or area of public space; ent to which the building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual nt with adjoining buildings; ect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity tes to or detracts from the surrounding public space; attinuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route c space; and	



P1 Sch1	MCZ-R <u>16</u> 45 Carparking activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
	Where:	
	i. ii. iii. iv.	activity involves: Provision of carparks not visible at street edge along an active frontage or non- residential activity frontage; or Provision of carparks above ground floor level; or Provision of carparks below ground floor level; or Provision of parking spaces for people with disabilities; or Provision of ground floor level carparks that form part of a building specifically constructed and used for carparking purposes—; or <u>vi. Provision of carparks on a road</u> .
	2. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary
	Where:	
	a. Com	pliance with the requirements of MCZ-R <u>16</u> 15.1.a is not achieved.
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R <u>17</u> 46	Yard-based retailing activities
<u>th</u>	otification statu <u>at is either a n</u> otified <u>. except</u>	tus: Discretionary III: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R <u>17</u> 46.1 <u>ew activity or expands the net area of an existing activity</u> must be publicly when: - vity relates to the maintenance, operation and upgrading of an existing activity.
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R <u>18</u> 17	All other land use activities
	1. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary
	Where:	
		activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted etionary activity, or a non-complying activity.
Rul	es: Building	and structures activities
ISPP	MCZ-R <u>19</u> 18	Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted
ISPP	MCZ-R <u>20</u> 19	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures
	Where: a. The o	tus: Permitted demolition or removal of a building: Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or



	Where:
	 a. compliance with any of the requirements of MCZ-R19.1MCZ-R2120.1 cannot be achieved.
	Matters of discretion are:
	 The matters in MCZ-P6, MCZ-P7, MCZ-P8 and MCZ-P9; The extent and effect of non-compliance with MCZ-S1, MCZ-S2, MCZ-S3, MCZ-S4, MCZ-S5, MCZ-S6, MCZ-S7, MCZ-S8, MCZ-S9, MCZ-S10, and MCZ-S11 and MCZ-12X (Boundary setback from rail corridor); <u>City Outcomes Contribution</u> The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including guideline G107 - City Outcomes Contribution as required in Appendix 16 for any building that exceeds the maximum height requirement and either comprises 25 or more residential units or is a non-residential building; The Residential Design Guide; The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints; Construction impacts on the transport network; and The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.
	Notification status:
	An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R21 20 .2.a that complies with all standards is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R <u>2120</u> .2 which complies with MCZ-S3, MCZ-S7, MCZ-S8, MCZ-S9, MCZ-S10 and MCZ-S11 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R2120.2 which results from non-compliance with MCZ-S1, MCZ-S2, MCZ-S4, MCZ-S5, and MCZ-S6 and MCZ-S12 is precluded from being publicly notified.
	3. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
	Where:
	a. In addition to MCZ-R21.2 the relevant building height at MCZ-S1 is exceeded by more than 25%.
	Matters of discretion are:
	 <u>The matters in MCZ-P10;</u> <u>The application and implementation of the City Outcome Contribution as set out in Appendix 16.</u>
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R21.3 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified, except where the application does not satisfy the outcome threshold in MCZ-P10.
P1 Sch1	MCZ-R2221 Conversion of buildings, or parts of buildings, to residential activities
	1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary
	Matters of discretion are:
	 The matters in MCZ-P1, MCZ-P3, MCZ-S6 and MCZ-P8; The extent of compliance with standards MCZ-S7, MCZ-S8 and MCZ-S9 and satisfaction of associated assessment criteria; and

3. The Residential Design Guide: and 4. 3. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure. Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MCZ-R2224.1 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified. P1 Sch1 MCZ-R2322 Outdoor storage areas 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. The storage area is screened by either a fence or landscaping of 1.8m in height from any adjoining road or site. Screening does not obscure emergency or safety signage or obstruct access to b. emergency panels, hydrants, shut-off valves, or other emergency response facilities. Standards **ISPP** MCZ-S1 Maximum height 1. The following maximum height limits above Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: ground level must be complied with: Location Limit 1. Streetscape and visual amenity effects; Height control area 1 35m 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and Johnsonville (except as 3. The extent to which taller buildings below) would contribute to a substantial **Height control 2** 42m increase in residential accommodation. Johnsonville, 34 Johnsonville Road (block bordered by Moorefield Road, Johnsonville Road and Broderick Road), and 91 Johnsonville Road Height control 3 2 35m 27m Kilbirnie (except as below) Height control area 4 3 15m Kilbirnie, north of Rongotai Road 2. Fences and standalone walls must not exceed a maximum height of 1.8 metres (measured above ground level). This standard does not apply to: a. Lot 2 DP 32689 (27 Johnsonville Road), where an 11m maximum height limit applies; b. Accessory buildings;

	to a building height by mo d. Satellite dish flues, archite finials, spire exceed 1m i height by mo	and heating components attact provided these do not exceed ore than 500mm; hes, antennas, aerials, chimne ectural or decorative features (s) provided that none of these n diameter and do not exceed ore than 1m; and provided these do not exceed ore than 4m.	the ys, e.g. the
ISPP	MCZ-S2	Minimum building height	
	a. New b b. Additic existin <u>This standard doe</u> 1. <u>Accessor</u> <u>primary a</u> <u>2. Any build</u>	height of 7m is required for: uildings or structures; and ons to the frontages of g buildings and structures . es not apply to: y buildings, ancillary to the ctivity on the site. ing or structure that is unable upied by people.	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed; 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary; and 3. Whether, for any additions or alterations, the existing ground floor height meets the standard.
ISPP	MCZ-S3	Minimum ground floor heig	ght
		m ground floor height to <u>the</u> f <u>a</u> structural slab or hall be 4m.	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floor for non-residential activities; b. Is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.
ISPP	MCZ-S4	Height in relation to bound	lary
		ny building or structure may nd the relevant recession plar v:	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance, privacy, and shading effects on adjoining sites;
	Location	Recession plane	

 Verandahs must be elevations on ident Any verandah mus Extend the fu elevation; 	above ground level 60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level ndah control e provided on building ified street frontages. t:	Assessment criteria where the standard is
site within the HRZ Boundary adjoining any site within an Open Space Zone MCZ-S5 Verations 1. Verandahs must be elevations on ident 2. Any verandah mus a. Extend the fu elevation;	height of 8m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level ndah control e provided on building ified street frontages. t:	
site within an Open Space Zone MCZ-S5 Veral 1. Verandahs must be elevations on ident 2. Any verandah mus a. Extend the fu elevation;	height of 5m vertically above ground level ndah control e provided on building ified street frontages. t:	
 Verandahs must be elevations on ident Any verandah mus Extend the fu elevation; 	e provided on building ified street frontages. t:	
elevations on ident 2. Any verandah mus a. Extend the fu elevation;	ified street frontages. t:	
 Verandahs must be provided on building elevations on identified street frontages. Any verandah must: a. Extend the full width of the building 		 infringed: 1. The extent to which any non-compliance: a. Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians; b. Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the development; and 2. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space.

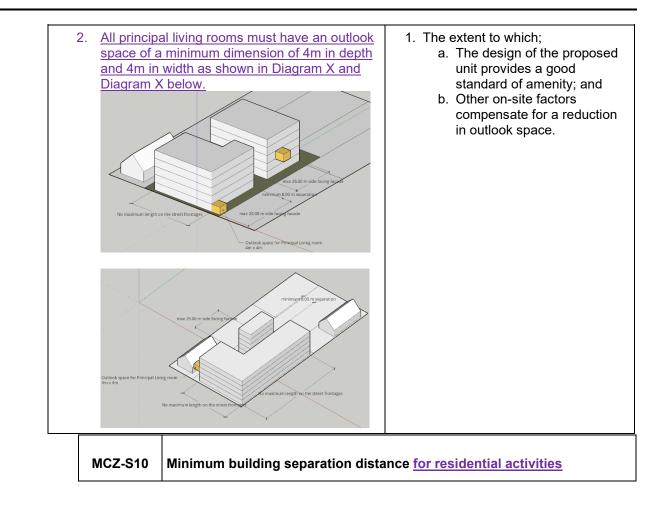
 an active frontage mail a. Be built up to the level along at level boundarie frontage control the site bordering excluding vehice b. Provide a mining display window along the width frontage; and c. Locate the print front boundary; This standard does not a standard does n	ing an identified street with ust: he street edge <u>at ground floor</u> <u>east 90% of the full width of</u> <u>iders the street(s); on all</u> <u>es with an identified active</u> <u>Land along the full width of</u> <u>ing any street boundary</u> . <u>He and pedestrian access</u> ; hum of 60% of continuous s or transparent glazing of the ground floor building cipal public entrance on the <u>apply to:</u> <u>1 pedestrian access to a site</u> <u>reet subject to an active</u> <u>-residential activity control;</u> <u>5.</u> <u>t apply to service stations</u> . lition to, or alteration of, a facing a public space must eless façade that: metres wide; and height of 1m above ground num height of 2.5m; ors, security grilles, screens fitted to the facade of any east 50% visually addition to an existing in a non-residential activity t: ne street edge on all street l along the full width of the any street boundary; and cipal public entrance on the	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional needs or operational needs; b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings or otherwise enchances the streetscape; and c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.		
MCZ-S7 Minimu	um residential unit size			
 Residential units, including dual-key units must meet the following minimum sizes: 		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:		
Residential unit type	Minimum net floor area	1. The extent to which:		
a. Studio unit	35m ²	 a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and b. Other on-site factors 		
b. 1 bedroom unit	40m ²			
c. 2+ bedroom unit	55m ²	compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.		

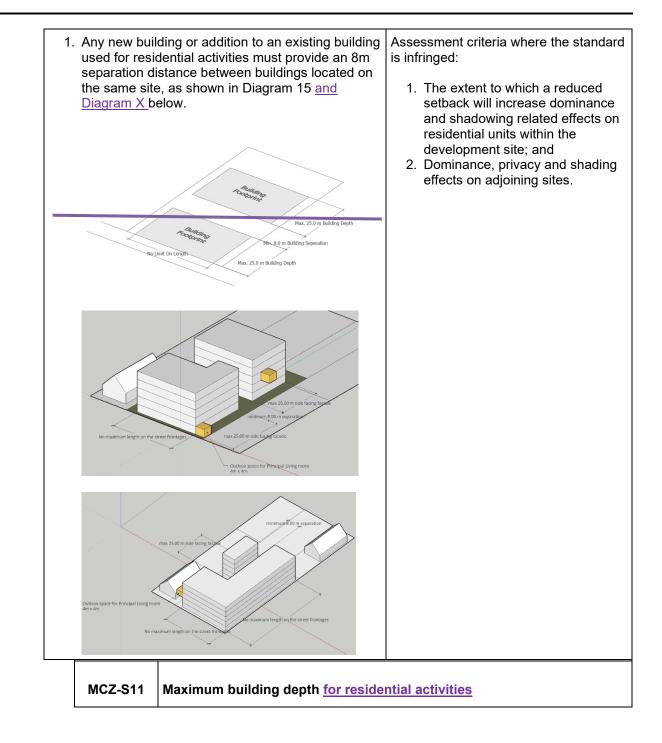
ISPP	MCZ-S8	Residential –	• outdoor living space	
	 must be prov living space of living space; 2. Where private must be: a. For the b. Directly c. A single d. Of the r specifie 3. Where commit does not n space but it n a. Access serves; b. Of the r specifie c. Free of 	ided with eithe or access to a of e outdoor living exclusive use accessible fro e contiguous sp ninimum area d in the table b unal outdoor li eed to be in a hust be: ble from the re ninimum area d in the table b	m a habitable room; bace; and and dimension below; and iving space is provided single continuous esidential units it and dimension below; and king spaces, and	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for; b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimension of the outdoor living space; 2. Whether any alternative publicly available open space adjoins or is in close proximity to the site; and 3. The availability of public space in proximity to the site.
	Living space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	
	a. Private			
	i. Studio unit an 1- bedroom u	0111	1.8m	
	ii. 2+ bedroom unit	8m ²	1.8m	
	b. Communal]
	i. For every <u>4 –</u> <u>15 </u> 5 units	10 <u>64</u> m ²	8m	
	For each additiona unit above 15 units	-	-	
		based on the		ne basis of the number of units without by ided with the minimum area of private

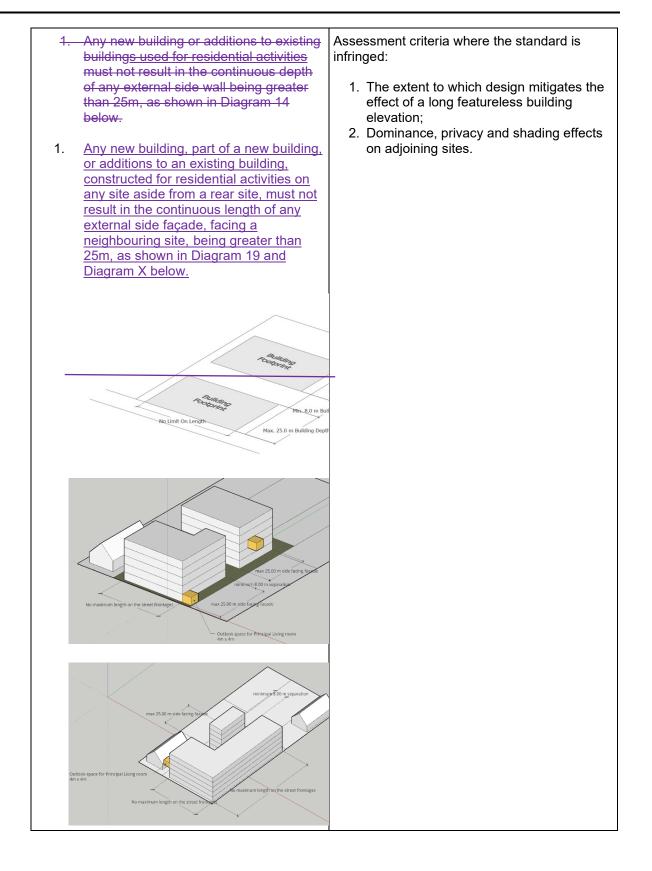
ISPP

Minimum outlook space for multi-unit housing MCZ-S9

,	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:







ISPP		MCZ-S12X	Boundary setback from rail	<u>corrido</u> ı	<u>r</u>
		not be loca boundary	Buildings or structures must ated within 1.5m of the of a designated setback from dor boundary.	Assess infringe	The extent to which the location and design of the building relates to the ability to safely use, access and maintain buildings without requiring access on, above or over the rail corridor.
	<u>Met</u>	<u>hods</u>			
		MCZ-M1	<u>Urban Design Panel</u>		
	facili relev	tate an indepe	endent Urban Design Panel to i	nform th	nding, Council will seek to establish and e urban design assessments of in gnificant resource consent applications

This entire chapter has been notified using the RMA Part One, Schedule 1 process (P1 Sch1).

Note:

- Changes recommended in the Section 42A report are in red, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statement of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.

He Rohe Whakamahinga Rau

Mixed Use Zone

MUZ Mixed Use Zone

Introduction

The purpose of the Mixed Use Zone is to provide for a compatible mixture of residential, commercial, light industrial, recreational and/or community activities. It continues the long-standing approach of enabling a wide range of compatible activities in Wellington's suburban employment areas. The Zone covers areas where people can live, work, play, and conduct business but with fewer day-to-day conveniences than may be available in the City Centre Zone and other Centres.

The Mixed Use Zone is distributed across the city. A broad range of activities are enabled to occur alongside one another in the Mixed Use Zone. It needs to be noted that due to the wide range of non-residential activities provided for, and the potential for industrial activities to establish in this Zone, there may be moderate to high levels of noise, vehicle trip generation or other environmental effects. While such effects may be tolerable within the Mixed Use Zone, they could undermine the amenity of zones nearby if not appropriately managed. Effects from new activities and development within the Mixed Use Zone need to be compatible with the local context. Activities that generate adverse effects of a nature or scale that is potentially incompatible with the existing context will typically not be enabled in the Mixed Use Zone unless such activities can demonstrate they are able to co-exist with existing sensitive activities in the vicinity.

Because the Mixed Use Zone provides for a range of activities, a different level of external amenity should be expected for residential uses that locate within the Zone than would be expected in the Centres or Residential Zones. To ensure the supply of business land is sufficient to meet the City's short, medium and long term needs, the Mixed Use Zone discourages ground floor residential development. New residential uses and conversions of existing non-residential activities for residential use above ground floor can be established in the Mixed Use Zone where appropriate. Such uses will need to provide quality on-site amenity and be designed and constructed in a manner that does not undermine the ongoing functional operation and development of the Mixed Use Zone for a wide range of non-residential activities.

Development in the Mixed Use Zone needs to be of a nature and scale that supports the social, cultural and economic importance of the City Centre and other Centres. It is vital that the City Centre remains the economic and employment hub for the Region and that the Metropolitan, Local and Neighbourhood Centres are vibrant and well-functioning. The zone does not anticipate large supermarkets or integrated retail activity, which is

more appropriately located in the Metropolitan Centres Zone, Local Centre Zone, Neighbourhood Centre Zone or City Centre Zone.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

Objectives	
MUZ-O1	Purpose
	The Mixed Use Zone is developed and used for a wide range of compatible activities.
MUZ-O2	Accommodating growth
	The Mixed Use Zone has an important role in accommodating growth and has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity <u>and additional infrastructure</u> to meet business, and to a lesser extent residential growth needs.
MUZ-O3	Compatibility with other employment areas and the hierarchy of centres
	Activities and development will be of an appropriate scale and type that do not undermine the vitality, role and function of the City Centre and other Centres as set out in the hierarchy of centres.
MUZ-O4	Amenity and design
	Development in the Mixed Use Zone positively contributes to creating a well-functioning urban environment and a diverse local context.
MUZ-O5	Managing adverse effects
	Adverse effects from use and development of the Mixed Use Zone are managed effectively, particularly on more sensitive environments in neighbouring zones.
Policies	
MUZ-P1	Accommodating growth
	Provide for the use and development of the Mixed Use Zone to meet the City's needs for business activities and to a lesser extent housing, including:
	 A choice variety of building type, size, affordability and distribution, including forms of medium density housing;
	 Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and Convenient access to state highways and key transport routes.
MUZ-P2	Enabled activities
	Enable a wide range of compatible activities in the Mixed Use Zone where they are of an appropriate nature, scale and intensity for the zone and the hierarchy of centres, including:
	 Commercial activities; Community facilities; Educational facilities; Recreation activities; Arts, culture and entertainment activities; Emergency service facilities; Community corrections facilitiesactivities; Visitor accommodation;

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	0 Regrestional facilities:
	 Recreational facilities; Residential activities above ground floor level;
	11. Public transport activities; and 12. Industrial activities.
MUZ-P3	Managing larger-scale retail activities
	Only allow the establishment of integrated retail activities and large supermarkets in the Mixed Use Zone if it can be demonstrated that they will:
	 Not result in significant adverse impacts on the viability, vitality, role and function of the City Centre or any Metropolitan, Local or Neighbourhood Centres; Not result in significant adverse impacts on the sustainability, safety or efficiency of the transport network and the hierarchy of roads from trip patterns, travel demand or vehicle use; and Be compatible with adjoining land uses.
MUZ-P4	Avoiding heavy industrial activities
	Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Mixed Use Zone.
MUZ-P5	Residential activities
	Ensure the ongoing functional use of the Mixed Use Zone for a range of business uses by:
	1. Restricting residential activities being established at the ground floor level of buildings;
	 and 2. Ensuring residential activities are designed and constructed to provide good on-site amenity and to avoid reverse sensitivity effects on non-residential activities within the zone-; and
	 Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Residential Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant.
MUZ-P6	Design of new development
	Encourage a high standard of built form and amenity while $\frac{1}{2}$
	 a. <u>E</u>enabling innovation and choice in the design of new built development to reflect the diverse neighbourhood context of the Mixed Use Zone.; and b. <u>Meeting the intentions Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant.</u>
MUZ-P7	Zone interfaces
	Require use and development of the Mixed Use Zone to maintain a reasonable amenity for adjoining Residential or Open Space Zones or other sensitive uses.
Rules: Land	use activities
MUZ-R1	Commercial activities
1. Activity s	status: Permitted
	e activity is not an Integrated Retail Activity (refer to Rule MUZ-R11); and e activity is not a supermarket (refer to MUZ-R12).
MUZ-R2	Community facilities
1. Activity	status: Permitted
MUZ-R3	Educational facilities

 Activity status: Permitted 2. 		
MUZ-R4	Arts, culture and entertainment activities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
MUZ-R5	Emergency services facilities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
MUZ-R6	Community corrections facilities activities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
MUZ-R7	Visitor accommodation	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
MUZ-R8	Recreational activities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
MUZ-R9	Public transport activities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
MUZ-R10	Residential activities	
1. Activity status: Permitted		
Where:		
a. The activity is located above ground floor level.		
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary		
Where:		
a. Compliance with the requirements of MUZ-R10.1 cannot be achieved.		
Matters of discretion are:		
 The matters in MUZ-P1, MUZ-P2 and MUZ-P5; The extent to which the activity is the most appropriate to meet Wellington's future growth needs; The compatibility with existing activities nearby and other activities provided for in the Mixed Use Zone; The effect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the development contributes to or detracts from the pedestrian environment; and The extent to which the activity enables or limits adaptability for future non-residential activity at ground floor level. 		
Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MUZ-R10.2.a is precluded from being publicly notified.		
MUZ-R11 Integrated retail activity		
1. Activity status: Permitted		
Where:		
 a. The integrated retail activity comprises large format retail and does not exceed 10,000m² total GFA; or b. The integrated retail activity does not comprise large format retail and does not exceed 2,500m² total GFA. 		

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2. Activity s	2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary		
Where:			
a. Compliance any of the requirements of MUZ-R11.1 cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in MUZ-P3.			
The Council will not apply a permitted baseline assessment when considering the effects of integrated retail activities that cannot comply with MUZ-R11.1.			
MUZ-R12	Supermarkets		
1. Activity status: Permitted			
Where:			
a. The total gross floor area does not exceed 1,500m ² .			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of MUZ-R12.1 cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in MUZ-P3.			
The Council will not apply a permitted baseline assessment when considering the effects of supermarkets that cannot comply with MUZ-R12.1.			
<u>MUZ-R13</u>	Retirement Villages		
1. <u>Activit</u>	y status: Discretionary		
<u>MUZ-R14</u>	Industrial Activities		
1. <u>Activity status: Permitted</u>			
Where:			
a. <u>The activity is not a heavy industrial activity.</u>			
2. <u>Activity status: Non-complying</u>			
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of MUZ-RX.1 cannot be achieved.			
MUZ-R <u>15</u> 13	All other activities		
1. Activity status: Discretionary			
Where:			
 The activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or non-complying activity. 			

	ng and structure activities	
MUZ-R <u>16</u> 14	Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures	
	status: Permitted	
MUZ-R <u>17</u> 15	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures	
1. Activity	status: Permitted	
MUZ-R <u>18</u> 16	Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures	
1. Activity	status: Permitted	
Where:		
	mpliance with the following standards is achieved: i. MUZ-S1; ii. MUZ-S3; ii. MUZ-S4; v. MUZ-S5; v. MUZ-S6;	
v	<i>r</i> i. MUZ-S7; ii. MUZ-S11; and e activity is not the construction of a new building for residential activities.	
2. Activity	status: Restricted Discretionary	
Where:		
a. Co	mpliance with any of the requirements of MUZ-R16.1 cannot be achieved.	
Matters of dis	cretion are :	
 The matters in MUZ-P2, MUZ-P5, MUZ-P6 and MUZ-P7; The extent and effect of non-compliance with MUZ-S1, MUZ-S3, MUZ-S4, MUZ-S5, MUZ-S6, MUZ-S7 and MUZ-S11 as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; The extent of compliance with MUZ-S2; and The extent of compliance with MUZ-S8, MUZ-S9 and MUZ-S10 for any part of the building used for residential activities. The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide; and The Residential Design Guides for any part of a building used for residential activities. 		
Notification st	atus:	
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MUZ-R16.2.a that results from non-compliance with MUZ-S4 or MUZ-S6 is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.		
An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MUZ-R16.2.a that results from non-compliance with MUZ-S1 but that complies with both MUZ-S2 and MUZ-S3 is precluded from being publicly or limited notified.		
MUZ-R <u>19</u> 17	Conversion of buildings or parts of buildings for residential activities	
1. Activity	status: Restricted Discretionary	
Matters of dis	cretion are:	
 The matters in MUZ-P2 and MUZ-P5; The extent of compliance with standards MUZ-S8, MUZ-S9 and MUZ-S10; The Residential Design Guide; and- 		

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	 The extent to which the conversion enables the ground floor level to be used or adapted for future non-residential activities-<u>; and</u> <u>The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.</u> 				
	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule MUZ-R17.1 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.				
	MUZ-R <u>20</u> 18 Out	tdoor storage area	as		
	1. Activity statu	is: Permitted			
	Where:				
	road or b. <u>Screen</u>	r site. <u>hing does not obscu</u>	-	scaping of 1.8m in height from any adjoining age or obstruct access to emergency panels, e facilities.	
	2. Activity statu	is: Restricted disc	retionary		
	Where:				
	a. Compli	iance with the requi	rements of MUZ-R18.1 canr	ot be achieved.	
	Matters of discretion	on are:			
	2. The extent to	activities on the sit		ovide for functional needs or operational safety; and	
	Notification status: from being publicly		resource consent made in re	espect of rule MUZ-R18.2.a is precluded	
S	standards				
	MUZ-S1 Max	ximum height for	the purposes of MUZ-R16.	1	
	1. The following n must be compli	5	its above ground level	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:	
L	ocation		Limit	1. Streetscape and visual amenity	
Н	leight control area 1	1	12 metres	effects; 2. Dominance, privacy and shading	
OT T R H R H S T	Newtown South Greta Point Tawa South Takapu Island Tauhinu Road Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control A Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control B Shelly Bay Tawa: Tawa Street <u>Miramar - Ropa Lane, Maupuia Road</u>			 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and 3. The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation. 	
	leight control area 2	2	15 metres		
1+	awa Junction				

Kilbirnie North Miramar - Park Road and Weka Street <u>Glenside</u>		
Height control area 3	16 metres	
Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control B Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control C		
Height control area 4	18 metres	
Miramar - Ropa Lane, Maupuia Road Ngauranga <u>Tawa Junction</u> <u>Takapu Island</u>		
2. Fences and standalone walls mu height of 1.8 metres (measured a		
This standard does not apply to:		
 Accessory buildings; Solar panel and heating compone provided these do not exceed the Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials architectural or decorative feature provided that none of these exce not exceed the height by more th Lift overruns provided these do n more than 4m. 	e height by more t s, chimneys, flues es (e.g. finials, spi ed 1m in diamete an 1m; and	han 500m; s, ires) r and do
MUZ-S2 Maximum height for	the purposes of	f MUZ-R16.2
1. The following maximum height lir ground level must be complied w		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
Location	Limit	 Streetscape and visual amenity effects; Dominance, privacy and shading effects on
Height control area 1 Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control B-	16 metres	adjoining sites; and 3. The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Height control area <u>1</u> 2 -	18 metres	
Newtown South Greta Point Tawa: Tawa South Takapu Island Miramar: - Ropa Lane, Maupuia Road and Tauhinu Road Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control A - Rongotai South Mixed Use Zone Height Control C -		
	40.00	
Height control area 23	19 <u>20</u> metres	

Rongotai South Mixed Use 2 Height Control <u>A, B, C and</u> I		
Height control area <u>3</u> 4 22 metres		
Tawa: Tawa Junction Tawa: Redwood Avenue Tawa: Tawa Street		
Height control area <u>4</u> 5	22.5 metres	
Glenside Kaiwharawhara Sar Street Kilbirnie North Miramar: Park Road and We	eka Street	
Height control area <u>5</u> 6	24 metres	
Ngauranga: Malvern		
Height control area <u>6</u> 7	27 metres	
Shelly Bay		
 a building provided the height by more than 50 3. Satellite dishes, anten flues, architectural or of finials, spires) provided 1m in diameter and do more than 1m; and 4. Lift overruns provided height by more than 40 	D0mm; nas, aerials, chimneys, decorative features (e.g. d that none of these exceed o not exceed the height by these do not exceed the m.	
	relation to boundary	
 No part of any building beyond the relevant re below: 	g or structure may project ecession plane shown	Assessment <u>criteria</u> xriteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which any infringement is
Location	Recession plane	necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of the activities on the site;
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a height limit of 11m identified on the District Plan Maps	60° measured from a height of 4m vertically above ground level	 Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable; Whether an increase in height in relation to
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a height limit of 14m	60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level	boundary results from a response to natural hazard mitigation;

identified on the District Plan Maps Boundary adjoining any site within the HRZ Boundary adjoining any site within an Open Space Zone Boundary adjoining any site containing a scheduled heritage building, site and area of significance to Māori, heritage area or notable tree These standards do not ap	60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level 60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level <u>60° measured from a height of 5m vertically</u> above ground level	 The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation; and The effect on the function and associated amenity values of any adjacent open space zone.
 boundary by more that vertically; d. Satellite dishes, anter flues, architectural or finials, spires) provide 1m in diameter and direlation to boundary by vertically; and e. Lift overruns, provided 	g components provided he height in relation to an 500mm measured	
MUZ-S4 Minimum	ground floor height	
 The minimum ground floor height to the underside of <u>a</u> structural slab or equivalent for any new building, or addition or alterations to an existing building shall be 4m. 		 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Will compromise or preclude future alternative ground floor uses; b. Is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary; 3. The extent to which the ground floor level will be able to be used or adapted for future non-residential activities; and 4. Whether, for any additions or alterations, the existing ground floor height infringes the standard.
MUZ-S5 Windows	adjacent to Residential Zor	nes
 Except for windows in a residential unit, oOpaque privacy glazing must be installed in windows where: 		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Privacy effects on adjoining sites; and

any Residen b. The wall is lo	ed building wall faces a site in tial Zone; and ocated within 5m of the a site in any Residential Zone.	 Positive safety implications of over-looking public space.
MUZ-S6 Maxim	um gross floor area of buildin	gs
1. Any building must floor area of 500m	not exceed a maximum gross ² .	 Assessment Criteria where the standard is infringed: The extent to which the additional floor area is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of the activities on the site; Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and The extent to which the design, appearance and location of the building on the site mitigates the visual impact or dominance effects of the additional building area on the surrounding area.
MUZ-S7 Veran	dah control	
frontage facing a p must: a. Have a minin above the fo surface; b. Not exceed a measured be the verandal formed groun c. Be setback a point along t the site bour	a maximum width of 3m from	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which any non-compliance is necessary to provide for functional or operational requirements of the activities on the site, or for people's health and safety; 2. Whether sufficient clearance is provided for pedestrians and the delivery of goods where any verandah is proposed lower than 2.5m above the footpath or ground surface level; and 3. The extent to which any verandahs wider than 3m or within 450mm of any kerbing allow clearance for unencumbered vehicle movement, parking and loading.
This standard does not	apply to:	
<u>a.</u> <u>Service stati</u>	ons.	
MUZ-S8 Minim	um residential unit size	
 Residential units, meet the following 	including dual key units, must minimum sizes:	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which:
Residential unit type	Minimum net floor area	a. The design of the proposed unit provides a
a. Studio unit	35m ²	good standard of amenity; and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a
b. 1 bedroom unit	40m ²	reduction in unit sizes.
c. 2+ bedroom unit 55m ²		
MUZ-S9 Outdo	or living space for residential	units
provided with eithe to a communal ou	nit, including any dual key unit, n er a private outdoor living space tdoor living space; door living space is provided it m	or access infringed: The extent to which:

a. For the exclusive use of residents:

1. Any proposed outdoor living space

b. Directly accessible from a habitable room; provides a good standard of amenity c. A single contiguous space; and relative to the number of occupants the d. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the space is designed for; table below; and 2. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimensions of the outdoor living space; and 3. Where communal outdoor living space is provided it does not need be in a single continuous space but it must be: 3. The availability of public space in a. Accessible from the residential units it serves; proximity to the site. b. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below: and c. Free of buildings, parking spaces, and servicing and maneuvering areas. Living space type Minimum area Minimum dimension a. Private i. Studio unit and $5m^2$ 1.8m 1-bedroom unit ii. 2+ bedroom 8m² 1.8m unit b. Communal i. For every 5 4 – 8m 6410m² 15 units ii. For each 2m² additonal unit above 15 units Note: Communal outdoor living space is calculated on the basis of the number of units without exclusive access to based on the number of units not provided with the minimum area of private outdoor living space. **MUZ-S10** Minimum Outlook space for multi-unit housing 1. Every residential unit must be designed to Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: achieve a minimum of 1m by 1m outlook space for all habitable rooms. 1. The extent to which: 2. All principal living rooms must have an outlook a. The design of the proposed unit provides a space of a minimum dimension of 4m in depth good standard of amenity; and and 4m in width as shown in Diagram X and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a Diagram X below. reduction in outlook space.

Outlook space for Principal Living Am x Am	rection as set as the set of the	
MUZ-S11	Lyall Bay Parade frontage control	
Space Zor Lyall Para existing Ly 2. Any additional a building Open Spa fronting Ly confined to	ings built on a site adjoining the Open ne and Recreation Zoned land fronting de must be built in alignment with the vall Parade street frontage; and on to, alteration or modification of or structure on a site adjoining the ce Zone and Recreation Zoned land vall Bay Parade, where the works are of the area below verandah level must a featureless façade.	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed The extent to which the effectiveness of any landscaping, screening or other site mitigation proposed creates visual interest of the streetscape and façade relief.
MUZ-S12X	Boundary setback from a rail corrido	<u>or</u>
located w	✓ Buildings or structures must not be vithin 1.5m of the boundary of a ed setback from a rail corridor boundary.	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which the location and design of the building relates to the ability to safely use, access and maintain buildings without requiring access on, above or over the rail corridor.

Parts of this chapter have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process (**P1 Sch1**), or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument using the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (**ISPP**). Please see notations.

Note:

- Changes recommended in the Section 42A Report for the Neighbourhood Centre Zone are in red, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Supplementary Statement of Evidence are in blue, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.
- Changes recommended in the Right of Reply are in purple, with strikethrough and underline.
- Changes recommended as a result of expert witness conferencing on the Design Guides are in green, with strikethrough and <u>underline</u>.

The colouring of a change may overwrite the colouring of a change from an earlier iteration.

He Rohe Pokapū Paekiritata

Neighbourhood Centre Zone

Neighbourhood Centre Zone

P1 Sch1

Introduction

NCZ

The purpose of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone is to provide for predominantly for small-scale commercial activities and community activities that service the needs of the immediate residential neighbourhood and support the role and function of other Centre Zones in the hierarchy of centres.

The Neighbourhood Centre Zone includes a range of small commercial centres across Wellington that provide a neighbourhood function in the City's hierarchy of centres. The Neighbourhood Centre Zone is the lowest in the hierarchy due to its make-up of small spot zones for very small commercial clusters. Neighbourhood centres service the surrounding residential neighbourhood and offer small-scale convenience-based retail for day-to-day needs. These Centres tend to have easy pedestrian access for locals and have some community services and small-scale offices.

High quality building design is a focus for the Neighbourhood Centres Zone. The transition to more intensive use in some neighbourhood centres will result in changes to existing amenity values in the centres and their surrounds. Consequently, redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes, and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide. To enable intensification around existing neighbourhood centres, some of these will have increased building heights.

There is an identified need for residential intensification within and around neighbourhood centres. Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within these centres. To support a mix of activities within the zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for

larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality and viability of centres.

Development of larger sites in the Ngaio neighbourhood centre is required to be integrated and coordinated to act as a catalyst for positive change and demonstrate density done well.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

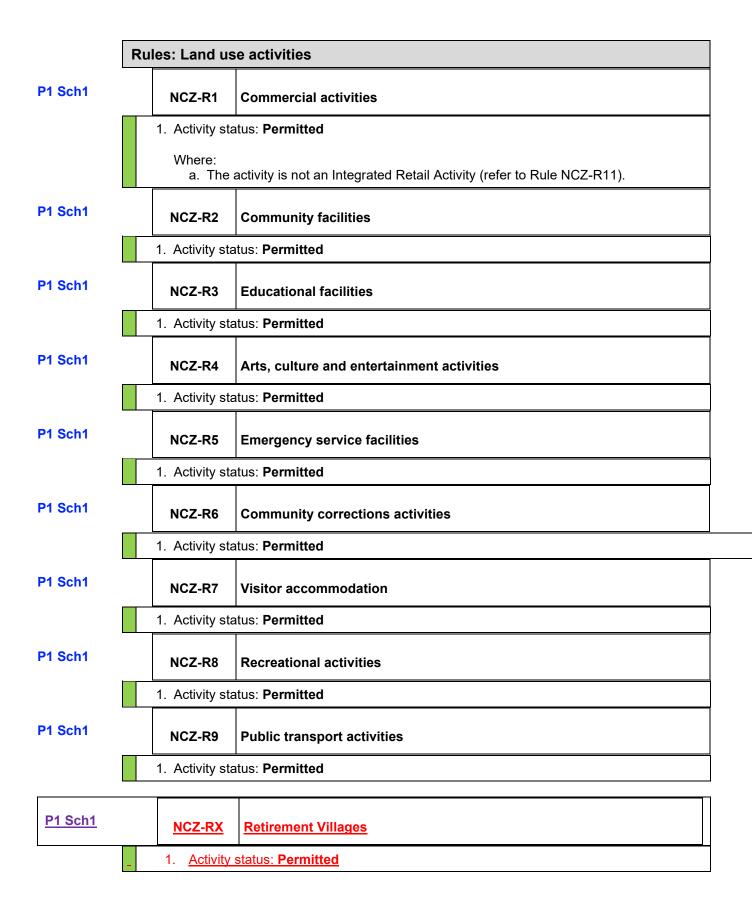
There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

	Objectives	
ISPP	NCZ-O1	Purpose The Neighbourhood Centre Zone meets the needs of communities, businesses and residents in the immediate residential neighbourhood in a manner that supports the City's compact urban growth objectives and its role and function in the City's hierarchy of centres.
ISPP	NCZ-O2	Accommodating growth The Neighbourhood Centre Zone has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity <u>and additional infrastructure</u> to meet residential and commercial growth needs.
ISPP	NCZ-O3	Amenity and design Medium to high density mixed-use development is achieved that positively contributes to creating a good quality, well-functioning urban environment that reflects the changing urban form and amenity values of the Neighbourhood Centres and their surrounding residential areas.
P1 Sch1	NCZ-O4	Activities Activities will be of an appropriate scale and type to enhance the vibrancy and viability of Neighbourhood Centres, <u>support walkable neighbourhoods</u> and support their neighbourhood purpose.
	Policies	
ISPP	NCZ-P1	 Accommodating growth Provide for the use and development of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone to meet the City's needs for housing, business activities and community facilities, including: 1. A variety of building types, sizes, tenures, affordability and distribution of a scale and intensity that does not undermine the ongoing viability and

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		 vibrancy of the Local Centre Zone and Metropolitan Centre Zone and primacy of the City Centre Zone; 2. A mix of medium to high density housing; 3. Convenient access to active, public transport and rapid transit options; 4. Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and 5. Convenient access to a range of open spaces.
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P2	Enabled activities
		Enable a range of activities that contribute positively to the purpose of the Zone and meet the convenience needs of the immediate neighbourhood and passers-by including:
		 Commercial activities; Residential activities; Community facilities; Educational facilities; Arts, culture and entertainment activities; Emergency service facilities; Community corrections activities; Visitor accommodation; Recreational facilities; Public transport activities; and Industrial activities.
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P3	Managed activities
		Manage the location and scale of commercial activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the viability and vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of activities within the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, and the function of the transport network.
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P4	Potentially incompatible activities
		Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the role and function of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on the vibrancy and amenity of the centre:
		 Carparking visible at street edge along an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of vacant land; Ground floor residential activities on street edges identified as having an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; and Yard-based retail activities.
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P5	Heavy industrial activities
		Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone.
ISPP	NCZ-P6	Housing choice

Г		
		Enable medium <u>to high</u> density residential development that:
		 Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the City; and Offers a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages. If actual a sufficiency impairments and abilities.
=		to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures <u>, impairments</u> and abilities.
ISPP	NCZ-P7	Quality design – neighbourhood and townscape outcomes
		Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone by:
		 Meeting the requirements Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant;
		 A. Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive development, including the extent to which the development:
		a. Acts as a positive catalyst for future change by reflecting <u>Reflects</u> the nature and scale of the development <u>proposed enabled</u> within
		the zone and in the vicinity, and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the neighbourhood;
		b. Optimises the development capacity of land <u>., particularly sites that</u>
		are:
		i. Large; or ii. Narrow; or
		iii. Vacant; or
		iv. Ground level parking areas;
		c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation
		enabled in this zone; and
		 Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities;
		e. <u>Is accessible for emergency service vehicles.</u>
		3. 2. Ensuring that the development, where relevant:
		 Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to:
		 A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or other Māori; or
		 ii. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; or iii. An identified character precinct; or
		iv. Residential zoned areas; or
		v. Open space and recreation zoned areas;b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment;
		 c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface;
		d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport
		movement networks, including planned rapid transit stops; and
		e. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for a range of activities, including residential.
ISPP	NCZ-P8	On-site residential amenity
		Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone by:
		1. Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; and

	r	
		 Ensuring <u>convenient</u> access to <u>convenient outdoor space</u>, including private <u>and/or shared</u> communal areas <u>of outdoor space</u>; <u>Meeting the requirements</u> Fulfilling the intent <u>of the Residential Centres</u> and <u>Mixed Use Design Guide as relevant</u>; and <u>Providing residents with adequate internal living space.</u>
ISPP	NCZ-P9	Managing adverse effects
		Recognise the evolving, higher density development context enabled in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:
		 Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and The impact of construction on the transport network <u>and pedestrian</u> <u>linkages.</u>
ISPP	NCZ-P10	City outcomes contribution
		 Require over height, large-scale residential, non-residential and comprehensive development in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone to deliver City Outcomes Contributions as detailed and scored in <u>Appendix 16</u> the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide guideline G107, including through either: 1. Positively contributing to public space provision and the amenity of the site and surrounding area; and/or 2. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility; and/or 3. 2. Incorporating a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased climate change resilience; and/or 4. 3. Incorporating construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs; and/or 5. 4. Incorporating assisted housing into the development; where this is provided, legal instruments are required to ensure that it remains assisted housing for at least 25 years.; and/or 6. Enabling ease of access for people of all ages and mobility.
	NCZ-P10X	Retirement villages
		 Meets Meeting the requirements Fulfils the intent of the Residential Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide, as relevant; Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village residents; Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all of the solid waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated for in the Zone.



P1 Sch1	NCZ-R10	Residential activities	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
	Where:		
	i. ii. iii.	activity is located: Above ground floor level; At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as an active frontage; or At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as a non-residential activity frontage; or At ground level along any street not identified as requiring verandah coverage; or At ground level on any site contained within a Natural Hazard Overlay	
	2. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary	
	Where:		
	a. Com	pliance with the requirements of NCZ-R10.1 cannot be achieved	
		is: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R10.2.a is being <u>limited and publicly notified.</u>	
2.	Activity status	: Restricted Discretionary	
<u>w</u>	/here:		
<u>a.</u>	Compliance w	vith the requirements of NCZ-R10.1.a cannot be achieved.	
M	latters of discre	etion are:	
	 The extension Whether Whether The extension The extension The extension The effective Contribut The contribut The contribut The contribut The extension The extension 	ters in NCZ-P4, NCZ-P6 and NCZ-P7; ent and effect of non-compliance with NCZ-S5 and NCZ-S6; residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage at ground floor; ent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between ior of the building and the street or area of public space; ent to which the building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual nt with adjoining buildings; ect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity tes to or detracts from the surrounding public space; tituity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route c space; and ent to which non-compliance with verandah coverage will adversely affect the and convenience of pedestrians.	
		is: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R10.2.a is being either publicly or limited notified.	
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R11	Integrated retail activity	
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted	
	Where:		
	a. The t	otal gross floor area does not exceed <mark>21</mark> 0,000m ² .	

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R11.1.a cannot be achieved.		
Matters of discretion are:		
 The matters in NCZ-P1, NCZ-P2, NCZ-P3, and NCZ-P4; The cumulative effect of the development on: a. The ongoing viability and vitalitybrancy of the City Centre Zone and Golden Mile; b. The safety and efficiency of the transport network, including providing for a range of transport modes; c. The hierarchy of roads, travel demand or vehicle use; and The compatibility with other activities provided for in the zone. 		
2.2.a		
e or non- ically		

P1 Sch1	NCZ-R14	Yard-based retailing activities		
	1. Activity status: Discretionary			
ei	Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R14 that either a new activity or expands the net area of an existing activity must be publicly notified.			
	a.	The activity relates to the maintenance, operation and upgrading of an existing activity		
P1 Sch1	Sch1 NCZ-R15 All other activities			
	1. Activity sta	tus: Discretionary		
	Where:			
	 The activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or a non-complying activity. 			
Rul	es: Building	and structures activities		
ISPP	NCZ-R16	Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures		
	1. Activity sta	tus: Permitted		
ISPP	NCZ-R17	Demolition or removal of buildings and structures		
	1. Activity status: Permitted			
	Where:			
		demolition or removal of a building:		
		Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated		
	with the use of a building; or iii. Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or structure, or			
	adding to or altering an existing building or structure, that is a permitted activity under NCZ-R18, or that has an approved resource consent, or resource			
	consent is being sought concurrently under NCZ-R18.2 ; or b. The building or structure for demolition or removal is not on a site that has an active			
	frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or c. The demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.			
	2. Activity status: Discretionary			
	Where:			
	a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NCZ-R17.1 cannot be achieved.			
Т	The assessment of the activity must have regard to:			
	 How the land will be utilised whilst it is vacant; and Creating a positive visual relationship between the site and streetscape whilst the site is vacant. 			

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R17.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

ISPP

NCZ-R18 Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures

1. Activity status: **Permitted**

Where:

- a. <u>The Any</u> alterations or additions to a building or structure that:
 - i. Do not alter its the external appearance of the building or structure; or
 - ii. Involve the placement of solar panels on rooftops; or
 - iii. Involve maintenance, repair or painting; or
 - iv. Involve re-cladding with like for like materials and colours; or
 - v. Relate to a building frontage that is:
 - Below verandah level, including entranceways and glazing; and
 - <u>Compliant compliance</u> with NCZ-S5 is achieved; or
 - vi. Are not visible from public spaces; and

b. The alterations or additions:

- i. v. Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and
- ii. Comply with standards NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4, NCZ-S5 and NCZ-S6; and
- c. The construction of any building or structure:
 - i. Is not located on a site with an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
 - ii. Is not visible from a public space; and
 - iii. Will have a gross floor area of less than 100m²; and
 - iv. Will result in a total coverage (together with other buildings) of no more than 20 percent of the site; and
 - v. <u>Will comply</u> with effects standards NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4, NCZ-S5 and NCZ-S6; and
 - vi. Does not involve the construction of a new building for residential activities.
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

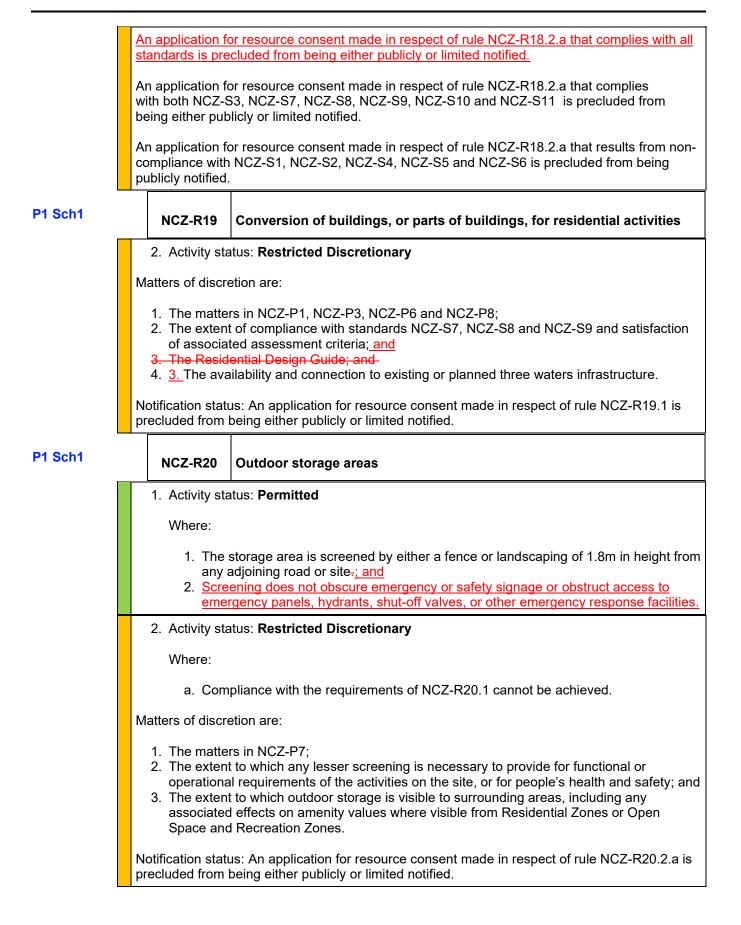
Where:

a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NCZ-R18.1 cannot be achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P6, NCZ-P7, NCZ-P8, NCZ-P9. and NCZ-P10.
- 2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standard;
- <u>3. City Outcomes Contribution as required in Appendix 16 for The Centres and Mixed-Use Design Guide, including guideline G107 City Outcomes Contribution for any building that exceeds the maximum height requirement at Ngaio, Berhampore and Aro Valley centres; and either comprises 25 or more residential units or is a non-residential building; 4. The Residential Design Guide;</u>
- 3. The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints;
- 4. Construction impacts on the transport network; and
- 5. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status:



Standards	Standards		
NCZ-S1	NCZ-S1 Maximum Height		
	ring maximum height lin vel must be complied wi		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
			 Streetscape and visual amenity effects; Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Location		Height	
Height control	area 1	12 metres	
Aro Valley Cent	ood centres, including re Height Control Area ated below in Height		
Height control		<u>14 metres</u>	
Mersey Street,			
Height control		22 metres	
Aro Valley Cent B Berhampore Ce Ngaio Centre Oxford Street T			
B Berhampore Ce Ngaio Centre Oxford Street T 2. Fences ar	entre awa Centre nd standalone walls mus height of 1.8 metres (m		
B Berhampore Ce Ngaio Centre Oxford Street T 2. Fences ar maximum ground lev	entre awa Centre nd standalone walls mus height of 1.8 metres (m		

	e.	finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height by more than 1m; and e. Lift overruns provided these do not exceed the height by more than 4m.		
ISPP		NCZ-S2	Minimum building height	
	<u>This</u> <u>1.</u>	a. New bu b. Addition building <u>standard does</u> <u>Accessory bu</u> <u>activity on the</u>	uildings, ancilliary to the primary <u>e site.</u> or structure that is unable to be	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed; 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary; and 3. Whether, for any additions or alterations, the existing ground floor height meets the standard.
ISPP		NCZ-S3	Minimum ground floor height	
	1.		n ground floor height to <u>the</u> <u>a</u> structural slab or equivalent shall	Assessment Criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which a reduced height: a. Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floor for non- residential activities; b. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.
ISPP		NCZ-S4	Height in relation to boundary	
	1.		y building or structure may project elevant recession plane shown	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; 2. Whether an increase in height in relation to boundary results from a response to natural hazard mitigation; 3. Effects on public spaces; and

		4. The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.
Location	Recession plane	
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a heigh limit of 11m identified on the District Plan Maps	t height of 4m vertically	
Boundary adjoining any site within the MRZ with a heigh limit of 14m identified on the District Plan Maps	t height of 5m vertically	
Boundary adjoining any site within the HRZ	60° measured from a height of 8m vertically above ground level	
Boundary adjoining any site within an Open Space and Recreation Zone	60° measured from a height of 5m vertically above ground level	
to a building provided height in relation to be 500mm; and d. Satellite dishes, anter flues, architectural or finials, spires) provide exceed 1m in diameter	ing components attached these do not exceed the oundary by more than nas, aerials, chimneys, decorative features (e.g.	
	ah control	
 Verandahs must be particular to the second se		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:
above the footpa surface;	y existing ah; n clearance of 2.5m directly ath or formed ground aximum height of 4m	 The extent to which any non- compliance: Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians; Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the development; and The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified

ISPP

	 the verandah fascia and the footpath or formed ground surface directly below; e. Be setback a minimum of 450mm from any point along the kerbing extending back to the site boundary; and f. Not exceed a maximum width of 3m from the front of the building. This standard does not apply to: a. Any scheduled building identified in SCHED1-Heritage buildings. However, if for any reason these buildings received Council approval (resource consent or other approval) to be demolished, then a verandah would be required for any replacement buildings on these sites; and b. Any building where compliance with the standard results in an encroachment into the dripline of an existing street tree; and c. Service stations. 		street, informal access route or public space.
ISPP	NCZ-S6	Active frontage and non-residentia	al activity frontage controls
	 Any new building or addition to an existing building <u>facing</u> on an identified street with an active frontage must: a. Be built up to the street edge at ground floor level along at least 90% of the full width of the site that borders the street(s); on all street boundaries with an identified active frontage control and along the full width of the site bordering any street boundary, excluding vehicle and pedestrian access; b. Provide a minimum of 60% of continuous display windows or transparent glazing along the width of the ground floor building frontage; and c. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary; <u>This standard does not apply to:</u> a. Any vehicle and pedestrian access to a site situated on a street subject to an active frontage or non-residential activity control; b. Service stations. Except that this does not apply to service stations. 2. Any ground level addition to, or alteration of, a building or structure facing a public space must not result in a featureless façade that:		Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional or operational needs; b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings <u>or otherwise</u> <u>enhances the streetscape</u> ; and c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.

	4. Any new build building on a frontage cont a. Be built boundar site bord b. Locate t front bo		
ISPP	NCZ-S7	Minimum residential unit size	
		nits, including dual key units, must wing minimum sizes:	 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. The extent to which: a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.
	Residential unit type	Minimum net floor area	
	a. Studio unit	35m ²	
	b. 1 bedroom unit	40m ²	
	c. 2+ bedroom unit	55m ²	
ISPP	NCZ-S8	Residential – outdoor living space)
	 Each residential unit, including any dual key unit, must be provided with either an private outdoor living space or access to a communal outdoor living space; Where private outdoor living space is provided it must be: that is: a. For the exclusive use of residents; b. Directly accessible from a habitable room; c. A single contiguous space; and d. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; Where communal outdoor living space is provided it does not need to be in a single continuous space but it must be: a. Accessible from the residential units it serves; b. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; and 		 Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: The extent to which: Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for; Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimension of the outdoor living space; and The availability of public space in proximity to the site.

ISPP

