Council decisions on this chapter were made using both the Part One Schedule 1 process (P1 Sch1) and the Intensification Streamlined Planning Process (ISPP). Please see notations for the status of provisions.

He Rohe Pokapū Paekiritata

Neighbourhood Centre Zone

NCZ

Neighbourhood Centre Zone

P1 Sch1

Introduction

Have regard

The purpose of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone is to provide for predominantly for small-scale commercial activities and community activities that service the needs of the immediate residential neighbourhood and support the role and function of other Centre Zones in the hierarchy of centres.

The Neighbourhood Centre Zone includes a range of small commercial centres across Wellington that provide a neighbourhood function in the City's hierarchy of centres. The Neighbourhood Centre Zone is the lowest in the hierarchy due to its make-up of small spot zones for very small commercial clusters. Neighbourhood centres service the surrounding residential neighbourhood and offer small-scale convenience-based retail for day-to-day needs. These Centres tend to have easy pedestrian access for locals and have some community services and small-scale offices.

High quality building design is a focus for the Neighbourhood Centres Zone. The transition to more intensive use in some neighbourhood centres will result in changes to existing amenity values in the centres and their surrounds. Consequently, redevelopment will be supported by a range of measures to promote good design and environmental outcomes, and address amenity issues. Accordingly, most building activities will require a resource consent and an assessment against the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide. To enable intensification around existing neighbourhood centres, some of these will have increased building heights.

There is an identified need for residential intensification within and around neighbourhood centres. Accordingly, residential activity is permitted above ground floor within these centres. To support a mix of activities within the zone, activities that have off-site effects, such as industrial activities and different retail formats, will need to be managed. There is however a desire for larger scale retail to locate in centres, where these are of an appropriate form and scale, rather than at out-of-centre locations, to support the vitality of centres.

Development of larger sites in the Ngaio neighbourhood centre is required to be integrated and coordinated to act as a catalyst for positive change and demonstrate density done well.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

There may be a number of provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

Objectives

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ISPP		
Operative	NCZ-O1	Purpose
Орегаціче		The Neighbourhood Centre Zone meets the needs of communities, businesses and residents in the immediate residential neighbourhood in a manner that supports the City's compact urban growth objectives and its role and function in the City's hierarchy of centres.
ISPP Operative	NCZ-O2	Accommodating growth
		The Neighbourhood Centre Zone has sufficient serviced, resilient development capacity and additional infrastructure to meet residential and commercial growth needs.
ISPP Operative	NCZ-O3	Amenity and design
o por unito		Medium to high density, mixed-use development is achieved that contributes to creating a good quality, well-functioning urban environment that reflects the changing urban form and amenity values of the Neighbourhood Centres and their surrounding residential areas.
P1 Sch1	NCZ-O4	Activities
		Activities will be of an appropriate scale and type to enhance the vibrancy of Neighbourhood Centres, support walkable neighbourhoods and support their neighbourhood purpose.
Pol	icies	
ISPP Operative	NCZ-P1	Accommodating growth
		Provide for the use and development of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone to meet the City's needs for housing, business activities and community facilities, including:
		 A variety of building types, sizes, tenures, affordability and distribution of a scale and intensity that does not undermine the vibrancy of the Local Centre Zone and Metropolitan Centre Zone and primacy of the City Centre Zone; A mix of medium to high density housing; Convenient access to active, public transport and rapid transit options; Efficient, well integrated and strategic use of available development sites; and

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		5. Convenient access to a range of open spaces.	
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P2	Enabled activities	
Have regard		Enable a range of activities that contribute positively to the purpose of the Zone and meet the convenience needs of the immediate neighbourhood and passers-by including:	
		 Commercial activities; Residential activities; Community facilities; Educational facilities; Arts, culture and entertainment activities; Emergency service facilities; Community corrections activities; Visitor accommodation; Recreation activities; Public transport activities; and Industrial activities. 	
P1 Sch1 Have regard	NCZ-P3	Managed activities	
		Manage the location and scale of commercial activities which could result in cumulative adverse effects on the vibrancy of centres, the retention and establishment of a mix of activities within the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, and the function of the transport network.	
P1 Sch1 Have regard	NCZ-P4	Potentially incompatible activities	
		Only allow activities that are potentially incompatible with the role and function of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone, where they will not have an adverse effect on the vibrancy and amenity of the centre:	
		 Carparking visible at street edge along an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; Demolition of buildings that results in the creation of vacant land; Ground floor residential activities on street edges identified as having an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; and Yard-based retail activities. 	
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P5	Heavy industrial activities	
Have regard		Avoid heavy industrial activities from locating in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone.	

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ISPP	NCZ-P6	Housing choice
Operative		Enable medium to high density residential development that:
		Contributes towards accommodating anticipated growth in the City; and Contributes to a range of housing price, type, size and tenure that is accessible to people of all ages, lifestyles, cultures, impairments and abilities.
ISPP	NCZ-P7	Quality development outcomes
Operative	1102-17	Quality development outcomes
		Require new development, and alterations and additions to existing development at a site scale, to positively contribute to the sense of place, quality and amenity of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone by:
		Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide.
		 Recognising the benefits of well-designed, comprehensive development, including the extent to which the development: Reflects the nature and scale of the development enabled within the zone and responds to the evolving, more intensive identity of the neighbourhood;
		b. Optimises the development capacity of land. c. Provides for the increased levels of residential accommodation enabled in this zone; and d. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and
		d. Provides for a range of supporting business, open space and community facilities;
		 e. Is accessible for emergency service vehicles. 3. Ensuring that the development, where relevant: a. Responds to the site context, particularly where it is located adjacent to:
		i. A scheduled site of significance to tangata whenua or other Māori; or ii. Heritage buildings, heritage structures and heritage areas; or
		iii. An identified character precinct; or
		iv. Residential zoned areas; orv. Open space and recreation zoned areas;
		b. Provides a safe and comfortable pedestrian environment;c. Enhances the quality of the streetscape and public / private interface;
		d. Integrates with existing and planned active and public transport movement networks, including planned rapid transit stops; and e. Allows sufficient flexibility for ground floor space to be converted for
		a range of activities, including residential.
		Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development, including the extent to which the development: Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development, including the extent to which the development: Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development; Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development; Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development, including the extent to which the development: Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development, including the extent to which the development: Recognising the benefits of well-designed accessible, resilient and sustainable development.

a. Enables universal accessibility within buildings, ease of access for

people of all ages and mobility/disability; and

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		b. Incorporates a level of building performance that leads to reduced carbon emissions and increased climate change and earthquake resilience; and c. Incorporates construction materials that increase the lifespan and resilience of the development and reduce ongoing maintenance costs.	
ISPP Operative	NCZ-P8	On-site residential amenity	
		Achieve a good standard of amenity for residential activities in the Neighbourhood Centre Zone by:	
		Providing residents with access to adequate outlook; Ensuring convenient access to private and/or communal areas of outdoor space;	
		Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide; and	
		Providing residents with adequate internal living space.	
ISPP Operative	NCZ-P9	Managing adverse effects	
		Recognise the evolving, higher density development context enabled in the Neighbourhood Centres Zone, while managing any associated adverse effects including:	
		Shading, privacy, bulk and dominance effects on adjacent sites; and The impact of construction on the transport network and pedestrian linkages.	
P1 Sch1	NCZ-P10	Retirement villages	
Have regard		Provide for retirement villages where it can be demonstrated that the development:	
		 Fulfilling the intent of the Centres and Mixed Use Design Guide; Includes outdoor space that is sufficient to cater for the needs of the residents of the village; Provides an adequate and appropriately located area on site for the management, storage and collection of all waste, recycling and organic waste potentially generated by the development; Is able to be adequately serviced by three waters infrastructure or can address any constraints on the site; and Is of an intensity, scale and design that is consistent with the amenity values anticipated for the Zone. 	

Rules: Land use activities

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		1	_ _
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R1	Commercial activities	
Operative			
	Activity status: Permitted		
	Where:		
	a. The	activity is not an Integrated Retail Activity (refer to Rule NCZ-R11).	7
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R2	Community facilities	
Operative			
	1. Activity st	atus: Permitted	
	T. Floating of		7
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R3	Educational facilities	
Operative			_
	1. Activity st	atus: Permitted	
D4 0-1-4			1
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R4	Arts, culture and entertainment activities	
Operative	1		
	Activity st	atus: Permitted	_
P1 Sch1	NOZ DE	Function of a distance	
	NCZ-R5	Emergency service facilities	
Operative			
	Activity status: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R6	Community corrections activities	
Operative			
	Activity status: Permitted		
	,		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R7	Visitor accommodation	
Operative			_
	1. Activity st	atus: Permitted	
P1 Sch1			
PTSCIII	NCZ-R8	Recreation activities	
Operative	Operative		
	Activity status: Permitted		
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R9	Public transport activities	
Operative	NCZ-R3	Public transport activities	_
1. Activity status: Permitted			
	i. Activity St	atus. Fermittea	
P1 Sch1	NCZ-R10	Residential activities	

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Operative

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The activity is located:
 - i. Above ground floor level;
 - ii. At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as an active frontage;
 or
 - iii. At ground floor level along any street edge not identified as a non-residential activity frontage; or
 - iv. At ground level along any street not identified as requiring verandah coverage.
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R10.1.a cannot be achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P4, NCZ-P6 and NCZ-P7;
- 2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with NCZ-S4 and NCZ-S5
- 3. Whether residential activities exceed 50% of the street frontage at ground floor;
- 4. The extent to which an acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street or area of public space;
- 5. The extent to which the building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings;
- 6. The effect on the visual quality of the streetscape and the extent to which the activity contributes to or detracts from the surrounding public space;
- 7. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space; and
- 8. The extent to which non-compliance with verandah coverage will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R10.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

P1 Sch1

Operative

NCZ-R11 Integrated retail activity

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The total gross floor area does not exceed 10,000m².
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R11.1.a is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P1, NCZ-P2, NCZ-P3, and NCZ-P4;
- 2. The cumulative effect of the development on:
 - a. The vitality of the City Centre Zone;

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- b. The safety and efficiency of the transport network, including providing for a range of transport modes;
- c. The hierarchy of roads, travel demand or vehicle use; and
- 3. The compatibility with other activities provided for in the zone.

Council will not apply a permitted baseline assessment when considering the effects of integrated retail activities that cannot comply with NCZ-R11.1.a.

P1 Sch1

Operative

NCZ-R12 Industrial activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The activity is not a heavy industrial activity.
- 2. Activity Status: Non-complying

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R12.1 is not achieved

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R12.2.a must be publicly notified.

P1 Sch1

Operative

NCZ-R13 Carparking activities

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The activity involves:
 - Provision of carparks not visible at street edge along an active frontage or nonresidential activity frontage; or
 - ii. Provision of carparks above ground floor level; or
 - iii. Provision of carparks below ground floor level; or
 - iv. Provision of parking spaces for people with disabilities; or
 - v. Provision of ground floor level carparks that form part of a building specifically constructed and used for carparking purposes; or
 - vi. Provision of carparks on a road.
- 2. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R13.1.a is not achieved.

P1 Sch1

NCZ-R14 Yard-based retailing activities

Legal effect

1. Activity status: Discretionary

Notification Status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R14 must be publicly notified, except where:

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	The activity relates to the maintenance, operation and upgrading of an existing activity.		
P1 Sch1		NCZ-R15	Retirement Villages
Operative	rative		
	Activity status: Discretionary		
P1 Sch1		NCZ-R16	All other activities

Operative

1. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. The activity is not otherwise provided for as a permitted activity, restricted discretionary activity, or a non-complying activity.

Rules: Building and structures activities

ISPP

Operative

NCZ-R17 Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

ISPP

NCZ-R18

Demolition or removal of buildings and structures

Operative

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The demolition or removal of a building:
 - i. Is required to avoid an imminent threat to life and/or property; or
 - ii. Enables the creation of public space or private outdoor living space associated with the use of a building; or
 - iii. Is required for the purposes of constructing a new building or structure, or adding to or altering an existing building or structure, that is a permitted activity under NCZ-R19, or that has an approved resource consent, or resource consent is being sought concurrently; or
- b. The building or structure for demolition or removal is not on a site that has an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
- c. The demolition or removal involves a structure, excluding any building.
- 2. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NCZ-R18.1 is not achieved.

The assessment of the activity must have regard to:

- 1. How the land will be utilised whilst it is vacant; and
- 2. Creating a positive visual relationship between the site and streetscape whilst the site is vacant.

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Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R18.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

ISPP

Operative

NCZ-R19 Construction of, or additions and alterations to, buildings and structures

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The alterations or additions to a building or structure:
 - i. Do not alter its external appearance; or
 - ii. Involve the placement of solar panels on rooftops; or
 - iii. Involve maintenance, repair or painting; or
 - iv. Involve re-cladding with like for like materials and colours; or
 - v. Relate to a building frontage that is;
 - below verandah level, including entranceways and glazing; and
 - compliant with NCZ-S4: or
 - vi. Are not visible from public spaces; and
- b. The alterations or additions:
 - i. Do not result in the creation of new residential units; and
 - ii. Comply with effects standards NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4, and NCZ-S5; and
- c. The construction of any building or structure:
 - i. Is not located on a site with an active frontage or non-residential activity frontage; or
 - ii. Is not visible from a public space; and
 - iii. Will have a gross floor area of less than 100m²; and
 - iv. Will result in a total coverage (together with other buildings) of no more than 20 percent of the site; and
 - v. Will comply with effects standards NCZ-S1, NCZ-S2, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4, and NCZ-S5: and
 - vi. Does not involve the construction of a new building for residential activities.

2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NCZ-R19.1, excluding NCZ-S1 is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P6, NCZ-P7, NCZ-P8, NCZ-P9 and NCZ-P10;
- 2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standard;
- 3. The extent and effect of any identifiable site constraints;
- 4. Construction impacts on the transport network; and
- 5. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status:

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R19.2.a that complies with all standards is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R19.2.a that complies with both NCZ-S2, NCZ-S6, NCZ-S7, NCZ-S8, NCZ-S9 and NCZ-S10 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

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An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R19.2.a that results from non-compliance with NCZ-S1, NCZ-S3, NCZ-S4 and NCZ-S5 is precluded from being publicly notified.

3. Activity status: Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-S1 is not achieved.

P1 Sch1

Operative

NCZ-R20

Conversion of buildings, or parts of buildings, for residential activities

1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P1, NCZ-P3, NCZ-P6, NCZ-P8 and NCZ-P10;
- 2. The extent of compliance with standards NCZ-S6, NCZ-S7 and NCZ-S8 and satisfaction of associated assessment criteria; and
- 3. The availability and connection to existing or planned three waters infrastructure.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R20.1 is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

P1 Sch1

Operative

NCZ-R21 Outo

Outdoor storage areas

1. Activity status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The storage area is screened by either a fence or landscaping of 1.8m in height from any adjoining road or site; and
- b. Screening does not obscure emergency or safety signage or obstruct access to emergency panels, hydrants, shut-off valves, or other emergency response facilities.
- 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

a. Compliance with the requirements of NCZ-R21.1 is not achieved.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The matters in NCZ-P7:
- The extent to which any lesser screening is necessary to provide for functional or operational requirements of the activities on the site, or for people's health and safety; and
- 3. The extent to which outdoor storage is visible to surrounding areas, including any associated effects on amenity values where visible from Residential Zones or Open Space and Recreation Zones.

Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule NCZ-R21.2.a is precluded from being either publicly or limited notified.

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Sta	ndards	
	NCZ-S1	Maximum Height

Operative

ISPP

The following maximum height lim must be complied with:	nits above ground level
Location	Height
Height control area 1	12 metres
All Neighbourhood centres, except as stated below in Height Control Areas 2 and 3	
Height control area 2	14 metres
Mersey Street, Island Bay	
Height control area 3	22 metres
Aro Valley Centre (excluding Heritage Area) Baroda Street (Khandallah) Berhampore Centre Crofton Road (Ngaio) Linden Ngaio Centre Owen Street West (Newtown) Oxford Street Tawa Centre Part of 1 Upland Road (Kelburn)	

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. Streetscape and visual amenity effects;
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; and
- 3. The extent to which taller buildings would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.

2. Fences and standalone walls must not exceed a maximum height of 1.8 metres (measured above ground level).

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Accessory buildings;
- b. Fences or standalone walls;
- Solar panel and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height by more than 500mm;
- d. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height by more than 1m; and
- e. Lift overruns provided these do not exceed the height by more than 4m.

ISPP

NCZ-S2 Minimum ground floor height

Operative

ssessment Criteria where the standard infringed:

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 The extent to 	which a reduced
height:	

- a. Will compromise or preclude future use or adaptation of the ground floor for nonresidential activities;
- b. Is necessary to provide for the functional needs or operational needs of a proposed activity; and
- Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impracticable or unnecessary.

ISPP

Operative

NCZ-S3 Height in relation to boundary

 No part of any building or structure may project beyond the relevant recession plane shown below:

Location Recession plane Boundary adjoining any 60° measured from a site within the MRZ with a height of 4m vertically height limit of 11m above ground level identified on the District Plan Maps Boundary adjoining any 60° measured from a site within the MRZ with a height of 5m vertically height limit of 14m above ground level identified on the District Plan Maps Boundary adjoining any 60° measured from a site within the HRZ height of 8m vertically above ground level Boundary adjoining any 60° measured from a site within an Open Space height of 5m vertically and Recreation Zone above ground level

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites;
- Whether an increase in height in relation to boundary results from a response to natural hazard mitigation;
- 3. Effects on public spaces; and
- The extent to which an increase in height in relation to boundary would contribute to a substantial increase in residential accommodation.

These standards do not apply to:

- a. A boundary with a road;
- b. Internal boundaries;
- Solar power and heating components attached to a building provided these do not exceed the height in relation to boundary by more than 500mm; and
- d. Satellite dishes, antennas, aerials, chimneys, flues, architectural or decorative features (e.g. finials, spires) provided that none of these exceed 1m in diameter and do not exceed the height in relation to boundary by more than 3m measured vertically.

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ISPP

Operative

NCZ-S4 Verandah control

- Verandahs must be provided on building elevations on identified street frontages;
- 2. Any verandah must:
 - a. Extend the full width of the building elevation;
 - b. Connect with any existing adjoining verandah;
 - c. Have a minimum clearance of 2.5m directly above the footpath or formed ground surface:
 - d. Not exceed a maximum height of 4m measured between the base of the verandah fascia and the footpath or formed ground surface directly below;
 - e. Be setback a minimum of 450mm from any point along the kerbing extending back to the site boundary; and
 - f. Not exceed a maximum width of 3m from the front of the building.

This standard does not apply to:

- a. Any scheduled building identified in SCHED1-Heritage buildings. However, if for any reason these buildings received Council approval (resource consent or other approval) to be demolished, then a verandah would be required for any replacement buildings on these sites; and
- b. Any building where compliance with the standard results in an encroachment into the dripline of an existing street tree.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which any non-compliance:
 - a. Will adversely affect the comfort and convenience of pedestrians;
 - Will result in further street trees being added to public space as part the development; and
- 2. The continuity of verandah coverage along the identified street, informal access route or public space.

ISPP

Operative

NCZ-S5

Active frontage and non-residential activity frontage controls

- Any new building or addition to an existing building on an identified street with an active frontage must:
 - a. Be built up to the street edge at ground floor level along at least 90% of the full width of the site that borders the street(s);
 - b. Provide a minimum of 60% of continuous display windows or transparent glazing along the width of the ground floor building frontage; and
 - c. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary;

This standard does not apply to:

- Any vehicle and pedestrian access to a site situated on a street subject to an active frontage or non-residential activity control;
- b. Service stations.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. Any non-compliance is required for on-site functional or operational needs;
 - b. The building frontage is designed and located to create a strong visual alignment with adjoining buildings or otherwise enhances the streetscape; and
 - c. An acceptable level of passive surveillance is maintained between the interior of the building and the street.

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- 2. Any ground level addition to, or alteration of, a building or structure facing a public space must not result in a featureless façade that:
 - a. Is more than 3 metres wide; and
 - b. Extends from a height of 1m above ground level to a maximum height of 2.5m;
- Any roller shutter doors, security grilles, screens or similar structures fitted to the facade of any building must be at least 50% visually transparent; and
- 4. Any new building or addition to an existing building on a site with a non-residential activity frontage control must:
 - a. Be built up to the street edge on all street boundaries and along the full width of the site bordering any street boundary; and
 - b. Locate the principal public entrance on the front boundary.

ISPP

Operative

NCZ-S6 Minimum residential unit size

1. Residential units, including dual key units, must meet the following minimum sizes:

Residential unit type a. Studio unit b. 1 bedroom unit c. 2+ bedroom unit Minimum net floor area 40m² 55m²

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in unit sizes.

ISPP

Operative

NCZ-S7 Residential — outdoor living space

- 1. Each residential unit, including any dual key unit, must be provided with either an private outdoor living space or access to a communal outdoor living space;
- 2. Where private outdoor living space is provided it must be:
 - a. For the exclusive use of residents;
 - b. Directly accessible from a habitable room;
 - c. A single contiguous space; and
 - d. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below;
- 3. Where communal outdoor living space is provided it does not need to be in a single continuous space but it must be:
 - a. Accessible from the residential units it serves;
 - b. Of the minimum area and dimension specified in the table below; and

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

The extent to which:

- Any proposed outdoor living space provides a good standard of amenity relative to the number of occupants the space is designed for;
- Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in the size or dimension of the

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c. Free of buildings, manoeuvring area		d servicing and	outo spa
Living space type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	3. The spa site
a. Private			
i. Studio unit and 1-bedroom unit	5m ²	1.8m	
ii. 2+ bedroom unit	8m ²	1.8m	
b. Communal			
i. For every 4 - 15 units	64m ²	8m	
ii. For each additional unit above 15 units	2m ²	-	
Communal outdoor living spa number of units without exclu			

outdoor living space; and

3. The availability of public space in proximity to the site.

space.

NCZ-S8 Minimum outlook space for multi-unit housing

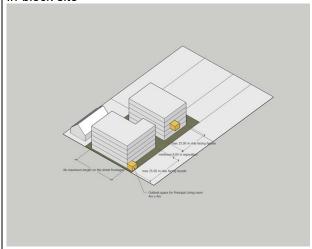
Operative

ISPP

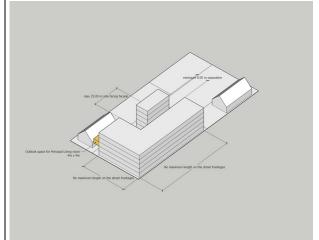
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- 1. Every residential unit must be designed to achieve a minimum of 1m by 1m outlook space for all habitable rooms.
- 2. All principal living rooms must have an outlook space of a minimum dimension of 4m in depth and 4m in width as shown in the diagrams below.

In-block site



Corner site



Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- 1. The extent to which:
 - a. The design of the proposed unit provides a good standard of amenity; and
 - b. Other on-site factors compensate for a reduction in outlook space.

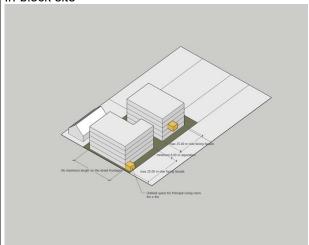
ISPP

Operative

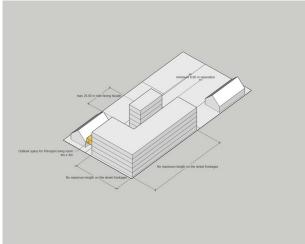
NCZ-S9 Minimum building separation distance for residential activities

Page 17 of 19 Print Date: 19/12/2024 1. Any new building or addition to an existing building used for residential activities must provide an 8m separation distance between buildings located on the same site, as shown in the diagrams below.

In-block site



Corner site



This standard does not apply to Neighbourhood centres other than Aro Valley, Berhampore and Ngaio Centres.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- The extent to which a reduced setback will increase dominance and shadowing related effects on residential units within the development site; and
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.

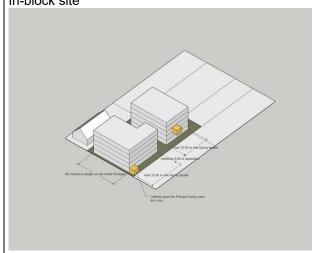
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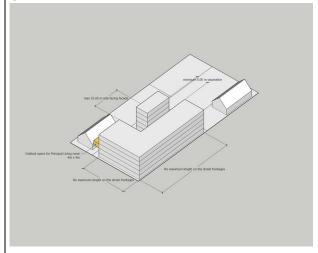
NCZ-S10 Maximum building depth for residential activities

Page 18 of 19 Print Date: 19/12/2024 Any new building, part of a new building, or additions to an existing building, constructed for residential activities on any site aside from a rear site, must not result in the continuous length of any external side façade, facing a neighbouring site, being greater than 25m, as shown in the diagrams below.

In-block site



Corner site



This standard does not apply to Neighbourhood centres other than Aro Valley, Berhampore and Ngaio Centres.

Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:

- The extent to which the design mitigates the effect of a long featureless building elevation; and
- 2. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites.

Methods

P1 Sch1

NCZ-M1	Urban Design Panel
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Have regard

Subject to obtaining relevant approvals and supporting funding, Council will seek to establish and facilitate an independent Urban Design Panel to inform the urban design assessments of relevant policies and matters of discretion that apply to significant resource consent applications as required.

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