In the Environment Court	
at Wellington	
I Mua I te Kōti Taiao	
Te Whanganui-a-Tara Rohe	

EN	V-
----	----

Under	the Resource Management Act 1991 (Act)	
In the Matter	of an appeal under Clause 14(1), Schedule 1 of the Act	
Between	Wellington International Airport Limited	
	Appellant	
And	Wellington City Council	
	Respondent	

Notice of Appeal (Hearing Streams 1 - 5) by Wellington International Airport Ltd on a decision on the Proposed District Plan

Dated: 20 May 2024

Amanda Dewar Barrister PO Box 7 Christchurch 8140 Email: amanda@amandadewar.com Phone: 021 2429175 To: The Registrar Environment Court Wellington

Notice of Appeal

- Wellington International Airport Limited (WIAL) appeals against parts of the decisions on Hearing Streams 1 - 5 (HS 1-5) of the Wellington City Council (Respondent) on the Proposed District Plan (Proposed Plan or PDP).
- 2. WIAL made a submission and further submissions on the Proposed Plan.
- WIAL is not a trade competitor for the purposes of section 308D of the Resource Management Act 1991 (Act).
- WIAL received notice of the Respondent's decisions in relation to Hearing Streams 1 – 5 on 5 April 2024 (Decisions).
- 5. The parts of the Decisions that WIAL is appealing is:
 - See attached Annexure A (1st Column) for the parts of the HS 1 5
 Decisions WIAL is appealing (Appealed Decisions).

Note: the provisions referred to are those as shown in the Decisions version of the Proposed Plan notified on 5 April and not the online version unless otherwise specified.

Reasons for the Appeal

Background

- 6. Wellington International Airport Limited is the owner and operator of the Wellington International Airport (**Wellington Airport or the Airport**).
- 7. Wellington International Airport is an important existing strategic asset to Wellington City and surrounding regions. It provides an important national and international transport link for the local, regional and international community and has a major influence on the regional economy. The Airport is a fundamental part of the social and economic wellbeing of the community.
- 8. Wellington Airport is one of the busiest airports in New Zealand, operating a mixture of scheduled domestic and international flights, corporate jets, general

aviation and helicopters. It is a gateway for millions of residents, visitors and business travellers every year, connecting the capital city to all parts of New Zealand, Australia, the Pacific and onwards, to the rest of the world. The Airport is also a generator of economic growth, providing significant direct business and employment opportunities within the Airport area as well as indirect economic benefits provided to the city and the wider Wellington region.

- 9. The Airport has been experiencing significant growth in the use of its facilities and infrastructure over recent years and is now operating near pre-COVID levels. This growth is predicted to continue reaching around 12 million passengers per annum over an approximately 20 year planning horizon.
- 10. The Airport operates on a constrained 110ha site in the residential suburb of Rongotai, within 8 kilometres of the centre of Wellington City. The Airport is bounded by Lyall Bay to the west and south and Evans Bay to the north of the runway. The Airport and its operations are directly affected by many of the Proposed Plan provisions.
- 11. Through this appeal WIAL wishes to ensure that the Proposed Plan appropriately recognises and provides for the Airport and its operations including in particular aircraft noise and is appropriately protected from reverse sensitivity effects.

Specific Reasons

12. See **attached Annexure A** (2nd Column) that sets out the specific reasons for the appeal.

General Reasons

- 13. The general reasons for WIAL's appeal are that the Appealed Decisions fail to appropriately or adequately recognise and provide for the Airport and its surrounds, including in respect of the matters described in Annexure A, in that the Appealed Decisions:
 - (a) do not sufficiently recognise or provide for the ongoing operation or development of Wellington Airport identified as a Regionally Significant Infrastructure in the DPD and higher order statutory planning documents;

- (b) impose undue constraints on the legitimate and necessary activities of the Airport;
- (c) do not adequately recognise the locational, functional and operational requirements of the Airport;
- (d) fail to achieve the functions of the Respondent under section 30 of the Act in respect of the integrated management of the effects of the use and development of land and physical resources;
- (e) fail to meet the requirements of section 32;
- (f) fail to meet the relevant higher order statutory documents in particular the NZCPS and the RPS;
- (g) fail to promote sustainable management of resources and will not achieve the purpose of the Act.

Relief Sought

Specific Relief

14. WIAL seeks the relief as set out in the 3rd Column of the attached Annexure A.

Note: the provisions referred to are generally those as shown in the Decisions version of the Proposed Plan.

15. Subject to the general relief set out in paragraphs 16 and 17 below:

General Relief

- 16. That the Proposed Plan be amended in a similar or such other way as may be appropriate to:
 - (a) address the matters raised in this Appeal;
 - (b) any other similar, consequential, alternative, or other relief as is necessary to address the issues raised in this Appeal or otherwise raised in WIAL's submission and further submissions.

Attached Documents

- 17. The following documents are **attached** to this notice:
 - (a) Table of Appealed Provisions/ Matters, Specific Reasons for Appeal and Relief Sought (Annexure A);
 - (b) a copy of WIAL's submission (**Annexure B**);
 - (c) a copy of WIAL's further submissions (**Annexure C**);
 - (d) a list of the names and addresses of the persons to be served with a copy of this notice of appeal (Annexure D).

Dated this 20th day of May 2024

ABerra/

Amanda Dewar Counsel for Wellington International Airport Ltd

Address for Service for the Appellant:

Amanda Dewar Barrister PO Box 7 Christchurch 8140

Email: <u>amanda@amandadewar.com</u> Phone:021 242 9175

Advice to Recipients of Copy of Notice of Appeal

How to become a Party to Proceedings

You may be a party to the appeal if you made a submission or further submission on the matter of this appeal.

To become a party to the appeal, you must -

- (a) within 15 working days after the period for lodging a notice of appeal ends, lodge a notice of your wish to be a party to the proceedings (in form 33) with the Environment Court and serve copies of your notice on the relevant local authority and the appellant; and
- (b) within 20 working days after the period for lodging a notice of appeal ends, serve copies of your notice on all other parties.

Your right to be a party to the proceedings in the Court may be limited by the trade competition provisions in section 274(1)and Part 11A of the Resource Management Act 1991.

You may apply to the Environment Court under section 281 of the Resource Management Act 1991 for a waiver of the above timing or service requirements (see form 38).

Advice

If you have any questions about this notice, contact the Environment Court in Auckland, Wellington, or Christchurch

APPENDIX A		
PROVISION/ MATTER BEING APPEALED ¹	SPECIFIC REASONS FOR APPEAL ²	RELIEF SOUGHT ³
 Definition of 'Air Noise Overlay' as follows: "means an area defined by planning maps to show land subject to development restrictions due to potential noise effects from Wellington International Airport. The Air Noise Overlay comprises: a. Inner Air Noise Overlay – being properties lying between the Airport and a modelled 65 dBA contour, fitted to property boundaries. b. Outer Air Noise Overlay – being properties lying between the 65 dBA contour, fitted to properties lying between the 65 dBA contour, fitted to property boundaries. c. Air Noise Boundary – being a line shown on district plan maps used for controlling the emission of noise from aircraft operations at Wellington International Airport measured using rolling 90 day average 24 hour night weighted sound exposure in accordance with NZS 6805: 1992 Airport noise management and land use planning. The location of the Air Noise Boundary is based on the modelled Ldn 65 dBA contour and therefore corresponds to the outer extent of the Inner Air Noise Overlay. 	The Decisions definition does not refer to the Ldn noise metric which is required to ensure the correct noise metric is used in the context of the definition and the related District Plan provisions. As amended it is inconsistent with the National Planning Standards. The Decisions definition includes clauses a. and b. that refer to the Inner Air Noise Overlay and Outer Air Noise Overlay. There is potential for confusion by having additional overlays within an overall overlay.	 Amend the definition as follows: 'Air Noise Overlays' "means an the area defined by planning maps to show land subject to development restrictions due to potential noise effects from Wellington International Airport. The Air Noise Overlays comprises: a. Inner Air Noise Overlay – being properties lying between the Airport and a modelled 65 dBA Ldn contour, fitted to property boundaries. b. Outer Air Noise Overlay – being properties lying between the 65 dBA Ldn contour, fitted to properties lying between the 65 dBA Ldn contour and a modelled 60 dBA Ldn contour, fitted to property boundaries. Note: The Air Noise Overlays is applied apply to all parts of a property, regardless of whether the modelled contour affects less than the entire property."

¹ Decisions Version of the WCC PDP

² In addition to general reasons

³ Subject to general relief and without limiting the scope of relief sought in WIAL's original submission and further submissions

 Note: The Air Noise Overlay is applied to all parts of a property, regardless of whether the modelled contour affects less than the entire property." Strategic Objective SCA-O1 "Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded The social, economic, cultural and environmental benefits of infrastructure are recognised by enabling its establishment, operation, maintenance and upgrading in Wellington City so that: 1. The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised; 2. 1. The City is able to function safely, efficiently and effectively; 3. 2The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term; 4. 3Infrastructure, including renewable electricity generation facilities contributes 	 WIAL supported the objective as publicly notified on the grounds that it is appropriate for the strategic objectives to recognise the significance and importance of regionally significant infrastructure. The Decisions SCA-O1 reduces that recognition and new clause 3 does not recognise that some infrastructure may not be able to contribute to the transition away from dependence on fossil fuels at all times 	 Retain the publicly notified version of SCA-O1 as follows: Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that: 1. The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised; 2. The City is able to function safely, efficiently and effectively; 3. The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term; and 4. Future growth and development is enabled and can be sufficiently serviced.
 <u>electricity generation facilities, contributes</u> <u>to the transition away from dependence</u> <u>on fossil fuels; and</u> <u>4.</u> Future growth and development is <u>enabled supported</u> and can be sufficiently serviced." 		
Strategic Objective SCA-O4 " <u>New Rr</u> egionally significant infrastructure is provided for in appropriate locations and the social, cultural, economic, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised and provided for."	 WIAL supported the objective as publicly notified on the grounds that it is appropriate for the strategic objectives to recognise the significance and importance of regionally significant infrastructure. The Decisions SCA-O4 reduces that recognition by not recognise existing Regionally significant infrastructure. 	Retain the publicly notified version of SCA-O4 as follows: <i>Regionally significant infrastructure is provided for in appropriate locations and the social, cultural economic, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised and provided for.</i>

Strategic Objective SCA-O6 "Infrastructure operates efficiently and safely and is protected from incompatible development and activities that may create reverse sensitivity effects that would compromise its efficient and safe operation."	 WIAL supported the objective as publicly notified on the grounds that it is appropriate for the strategic objectives to recognise the significance and importance of regionally significant infrastructure. The Decisions SCA-O6 reduces that recognition by combining "incompatible development" with the concept of reverse sensitivity effects. 	Retain the publicly notified version of SCA-O6 as follows: Infrastructure operates efficiently and safely and is protected from incompatible development and activities that may create reverse sensitivity effects
SUB-P10 Subdivision within the Inner Air Noise Overlay Provide for subdivision within the Inner Air Noise Overlay where the potential future permitted density of noise sensitive activities will avoid adverse reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington International Airport."	 WIAL sought a new subdivision policy seeking to avoid subdivision within the Inner Air Noise Overlay and Outer Air Noise Overlay to address the potential for reverse sensitivity effects on the operations of Wellington International Airport. The Decisions SUB-P10 does not recognise the Outer Air Noise Overlay and does not sufficiently recognise the potential for reverse sensitivity effects in the Inner Air Noise Overlay by providing for subdivision as opposed to avoiding subdivision in these areas that would give rise to adverse reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington International Airport. 	Delete and Replace SUB-P10 as follows:Avoid subdivision within the Inner Air Noise Overlay or Outer Air Noise Overlay where the potential future permitted density of noise sensitive activities will give rise to adverse reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington International Airport.Or in the alternativeDelete and Replace as follows::Subdivision within the Air Noise OverlaysDiscourage subdivision within the Air Noise Overlays unless the reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington International Airport can be appropriately managed.
EW-P12 Earthworks within coastal margins and riparian margins within the coastal environment <u>inside the Port Zone, Airport</u> <u>Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City</u> <u>Centre Zone</u>	The Decisions EW-P12 is opposed to the extent that it does not recognise or provide for the existing hard engineering structures within the coastal margin located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point. These seawall structures protect regionally significant infrastructure, including	Amend the Policy as follows: <i>EW-P12 Earthworks within coastal margins</i> <i>and riparian margins within the coastal</i> <i>environment inside the Port Zone, Airport</i> <i>Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City</i>

 Provide for earthworks within coastal margins and riparian margins within the coastal environment where located inside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City Centre Zone; and Only allow for earthworks within coastal and riparian margins in the coastal environment located outside of the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or the City Centre Zone where: 1. They are of a scale and for a purpose that is compatible with the natural character of the coastal or riparian margin concerned; 2. They are undertaken in a manner that avoids significant adverse effects and avoids, remedies or mitigates any other adverse effects on the natural character of the coastal environment and the affected margins; 3. There is a functional need or operational need for the earthworks to be undertaken within a coastal or riparian margin; 4. They would not significantly increase the flooding risk, when compared to the existing situation, including by compromising the effectiveness of community scale natural hazard mitigation structures; and 5. They incorporate measures to restore and rehabilitate disturbed areas. 	Wellinton City wastewater network and Wellington International Airport, as well as Moa Point Road, from the effects of coastal erosion.	 Centre Zone and within the Natural Open Space Zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point Provide for earthworks within coastal margins and riparian margins within the coastal environment where located inside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City Centre Zone; and within the Natural Open Space Zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point 1. They are of a scale and for a purpose that is compatible with the natural character of the coastal or riparian margin concerned; 2. They are undertaken in a manner that avoids significant adverse effects and avoids, remedies or mitigates any other adverse effects on the natural character of the coastal environment and the affected margins; 3. There is a functional need or operational need for the earthworks to be undertaken within a coastal or riparian margin; 4. They would not significantly increase the flooding risk, when compared to the existing situation, including by compromising the effectiveness of community scale natural hazard mitigation structures; and 5. They incorporate measures to restore and rehabilitate disturbed areas.
 EW- R8 Earthworks within a significant natural area <u>Activity Status: Non-complying</u> 	 The Decisions EW-R8 new clause 3 is inappropriate and inefficient where: any resource consent application regardless of the level of effects (negative or positive) 	Delete Rule EW-R8 Clause 3

Where: a. The Significant Natural Area includes matters identified in Policy 11(a) of the New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010 where located within the Coastal Environment. Section 88 requirements: Applications for activities within an identified significant natural area must provide, in addition to the standard information requirements, an ecological assessment in accordance with APP15: 1. Identifying the indigenous biodiversity values and potential impacts from the proposal; and 2. Demonstrating that ECO-P5 has first been met, and the effects management hierarchy at ECO-P2 has been applied to other adverse effects.	 would fall to be considered as a non complying activity; and earthworks within Significant Natural Areas are provided for within clauses 1. and 2. of the Rule and for SNAs within the coastal environment through Rules EW-R10 and EW-R11. 	
 EW-R11 Earthworks within coastal or riparian margins within the coastal environment Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone, 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. Compliance is achieved with <u>EW-R6</u> Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone 	The Decisions EW-R11 is opposed to the extent that it does not recognise or provide for the existing hard engineering structures within the coastal environment located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point. These seawall structures protect regionally significant infrastructure, including Wellington City's wastewater network and Wellington International Airport, as well as Moa Point Road, from the effects of coastal erosion. In addition the permitted rule no longer makes sense in that the trigger for permitted activity status to restricted discretionary status is EW- R6	Delete EW-R11 Or in the alternative Amend the rule as follows: EW-R11 Earthworks within coastal or riparian margins within the coastal environment Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone, and within the Natural Open Space Zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point

 Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with any of the requirements of <u>EW-R11.1</u> cannot -be is not achieved. Matters of discretion are: The matters in <u>EW-P12</u> and <u>CE-P5</u>; and The matters in PA-P1, PA-P2 and PA-P3 	 which is now a rule relating to earthworks within the root protection area of notable trees and provided for as a discretionary activity in all zones. It is noted that the online version of the District Plan now refers to EW-P13 which does not reflect the Council's decision and this policy concerns areas outside of the Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone. 	 Activity status: Permitted Where: a. Compliance is achieved with EW-R6 <u>R4</u> Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone <u>and within the Natural Open</u> <u>Space Zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point</u> Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:
Decision to reject WIAL's submission to insert a new noise objective as follows: <u>NOISE-O3: Reverse sensitivity effects on</u> <u>Wellington International Airport</u> <u>Wellington International Airport is protected from</u> <u>reverse sensitivity effects.</u>	The Decisions Noise-O1 and Noise-O2 do not sufficiently protect the Airport's operations from reverse sensitivity effects recognising the particular characteristics of aircraft noise and appropriately manage the effects of Airport noise.	Insert new objective as follows: <u>NOISE-O3: Reverse sensitivity effects on</u> <u>Wellington International Airport</u> <u>Wellington International Airport is protected from</u> <u>reverse sensitivity effects.</u>

NOISE-P3 Higher noise areas	The Decisions Noise-P3 is opposed to the extent	Amend Noise-P3 to expressly refer to the "Airport
Allow for higher noise levels to be generated within:	that it has removed reference to the Airport Zone which provides for land use activities that generate noise as distinct from aircraft noise in	Zone".
 <u>High Noise Areas;</u> <u>Moderate Noise Areas;</u> 	airspace above High Noise Areas and Moderate Noise Areas.	
3. General Rural Zone;		
4. Commercial and Mixed-Use Zones;		
5. Hospital Zone;		
6. Tertiary Education Zone;		
7. Stadium Zone; <u>and</u>		
8. Port Zone <u>.;</u>		
9. Airport Zone and associated airspace;		
10. City Centre Zone;		
11. Mixed Use Zone;		
12. General Industrial Zone; and		
11. State Highway and Railway networks.		
HIGH NOISE AREA		
means land and habitable rooms of buildings located within:		
a. 40m of a State Highway designation;		
b. 40m of a Railway designation;		
<u>c. Courtenay Place Noise Area;</u>		
d. General Industrial Zone;		
<u>e. Inner Air Noise Overlay.</u>		
With respect to railway and state highway designations, distance to the nearest habitable		

	Γ	
room of a building is measured to the closest		
point of the designation.		
MODERATE NOISE AREA		
means land and habitable rooms of buildings located within:		
<u>a. The area between 40m and 100m of a State</u> <u>Highway designation with a posted speed limit or</u> <u>maximum variable speed limit greater than >70</u> <u>km/hour:</u>		
<u>b. The area between 40m and 100m of a Railway</u> designation;		
<u>c. City Centre Zone;</u>		
d. Mixed Use Zone;		
e. Commercial Zone;		
f. Neighbourhood Centre Zone;		
<u>g. Local Centre Zone;</u>		
h. Metropolitan Centre Zone;		
i. Waterfront Zone;		
j. Outer Port Noise Overlay;		
k. Outer Air Noise Overlay.		
With respect to railway and state highway designations, distance to the nearest habitable room of a building is measured to the closest point of the designation.		
Policy NOISE-P4 Acoustic treatment of	The Decisions Noise-P4 is insufficiently clear and	Delete Noise P4
buildings used for noise sensitive activities and provision of alternative ventilation for	ambiguous in its drafting.	Or
noise sensitive activities		Amend as follows:

Require sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation for <u>buildings or rooms housing</u> new noise sensitive activities within <u>High Noise</u> <u>Areas and Moderate Noise Areas, consistent with</u> <u>the anticipated outcomes for each receiving</u>		Policy NOISE-P4 Acoustic <u>and mechanical</u> <u>ventilation</u> treatment of <u>new</u> buildings <u>or</u> <u>alterations to existing buildings used for noise</u> <u>sensitive activities</u> and provision of alternative ventilation
environment.: 1. The City Centre Zone; 2. The Waterfront Zone; 3. The Centres Zones; 4. The Mixed Use Zones; 5. Outer Port Noise Overlay; 6. The Air Noise Overlay; and 7. Identified corridors adiacent to the State		Require sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation for <u>new</u> buildings or <u>alterations to</u> <u>existing buildings used for rooms housing</u> new noise sensitive activities within High Noise Areas and Moderate Noise Areas, <u>consistent with</u> <u>the anticipated outcomes for each receiving</u> <u>environment.</u> : <u>The relevant acoustic insulation and ventilation</u> <u>standards are NOISE-S4, NOISE-S5 and NOISE-S6.</u>
 Identified corridors adjacent to the State Highways and railway networks. <u>The relevant acoustic insulation and ventilation</u> standards are NOISE-S4, NOISE-S5 and NOISE- <u>S6.</u> Two standards of acoustic insulation are prescribed to achieve acceptable indoor acoustic amenity in habitable rooms. 		
 Decision to reject WIAL's submission to insert two new noise policies as follows: NOISE-P7 Management of Activities Sensitive to Aircraft Noise: Within the Air Noise Boundary or 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary: Avoid the establishment of new noise sensitive activities within the Open Space, Natural Open Space and General Industrial Zones; 	The Decisions Noise-P6 does not sufficiently recognise or protect the Airport's operations from reverse sensitivity effects recognising the particular characteristics of aircraft noise and appropriately manage the effects of Airport noise.	Insert new policies as follows: <u>NOISE-P7 Management of Activities Sensitive</u> <u>to Aircraft Noise:</u> <u>Within the Air Noise Overlays:</u> 1. <u>Avoid the establishment of new noise</u> <u>sensitive activities within the Open Space,</u> <u>Natural Open Space and General Industrial</u> <u>Zones;</u>
 <u>Discourage the establishment of new or the</u> intensification of existing noise sensitive 		2. <u>Discourage further intensification of noise</u> <u>sensitive activities within all other zones</u> <u>unless the reverse sensitivity effects on</u>

activities within all other zones unless the reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington	Wellington International Airport can be appropriately avoided.
International Airport can be appropriately	<u>NOISE-P8: Acoustic treatment of activities</u>
avoided.	sensitive to aircraft noise
<u>NOISE-P8: Acoustic treatment of activities</u>	<u>Require, as necessary, sound insulation and/or</u>
<u>sensitive to aircraft noise</u>	<u>mechanical ventilation within any new buildings or</u>
Require, as necessary, sound insulation and/or	any additions or alterations to existing buildings
mechanical ventilation within any new buildings or	that contain noise sensitive activities within the Air
<u>any additions or alterations to existing buildings</u> <u>that contain noise sensitive activities within the Air</u> <u>Noise Boundary or 60dB L_{dn} noise contour.</u>	<u>Noise Overlays.</u>

FORM 5

SUBMISSION ON PUBLICLY NOTIFIED PROPOSED WELLINGTON CITY DISTRICT PLAN

Part 1, Clause 6 of Schedule 1, Resource Management Act 1991

To Wellington City Council PO Box 2199 Wellington 6140

Name: Wellington International Airport Limited ("WIAL")

- 1. This is a submission on the Proposed Wellington City District Plan ("the Proposed Plan").
- 2. WIAL could not gain an advantage in trade competition through this submission.
- 3. The specific provisions of the proposal that this submission relates to are:

Wāhanga 1 Part 1 - He Whakatakinga me ngā Kaupapa Kōrero Introduction and General Provisions

- 3.1 Ka pēhea te mahere e mahi ai How the Plan Works
- 3.2 He Whakamāramatanga Interpretation

Wāhanga 2 Part 2 - Ngā Kaupapa o te Rohe Whānui District Wide Matters

- 3.3 Te Ahunga ā-Rautaki Strategic Direction
 - 3.3.1 CEKP Te Ohaoha, Mōhiotanga me te Taurikura ā-Tāone City Economy, Knowledge and Prosperity
 - 3.3.2 HHSASMW Ngā Wāhi Aronehe me ngā Wāhi Tapu o te Mana Whenua Historic Heritage and Sites and Areas of Significance to Mana Whenua
 - 3.3.3 NE Te Taiao Māori Natural Environment
 - 3.3.4 SCAI Ngā Rawa me te Tūāhanga ā-Rautaki o te Tāone Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure
 - 3.3.5 SRCC Te Whakaukatanga, Te Manawaroa me te Āhuarangi Hurihuri -Sustainability, Resilience and Climate Change

3.3.6 UFD – Te Āhua Tāone me te Whanaketanga - Urban Form and Development

- 3.4 Pūngao, Tūāhanga me te Tūnuku Energy, Infrastructure and Transport
 - 3.4.1 INF Tūāhanga Infrastructure
 - 3.4.2 INF-CE Tūāhanga Takutai Moana Infrastructure Coastal Environment
 - 3.4.3 INF-ECO Tūāhanga Ngā Pūnaha Hauropi me te Kanorau Koiora Taketake -Infrastructure – Ecosystems and Indigenous Biodiversity
 - 3.4.4 INF-NH Tūāhanga Ngā Mōrearea ā-Taiao Infrastructure Natural Hazards
 - 3.4.5 INF-OL Tūāhanga Ētahi anō Inaki Infrastructure Other Overlays
 - 3.4.6 REG Te Waihangatanga ā-Hiko Whakahou Renewable Electricity Generation
 - 3.4.7 TR Tūnuku Transport
- 3.5 Ngā Mōrearea me Ngā Tūraru Hazards and Risks
 - 3.5.1 CL Te One Hawa Contaminated Land
 - 3.5.2 HAZ Ngā Matū Mōrearea Hazardous Substances
 - 3.5.3 NH Ngā Mōrearea ā-Taiao Natural Hazards
- 3.6 Ngā Uara ā-Hītori me te Ahurea Historical and Cultural Values
 - 3.6.1 SASM Ngā Wāhi Tapu ki te Māori Sites and Areas of Significance to Māori
- 3.7 Ngā Uara ā-Taiao Māori Natural Environment Values
 - 3.7.1 PA Te Uru Tūmatanui Public Access
- 3.8 Wawaetanga Subdivision
- 3.9 Ngā Kaupapa Arowhānui o te Rohe General District-Wide Matters
 - 3.9.1 CE Taiao Takutai Coastal Environment
 - 3.9.2 EW Ngā Mahi Apu Whenua Earthworks
 - 3.9.3 LIGHT Te Aho Light
 - 3.9.4 NOISE Te Oro Noise
 - 3.9.5 SIGN Ngā Tohu Signs
 - 3.9.6 TEMP Ngā Mahi Taupua- Temporary Activities
 - 3.9.7 WIND Ngā Hau WindEarthworks

Ngā Kaupapa e Hāngai Pū ana ki te Rohe - Area Specific Matters

3.10 All (insofar as paragraphs 4.109 to 4.110 are concerned)

3.11 Ngā Ahoaho me Ngā Rohe ā-Rēhia - Open Space and Recreation Zones

3.11.1 NOSZ – He Rohe Ahoaho Māori - Natural Open Space Zone

3.12 Ngā Rohe Kaupapa Motuhake - Special Purpose Zones

3.12.1 AIRPZ – He Rohe Taunga Wakarererangi - Airport Zone

- 3.13 Ngā Āpitihanga, Ngā Aratohu Hoahoa me Ngā Hōtaka Appendices, Design Guides and Schedules
 - 3.13.1 Ngā Āpitihanga Appendices
 - 3.13.1.1 APP4 Ngā Paerewa Haunene e Whakaaetia ana Permitted Noise Standards
 - 3.13.2 Ngā Hōtaka Schedules
 - 3.13.2.1 SCHED7 Ngā Wāhi Tapu o te Māori Sites and Areas of Significance to Māori
 - 3.13.2.2 SCHED8 Ngā Wāhi Taiao Matua Significant Natural Areas
- 3.14 Planning Maps
- 3.15 Any other matter or related matter referred to in **Annexures A and B**.

This covering submission should be read alongside Annexures A and B.

4. WIAL's submission is:

Overview of Wellington International Airport

- 4.1 WIAL operates the regionally and nationally significant Wellington International Airport ("Wellington Airport" or "the Airport").
- 4.2 Wellington Airport plays a fundamental role in the social and economic wellbeing of the city, region and the country. The Airport accommodates aircraft movements associated with scheduled, general aviation operations, for domestic and international flights, corporate jets, the New Zealand Defence Force and helicopters. The Airport provides an important national and international transport link for the local, regional and international community and has a major influence on the regional and national economy. The Airport is also a provider of emergency services and is a lifeline utility under the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002 ("CDEM 2002").
- 4.3 Wellington Airport is one of the busiest airports in New Zealand, and prior to Covid-19, accommodated in excess of 6.4 million passengers in the year ending March 2019 (FY19). It is a gateway for residents, visitors and business travellers, connecting the capital city to all parts of New Zealand, to Australia, the Pacific, and onwards to the rest of the world. The

Airport is also a generator of economic growth, providing significant direct business and employment opportunities on-site, as well as indirect economic benefits to the city and the wider Wellington region.

- 4.4 Prior to Covid-19, Wellington Airport had been experiencing significant growth in the use of its facilities and infrastructure over recent years, particularly in international and domestic passengers. In the latest financial year (FY22) traffic recovered to 58% of pre-pandemic levels, and during the first third of FY23 to 75%, with latest projections anticipating a full recovery around FY25. Beyond FY25, pre-Covid levels of growth are predicted to continue as required to support the forecast growth in population and economic activity in the Wellington Region.
- 4.5 Wellington Airport is managed by WIAL. WIAL is a network utility operator and a requiring authority under section 166 of the Resource Management Act 1991 ("the RMA or "the Act").
- 4.6 The Airport is the subject of 5 designations in the Operative Wellington District Plan (Operative Plan), namely:
 - 4.6.1 Designation G2 Airspace in the vicinity of Wellington International Airport the purpose of this designation is to limit the construction of any structure including any building, aerial, antennae or other objects which may inhibit the safe and efficient operation of Wellington International Airport;
 - 4.6.2 Designation G3 Runway End Safety Area Extension (RESA) Southern End this designation includes both temporary and permanent components to provide for the RESA development;
 - 4.6.3 Designation G4 Airport Purposes Miramar South Area this designation is for airport purposes, including flight catering, rental car storage, maintenance and grooming, freight reception, storage and transfer, ground service equipment, and associated carparking signage, service infrastructure and landscaping;
 - 4.6.4 Designation G5 Airport Purposes Wellington Airport Main Site Area. This designation covers the majority of the airport's landholdings (including the main operational area) situated between Lyall Bay and Evans Bay with an area of approximately 105 hectares; and
 - 4.6.5 Designation G6 Airport Purposes Wellington Airport East Side Area. This designation covers land to the east of the Main Site Area Designation, the majority of which comprises the southern portion of the Miramar Golf Course with an area of approximately 15.5 hectares.

- 4.7 Designations G2, G3, and G4 are proposed to be "rolled over" in the Proposed Plan in accordance with clause 4 of Schedule 1 of the RMA, however WIAL is proposing to remove Designation G3 shortly pursuant to section 182 of the RMA.
- 4.8 Designations G5 and G6 were inserted into the Proposed Plan in accordance with section 175 of the RMA. These two designations are not subject to the Proposed District Plan's submissions and decisions processes under Schedule 1 of the RMA because both designations were recently confirmed by the Environment Court (*Guardians of the Bay v Wellington International Airport* [2022] NZEnvC 106) through appeals and confirmed pursuant to Part 8 of the RMA.
- 4.9 Wellington Airport is identified as regionally significant infrastructure in the Greater
 Wellington Regional Policy Statement and Natural Resources Plan and now, the Proposed
 Plan. It plays a critical role in providing for the economic and social wellbeing of the
 Wellington District.

4.10 Given its role in managing the Airport, WIAL is concerned to ensure that the Proposed Plan appropriately recognises and provides for the Airport to operate in a safe, efficient, and effective manner, whilst ensuring that reverse sensitivity effects are avoided.

Wellington Airport as a significant infrastructure provider

- 4.11 Wellington Airport comprises regionally and nationally significant infrastructure.
- 4.12 The Regional Policy Statement and Natural Resources Plan for the Wellington Region both provide specific policy recognition of such infrastructure and acknowledge its importance in providing for the social, economic and cultural wellbeing of people and communities. The Proposed Plan is required to give effect to these Regional Policy Statement provisions and not be inconsistent with the relevant Natural Resources Plan provisions.
- 4.13 Functional, technical, operational and safety related constraints often influence the location of important infrastructure, such as airports. In the case of Wellington Airport, given the lack of suitable alternative locations, providing for the ongoing operation, development and growth of Wellington Airport in its current location and safeguarding the Airport's obstacle limitation surface and aircraft noise boundaries to ensure effective and efficient airport operations is therefore of regional significance.
- 4.14 Accordingly, the functional, operational, technical and/or safety related requirements of this infrastructure require appropriate recognition in the Proposed Plan. The significant social and economic benefits that can accrue from the operation of this infrastructure also needs to be given due consideration. At a high level, this framework needs to:

- 4.14.1 Recognise the social, economic, cultural and environmental benefits of regionally significant infrastructure;
- 4.14.2 Protect regionally significant infrastructure from effects of incompatible land use and development, including reverse sensitivity effects;
- 4.14.3 Manage the effects arising from regionally significant infrastructure, recognising that the operational and/or functional requirements of infrastructure sometimes mean that not all effects can (or should be required to) be avoided, remedied or mitigated.

- 4.15 While the Proposed Plan provisions go some way to achieving the above outcomes, the complex layering of consent requirements within the Proposed Plan means that the enabling intent of those provisions is often rendered nugatory. WIAL submits that further changes are therefore required to the planning framework as it relates to regionally significant infrastructure, to ensure the high level framework set out in paragraph 4.14 is achieved.
- 4.16 With respect to Wellington Airport, WIAL notes that the Council has sought to exclude Wellington Airport from the Infrastructure Chapter of the Proposed Plan. This exclusion is to ensure that the consent requirements within the Infrastructure Chapter do not inadvertently capture airport purpose or airport related activities within the Airport Zone. While WIAL supports this approach in principle, the Airport still comprises "infrastructure" for the purposes of the section 2 of the Act and is a network utility under section 166 of the RMA. Furthermore, WIAL undertakes airport and airport related, albeit beyond the Airport Zone.

General relief sought

- 4.17 WIAL therefore submits that it is only the methods of the Infrastructure chapter that should not apply to Airport and Airport Related Activities within the Airport Zone, allowing the objectives and policies to be considered as part of the wider planning framework for the Airport. It remains appropriate however, for the Infrastructure chapter and associated provisions to otherwise apply to airport and airport related activities that may occur outside of the Airport Zone.
- 4.18 It is also unclear from the introductory wording of the Infrastructure chapter whether the infrastructure sub-chapters also do not apply to airport and airport related activities within the Airport Zone. WIAL submits that the wording in the introduction is updated to make clear that the infrastructure chapter, **and** the infrastructure specific overlay sub-chapters do not apply to airport and airport related activities within the Airport Zone.

WIAL as a Lifeline Utility Operator

4.19 WIAL is a lifeline utility operator under the CDEM 2002 in respect of its operation of Wellington Airport. In the event of a significant earthquake or other hazard event, the airport is recognised as potentially the only link between the city and the rest of the country given the vulnerability of the road and rail network, and the potential for the port and harbour access to be affected by liquefaction. This further emphasises why it is important to appropriately recognise and provide for the ongoing operation and development of Wellington Airport.

Wellington Airport as a facilitator of economic growth and wellbeing

- 4.20 Wellington Airport serves an important role in facilitating the movement of people and goods, which in turn feeds the region's economy. Wellington Airport is the primary arrival and departure port for many visitors to the region.
- 4.21 For the year ending March 2020, Wellington Airport accommodated 6.1 million passengers, with the last few months of the year impacted by the initial phase of Covid. Despite passengers reducing to just under 3 million passengers the following year, recovery since has been strong with recovery back to 75% of pre-Covid for April-July 2022 (87% in July alone) with the current expectation that restoration to FY20 levels will occur around FY25. Growth projections beyond FY25 have indicated that passenger growth is set to continue, with almost 8 million passengers projected by 2030 at an average growth rate of 2.4% per year.
- 4.22 Wellington Airport makes a significant contribution to the Wellington region's economy. Prior to Covid 19, for the year ending March 2020, it was estimated that Wellington Airport contributed approximately \$2.3 billion to the region's economy, with pre Covid growth projections indicating this would double to \$4.3 billion per year, generating \$2.1 billion of GDP and facilitating more than 22,000 additional jobs.¹ The ongoing operation and development of the Airport is therefore of significant importance to the economic wellbeing of the community and the associated employment opportunities that accrue.
- 4.23 The Airport also facilitates social connectivity and wellbeing. The demand for air travel is often driven by a need or desire to visit family and friends, take vacations, participate in sporting or cultural activities, do business, and/or take part in educational opportunities. Because Wellington Airport is such a significant contributor to the region's social and economic wellbeing, the ongoing ability of Wellington Airport to function and grow without undue constraint is therefore of significant importance to the Wellington region.

¹ Wellington Airport Annual Review, 2020.

4.24 Accordingly, at a strategic level, as significant infrastructure that substantially contributes to the social and economic wellbeing of the community, Wellington Airport requires appropriate recognition in the Strategic Directions chapter of the Proposed Plan.

Sustainability at the Airport

- 4.25 WIAL recognises that the effects of climate change and global sustainability are of increasing importance to the community, WIAL's customers and the aviation industry. WIAL is committed to playing its part in helping New Zealand to achieve the national target of net zero emissions by 2050.
- 4.26 WIAL, together with its airline and aviation sector partners, work closely with government agencies to ensure that all policy requirements are met and is closely engaged in the development of climate-related policy.
- 4.27 To this end, WIAL has committed to reducing the airport's operational carbon emissions (as well as waste to landfill and electricity use) by 30% by 2030. These targets are used to inform daily decision making, including adopting energy efficient and sustainable construction into airport projects and making changes to how waste and resources are managed. WIAL's carbon emissions target is an absolute target, which means WIAL will reduce emissions irrespective of the Airport's footprint or the number of passengers serviced through the Airport.
- 4.28 As the Airport Authority, WIAL is obliged to plan to accommodate aviation demand to meet the needs of the residents of the city and surrounding region. The industrywide response to climate change is generating significant activity in the design of new aircraft and the investment in new technology. Given this fact, it is certain that aircraft technology will change over the next 20 years and could potentially involve the transition of aircraft from fossil fuel to electric, hybrid, hydrogen or biofuels (referred to as Sustainable Aviation Fuel (**"SAF"**)).
- 4.29 The only thing that is certain about the future of aviation in a low carbon economy is that airports, including Wellington Airport, will need the flexibility to accommodate changes in technology as we move toward meeting our nation's net carbon zero 2050 commitment.

General Observations – Proposed Plan

4.30 The Proposed Plan has been prepared in general accordance with the requirements set out in the National Planning Standards. However, somewhat counter to the intent of the Planning Standards, the Proposed Plan contains a significant degree of repetition. This results in a duplication and layering of planning controls which is inefficient and results in additional resource consent requirements without clear direction around the effects the controls are seeking to manage.

General Relief Sought

4.31 To streamline the Proposed Plan, all unnecessary duplication should be removed and each chapter should focus on managing the effects that specifically relate to that chapter and are not otherwise managed by the underlying zone rules.

ISSP v Schedule 1

- 4.32 The Proposed Plan contains provisions that have been notified using either a Part One Schedule 1 process, or as part of an Intensification Planning Instrument ("**IPI**") using the Intensification Planning Process ("**ISPP**") under Part 6 of Schedule 1 to the RMA. Each chapter of the Proposed Plan includes notations as to which process each provision forms part of.
- 4.33 The key difference between the two processes is that the ISPP does not allow appeals of decisions, however the Council's website also states that the ISPP covers roughly 60 percent of the Proposed Plan. These two factors, combined with the lack of clarity about why the ISPP process has been adopted for such a large extent of the plan, raises concern as to the broad application of the ISPP across the district in the Proposed Plan.
- 4.34 Section 80E of the RMA sets the scope of matters that an IPI may include. In summary, an IPI must be used to incorporate the Medium Density Residential Standards ("MDRS") and give effect to Policies 3, 4 and 5 of the National Policy Statement for Urban Development ("NPS-UD") (the mandatory outcomes) (as applicable). An IPI may include provisions relating to financial contributions, to enable papakāinga housing, or related provisions, that support or are consequential on the MDRS, or Policies 3, 4, and 5 of the NPS-UD. If "related provisions" are to be included in an IPI, then section 80E(1)(b)(iii) prescribes that those provisions must "support or be consequential on" the MDRS or Policy 3 of the NPS-UD; there must be a clear link between the proposed provision, and achieving one of the mandatory outcomes.
- 4.35 Numerous chapters, and parts of chapters in the Proposed Plan have been identified as progressing through the ISPP, including the entire Natural Hazards chapter and parts of the Coastal Environment chapter (which are of particular relevance to WIAL). It is acknowledged that some of the matters progressing through the ISPP, such as Natural Hazards, fall within the scope of matters that can be considered "qualifying matters" under sections 77I or 77O, and therefore could be provided for in an IPI if a particular area subject to an IPI needs to be made less enabling of development to provide for that qualifying matter and therefore considered as a "related provision". It is also

acknowledged that the Airport Zone likely falls within the scope of "urban non-residential zone"² for the purpose of section 77F.

- 4.36 However, it is not clear how an entire chapter, such as the Natural Hazards chapter, falls within the scope of matters that can be included in an IPI (and therefore progressed through the ISPP). It is understood that this chapter is being considered a "related provision" in order to fall with the scope of an IPI, however it is unclear how progressing the Natural Hazards chapter through the ISPP will give effect to one of the mandatory outcomes. The necessary link between the proposed provisions progressing through the ISPP and implementing one of the mandatory outcomes does not appear to have been made out. The overlays in the natural hazard chapter apply across the entire district, whereas the mandatory outcomes only need to be implemented in urban environments the justification for using the ISPP for the entire natural hazards chapter, which applies to much more than just urban environments, is therefore unclear.
- 4.37 It is also unclear how the hearing process will work for chapters that are partly processed through Schedule 1 and partly through the ISPP – and WIAL is concerned that this approach will lead to confusion and fragmented plan making.
- 4.38 The fact that decisions from the ISPP cannot be appealed significantly limits the opportunity for the provisions to be considered, which could have significant ramifications particularly for district-wide provisions and overlays such as those mentioned above.

General relief sought

4.39 These procedural matters need to be appropriately rectified throughout the Proposed Plan. WIAL will address this matter further in legal submissions at the hearing.

Existing Seawall – Lyall Bay to Moa Point

- 4.40 An existing seawall is located along the coastal interface, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point. The sea wall serves a significant function, protecting Moa Point Road (an Urban Connector Road), Wellington Water's Three Waters (**"3 Waters"**) infrastructure (including various pipes leading to the Moa Point Wastewater Treatment Plant) and Wellington Airport from the effects of coastal erosion and storm surges. Both the 3 Waters and Airport infrastructure comprise "regionally significant infrastructure" in the Greater Wellington Regional Policy Statement, Natural Resources Plan and in the Proposed Plan.
- 4.41 Despite the seawall's significant role and function, it is not expressly captured by the definition of "infrastructure", as defined under the RMA and subsequently, the Proposed Plan. Any maintenance, upgrading, repair, replacement or development of the seawall above mean high water springs therefore does not engage the infrastructure provisions of

² Under the definition set out in section 77F.

the Proposed Plan, and instead requires consideration under the more narrowly focused Natural Open Space Zone and the relevant provisions contained within the Coastal Environment Chapter of the Proposed Plan.

4.42 Objective NOSZ-O1 describes the purpose of the Natural Open Space Zone as follows:

Natural open space areas are predominately used by the public for informal recreation activities, within undeveloped natural areas, in such a way that protects, and where possible enhances, the predominant character and amenity values of the Natural Open Space Zone which include:

- 1. Large undeveloped open areas;
- 2. High natural, ecological, landscape and historic heritage values;
- 3. A low level of built form and scale, with buildings, structures and roads principally ancillary to informal recreation activities or conservation activities; and
- 4. A general absence of urban infrastructure.
- 4.43 The existing seawall is almost entirely inconsistent with this purpose statement. Notably:
 - 4.43.1 The environment surrounding the seawall is highly modified and is far from natural;
 - 4.43.2 The seawall is not predominantly used for informal recreation activities; and
 - 4.43.3 The seawall does not protect or enhance the predominant character or amenity values of the zone.
- 4.44 Given the existing environment surrounding the seawall and its significant role and function in protecting and supporting the adjacent road, 3 Waters and Airport infrastructure, WIAL questions the efficiency and effectiveness of the Natural Open Space zoning and the associated planning framework insofar as it relates to this area. Notably, the planning framework is complex, repetitive and unduly onerous for an activity that serves a significant function in protecting these regionally significant assets. The framework also imposes consent requirements on the seawall which, due to its operational and functional requirements, cannot be avoided. For example, there is an inherent need for the seawall to be located within the coastal margins and established within an area that is subject to high natural hazard risks. The Natural Resources Plan will also address the broader effects on the coastal environment.

General relief sought

4.45 In light of the above, WIAL submits that:

4.45.1 The planning framework, insofar as it relates to the seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, should be updated to enable the ongoing maintenance, repair, upgrading and renewal of the existing seawall where it protects regionally significant infrastructure; and 4.45.2 An alternative land use zoning is applied to the site that more appropriately recognises the surrounding environment the seawall sits within.

Coastal Environment

- 4.46 The Proposed Plan includes a newly mapped "Coastal Environment" overlay. This overlay (and associated objectives, policies and methods) is in response to the National Planning Standard directive for any district with a coastline to establish an approach for managing the coastal environment, giving effect to the New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement ("NZCPS") and setting provisions for implementing the local authority's functions and duties in relation to the coastal environment above mean high water springs.
- 4.47 In trying to achieve the above, the Coastal Environment chapter unnecessarily duplicates controls found elsewhere within the Proposed Plan. As anticipated by the National Planning Standard, the chapter can *"cross reference to any other specific coastal provisions that may be located within other chapters"*.³

General relief sought

- 4.48 To remove unnecessary duplication, the entire chapter and the associated infrastructure within the coastal environment chapter should be reworked to focus on effects that specifically relate to the coastal environment and have not already been addressed, or cannot otherwise be addressed, by the underlying land use zone.
- 4.49 Amendments are also required to the provisions to ensure the provisions give effect to all relevant parts of the NZCPS, including those provisions that recognise the functional and operational requirements of activities (such as infrastructure) to locate within these areas and the associated management of effects.

Significant Natural Areas

4.50 The Proposed Plan identifies two significant natural areas (**"SNAs"**) in the vicinity of Wellington Airport. This includes:

4.50.1 The Moa Point Gravel Dunes (WC175); and

4.50.2 The Lyall Bay Gravel Dunes (WC176).

- 4.51 Both have been identified in Schedule 8 as hosting a combination of indigenous flora and fauna.
- 4.52 The status afforded to these areas is based on a 2016 desktop analysis undertaken by Wildland Consultants. Within this report, it is noted that report the "Assessments are based on historical and desktop information, and values and significant assessments need to be

³ Refer to paragraph 28(c) of chapter 7 of the National Planning Standards.

confirmed by site visit". Furthermore, with respect to both the Moa Point and Lyall Bay Gravel Dunes, the report states that these areas are "Likely to be significant but requires a site visit".

General relief sought

- 4.53 Due to the potential consenting constraints that accrue from this SNA status, WIAL submits that these two SNAs should be deleted until such a time that a detailed field analysis has been undertaken to confirm that these areas are genuinely "significant" and warrant the degree of protection afforded by the SNA status. In undertaking this assessment, it is imperative that consideration is given to the existing environment, including as it may be modified by existing lawfully established activities, such as the Airport and associated infrastructure.
- 4.54 Should, following a field study, these areas remain SNAs, WIAL submits that it is imperative that the relevant infrastructure provisions of the Proposed Plan provide a potential consenting pathway for the potential removal of vegetation within these SNAs where necessary to protect the safe operation and functioning of regionally significant infrastructure.
- 4.55 At present, the relevant provisions focus on controlling the removal of vegetation where infrastructure is located within a SNA. WIAL's operations are not located within the SNA, however the presence of the SNA in such close proximity to the runway poses a potential risk to aircraft due to some of the bird species that reside in this area. While WIAL has mechanisms in place to actively manage such threats to aircraft safety, WIAL considers it is more appropriate to avoid enhancing habitats that have the potential to create a risk to aircraft in close proximity to the Airport and instead encourage them to locate elsewhere within the coastal environment.

Airport Zone

- 4.56 In recent decades the use of aerodromes or airports has evolved well beyond the provision of traditional 'runways and terminals'. Modern airports are highly sophisticated and dynamic land uses which legitimately encompass a broad range of activities in order to provide for the needs and demands of aircraft passengers, crew, ground staff, airport workers and those that meet and greet travellers.
- 4.57 Modern airports often also provide for a range of industrial, commercial and logistical land uses, as such uses either provide direct servicing to the aviation industry, or feed directly off it.
- 4.58 Moreover, it is becoming increasingly important for airport operators to retain sufficient flexibility to properly enable forward planning and development necessary to respond to changing demands that arise at a modern airport.

- 4.59 Helpfully, case law⁴ has acknowledged that commercial activities, that are not necessarily 'aeronautical', do form part of a modern airport. Specifically, the term 'airport' has been held to embrace an entire airport site and facilities of an integrated operation, and is a sophisticated and diverse business providing a wide range of supporting facilities and services.⁵ The Court in that case noted that airports around the world now consistently include a wide range of facilities, some not obviously connected directly to the arrival and departure of aircraft, their passengers, crew and freight and those involved in that activity, but with all such activity being focused on providing revenue to the airport operator to offset the losses inevitably derived from aircraft operations strictly so-called.⁶
- 4.60 The Airport Zone chapter does not adequately recognise the diverse and evolving nature of an airport and creates an inefficient and ineffective consenting framework that fails to recognise that a broad range of activities are reasonably anticipated within the zone. WIAL also submits that:
 - 4.60.1 The zone needs to be able to operate independently of the designation. Where designation conditions are "replicated" as rules or standards within the Zone, the further nuancing (and in some cases, deletion) of those provisions is required in order to ensure the controls are appropriate and enforceable, particularly with respect to the management of aircraft noise effects.
 - 4.60.2 The definition of "Airport Purpose" and "Airport Related" activities requires updating to better reflect the activities that can be reasonably anticipated at the Airport;
 - 4.60.3 The methods require refinement to remove the overlap between rules and standards that relate to "activities" and "buildings and structures".

4.61 A substantial overhaul of the Airport Zone is required to address the matters raised in paragraphs 4.56 to 4.60, the matters identified in Annexure B and to ensure that the chapter adequately provides for the ongoing operation, maintenance, upgrade, development and use of the airport, as regionally (and nationally) significant infrastructure. WIAL has therefore drafted a revised Airport Zone chapter to address these concerns and attaches this as Annexure B. Providing a redrafted chapter was considered to be appropriate and necessary given the extent of the changes required/sought.

⁴ McElroy v Auckland International Airport Ltd [2008] 3 NZLR 262, unsuccessfully appealed to the Court of Appeal and Supreme Court. Note that this case relates to proceedings under the Public Works Act, however it provides useful interpretive assistance with respect to the application of similar terms under the Resource Management 1991.

⁵ See for example [74] of *McElroy v Auckland International Airport Ltd* [2009] NZCA 621.

⁶ See paragraph [195] of the High Court decision of *McElroy*.

Aircraft Noise Management

- 4.62 WIAL is concerned about the approach that has been adopted within the Noise Chapter of the Proposed Plan for managing aircraft noise and land use effects.
- 4.63 Compared to other many other airports around New Zealand, the planning approach in the Proposed Plan is more permissive than the New Zealand Standard for Airport Noise Management and Land Use Planning NZ NZS 6805:1992 ("the Standard"), a Standard which represents current best practice. The Standard uses an aircraft noise boundary concept as a mechanism for local authorities to establish compatible land use activities and to set limits for the management of aircraft noise at airports where noise control measures are needed to protect community health and amenity values.⁷
- 4.64 The Standard recommends that, inside the Air Noise Boundary ("**ANB**"), where the aircraft noise exposure level is greater than 65dB L_{dn}:

New residential, schools, hospitals or other noise sensitive uses are prohibited. Steps shall be taken to provide existing residential properties with appropriate acoustic insulation to ensure a satisfactory internal noise environment. Alterations or additions to existing residences or other noise sensitive uses shall be permitted only if fitted with appropriate acoustic insulation.⁸

- 4.65 Additionally, where the sound exposure exceeds 70dB L_{dn} the Standard recommends non-residential or non-noise sensitive land uses only. Where exposure exceeds 75dB L_{dn}, the Standard recommends avoiding noise sensitive users due to the high probability of adverse health effects.
- 4.66 As noted above, the approach being proposed in the Proposed Plan is more permissive than the Standard recommends. WIAL acknowledges however, that the approach in the Proposed Plan is more restrictive than the Operative Plan, with resource consent now being required for all noise sensitive activities within the ANB.
- 4.67 WIAL submits that, in order to bring the Proposed Plan into greater alignment with NZS6805 and to protect WIAL from reverse sensitivity effects arises from a rapidly evolving aviation sector, all new noise sensitive activities within the ANB or 60dB Ldn noise boundary should be subject to a resource consent requirement, with WIAL being considered an affected party to any application under section 95E of the RMA. This approach will also recognise that aircraft noise is anticipated to increase over time, therefore the noise environment that is experienced now is not the noise environment that will be experienced, 10, 20 or 30 years into the future as aircraft operations increase within the authorised limits of the ANB and 60dB Ldn.

⁷ Sections 1.1.4 and 1.1.2 of the Standard (NZS 6805: 1992).

⁸ Table 1 of NZS 6805:1992.

- 4.68 In summary, the framework should include:
 - 4.68.1 Objectives, policies and methods within the noise chapter to ensure the land use management framework within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn noise boundary achieves greater alignment with NZS6805, including by:
 - 4.68.1.1 Establishing a policy framework where resource consents can be declined within existing residential zones for noise sensitive activities on reverse sensitivity grounds;
 - 4.68.1.2 Prohibiting noise sensitive activities within zones where such activities are not generally not anticipated (i.e. the general industrial and Open Space Zones) are a prohibited activity; and,
 - 4.68.1.3 Requiring acoustic treatment and/or mechanical ventilation for new, or additions or alterations to existing buildings containing noise sensitive activities;
 - 4.68.2 Changes to the objectives, policies and methods within the Subdivision Chapter to create alignment with the above framework and to generally discourage the intensification of noise sensitive activities through subdivision within the ANB or 60dB Ldn; and,
 - 4.68.3 Establishment of standalone reverse sensitivity requirements for noise sensitive activities within the ANB and 60dB Ldn to allow better recognition of the effects of aircraft noise on noise sensitive activities;
- 4.69 WIAL also submits that the appropriateness or otherwise of the proposed mechanical ventilation standards set out in NOISE-S6 require further consideration. Specifically, WIAL seeks to ensure that the ventilation standards do not create an untenable internal living environment for occupants of noise sensitive activities, and that operation of the requisite ventilation is affordable for residents and/or tenants to operate. Further changes to the mechanical ventilation specifications may be required to achieve this outcome.
- 4.70 The Noise Chapter has also sought to include the noise related conditions of the Airport Designations as rules or standards within the District Plan. As WIAL advised via its Notice of Requirement ("**NOR**") for the Main Site designation, there are difficulties with such a rule from a compliance and enforcement perspective. It is also inappropriate and unnecessary to duplicate the aircraft noise management requirements set out in the in Main Site and East Side Area Designations. Such duplications should be deleted.

- 4.71 WIAL supports the mapping of the ANB and 60dB L_{dn} Noise Boundary, as depicted on the planning maps. The purpose of these boundaries is two fold:
 - 4.71.1 They identify an area within which specific land use controls apply; and,
 - 4.71.2 They identify the point of compliance with respect to aircraft noise, as defined by WIAL's Main Site and East Side Area Designations.
- 4.72 An ANB based on 65 dB Ldn is consistent with the Standard for Managing Aircraft Noise. Generally, airport noise boundaries are based on the day-night sound exposure level (L_{dn}). L_{dn} is the day/night weighted average noise exposure level which is the sum of the sound energy from all aircraft noise events averaged over 24 hours with a weighting applied to night-time events. For airport noise boundaries the Standard recommends using the average L_{dn} over a three-month period⁹. The L_{dn} night weighting means that aircraft noise events between 10pm and 7am are weighted by an additional 10 decibels to account for the heightened sensitivity to noise at night. International research has found that the L_{dn} metric correlates well with community annoyance to aircraft and other transportation noise.
- 4.73 Whether or not compliance with the ANB limit is achieved is therefore based on the total number of aircraft movements at Wellington Airport. The conventional approach for most airports around New Zealand is for aircraft noise compliance limits to be imposed via designation conditions, thus meaning that the requiring authority is responsible for ensuring that aircraft operations achieve the prescribed noise limits at the ANB identified on the relevant planning maps. There are measuring and reporting functions incorporated into the designation to confirm this with the regulators and public as required. This was one of the key rationales for the Main Site Designation being proposed by WIAL. Implying that there is a consenting pathway for changes to the ANB via the District Plan (albeit as a non-complying activity) is inconsistent with the approach that is being promoted by WIAL via its designation.
- 4.74 Furthermore, a designation is intended to provide the requiring authority with greater flexibility and also greater control over its land use activities within the designated site. Designations by their nature are essentially 'stand alone' provisions within the district planning framework. It is not appropriate to seek to duplicate the conditions of the designation within the rule framework of the District Plan. Structuring the Proposed Plan to essentially replicate the designation requirements is considered to be inefficient and ineffective, as the underlying zone is intended to remain and applies to any other activities that are for a purpose different to the designation purpose and/or not proposed by the requiring authority.

⁹ NZS 6805 recommends averaging over a three month period or agreed alternative period. L_{dn} can be averaged over any period of 24 hour blocks.

4.75 It is important to note that the noise provisions within the Proposed Plan do not appear to provide for military aircraft operations at Wellington Airport as a separate activity. For clarity, WIAL considers such activities should be specifically excluded from or subject to their own the rules and standards contained within the Noise chapter in circumstances where WIAL does not have control over military aircraft operations at Wellington International Airport.

Subdivision

4.76 Residential subdivision is generally enabled by the Subdivision chapter of the Proposed Plan. A number of the objectives and policies restrict or limit subdivision activities in certain overlays. None of these provisions however reflect the ANB or 60dB Ldn Boundary for the Airport.

General relief sought

- 4.77 WIAL submits that there should be suitable restrictions recognised within the objectives and policies to ensure the ANB and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary is not compromised in terms of its effectiveness for managing aircraft noise and reverse sensitivity effects. For this reason, WIAL also submits that rules within this chapter should also restrict subdivision activities within the 60dB Ldn Boundary.
- 4.78 In addition to the above, under the current drafting of Subdivision chapter, it is not clear what the resulting activity status would be for a subdivision activity within the Airport Zone as the site is subject to a number of natural hazard and coastal related overlays which render other rules obsolete. For example:
 - 4.78.1 It is a controlled activity to subdivide land within the coastal margins and the Airport Zone (SUB-R15), yet the same areas are almost entirely subject to a medium or high coastal hazard overlay where subdivision is a restricted discretionary activity (SUB-R26); and
 - 4.78.2 Subdivision to create a new allotment for infrastructure is a controlled activity (SUB-R4);
 - 4.78.3 Subdivision that creates a vacant allotment (SUB-R5) is also a controlled activity.

General relief sought

4.79 The Subdivision chapter should be closely reviewed and where possible, the rules simplified and repetition removed.

4.80 WIAL also submits that a number of provisions make reference to building platforms.
 Further guidance is required within the provisions regarding where it is necessary for building platforms to be identified as part of the subdivision activity. There should be no requirement for building platforms to be identified in the Airport zone.

Sites of Significance to Maori

- 4.81 There are two Sites and Areas of Significance identified in Schedule 7 of relevant to Wellington Airport. These include:
 - 4.81.1 Maupuia Pā (Category A); and
 - 4.81.2 Moa Point (Category B).
- 4.82 WIAL does not necessarily object to these being identified as sites of significance but notes that these sites have been significantly modified by land use development over time. While WIAL recognises that mana whenua's relationship with these areas endures, despite the modifications, it is not clear how the planning framework is to be applied to these areas. For example:
 - 4.82.1 SASM-P5 and associated SASM-R3 provides for the 'modification of features integral to a Category A or B site of significance to Māori', however Schedule 7 does not identify any "features integral' to the Maupuia Pa or Moa Point. It is therefore not clear how these provisions are to be applied (if at all) to these sites, and how to assess the relevant matters of discretion if it does remain a relevant consideration.
 - 4.82.2 SAMS-P4 and P5 and associated SASM-R4 and R5 set out the parameters around when buildings and structures may be appropriate within sites or areas of significance to Māori. Again, it is not clear how these provisions will be applied to heavily modified sites and areas which will not affect any identified "integral" features.
 - 4.82.3 SAMS-P6 and associated SASM-R6 seek to "avoid" the demolition or destruction of sites or areas of significance to Māori. In the context of the two heavily modified sites within the Airport Zone, it is not clear how the relevant provisions would be implemented or assessed where the sites have already been "destructed" and/or "destroyed".
- 4.83 WIAL also submits, with particular reference to the scheduled Moa Point site, that the site is located within a core operational area of the airport and is subject to strict Civil Aviation regulations. As the Infrastructure methods do not apply within the Airport Zone, there is no clear consenting pathway within the Sites of Significance to Māori chapter for what is otherwise a piece of regionally significant infrastructure within this chapter.

4.84 The sites should be deleted or substantial changes are required to this chapter to accommodate the activities within the Airport Zone, particularly given the regional significance of the Airport and the existing modified state of the sites of significance.

Natural Hazards

- 4.85 The Proposed Plan identifies a number of natural hazard areas. Notably for Wellington International Airport, this includes:
 - 4.85.1 Coastal Hazard Inundation Overlay including areas of medium and high coastal hazard inundation;
 - 4.85.2 Flood Hazard Overlay including inundation areas and overland flowpaths;
 - 4.85.3 Tsunami Hazard Overlay including areas of high, medium and low coastal tsunami hazard; and,
 - 4.85.4 Liquefaction Hazard Overlay.
- 4.86 With respect to the liquefaction and flood hazard inundation areas, WIAL opposes these overlays insofar as they apply to its landholdings. The engineering and design requirements of airport infrastructure, including the requirements under the CDEM to remain operational following a natural hazard event, mean that liquefaction and flood hazard inundation cannot occur on site for operational reasons. In the unlikely event that such events did arise, immediate action would be taken to rectify the situation to allow the operation of the airport to continue.
- 4.87 With respect to tsunami hazard, WIAL acknowledges that its proximity to the coast means there is an inherent coastal tsunami risk. This risk is existing however, and large parts of the mapped hazard area cover existing and extensively built-up areas of Wellington City. While WIAL accepts that it would be prudent to consider tsunami risk as part of any new greenfield development involving hazard sensitive activities, tsunami hazard response within existing urban areas requires a broader management response that is best managed collectively by emergency management groups such as Civil Defence. This includes through education initiatives, warning systems and emergency preparedness.
- 4.88 The Proposed Plan approach to tsunami management is cumbersome, particularly for large lifeline utilities like WIAL who have extensive emergency management plans and procedures in place, as well as CDEM requirements to remain operational during a civil defence emergency. The relevant coastal hazard policies and methods that apply to the site therefore have limited utility and will generate unnecessary resource consent requirements for matters that are otherwise already considered by WIAL during the design and development phase of activities within the zone.

- 4.89 WIAL therefore considers that the provisions applying to the Coastal Hazard Overlays should be required to focus entirely on coastal inundation hazards and only apply the relevant coastal tsunami hazard provisions where they relate to new greenfield development.
- 4.90 In addition to the above, further allowance is required for infrastructure to locate within areas subject to natural hazard risk. Many infrastructure providers have a functional or operational requirement to locate in a certain area, even if that area is subject to natural hazard risk. Such infrastructure providers natural hazard tolerance is therefore inherently different to those without the same operational and functional need to locate in such areas.
- 4.91 Due to Wellington Airport's proximity to the coast, both the northern and southern most extent of the runway is located within a High Coastal Hazard Overlay, both from a coastal inundation and tsunami perspective. Various operational equipment is located within this area, as is the underpass beneath the runway. This infrastructure cannot practicably be located elsewhere.

General relief sought

4.92 WIAL submits that, similar to the City Centre Zone, an exemption should be provided for infrastructure located within the high hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overly, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.

Earthworks

- 4.93 Under the Operative District Plan, the Airport Zone is largely exempt from the Earthworks chapter. WIAL submits that it is appropriate to retain this approach in the Proposed Plan and notes that it is not aware of any issues that have arisen in the Airport Zone as a result of the operative planning framework.
- 4.94 The current drafting significantly departs from the Operative District Plan, the costs of which have not been adequately justified in terms of section 32 of the RMA.
- 4.95 Without deviating from its primary position that operative framework should be retained,WIAL submits that:
 - 4.95.1 It is not clear the extent to which the provisions within the Earthworks chapter would apply to activities within the Airport Zone. There is an explicit note in the introductory text that the provisions of the earthworks chapter "do not apply in relation to activities provided in the Airport Zone, except for the extent specified in

EW-R20 and EW-S14". The drafting of EW-R20 is such however, that the exemption establishes a more onerous, complex and uncertain consenting pathway for earthworks within the Airport Zone than other zones and the operative planning framework.

- 4.95.2 EW-20(1) implies that only those activities listed are permitted in the zone. This includes EW-20(1)(e) which notes that any earthworks permitted by any other rule are also permitted within the Airport Zone;
- 4.95.3 There is no clear activity status for earthworks that do not comply with the permitted activity requirements specified in subparagraph EW-20(1)(e);
- 4.95.4 Despite the reference to earthworks within the Airport Zone being permitted where they comply with other provisions within the earthworks chapter, EW-20(3)(a) appears to render any earthworks that are not for the purposes of the upgrade or maintenance of existing formed roads and public accessways or for the purpose of construction, upgrade, maintenance or repair of the Airport pavement a discretionary activity.
- 4.95.5 A number of the rules that are relevant to the Airport Zone, by reference within EW-20(1)(e) are subject to the ISPP. For the reasons discussed in paragraphs 4.32 to 4.39, this is inappropriate for earthwork activities that do not relate to the implementation of the NPSUD.
- 4.95.6 The matters of discretion with respect to EW-R20(4) "Geomorphological impacts" is too broad. This matter of discretion should be refined to specify which aspects of the geomorphology require consideration or deleted; and,
- 4.95.7 The starting presumption that all discretionary earthwork activities within with the Airport Zone will be publicly notified is inappropriate and unjustified.

General relief sought

4.96 WIAL submits that the earthwork provisions require substantial rework insofar as they relate to the Airport Zone and submits that such rework should be under a traditional Schedule 1 RMA process.

Lighting

4.97 The introductory section of this chapter of the Proposed Plan exempts a number of activities from the rules and standards it contains. This includes aviation lighting which WIAL supports as this is managed primarily for aircraft safety purposes via the Civil Aviation Authority.

- 4.98 Poorly managed lighting can also pose a significant safety risk to aircraft on approach and take off. It is therefore important that the Proposed Plan adequately protects aircraft from such potential effects.
- 4.99 As currently drafted, if an applicant requires resource consent for lighting reasons, a restricted discretionary resource consent application is required. The objectives and policies within this chapter primarily relate to the management of amenity effects or lighting for the safety of people on the ground. Without any policy dissuasion for activities that could have an adverse effect on aircraft safety, it would be difficult for a resource consent to be declined even if the activity could have adverse safety effects on aircraft.

- 4.100 Further amendments are required to Policy LIGHT-P2, the matters of discretion and the notification parameters within Rule LIGHT-R2.1 to address the above described matters.
- 4.101 WIAL also submits that the lighting standards will generally avoid the establishment of lighting and/or glare effects that could give rise to adverse effects on aircraft safety. WIAL therefore supports the assessment criteria contained within Standards LIGHT S3, S4 and S6 which seek to ensure that when a standard (as referenced) is infringed "The impact of lighting on aircraft safety or the safe and efficient functioning of the Airport" is considered.

General relief sought

4.102 WIAL submits however, that the term "impact" should be replaced with "effect".

Signage

- 4.103 Signage is an important and commonly found feature within any airport environment. It assists with both airside and landside airport operations, and assists with the safe and efficient movement of people, aircraft and traffic through the airport's airside and landside facilities. Signage also provides an opportunity to showcase the activities or services on offer within the district and region, which has both social and economic benefits for the wider community. WIAL therefore submits that it is important that the Proposed Plan recognises and provides for signage within the airport environment.
- 4.104 While the Signage Chapter of the Proposed Plan has sought to recognise and provide for signage within the Airport Zone, as per Policy SIGN-P6, the planning methods that follow are repetitive and often more onerous than other (arguably more sensitive) zones within the District. There are also a number of references to WIAL's designation, which is inappropriate as the Signage chapter needs to be able to stand on its own.

- 4.105 WIAL proposes a number of amendments to the signage provisions, insofar as they relate to the Airport Zone to ensure they appropriately recognise and provide for the matters raised above.
- 4.106 WIAL supports the provisions contained within the signage provisions that require consideration of the potential effects of signage of the safety of aircraft. Similar to the comments made with respect to lighting (refer to paragraph 4.102), the relevant assessment criteria should refer to the effects of the signage, rather than the "impacts of signage".

Transport

- 4.107 Airports are inherently busy environments that facilitate the movement of large numbers of people to and from the District. A range of land use activities can be found within the Airport environs that support this function. A number of policies and methods within the Tūnuku Transport chapter relating to trip generation are therefore problematic and difficult to implement in an Airport setting. For example:
 - 4.107.1 It is not clear how some of the methods will be applied and whether it is based on cumulative activities within a site or based on individual activities.
 - 4.107.2 As the Airport already generates a large volume of traffic, a consent would arguably be triggered for every new activity established, irrespective of the nature or scale of the activity.
 - 4.107.3 Airports facilitate the movement of people to and from the District. Many of the activities undertaken at airports are purely intended to support this function and provide services for passengers, staff and "meeters and greeters". They are therefore not vehicle generating activities in themselves. For the purposes of implementing the relevant trip generation methods, it would be difficult to distinguish between what is a facilitating and what is a generating activity.
 - 4.107.4 WIAL, as the owner and operator of the airport, facilitates different transportation modes for people moving to and from the Airport, including bus services, taxis, shuttles, rental vehicles, app based pick up options and car sharing. Cycleways and footpaths are also available for walking and cycling, including the underpass under the runway.

4.108 Against the above background, WIAL submits that the trip generation provisions and standards should not apply within the Airport Zone, as the management of people to and from the airport and its environs is a role that WIAL oversees and accounts for as its role as airport operator.

Other land uses near airports

- 4.109 The Civil Aviation Authority of New Zealand (**"CAA"**) produces guidance on land use activities at or near aerodromes.¹⁰ The following activities are of particular concern to Airport Operators where located within close proximity to an airport due to their potential bird attracting properties:
 - 4.109.1 Refuse dumps and landfills;
 - 4.109.2 Sewage Treatment and Disposal (outdoor);
 - 4.109.3 Certain agricultural activities (cattle feed lots, pig farming);
 - 4.109.4 Fish Processing;
 - 4.109.5 Artificial and natural lakes/waterbodies; and
 - 4.109.6 Abattoirs and freezing works.

General relief sought

4.110 In order to protect the safety of aircraft and their passengers, WIAL submits that a bespoke framework should be established for the above activities where located within a fixed distance of the Airport to ensure a consenting pathway is available that requires appropriate consideration of potential increase in bird strike risk posed by the aforementioned activities. This could be achieved by a narrowly framed restricted discretionary activity that restricts discretion to the potential effects of aircraft safety, including the potential risk of bird strike.

Obstacle Limitation Surface Designation

4.111 To ensure that WIAL can continue to meet its obligations under Civil Aviation Regulations and provide a safe operational environment for aircraft approaching and departing Wellington Airport, the obstacle limitation surfaces designation requirements for the Airport are being rolled over into the Proposed Plan, subject to modifications.

¹⁰ https://www.aviation.govt.nz/assets/airspace-and-aerodromes/guidance_material_land-use-aerodromes.pdf.

4.112 In accordance with section 176 of the Act, the designation conditions should be sufficient to control the penetration by buildings and structures into these surfaces. Experience dictates however, that the statutory obligation to seek WIAL's written approval for proposals that will penetrate one of these surfaces (under section 176 of the Act) is often overlooked when considering applications for resource consent.

General relief sought

4.113 Due to the complexity of the obstacle limitation surface designation and the terrain surrounding Wellington Airport, it would be difficult to establish height controls that reflect the limitations of the obstacle limitation surface. Rather, WIAL submits that the Proposed Plan should include reference to the obstacle limitation surface to draw plan users attention to the designation requirements, to ensure that the designation is able to serve its important purpose.

Conclusion

- 4.114 WIAL considers that in the absence of amendments to the Proposed Plan to address and give effect to the above submission points and those set out in Annexure A and Annexure B:
 - 4.114.1 The Proposed Plan will not promote the sustainable management or efficient use and development of natural and physical resources;
 - 4.114.2 The Proposed Plan is not the most appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the RMA, particularly when having regard to the efficiency and effectiveness of the provisions relative to other means;
 - 4.114.3 The Proposed Plan does not appropriately fulfil the requirements of section 32 of the RMA, particularly in terms of evaluation the costs of implementing the provisions under section 32(2)(a); and
 - 4.114.4 The Proposed Plan does not represent sound resource management practice particularly with respect to planning for Wellington International Airport, as regionally significant infrastructure.

5. WIAL seeks the following decision from the local authority:

5.1 That the submission points contained in Section 4 above and Annexure A and B which are attached to and form part of this submission be accepted, or that the Proposed Plan be amended in a similar or such other way as may be appropriate to address WIAL's submission points; and

- 5.2 Any alternative, consequential changes, amendments or decisions that may be required to give effect to the matters raised in WIAL's submission.
- 6 WIAL wishes to be heard in support of its submission.
- 7 If others make a similar submission, WIAL will consider presenting a joint case with them at a hearing.

Doille

Signature:

Kirsty O'Sullivan

Date: 12 September 2022

Electronic address for Service: kirsty.osullivan@mitchelldaysh.co.nz

Telephone: 021 242 5453

Postal address (or alternative method of service under section 352 of the Act):

Mitchell Daysh Limited PO Box 489 Dunedin 9054

Contact person: Kirsty O'Sullivan

ANNEXURE A – Wellington International Airport Limited submissions on the Proposed Wellington City Council District Plan

Text highlighted with underlining (<u>example</u>) represents proposed insertions Text highlighted with strikethrough (example) represents proposed deletions

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIER the cov
WĀHANGA 1 PART 1 - HE WHAKATAKINGA ME NGĀ KAUPAPA KŌRERO INTRODUCTION AND GENERA	AL PROVISIONS		
TE ANGA WHĀNUI - GENERAL APPROACH			
Using the District Plan			
Using the District Plan	Support in Part	It is appropriate for the District Plan to provide explanatory information regarding the use and interpretation of the District Plan. WIAL submits that this explanatory text should also set out the requirements with respect to designations, and the need for approval to be obtained from the requiring authority if an activity will potentially prevent or hinder a public work or project or work to which the designation relates.	Amend As outl Plan, u identify designa <u>designa</u> <u>require</u> <u>require</u>
HE WHAKAMĀRAMATANGA – INTERPRETATION	1		
Ngā Tautuhinga - Definitions			
 AIR NOISE OVERLAY means an area defined by planning maps to show land subject to development restrictions due to potential noise effects from Wellington International Airport. The Air Noise Overlay comprises: a. Inner Air Noise Overlay – being properties lying between the Airport and a modelled 65 dBA contour, fitted to property boundaries. b. Outer Air Noise Overlay – being properties lying between the 65 dBA contour and a modelled 60 dBA contour, fitted to property boundaries. c. Air Noise Boundary – being a line shown on district plan maps used for controlling the emission of noise from aircraft operations at Wellington International Airport measured using rolling 90 day average 24 hour night-weighted sound exposure in accordance with NZS 6805:1992 Airport noise management and land use planning. The location of the Air Noise Boundary is based on the modelled L_{dn} 65 dBA contour and therefore corresponds to the outer extent of the Inner Air Noise Overlay. Note: The Air Noise Overlay is applied to all parts of a property, regardless of whether the modelled contour affects less than the entire property. 	Support in part	 The definition of Air Noise Overlay conflates the two functions of the aircraft noise boundaries that relate to Wellington International Airport. That is: 1. the Air Noise Boundary and 60db Ldn noise boundaries are used as a trigger for specific land use management requirements; and, 2. the Air Noise Boundary for aircraft noise generated at Wellington International Airport. The chapeau of the definition focuses on the latter. The terms 'Air Noise Boundary' and '60dB Ldn noise boundary' are well established and widely used throughout New Zealand with respect to the aircraft noise and land use management obligations surrounding airports. The term 'Air Noise Boundary' is also consistent with NZS6805, the Operative District Plan and WIAL's communications regarding their 'Quieter Homes' programme. 	Delete with two <u>AIR NC</u> <u>Means</u> the loca sound I at Welling <u>60db L</u> <u>Means</u> location levels o Welling

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

d the explanatory text as follows:

tlined in the Step by step guide for using the District users should first look at the planning map to fy what zones, overlays, features and/or nations apply to your property or area. <u>If a</u> <u>nation applies to your property, you may be</u> <u>ed to obtain the written consent of the relevant</u> <u>ing authority before your activity can proceed.</u>

e the definition of Air Noise Overlay and replace vo definitions as follows:

OISE BOUNDARY

s the boundary shown on the district plan maps, cation of which is based on predicted day/night levels of Ldn 65dB from future airport operations llington International Airport.

Ldn NOISE BOUNDARY

s the boundary shown the district plan maps, the on of which is based on predicted day/night sound of Ldn 60dB from future airport operations at gton International Airport.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
AIRPORT PURPOSES means the transport of people and cargo by aircraft and any ancillary activity or service that provides essential support to that function. Where a designation of the airport requiring authority exists, it additionally means the activities of the requiring authority described in the Purpose Statement or conditions of that designation.		For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.56 to 4.61 of the covering submission, further amendments are required to this definition. It is also inappropriate for the definition to reference the designation as any subsequent alterations to the designation may result in the breadth of activities captured by this definition and the associated methods also being updated without going through the appropriate Schedule 1 process.	Delete th Airport P means th any anci support it airport re the active Purpose means a landing. passeng • grour neces • Runw move • Aircra servic • Estat taxive • Aircra servic • Aircra servic • Estat taxive • Aircra servic • Aircra servic
 AIRPORT RELATED ACTIVITIES means third party ancillary activities or services that provide support to the airport. This includes: a. land transport activities; b. buildings and structures; c. servicing and infrastructure; d. police stations, fire stations, and medical facilities; e. education facilities provided they serve an aviation related purpose; 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.56 to 4.61 of the covering submission, further amendments are required to this definition. It is also unclear what is meant by "third parties". The Airport Zone should stand alone, independent of the designation. This reference should therefore be deleted.	Delete th AIRPOR means th provide s <u>to</u> . : a. land to b. buildi c. servio

e the definition or amend as follows:

t Purposes Activities

s the transport of people and cargo by aircraft and noillary activity or service that provides essential wrt to that function. Where a designation of the t requiring authority exists, it additionally means stivities of the requiring authority described in the se Statement or conditions of that designation.

s any activity, wholly or partly, relating to the g, departure and movement of aircraft and aircraft ngers, including but not limited to:

ound-based infrastructure, plant and machinery cessary to assist aircraft operations;

nways, taxiways, aprons and other aircraft overnent areas;

craft rescue training facilities and emergency rvices:

tablishment, operation and use of runways, iways, aprons, and other aircraft movement areas;

uctures to mitigate against the impact of natural zards;

hicle parking and storage, rental vehicle facilities, hicle valet activities, and public transport facilities;

rminal buildings, hangars, control towers, rescue d fire facilities, navigation and safety aids, lighting d telecommunication facilities, car parking, nintenance and service facilities, catering facilities, ight facilities, quarantine and incineration facilities, rder control and immigration facilities, medical rilities, fuel storage and fuelling facilities, facilities the handling and storage of hazardous bstances;

sociated administration and office activities;

cillary activities, buildings and structures related to a bove; and

rvicing. testing and maintenance activities related the above.

the definition or amend as follows:

ORT RELATED ACTIVITIES

s third party ancillary activities or services that le support to the airport<u>, including but not limited</u>

d transport activities;

ildings and structures;

rvicing and infrastructure;

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
 f. retail and commercial services and industry associated with the needs of Airport passengers, visitors and employees and/or aircraft movements and Airport businesses; and g. administrative offices, provided they are ancillary to an airport or airport related activity. 	Oppose	WIAL acknowledges that the margins of its site at Lyall Bay and Evans Bay are within	d. polic <u>eme</u> e. educ relat f. retai asso visito and g. <u>hote</u> <u>and</u> h. adm an a
means the area of the coast which is identified on the planning maps.		the coastal environment, as defined by the NZCPS and the Greater Wellington Regional Policy Statement. However both margins are heavily modified for airport activities and roading infrastructure. WIAL is also concerned that the complex relationship between the Coastal Environment, Infrastructure and Airport Zone provisions creates an inefficient consenting pathway for airport and airport related activities.	Or as a Retain t as refer and con environi underta streamli
 NOISE SENSITIVE ACTIVITY means any lawfully established: a. residential activity, including activity in visitor accommodation or retirement accommodation; b. educational activity; c. health care activity; d. congregation within any place of worship; and e. activity at a marae. 	Oppose in part	The definition of noise sensitive activity does not adequately capture the range of activities typically considered to be sensitive to aircraft noise.	Amend means a a. resid acco b. educ c. heat d. cong e. activ
NON-AIRPORT ACTIVITY means an activity within the Airport Zone which is not for "Airport Purposes" or an "Airport Related Activity".	Support in part	The definition requires updating to reflect WIAL's proposed replacement of the term "Airport Purposes" with "Airport Activity".	Delete t means a "Airport Activity"
OBSTACLE LIMITATION SURFACE means airspace defined around an aerodrome that enables operations at the aerodrome to be conducted safely and that prevents the aerodrome from becoming unusable by the growth of obstacles around the aerodrome. Extending out from all edges of the runway, the OLS includes contiguous transitional, horizontal, conical, and approach / take off surfaces.	Oppose	WIAL is not clear where this term is used within the Proposed Plan other than in the text of the Designation. Furthermore, WIAL is concerned that seeking to define this term in this manner oversimplifies the obstacle limitation surfaces described in Designation WIAL1.	Delete t Or, as a Refer to WIAL1.

lice stations, fire stations, and medical facilities nergency service facilities;

lucation<u>al</u> facilities provided they serve an aviation lated purpose;

tail<u>,and</u> commercial services and industr<u>ialy</u> <u>activity</u> sociated with the needs of Airport passengers, sitors and employees and/or aircraft movements and Airport businesses;

tel / visitor accommodation, conference facilities d associated services; and

ministrative offices, provided they are ancillary to airport or airport related activity.

e the Airport Zone within the Coastal Environment ay;

a less favoured alternative,

n the mapped extent of the coastal environment, ferred to in this definition, only if the relationship onsenting pathway for activities within the coastal onment (insofar as they relate to activities taken with an Airport purpose) are enabled, mlined and reflective of the existing environment.

nd the definition as follows:

s any lawfully established:

sidential activity, including activity in visitor commodation or retirement accommodation;

lucational activity;

alth care and hospital activities-activity;

ngregation within any place of worship; and

tivity at a marae.

e the definition or amend the definition as follows:

ns an activity within the Airport Zone which is not for ort <u>Activity</u> Purposes" or an "Airport Related ity".

the definition.

a less favoured alternative:

to the relevant detailed provisions of Designation 1.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
REGIONALLY SIGNIFICANT INFRASTRUCTURE	Support	Insofar as it relates to Wellington	Retain
means regionally significant infrastructure including:		International Airport, the definition is consistent with the Greater Wellington	
a. pipelines for the distribution or transmission of natural or manufactured gas or petroleum;		Regional Policy Statement definition of	
 facilities and structures necessary for the operation of telecommunications and radiocommunications networks operated by network utility operators; 		regionally significant infrastructure.	
c. the National Grid;			
d. facilities for the generation and/or transmission of electricity where it is supplied to the National Grid and/or the local distribution network;			
e. the local authority water supply network and water treatment plants;			
f. the local authority wastewater and stormwater networks, systems and wastewater treatment plants;			
g. the Strategic Transport Network, as identified in the operative Wellington Regional Land Transport Plan;			
h. Wellington City bus terminal and Wellington Railway Station terminus;			
i. Wellington International Airport; and			
j. Commercial Port Areas within Wellington Harbour and adjacent land used in association with the movement of cargo and passengers and including bulk fuel supply infrastructure, and storage tanks for bulk liquids, and associated wharflines	t		
REVERSE SENSITIVITY	Support	The definition provides a consistent	Retain
means the potential for the operation of an existing lawfully established activity to be compromised, constrained or curtailed by the more recent establishment or alteration of another activity which may be sensitive to the actual, potential or perceived environmental effects generated by the existing activity.	Ł	interpretation and application of the concept of reverse sensitivity.	
TEMPORARY ACTIVITY	Oppose	The definition does not currently define the	Amend
means any short term activities that are primarily held outdoors, on public or private land and that are intended to have a limited duration and incidence. This includes non-permanent ancillary buildings and structures associated with temporary activities.		time parameters of a "temporary" activity. WIAL submits that an appropriate timeframe should be put on temporary	1. A tir term
Temporary activities include:		activities. WIAL also submits that cranage and building wraps should be included in	2. Crai mat
1. Festivals, and exhibitions;		the definition of "temporary activity".	
2. Fairs, carnivals and temporary markets;			
3. Parades and ceremonies;			
4. Council organised public firework displays;			
5. Any short-term filming;			
6. Public meetings;			
7. Sporting and recreation events and associated temporary parking; and			
8. Site offices for construction projects.			
UPGRADING as it applies to infrastructure, means the improvement or increase in carrying capacity, operational efficiency, security or safety of existing infrastructure, but excludes maintenance, repair and renewal.	Oppose	The definition requires broadening to encapsulate the range of activities that are involved with the upgrade of infrastructure.	

in as notified.

in as notified.

nd the definition to include:

timeframe that provides clarity around a "short erm" activity; and,

ranage and building wrap as a specific listed natter.

te the definition and replace with the following:

applies to infrastructure, means the use and lopment to bring existing structures or facilities up irrent standards or to improve the functional acteristics of structures or facilities, provided that effects of the activity are the same or similar in acter, intensity and scale as the existing structure activity.

P	ROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
n a	VELLINGTON AIR NOISE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (WANMC) neans the body primarily responsible for the NMP, being a partnership between the Airport, aircraft operators, nd the local community. Wellington City Council contributes to the WANMC, including through providing pdated noise exposure reports from the noise monitoring system.	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.56 to 4.74, it is not necessary or appropriate to duplicate the aircraft noise management obligations imposed on WIAL as the requiring authority for WIAL4 in the Operative and Proposed Plan. Furthermore, "NMP" nor "WANMC" are terms used in the designation, therefore it is not clear when this committee would be required.	
V	VĀHANGA 2 PART 2 - NGĀ KAUPAPA O TE ROHE WHĀNUI DISTRICT WIDE MATTERS	1		1

TE AHUNGA Ā-RAUTAKI - STRATEGIC DIRECTION

Te Ohaoha, Mōhiotanga me te Taurikura ā-Tāone - City Economy, Knowledge and Prosperity

CEKP-01	Support in part	As described in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15	Retain
A range of commercial and mixed use environments are provided for in appropriate locations across the City to:		and 4.20 to 4.24 of the covering submission, modern airports now demand	
1. Promote a diverse economy;		a mix of land uses that either directly	
2. Support innovation and changes in technology; and		service the aviation sector, or feed directly off it. Focus is also increasingly being	
3. Facilitate alternative ways of working.		placed on improving airport revenue to	
CEKP-03	Support		Delete
Mixed use and industrial areas outside of Centres:			Mixed u
1. Complement the hierarchy of Centres;		such activities is contemplated by Objectives CEKP-O1 and CEKP-O3 to O4,	<u>includir</u>
2. Provide for activities that are incompatible with other Centres-based activities; and		WIAL submits that the relevance of these	1. Con
3. Support large scale industrial and service-based activities that serve the needs of the City and wider region.		objectives to the Airport Zone should be clearly stated.	2. Prov Cen
			3. Sup activ and
CEKP-04	Oppose in part		Delete
Land within the City Centre, Centres, Mixed Use, and General Industrial Zones is protected from activities that are incompatible with the purpose of the zone or have the potential to undermine the City's hierarchy of centres.			Land w Genera <u>Zone)</u> i with the underm

HHSASMW – Ngā Wāhi Aronehe me ngā Wāhi Tapu o te Mana Whenua - Historic Heritage and Sites and Areas of Significance to Mana Whenua

ſ	HHSASM-O3	Support in part	As noted in paragraphs 4.81 to 4.84 of the	Delete th
The cultural, spiritual and /or historical values associated with sites and area of significance to Māori are		covering submission, WIAL does not	so that t	
			oppose in principle areas of significance to	effect to
	protected.		Māori being identified .	the land

F SOUGHT	subject to general relief sought in
vering subn	hission)

e the definition.

in Objective CEKP-O1 as notified.

te the objective or amend as follows:

d use and industrial areas outside of Centres, ding within the Airport Zone:

omplement the hierarchy of Centres;

rovide for activities that are incompatible with other entres-based activities; and

upport large scale industrial and service-based ctivities that serve the needs of the City<u>, the Airport</u> nd wider region.

te the objective or amend as follows:

I within the City Centre, Centres, Mixed Use, and eral Industrial Zones <u>(including within the Airport</u>) is protected from activities that are incompatible the purpose of the zone or have the potential to rmine the City's hierarchy of centres.

e the provisions, or amend the relevant provisions at the objectives, policies and methods that give to these objectives provide clear guidance around and use management expectations within these

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cove
HHSASM-O4 Sites of significance to Māori are identified and mana whenua's relationships, interests and associations with their culture, traditions, ancestral lands, waterbodies, sites, areas and landscapes, and other taonga of significance are recognised and provided for.	Support in part	these objectives provide clear guidance around the land use management expectations within these areas, particularly where the site of significance has been heavily modified.	areas, pa modified Amend N The natu
NE-O1 The natural character, landscapes and features, and ecosystems that contribute to the City's identity and have significance for mana whenua as kaitiaki are identified, recognised, protected, and, where possible, enhanced.	Support in part		ecosyste have sig identified possible,

SCAI – Ngā Rawa me te Tūāhanga ā-Rautaki o te Tāone - Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure

Introduction	Support	WIAL supports the recognition of	Retain
The City also hosts some major infrastructure facilities, such as the Commercial Port and Wellington International Airport, which not only serve the immediate City, but also play a major role at the regional and national scale. These assets are defined as 'regionally significant infrastructure' under the Regional Policy Statement and must be provided for and their benefits recognised. There are also likely to be major transport projects for the City in the coming years that will need to be provided for. The District Plan must enable these activities to continue to establish, operate and function.		Wellington International Airport, as regionally significant infrastructure, within the Introduction of the "Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure" section of the District Plan.	
SCA-01	Support	As set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 and 4.20 to 4.24 of the covering submission, it	That S retaine
Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that:		is appropriate for the strategic objectives to	to e
1. The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised;		recognise the significance and importance	
2. The City is able to function safely, efficiently and effectively;		of regionally significant infrastructure. WIAL therefore supports SCA-O1 and SCA O2.	
3. The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term; and			ne
4. Future growth and development is enabled and can be sufficiently serviced.		As set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, it is also of significant	
SCA-O4	Support	importance to the ongoing operation and	
Regionally significant infrastructure is provided for in appropriate locations and the social, cultural economic, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised and provided for.		protection of regionally significant infrastructure, such as airports, that adverse reverse sensitivity effects are	
SCA-05	Support	avoided. WIAL therefore supports the inclusion of SCA-O6.	
The adverse effects of infrastructure are managed having regard to the economic, social, environmental and cultural benefits, and the technical and operational needs of infrastructure.			
SCA-O6	Support	1	
Infrastructure operates efficiently and safely and is protected from incompatible development and activities that may create reverse sensitivity effects			

Te Whakaukatanga, Te Manawaroa me te Āhuarangi Hurihuri - Sustainability, Resilience and Climate Change

SRCC-01	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.25	Retain S
The City's built environment supports:	to 4.29 of the covering submission, WIAL supports the overall intent of SRCC-O1,	
1. A net reduction in the City's carbon emissions by 2050;	with particular focus on the increase in	
2. More energy efficient buildings;	renewable energy sources.	
3. An increase in the use of renewable energy sources; and		
4. Healthy functioning of native ecosystems and natural processes.		

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

, particularly where the site has been heavily ied.

d NE-O1 as follows:

atural character, landscapes and features, and stems that contribute to the City's identity and significance for mana whenua as kaitiaki are fied, recognised, protected <u>maintained</u> and, where ble, enhanced.

in the Introduction as notified.

SCA-O1, SCA-O4, SCA-O5 and SCA-O6 are ned as notified.

SRCC-O1(3) as notified.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
 *SRCC-O2 Risks from natural hazards are: Identified and understood; Planned for through adaptation and mitigation measures to ensure the risks are low; and Avoided where the risks are intolerable. 		As set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.89, intolerable risk to natural hazards is a relative and subjective concept. Given the subjectiveness of the concept of intolerable risk and the strong directive set out in sub-paragraph 3, Objective SRCC- O2 needs to recognise that in the case of regionally significant infrastructure, functional or operational requirements of that infrastructure may necessitate locating in an area that is subject to natural hazard risk.	2. Plan mea 3. <u>Man has</u> <u>an io</u>
Te Āhua Tāone me te Whanaketanga - Urban Form and Development			
 UFD-02 Urban development in identified greenfield areas: 1. Is environmentally and ecologically sensitive; 2. Makes efficient use of land; 3. Is well-connected to the public transport network, and 4. Reinforces the City's compact urban form. 		Incompatible urban development, particularly greenfield development, has the potential to constrain and/or curtail the operation, development and use of regionally significant infrastructure. For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, urban development should not be enabled or encouraged where it has the potential to adversely affect the operations of the Airport.	Delete t Urban o 1. Is en 2. Mak 3. Is w and 4. Rein 5. <u>Is co</u>
	000000		<u>infra</u>
 UFD-03 Medium to high density and assisted housing developments are located in areas that are: 1. Connected to the transport network and served by multi-modal transport options; or 2. Within or near a Centre Zone or other area with many employment opportunities; and 3. Served by public open space and other social infrastructure. 	Oppose	Incompatible medium and high density housing development, has the potential to constrain and/or curtail the operation, development and use of regionally significant infrastructure. For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, urban development should not be enabled or encouraged where it has the potential to adversely affect the operations of the Airport.	2. With man 3. Serv infra 4. <u>Com</u> infra
 UFD-07 Development supports the creation of a liveable, well-functioning urban environment that enables all people and communities to provide for their social, economic, environmental, and cultural wellbeing, and for their health and safety now and into the future. Development will achieve this by: Being accessible and well-designed; Supporting sustainable travel choices, including active and micromobility modes; Being serviced by the necessary infrastructure appropriate to the intensity, scale and function of the development and urban environment; Being socially inclusive; 	Oppose	Poorly sited noise sensitive activity has the potential to constrain and/or curtail the operation, development and use of regionally significant infrastructure. For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, such activities should not be enabled or encouraged where it has the potential to adversely affect the operations of the Airport.	 Delete t Develop function and cor environ health a Develop 1. Bein 2

the objective or amend as follows:

from natural hazards are:

entified and understood;

anned for through adaptation and mitigation easures to ensure the risks are low;

anaged to the extent practicable where an activity s an operational or functional need to locate within identified natural hazard area; and

<u>cept as provided for in 3, avoided Avoided</u> where e risks are intolerable.

the objective or amend as follows:

development in identified greenfield areas:

environmentally and ecologically sensitive;

akes efficient use of land;

well-connected to the public transport network, d

einforces the City's compact urban form, and

compatible with surrounding regionally significant rastructure.

the objective or amend as follows:

Im to high density and assisted housing opments are located in areas that are:

onnected to the transport network and served by ulti-modal transport options; or

ithin or near a Centre Zone or other area with any employment opportunities; and

erved by public open space and other social rastructure.

ompatible with surrounding regionally significant rastructure.

the objective or amend as follows:

lopment supports the creation of a liveable, welloning urban environment that enables all people ommunities to provide for their social, economic, onmental, and cultural wellbeing, and for their and safety now and into the future.

opment will achieve this by:

ing accessible and well-designed;

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF Southern
 Respecting of the City's historic heritage; Providing for community well-being; and Adapting over time and being responsive to an evolving, more intensive surrounding context. PŪNGAO, TŪĀHANGA ME TE TŪNUKU - ENERGY, INFRASTRUCTURE AND TRANSPORT			9. <u>Avoidir</u> <u>Region</u>
Tūāhanga - Infrastructure			
Introduction The provisions within this chapter apply on a City-wide basis. As such the rules in the zone chapters and earthworks chapter do not apply to infrastructure unless specifically stated within an infrastructure rule or standard. Likewise, the rules in the overlay chapters do not apply to infrastructure. Instead, infrastructure subchapters address the requirements particular to the overlays as follows: INF-CE (Coastal Environment and Natural Character); INF-NFL (Outstanding Natural Areas); INF-NFL (Outstanding Natural Landscapes, Outstanding Natural Features, Special Amenity Landscapes, Ridgelines and Hilltops; INF-OL (Other Overlays); and INF-OL (Other Overlays). The provisions of the overlay sub-chapters apply in addition to the provisions of this chapter. In the case of conflict with any provisions of this chapter and a sub-chapter, the provisions of the sub-chapter will prevail. Further, the Resource Management Act, and therefore the District Plan, share the same broad definition of 'infrastructure', which includes airport and port facilities. Notwithstanding that, this Infrastructure Chapter does not apply to activities that fall under the definition of port or operational port activities (which are dealt with in the <u>Airport Zone chapter</u>), or the definition of port or operational port activities (which are dealt with in the <u>Port Zone chapter</u>). Any infrastructure Chapter.		 As noted in the Introduction, airports and airport related activities are captured by the RMA definition of "infrastructure". As such activities are generally provided for within the Airport Zone, there is potential for airport and airport related activities to be inadvertently captured by the provisions within this chapter, creating an inappropriate duplication of control. While WIAL supports the general intent of the exemption described in the text of the Introduction, the exemption should only apply to airport and airport related activities (i.e. the methods in the Airport Zone. It remains appropriate for the Infrastructure chapter and associated provisions to otherwise apply to WIAL's activities that may occur outside of the Airport Zone or infrastructure that is not provided for by the Airport Zone provisions. It is also not clear whether the introductory text to this chapter also applies to the infrastructure specific overlay sub-chapters. For clarity, further amendments are proposed to the introductory text to ensure that the same exemption for Airport and Airport Related Activities applies to the sub-chapters. 	Further, th the Distric 'infrastruct Notwithsta Infrastruct <u>specific ov</u> activities th purposes <u>Airport Zoo</u> chapter), o activities (Any infras inconsiste provisions
Other relevant District Plan provisions It is important to note that in addition to the provisions in this chapter, the following Part 2: District-Wide chapters may also be of relevance, including: • Subdivision • The Subdivision Chapter contains provisions which manage subdivision of land.	Oppose in part	Refer to paragraphs 4.111 to 4.113 of the covering submission.	Include th points: • <u>Design</u> the pu
 Light and glare - The Light Chapter contains specific provisions relating to light spill and the management of effects on residential areas. Noise - The Noise Chapter contains specific controls in relation to noise, including effects standards NOISE-S1 (maximum noise levels). Signs - The Signs Chapter contains specific controls in relation to signage, including official signs, the effects of signs on road safety, and third party signage. Contaminated land - The Contaminated Land Chapter manages the use and development of Contaminated Land or potentially Contaminated Land. 			<u>the pur</u> <u>will hel</u> <u>Requir</u>

oiding the effects of reverse sensitivity on gionally Significant Infrastructure.

d the introduction as follows:

er, the Resource Management Act, and therefore strict Plan, share the same broad definition of tructure', which includes airport and port facilities.

thstanding that, this the rules within the tructure Chapter (including the infrastructure ic overlay sub-chapters) does not apply to ies that fall under the definition of airport-activities ses or airport related activities located within the t Zone (which are dealt with in the Airport Zone er), or the definition of port or operational port ies (which are dealt with in the Port Zone chapter). offrastructure in the airport or port areas that is sistent with those definitions is managed by the ions in this Infrastructure Chapter.

e the following additional text to the list of bullet :

signations – The Designation Chapter lists signations throughout the district and describes purpose and conditions of any designation and I help determine if approval is required from the quiring Authority under section 176 of the RMA,.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
Hazardous substances - The Hazardous Substances Chapter contains provisions to manage Hazardous Substances.			
 <u>Trees</u> – The Notable Tree Chapter contains specific provisions relating to the management of Notable Trees. 			
Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule or in this chapter, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the <u>General Approach</u> chapter.			
INF-O1 The benefits of infrastructure	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1	Retain a
The national, regional and local benefits of infrastructure are recognised and provided for.		to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this objective.	
INF-O2 Adverse effects of infrastructure	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1	Retain a
The adverse effects of infrastructure on the environment are managed, while recognising:		to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this objective.	
1. The functional and operational need of infrastructure; and			
2. That positive effects of infrastructure may be realised locally, regionally or nationally.			
INF-O3 Adverse effects on infrastructure	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1	Delete t
Manage the adverse effects, including reverse sensitivity effects or subdivision use and development on the function and operation of infrastructure.		to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, it is imperative that infrastructure is protected from reverse	Manage sensitive on the f
		sensitivity effects.	Infrastru subdivis sensitivi
New INF-07		 For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1 to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, it is imperative that the Proposed Plan adequately recognises and provides for the establishment of new and the ongoing operation, maintenance, replacement and upgrade of existing infrastructure. Furthermore, this objective is required to ensure there is a clear objective that policies such as Policy INF-P1 give effect to. Note this objective should sit beneath INF-02 so the plan flows in a logical order (i.e. recognise and provide for infrastructure, enable infrastructure, manage adverse effects of infrastructure). 	Insert a <u>Develop</u> <u>replaced</u> <u>enablec</u>
INF-P1 Recognising and providing for infrastructure	Support.	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1	Retain a
Recognise the benefits of infrastructure by:		to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this policy.	
 Enabling the safe, resilient, effective and efficient operation, maintenance, repair, minor upgrade or removal of existing infrastructure; 			
2. Enabling investigation, monitoring and navigation activities associated with infrastructure operations;			
3. Providing for significant upgrades to, and the development of new infrastructure; and			

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)
n as notified.
n as notified.
e the objective or amend as follows:
ge the adverse effects, including reverse ivity effects or _subdivision use and development • function and operation of infrastructure.
tructure is protected from incompatible vision, use and development, including reverse ivity effects.
a new INF-O7 as follows:
opment, operation, maintenance, repair, ement, renewal and upgrading of infrastructure is ed.
<u>50.</u>
n as notified.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
INF-P3 Technological advances	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1	Retain a
Provide flexibility to adopt new technologies for infrastructure that:		to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this policy	
1. Allow for the re-use of redundant services and structures;		Submission, WINE Supports this policy	
2. Increase resilience, safety or reliability of networks and services;			
3. Result in environmental benefits or enhancements; or			
4. Promote environmentally sustainable outcomes.			
INF-P5 Adverse effects of infrastructure	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1	Retain a
Manage the adverse effects of upgrades to, or the development of new infrastructure, including effects on:		to 4.10 and 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this policy	
1. Natural and physical resources;			
2. Amenity values;			
3. Sensitive activities;			
4. The identified values of Overlays;			
5. The safe and efficient operation of other infrastructure; and			
6. The health, well-being and safety of people and communities.			
INF-P6 Consideration of the adverse effects of infrastructure	???	As set out in paragraphs 4.1 to 4.10 and	Delete t
When considering the adverse effects of infrastructure on the environment recognise that there may be situations where all adverse effects, including construction effects, cannot be avoided, and as such must be remedied or mitigated through having regard to the following:		4.11 to 4.15 it is not always possible or practicable for infrastructure to avoid, remedy or mitigate all environmental effects.	When c on the e situation
 The extent to which adverse effects can be avoided, remedied or mitigated may be constrained by the functional or operational need of the infrastructure; 		Furthermore, it is not appropriate for the	construe <u>mitigate</u>
2. The time, duration, or frequency of adverse effects;		policy framework to require that all adverse effects, irrespective of their significance, be	
3. The necessity of the infrastructure including:		avoided, remedied or mitigated. This is	1
a. The need to quickly repair and restore disrupted services; and		particularly relevant in the context of regionally significant infrastructure.	
b. The impact of not operating, repairing, maintaining, upgrading, removing or developing infrastructure;			
4. Existing infrastructure including:			
a. The complexity and connectedness of networks and services; and			
b. The potential for co-location and shared use of infrastructure corridors;			
Anticipated outcomes for the receiving environment and the degree to which past modifications have compromised the achievement of those outcomes;			
6. The benefits derived from the infrastructure at a local, regional and national scale; and			
7. The extent to which the infrastructure is integrated with, and necessary to support, planned urban development.			
INF-P7 Reverse sensitivity	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.1 to 4.10, 4.11 to 4.15 and 4.56 to 4.69 of the	Amend Nationa
Manage the establishment or alteration of sensitive activities near existing lawfully established infrastructure, including by:		cover submission, it is imperative that	policy a
 Requiring subdivision of sites containing the National Grid to: 		infrastructure is protected from incompatible land use activities, including	Avoid w
 Retain the ability for the network utility operator to access, operate, maintain, repair and upgrade National Grid; and 		reverse sensitivity effects.	mitigate subdivis
 Ensure that future buildings, earthworks and construction activities maintain safe electrical clearance distances under all building and National Grid operating conditions; 			sensitiv

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in	
overing submission)	
n as notified.	
n as notified.	
e the policy or amend as follows:	
n considering the adverse effects of infrastructure e environment recognise that there may be	
ions where all adverse effects, including ruction effects, cannot be avoided, <u>remedied or</u> ated and as such must be remedied or mitigated gh having regard to the following:	
nd the chapeau of the policy to apply only to the nal Grid and gas transmission and insert a new applying to all other infrastructure as follows:	
where practicable, or otherwise remedy or	
ate adverse effects on infrastructure from vision, use and development, including reverse	
tivity effects, which may compromise the operation apacity of existing, consented and planned	
tructure.	

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
2. Managing land disturbance and activities sensitive to gas transmission to avoid or mitigate potential adverse effects of, and on, gas transmission pipelines;			
 Requiring subdivision of sites containing a gas transmission pipeline to retain the ability for the network utility operator to access, operate, maintain, repair and upgrade the gas transmission pipeline; and 			
 Managing the activities of others through set-backs and design controls where it is necessary to achieve appropriate protection of infrastructure. 			
INF-R1 Operation, maintenance and repair, or removal of existing above and underground infrastructure and ancillary vehicle access tracks	Support in part	For the reasons set out paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL	Retain a include r
INF-R3 Upgrading of existing aboveground infrastructure		supports the inclusion of rules listed as they create an appropriate consenting	and polic discretio
INF-R6 Temporary infrastructure		pathway for infrastructure.	
INF-R15 Infrastructure, buildings and structures not provided for by any other rule in this table		WIAL submits however, that some of the conditions included in these rules will require consequential changes to account for the proposed new objectives and policies identified by WIAL.	
INF-R7 Structures associated with infrastructure including:	Oppose in part	WIAL is concerned that the use of the term	Amend t
 Substations (including switching stations); 		"including" in this rule means that it may not be exhaustive and could inadvertently	INF-R7
2. Transformers;		capture airport structures located outside of	. includine
3. Gas transmission and distribution structures;		the Airport Zone.	
4. Energy storage batteries not enclosed by a building; and		To be enforceable, the rule must be clear	
5. Communications kiosks.		and concise in its application.	
Tūāhanga - Takutai Moana - Infrastructure – Coastal Environment		·	•
INF-CE-P14 Operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment:	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.46 to 4.49 of the covering	Delete th
Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and		submission, WIAL opposes this policy insofar as it encourages the duplication of	
Outside of coastal and riparian margins.		controls within the coastal environment that	
Allow the operation, maintenance, repair and upgrading of existing infrastructure and for new infrastructure within the coastal environment.		can otherwise be managed by the general infrastructure provisions.	
INF-CE-P16 Operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment in the Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, Airport and Port Zones:	Support in part / Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.46 to 4.49 of the covering	Delete ti Operati
Within coastal and riparian margins.		submission, WIAL supports this policy in part as relates to activities within the	infrastr
Allow for the operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within areas of coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment in the Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, Airport and Port Zones.		coastal environment that are not otherwise managed in the general infrastructure provisions.	Resider Zones, and the betweer
		WIAL submits however, that this provision also needs to include the area of Natural Open Space zoned land, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, which is highly modified and is used by WIAL for a range of ancillary airport activities (such as navigational aids and meteorological equipment).	• With Allow for existing and ripa Residen Industria of Natur and Moa

n as notified, with consequential changes to e reference to WIAL's proposed new objectives olicies included in the relevant matters of tion as outlined in this submission.

d this rule as follows: **7** Structures associated with infrastructure ling: :....

this policy.

this policy or amend as follows:

ation, maintenance and repair of existing structure within the coastal environment in the lential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use s, Industrial Zones, Airport<u>, and</u> Port Zones <u>he area of Natural Open Space Zone located</u> <u>sen Lyall Bay and Moa Point</u>:

ithin coastal and riparian margins.

for the operation, maintenance and repair of ng infrastructure within areas of coastal margins parian margins in the coastal environment in the lential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, trial Zones, Airport, <u>-and</u> Port Zones<u> and the area</u> tural Open Space Zone located between Lyall Bay <u>foa Point Road</u>.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
		Note that WIAL also has a submission filed with respect to the appropriateness of this zoning, therefore consequential changes may be required to this policy to address the zoning of the site.	Or relief Space z as per V
 INF-CE-P17 Operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment in the Rural Zone and Open Space and Recreation Zones: Within coastal and riparian margins. Provide for the operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment in the Rural Zone and Open Space and Recreation Zones, where: Related earthworks are of a scale that maintains or restores the natural character; and Any significant adverse effects on the natural character are avoided and any other adverse effects on the natural character are avoided, remedied or mitigated. 	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL does not support this policy to the extent that it places an unduly onerous constraint on the use of the highly modified area of Natural Open Space zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.	Delete t Operatu infrastr Rural Z (exclude Moa Poi • With Provide existing riparian Zone ar (exclude Point), v 1
 INF-CE-P18 Upgrading of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment: Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and Outside of coastal and riparian margins. Allow the upgrading of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment where it is located outside of high coastal natural character areas and outside of coastal and riparian margins. 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.46 to 4.49 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy insofar as it encourages the duplication of controls within the coastal environment that can otherwise be managed by the general infrastructure provisions.	Delete t
 INF-CE-P21 Upgrading of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment of the Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones and Special Purpose Zones: Within coastal and riparian margins. Allow for the upgrading of existing infrastructure within coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment in the Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, Industrial Zones and Special Purpose Zones. 	Support in part / Oppose in part	 For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this policy in part. WIAL submits however, that this provision also needs to include the area of Natural Open Space zoned land, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, which is highly modified and is and used by WIAL for a range of ancillary airport activities (such as navigational aids and meteorological equipment). Note that WIAL also has a submission filed with respect to the appropriateness of this zoning (refer to paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of the covering submission), therefore consequential changes may be required to this policy to address the zoning of the site. 	Delete t Upgrad coastal Comme and Sp • With Allow fo coastal environ Mixed U Purpose Zone lo Or relief Space z as per V
 INF-CE-P23 Upgrading of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment of the Rural Zone and Open Space and Recreation Zones that is located aboveground and outside an existing road reserve: Within coastal and riparian margins. 	Support in part / Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this policy. WIAL submits however, that this provision also needs to include the area of Natural Open Space zoned land, between Lyall	Delete t Upgrad coastal Space a located

ief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open e zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, r WIAL's submission.

this policy or amend as follows:

ation, maintenance and repair of existing structure within the coastal environment in the Zone and Open Space and Recreation Zones uding the area located between Lyall Bay and Point):

ithin coastal and riparian margins.

de for the operation, maintenance and repair of ng infrastructure within coastal margins and an margins in the coastal environment in the Rural and Open Space and Recreation Zones uding the area located between Lyall Bay and Moa , where:

this policy.

this policy or amend as follows:

ading of existing infrastructure within the tal environment of the Residential Zones, mercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones Special Purpose Zones:

thin coastal and riparian margins.

for the upgrading of existing infrastructure within al margins and riparian margins in the coastal onment in the Residential Zones, Commercial and I Use Zones, Industrial Zones, <u>and</u> Special ose Zones<u> and the area of Natural Open Space</u> located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point Road.

ief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open e zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, r WIAL's submission.

e this policy or amend as follows:

ading of existing infrastructure within the tal environment of the Rural Zone and Open e and Recreation Zones <u>(excluding the area</u> ed between Lyall Bay and Moa Point) that is

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
 Only allow for the upgrading of existing infrastructure that is located above ground and outside an existing road reserve in the Rural Zone and Open Space and Recreation Zones within riparian margins and coastal margins in the coastal environment where: 1. The activity is of a scale that maintains or restores the natural character; 2. Any significant adverse effects are avoided and any other adverse effects are avoided, remedied or mitigated; and 3. There is a functional need or operational need for the activity to be undertaken within coastal margins or riparian margins in the coastal environment. 		Bay and Moa Point, which is highly modified and is and used by WIAL for a range of ancillary airport activities (such as navigational aids and meteorological equipment). Note that WIAL also has a submission filed with respect to the appropriateness of this zoning (refer to paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of the covering submission), therefore consequential changes may be required to this policy to address the zoning of the site.	Iocated reserve • With Only all that is I road re Recrea Lyall Ba coastal 1 Or relie Space 2 as per V
 INF-CE-P24 New infrastructure within the coastal environment: Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and Outside of coastal and riparian margins. Allow for new infrastructure within the coastal environment where it is located outside of high coastal natural character areas and outside of coastal margins and riparian margins. 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.47 to 4.48 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy insofar as it encourages the duplication of controls within the coastal environment that can otherwise be managed by the general infrastructure provisions.	Delete
 INF-CE-P25 New infrastructure within the coastal environment: Within high coastal natural character areas; or Within coastal and riparian margins. Only allow for new infrastructure within high coastal natural character areas and within coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment, where: The activity is of a scale that maintains or restores the identified values described in <u>SCHED12</u> or the natural character; Any significant adverse effects are avoided and any other adverse effects are avoided, remedied or mitigated; and There is a functional or operational need for the activity to be undertaken within these areas. 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.46 to 4.49 of the covering submission, WIAL does not support this policy. WIAL also notes the policy goes further than the NZCPS which requires the avoidance of significant adverse effects and the avoidance, remediation and mitigation of other effects on natural character, natural features and landscapes. Amendments are proposed to the policy which therefore bring the policy into line with the NZCPS.	Delete Or, as a follows: INF-CE environ • With • With Only al natural riparian 1. The natu 2. Any othe mitig and 3. The activ
 INF-CE-R27 Operation, maintenance, repair of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment; Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and Outside of the coastal and riparian margins. All Zones Activity Status: Permitted 	Oppose	WIAL opposes this rule for the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.47 and 4.47 and 4.48 of the covering submission.	Delete

ted aboveground and outside an existing road rve:

lithin coastal and riparian margins.

allow for the upgrading of existing infrastructure s located above ground and outside an existing reserve in the Rural Zone and Open Space and eation Zones <u>(excluding the area located between Bay and Moa Point)</u> within riparian margins and tal margins in the coastal environment where:

lief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open e zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, r WIAL's submission.

e this policy.

e this policy

s a less favoured alternative, amend the policy as vs:

CE-P25 New infrastructure within the coastal ronment:

(ithin high coastal natural character areas; or

lithin coastal and riparian margins.

allow for new infrastructure within high coastal ral character areas and within coastal margins and ran margins in the coastal environment, where:

he activity is of a scale that maintains or restores e identified values described in <u>SCHED12</u> or the atural character;

ny significant adverse effects are avoided and any ther adverse effects are avoided, remedied or itigated <u>on natural character and natural features</u> and landscapes; and

here is a functional or operational need for the ctivity to be undertaken within these areas.

e this rule.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
	Support in part / Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this rule in part. WIAL submits however, that this provision also needs to include the area of Natural Open Space zoned land, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, which is highly modified and is and used by WIAL for a range of ancillary airport activities (such as navigational aids and meteorological equipment). Note that WIAL also has a submission filed with respect to the appropriateness of this zoning (refer to paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of the covering submission), therefore consequential changes may be required to this policy to address the zoning of the site.	the cov Delete t INF-CE existing enviror • With Resider Industri of Natur and Mo 1. Activ Rural Z (exclud 2. Activ Whe a. C Rural Z (exclud
2. The matters in <u>PA-P1</u> and <u>PA-P2</u> .			3. Activ Or relief Space z
 Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and Outside of coastal and riparian margins. All Zones 	Oppose	WIAL opposes this rule for the reasons set out in paragraph 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.47 to 4.48 of the covering submission.	as per V Delete ti
	Support in part / Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.11 to 4.15 of the covering submission, WIAL supports this rule. WIAL submits however, that this provision also needs to include the area of Natural Open Space zoned land, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, which is highly modified and is and used by WIAL for a range of ancillary airport activities (such as navigational aids and meteorological equipment). Note that WIAL also has a submission filed with respect to the appropriateness of this	Delete ti Upgrad coastal • With Resider Industria of Natur and Moa 1. Activ Rural Zo (excludi

this rule or amend as follows

E-R29 Operation, maintenance and repair of ing infrastructure within the coastal onment:

ithin coastal or riparian margins.

lential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, trial Zones, Special Purpose Zones<u>, and the area</u> t<u>ural Open Space Zone located between Lyall Bay</u> <u>Aoa Point</u>

tivity Status: Permitted

Zones, Open Space and Recreation Zones Iding the area between Lyall Bay and Moa Point)

tivity Status: Permitted

here:

Compliance is achieved with INF-S3.

Zones, Open Space and Recreation Zones Iding the area between Lyall Bay and Moa Point)

tivity status: **Restricted Discretionary**

ief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open e zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, r WIAL's submission.

this rule.

this rule or amend as follows:

ading of existing infrastructure within the tal environment:

ithin coastal or riparian margins.

lential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, trial Zones, Special Purpose Zones <u>and the area</u> tural Open Space Zone located between Lyall Bay <u>Ioa Point.</u>

tivity Status: Permitted

Zones, Open Space and Recreation Zones Iding the area between Lyall Bay and Moa Point)

tivity Status: Permitted

here:

The infrastructure is located underground; or

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>INF-CE-R31.2</u> cannot be achieved.			b.
Matters of discretion:			
1. The matters in <u>INF-CE-P18</u> and <u>CE-P7</u> ; and			Rural Z
2. The matters in <u>PA-P1</u> and <u>PA-P2</u> .			3. Activ
			Or relie Space z as per \
INF-CE-R33	Oppose	WIAL opposes this rule for the reasons set	Delete
New infrastructure within the coastal environment:		out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.47 to 4.48 of the covering submission.	
Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and			
Outside of coastal and riparian margins			
All Zones			
1. Activity Status: Permitted			
INF-CE-R34	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.46	
New infrastructure within the coastal environment:		to 4.49, WIAL does not support this rule as notified. WIAL also considers that a	New in
Within high coastal natural character areas; or		discretionary activity is unduly onerous and notes that the rationale for establishing	• Witl
Within coastal or riparian margins		rules within "coastal margins" is premised	• With
All Zones:		on Policy 6(1)(i) of the NZCPS. There are other limbs within Policy 6 that need to be	All Zon
1. Activity Status: Discretionary		considered. A restricted discretionary	Activity
		activity achieves a greater balancing of these provisions.	Matters
			1. <u>The</u>
		Furthermore, Policy INF-CE-P25 also identifies specific controls on when	
		infrastructure should be allowed within these areas. These matters better lend	
		themselves to a restricted discretionary activity status.	
Tūāhanga - Ngā Pūnaha Hauropi me te Kanorau Koiora Taketake - Infrastructure – Ecosystems and I	ndigenous Biodivers	ity	
INF-ECO-P33 Operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within a significant natural	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.49	Delete
area		to 4.54, WIAL opposes this objective in part.	Provide
Provide for the operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within significant natural areas where the activity, including associated earthworks, does not adversely affect the biodiversity values.			existing areas v associa
			biodive
			1. The mea <u>prac</u>
			2. Anv

The infrastructure is located within an existing road reserve.

I Zones, Open Space and Recreation Zones uding the area between Lyall Bay and Moa Point)

ctivity status:

Hief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open are zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, ar WIAL's submission.

te this rule.

te or amend the rule as follows:

infrastructure within the coastal environment:

/ithin high coastal natural character areas; or

/ithin coastal or riparian margins

ones:

vity Status: <u>Restricted</u> Discretionary

ers of discretion are:

he matters in INF-P6 and INF-P25.

te the policy or amend as follows:

ide for the operation, maintenance and repair of ing infrastructure within significant natural s where the activity, including ciated earthworks, not adversely affect the versity values. it can be demonstrated that:

here is an operational need or functional need that leans the infrastructure's location cannot be <u>racticably</u> avoided; and

 Any adverse effects on indigenous biodiversity values within a significant natural area are applied in accordance with <u>ECO-2</u>.<u>ECO-P1</u>.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
INF-ECO-P34 Upgrades to and new infrastructure in significant natural areas	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.50	Delete o
Allow for upgrades to existing infrastructure and for new infrastructure within significant natural areas where it can be demonstrated that:		to 4.55, WIAL opposes this objective in part.	Allow for infrastru can be c
1. There is an operational need or functional need that means the infrastructure's location cannot be avoided; and			1. There
 Any adverse effects on indigenous biodiversity values within a significant natural area are applied in accordance with <u>ECO-P2</u>. 			mear pract
			2. Any a value acco
New Provisions		For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.50	Insert a
		to 4.55 of the covering submission, WIAL submits that a new policy and method is required to allow for the removal of	INF-EC
		vegetation within significant natural areas where necessary to provide for the safe	<u>Enable</u> areas id
		and/or efficient operation of regionally significant infrastructure.	1. <u>The</u> ongo
			<u>infras</u> 2. <u>Any a</u>
			value cons
			INFR-E
			<u>All Zone</u>
			<u>Remova</u> protect i
			<u>1. Activ</u>
			<u>Matters</u> 3. <u>The</u>
Tūāhanga - Ngā Mōrearea ā-Taiao Infrastructure – Natural Hazards			3. <u>The l</u>
INF-NH-P61 Infrastructure and structures in Natural Hazard and Coastal Hazard Overlays	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85	Delete tl
Only allow for new infrastructure, and any associated structures in the Natural Hazard Overlays and Coastal Hazard Overlays where the infrastructure or associated structures:		to 4.91 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy.	Infrastr Coastal
1. Do not increase the risk from the natural hazard to people, or other property or infrastructure;			Only allo
 Incorporate design measures to reduce the potential for damage to the infrastructure following a natural hazard or coastal hazard event; and 			structure Hazard structure
3. When located in an overland flowpath, stream corridor, or high coastal hazard area, have a functional need or operational need that means the infrastructure's location cannot be avoided and there are no reasonable alternatives.			1. Do n from or ini
			2. Incol for d

or amend the policy as follows:

for upgrades to existing infrastructure and for new tructure within significant natural areas where it e demonstrated that:

ere is an operational need or functional need that eans the infrastructure's location cannot be acticably avoided; and

y adverse effects on indigenous biodiversity lues within a significant natural area are applied in cordance with ECO-2-<u>ECO-P1</u>.

a new policy and method as follows:

COP38 Appropriate vegetation removal in icant natural areas

e vegetation removal within significant natural identified within SCHED8 where:

e vegetation removal is required to provide for the going and safe operation of regionally significant rastructure; and,

y adverse effects on indigenous biodiversity lues within a significant natural area are nsidered in accordance with ECO-P1.

ECO-R43A

nes

val of vegetation within significant natural areas to at regionally significant infrastructure

tivity Status: Restricted discretionary

rs of discretion are:

e matters in INF-ECO-P38

e the policy or amend as follows:

structure and structures in Natural Hazard and tal Hazard Overlays

allow for new infrastructure, and any associated ures in the Natural Hazard Overlays and Coastal rd Overlays where the infrastructure or associated ures:

o not <u>create an intolerable level of</u> increase the risk om the natural hazard to people, or other property infrastructure;

Incorporate design measures to reduce the potential for damage to the infrastructure following a natural hazard or coastal hazard event to the extent reasonably practicable; and

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
			3. <u>Have</u> <u>withi</u> <u>Over</u>
			4. Whe corri funct infra are r
INF-NH-R59 Temporary infrastructure in Natural Hazard Overlays and Coastal Hazard Overlays	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85	Delete o
All Zones		to 4.91 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy.	1. Activ
1. Activity status: Permitted			Whe
Where:			a. T
a. The temporary infrastructure is not located within the:			tł
i. Overland flowpath area of the flood hazard extent;			i.
ii. Stream corridor area of the flood hazard extent; or			ii.
iii. The high hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlay outside of the City Centre Zone.			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			iii
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of INF-NH-R59.1.a cannot be achieved.			iv iv
Matters of discretion are:			
3. The matters set out in <u>INF-NH-P61</u> .			
INF-NH-60 New above ground infrastructure in Natural Hazard Overlays and Coastal Hazard Overlays	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85	Delete c
All Zones		to 4.91 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy.	1. Activ
1. Activity status: Permitted		opposes this policy.	Whe
Where:			a. T
a. The infrastructure is located within:			i.
i. The ponding area of the flood hazard extent;			ii.
ii. The low and medium hazard areas of the Coastal Hazard Overlays;			
iii. The Sheppards Gully Fault Overlay, Ohariu Fault Overlay or the Terawhiti Fault Overlay;			iii
iv. The Liquefaction Overlay; or			, in
v. High hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlay within the City Centre Zone.			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			V
a. The infrastructure is located within the:			
i. Overland flowpath area of the flood hazard extent;			2. Activ
ii. The Wellington Fault Overlay;			Whe
iii. Stream corridor of the flood hazard extent; or			a. T
iv. High hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlay outside of the City Centre Zone.			i u. 1
	1	1	1 1.

ave an operational or functional need to locate thin Natural Hazard Overlays and Coastal Hazard /erlays;

(hen located in an overland flowpath, stream orridor, or high coastal hazard area, have a nctional need or operational need that means the frastructure's location cannot be avoided and there re no reasonably<u>e practicable</u> alternatives.

e or amend the rule as follows:

ctivity status: Permitted

here:

- The temporary infrastructure is not located within the:
- *i.* Overland flowpath area of the flood hazard extent;
- *ii.* Stream corridor area of the flood hazard extent; or
- iii. The high hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlay outside of the City Centre Zone.
- *iv.* <u>The high hazard area of the Coastal Hazard</u> <u>Overlay outside of the Natural Open Space</u> <u>Zone located between Lyall Bay and Moa</u> <u>Point</u>

e or amend the rule as follows

ctivity status: Permitted

here:

The infrastructure is located within:

- i. The ponding area of the flood hazard extent;
- *ii.* The low and medium hazard areas of the Coastal Hazard Overlays;
- iii. The Sheppards Gully Fault Overlay, Ohariu Fault Overlay or the Terawhiti Fault Overlay;
- iv. The Liquefaction Overlay; or
- v. High hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlay within the City Centre Zone.
- vi. <u>High hazard area of the Coastal Hazard</u> <u>Overlay within the Natural Open Space Zone</u> <u>between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.</u>

ctivity status: Restricted Discretionary

here:

The infrastructure is located within the:

i. Overland flowpath area of the flood hazard extent;

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIE
3. The matters set out in INF-NH-P61.			
Tūāhanga - Ētahi anō Inaki Infrastructure – Other Overlays	·		•
INF-OL-P62 Adverse effects of infrastructure on:	Oppose	Refer to paragraphs 4.81 to 4.84 of WIAL's	Delete
1. Historic heritage;		covering submission.	Adve
2. Notable trees;		Furthermore, use of the term "possible"	1. Hi
3. Sites and areas of significance to Māori; and		within limb b should be amended to "practicable". "Possible" is defined as "able	2. No
4. Viewshafts.		to be done or achieved". This sets a	3. Si
In the overlays identified in clauses 1-4 above:		unreasonably high threshold, as it may be "possible" to avoid and effect, but is not	4. Vi
a. Give priority to avoiding the adverse effects of substantial upgrades to, or the development of new		"practicable" due to siting, design and costing constraints (for example).	In the
 infrastructure, on the values and attributes of the above overlays; and b. Where the avoidance of adverse effects under clause a. is not possible, the appropriateness of the substantial upgrades to, or the development of, new infrastructure will be determined by having regard to the matters listed in <u>INF-P6</u>. 			a. Gi su ini ab
			b. W cla ap th de <u>IN</u>
INF-OL-R64 Operation, maintenance and repair, or removal, or existing aboveground infrastructure in Other Overlays	Support	Refer to paragraphs 4.81 to 4.84 of WIAL's covering submission.	Retai
All Zones			
1. Activity Status: Permitted			
INF-OL-R65 Upgrading of existing aboveground infrastructure in Other Overlays	Oppose in part	Both limbs 1 and 2 reference Category A of	
1. Activity Status: Permitted		the Schedule 7. It is therefore not clear which rule applies to Category A Sites and	Categ
Where		areas of significance to Maori.	Other
a. The infrastructure is located on a site identified in any of the following schedules:		WIAL supports this rule, subject to WIAL's	opera mean
b. lii. Category A of SCHED7 (Sites and areas of significance to Māori).		proposed amendments to INF-OL-P62 being accepted.	reme
2. Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. The infrastructure is located:			

Matters of discretion are:

. . . .

2. The matters set out in INF-OL-P62.

iv. within a site or area listed in Category A or B of SCHED7 (Sites and area of significance to Māori).

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

- ii. The Wellington Fault Overlay;
- iii. Stream corridor of the flood hazard extent; or
- iv. High hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlay outside of the City Centre Zone <u>or</u> <u>outside of the Natural Open Space Zone</u> <u>between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.</u>

te or amend INF-OL-P62 as follows:

rse effects of infrastructure on:

istoric heritage;

otable trees;

ites and areas of significance to Māori; and

iewshafts.

overlays identified in clauses 1-4 above:

ive priority to avoiding the adverse effects of ubstantial upgrades to, or the development of new frastructure, on the values and attributes of the bove overlays; and

/here the avoidance of adverse effects under lause a. is not possible reasonably practicable, the ppropriateness of the substantial upgrades to, or be development of, new infrastructure will be etermined by having regard to the matters listed in $\sqrt{F-P6}$.

in as notified.

te or amend the rule to refer to either Category A or gory B areas (not both).

rwise, refine the matters of discretion to reflect that ational and functional constraints of infrastructure in that adverse effects cannot always be avoided, indied or mitigated.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
INF-OL-R66 New aboveground infrastructure and temporary infrastructure in Other Overlays not	Support in part	WIAL supports this rule, subject to WIAL's	Retain a
otherwise provided for		proposed amendments to INF-OL-P62 being accepted.	changes
1. Activity Status Restricted Discretionary		being accepted.	Otherwis
Matters of discretion are:			reflect th
1. The matters set out in INF-OL-P62.			be avoid
Te Waihangatanga ā-Hiko Whakahou - Renewable Electricity Generation	•		•
REG-O1 Benefits of renewable energy use and development	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.25	Retain a
REG-O2 Adverse effects of renewable electricity generation activities		to 4.29 covering submission, WIAL supports these provisions insofar as they	
REG-O3 Adverse effects on renewable electricity generation activities		encourage and enable the development of	
REG-O4 Energy efficiency and conservation		renewable energy and thus will help WIAL achieve its sustainability and climate change goals.	
REG-P1 Recognising the significance and benefits of the use and development of renewable energy	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.25	Retain a
REG-P2 Providing for renewable electricity generation activities		to 4.29 covering submission, WIAL supports these provisions insofar as they encourage and enable the development of renewable energy and thus will help WIAL achieve its sustainability and climate change goals.	
REG-P3 Renewable electricity generation investigation activities	Oppose in part	WIAL submits that the policy should expressly state which overlays apply to the	Amend t relevanc
P4 Small scale renewable electricity generation outside Overlays, high coastal natural character areas, and coastal and riparian margins	Oppose in part	Based on the subparagraphs, it appears to	Amend t relevanc
P5 Small-scale renewable electricity generation activities within Overlays, high coastal natural character areas, and coastal and riparian margins	Oppose in part	be confined to overlays relating to the natural environment, historic and cultural values and natural hazards. There are,	Amend t relevanc
REG-P6 Community scale renewable electricity generation activities in the General Rural Zone, General Industrial and Airport Zones, outside Overlays, high coastal natural character areas, and coastal and riparian margins	Oppose in part	however, a number of other overlays within the plan that are captured by the broad use of the term "overlay" which are in no way	relevanc
REG-P7 Community-scale renewable electricity generation activities within other zones, locations and Overlays	Oppose in part	relevant to the establishment of renewable electricity generation.	Amend t relevanc
Tūnuku - Transport			
TR-P1 High trip generating use and development	Oppose	WIAL opposes these provisions, for the	Exclude
Provide for high vehicle trip generating activities where they:		reasons set out in paragraphs 4.107 to 4.108 of the covering submission.	provision
1. Safely and effectively integrate with the transport network, including planned network upgrades and service improvements; and			
2. Provide for pedestrian, cycling, micromobility and public transport modes.			
TR-R2 Trip Generation	Oppose	-	
All Zones			
1. Activity Status: Permitted			
Where:			
	1		1

n as notified provided WIAL's recommended ges to Policy INFO-OL-62 are accepted.

wise delete or refine the matters of discretion to t that operational and functional constraints of tructure mean that adverse effects cannot always oided, remedied or mitigated.

as notified.

as notified.

d the policies to refer to the specific overlays of ance.

d the policy to refer to the specific overlays of ance.

d the policy to refer to the specific overlays of ance.

d the policy to refer to the specific overlays of ance.

d the policy to refer to the specific overlays of ince.

de the Airport Zone from the trip generation ions.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
b. The activity is not:			
i. A service station; or			
ii. A drive through activity			
2. Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. Compliance with any of the requirements of TR-R2.1 cannot be achieved.			
The matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in TR-P1.			
Section 88 information requirements for applications:			
Applications under <u>Rule TR-R1.2.a</u> must provide an Integrated Transport Assessment by a suitably qualified transport engineer or transport planner. The Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency guidelines "Research Report 422: Integrated Transport Assessment Guidelines, November 2010" should be used to inform any Integrated Transport Assessment.			
Standards			
TR-S1 Vehicle Trip Generation			
Activities must not exceed the following maximum vehicle movement thresholds:			
Type of Vehicle: light			
Maximum number of vehicle movements: 200 per day			
Type of vehicle: Heavy			
Maximum number of vehicles movements: 8 per week			
TR-R1 All activities except for trip generation, on site cycling and micro mobility paths and on-site vehicle parking and manoeuvring	Support	WIAL supports and provide opportunities for the use of alternative modes of	Retain a
All Zones		transport to and from Wellington Airport. However, due to the characteristics of	
1. Activity status: Permitted		passengers (i.e. typically carrying luggage)	,
Where:		the uptake of pedestrian, cycling and micromobility transportation is and will	
a. Compliance with the following standards is achieved:		likely continue to be much lower than alternative vehicular options such as	
i. <u>TR-S2;</u>		private car, taxi or bus in the Airport Zone.	
ii. <u>TR-S3;</u>		WIAL therefore supports the exclusion of	
iii. <u>TR-S8</u> ; and		the Airport Zone from Table TR-7, and thus	;
iv. <u>TR-S9</u> .		TR-S2, TR-S3 not being relevant to the Airport Zone.	
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. Compliance with any of the requirements of <u>TR-R1</u> cannot be achieved			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant Standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; and			
2. The matters in <u>TR-P3</u> .			

in as notified.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF S
NGĀ MŌREAREA ME NGĀ TŪRARU - HAZARDS AND RISKS			
Te One Hawa - Contaminated Land			
Introduction	Support	The Contaminated Land chapter does not	Retain as
CL-O1 Protection of human health from contaminants		contain methods. WIAL generally supports the approach taken within this chapter and	
CL-O2 Benefit of remediating contaminated land		considers that it is appropriate to avoid	
CL-P1 Benefit of remediating contaminated land		unnecessary duplication where other legislation comprehensively and effectively	
CL-P2 Identification of contaminated and potentially contaminated land		controls such matters.	
CL-P3 Management of contaminated land			
Ngā Matū Mōrearea - Hazardous Substances			
Introduction	Support	The Hazardous Substances chapter only	Retain as
HS- O1 Protection from unacceptable residual risk		seeks to manage the residual and cumulative risks associated with hazardous	
HS – O2 Protection of established facilities		substances. WIAL generally supports the	
HS-P1 Residual risk to people and communities		approach taken within this chapter and considers that it is appropriate to avoid	
HS-P2 Location of hazardous facilities and activities		unnecessary duplication where other	
HS-P3 Sensitive activities		legislation comprehensively and effectively controls the storage, transportation and	
HS-R1 The manufacture, use, storage, transportation or disposal or hazardous substances		use of such substances.	
Ngā Mōrearea ā-Taiao - Natural Hazards			
Introduction	Support	WIAL supports the recognition of Wellington Airport within the introductory	Retain as
		text.	
Hazard sensitivity			
If an activity is not identified in the definitions is proposed in a Natural Hazard Overlay, then for the purposes the application it shall be assessed as a less hazard sensitivity activity. The exception to this are Wellington			
Airport, operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities. These have been specifica	ally		
excluded from the hazard classification above and they have their own District Plan framework, for developme for these activities. This is in recognition of the social and economic benefits these activities have and that the			
position in the City is largely fixed. When considering development for the purposes of the Wellington Airpo	ort,		
	ific I		
operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities, then this will be assessed against the speci policies and rules provided in this chapter.			
operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities, then this will be assessed against the speci			
operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities, then this will be assessed against the speci policies and rules provided in this chapter.			
operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities, then this will be assessed against the speci policies and rules provided in this chapter.			

F SOUGHT (subject to general rel overing submission)	ief sought in
as notified	
as notified.	
as notified.	

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
NO-O1 Risk from natural hazards Subdivision, use and development within the Natural Hazard Overlays reduce or do not increase the risk from natural hazards to people, property and infrastructure.	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL does not support this objective. Furthermore, and as set out in Objective SRCC-O2, the risks from natural hazards should be avoided where they are intolerable. This concept should be brought into this policy and acknowledges that people, activities, property and	Delete of CE-O5 Subdivi Overlay does no
NH-O4 Operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities Operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities are provided for, while also ensuring that subdivision, development and use of land occupied by operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities do not increase the risk to people, property and infrastructure.	Oppose	infrastructure have varying levels of coastal hazard tolerance. The activities listed have operational and functional constraints which ultimately govern the location of these activities, including within areas exposed to natural hazard risk. This objective needs to appropriately recognise this, and consistent with the directive contained within SRCC- O2, avoid areas where the risks are intolerable, taking into consideration operational and functional constraints associated with identified activities.	Delete of NH-O4 passen Airport,
 NH-P1 Identification of natural hazards Identify natural hazards within the District Plan and take a risk-based approach to the management of subdivision, use and development based on: 1. The sensitivity of the activities to the impacts of natural hazards; and The hazard posed to people's lives and wellbeing, property and infrastructure, by considering the likelihood and consequences of natural hazard events. 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	Delete t tolerabil
 NH-P2 Levels of risk Subdivision, use and development reduce or do not increase the risk to people, property and infrastructure by: 1. Allowing for those buildings and activities that have either low occupancy or low replacement value within the low, medium and high hazard areas of the Natural Hazard Overlays; 2. Requiring buildings and activities to mitigate the impacts from natural hazards to people, property and infrastructure in the low hazard and medium hazard areas within the Natural Hazard Overlays; and 3. Avoiding buildings and activities in the high hazard areas of the Natural Hazard Overlays unless there is an exceptional reason for the building or activity to be located in this area and the activity mitigates the impacts 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	tolerabil

Ngā Wāhi Tapu ki te Māori - Sites and Areas of Significance to Māori

Introduction	Oppose in part	WIAL supports the clarification provided by	Retain
The location of each site and area of significance has been determined with the guidance and direction of mana whenua. The provision of categorisation gives a tool to understand that although there are similarities		the introductory text that the provisions of this chapter only apply to the use,	WIAL

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

or amend the objective as follows:

5 Risk from natural hazards

ivision, use and development in the Natural Hazard ays <u>do not create an intolerable level of roduces or not increase the risk to people, property, and tructure.</u>

or amend the objective as follows:

4 <u>Airport, Ooperational</u> port activities, enger port facilities and rail activities

rt. Ooperational port activities, passenger port es and rail activities are provided for, while also ing that subdivision, development and use of land bied by operational port activities, passenger port es and rail activities do not <u>create an intolerable</u> of increase the risk to people, property, and tructure.

the policy or amend to introduce the concept of bility.

e the policy or amend to introduce the concept of bility.

n as notified, subject to the general relief sought by in the covering submission.

			the cov
within the rule framework, that within consultation with iwi there may be different outcomes depending on the taonga. To ensure the effects of development on the mana and unique significance of each site and area is managed the extent of each site has been mapped. The provisions of this chapter apply to the use, development and activities within this identified extent.		development and activities located within the mapped extent of the scheduled Sites and Areas of Significance to Māori.	
SASM-01 Purpose	Oppose in part	WIAL supports the identification and	Retain a
Sites and areas of significance to Māori are identified for their cultural significance and their contribution to an understanding and appreciation of the relationship mana whenua have with the landscape and the history of Wellington City.		mapping of areas and sites of significance to Māori and considers it is appropriate to protect these areas from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.	WIAL in
SASM-O2 Protecting sites and areas of significance to Māori Sites and areas of significance to Māori are retained and protected from inappropriate use, subdivision and development.	Oppose in part		
SASM-O3 Kaitiakianga	Oppose in part.		Delete t
Mana whenua are enabled to exercise kaitiakitanga in relation to sites and areas of significance.	For the reasons se	et out in paragraphs 4.81 to 4.84 of the	framew Maupuia
SASM -P1 Identifying sites and areas of significance to Māori	covering submissi	on, WIAL opposes these provisions to the	provide
Identify sites and areas that have significance to Māori.		o the two identified sites at the regionally ton International Airport.	planning existing
SASM -P2 Maintenance and repair			operatio
Enable maintenance and repair activities on sites and areas of significance to Māori where the spiritual and cultural values of the site or area are protected.		regional	
SASM-P4 Construction of buildings and structures within sites and areas of significance			
Provide for the construction of buildings and structures within sites and areas of significance to Māori where it can be demonstrated that the spiritual and cultural values of the site will be protected and maintained, having regard to:			
1. The cultural and spiritual values of the site or area;			
2. Consultation undertaken with mana whenua;			
3. The extent to which the building or structure respects the tikanga of the site or area of significance;			
4. The extent to which the values of mana whenua incorporated into the proposal;			
5. Whether alternative methods, locations or designs are available that would reduce the impact on the identified site or area of significance;			
6. Any positive effects of the development for mana whenua or opportunities to enhance the cultural values of the site;			
7. The extent to which mana whenua retain access and use of the site or area;			
8. The extent to which the building or structure is set back from the boundary with the site or area of significance;			
 Where adjacent to marae complex, the extent to which the new building or structure has been designed or oriented to prevent windows or balconies from looking directly into or over marae; 			
10. Whether landscaping or screening are proposed to reduce overlooking or provide screening from the site or area of significance;			
11. The positioning and orientation of the building or structure relative to the site or area of significance; and			
12. The extent to which the exterior treatment and materials of the new building or structure are compatible with the site or area of significance.			

in as notified, subject to the general relief sought by _ in the covering submission.

te these provisions or update the planning ework, either broadly or insofar as it relates to puia Pā and Moa Point, to exclude these sites or ide greater clarity around the application of the ning framework particularly where it relates to ing heavily modified environments and the ongoing ation, maintenance, use and development of onally significant infrastructure.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIE the co
SASM-P5 Modification of features integral to a Category A or B site or area of significance to Māori and extension of the footprint of existing buildings			
Provide for the modification of features integral to a Category A or B site or area of significance to Māori and extension of the footprint of existing buildings where it can be demonstrated that the spiritual and cultural values of the site will be protected and maintained, having regard to:			
1. Consultation undertaken with mana whenua;			
2. The extent to which the values of mana whenua have been incorporated into the proposal;			
3. Whether alternative methods, locations or designs are available that would avoid or reduce the impact on the identified site or area of significance;			
4. Any positive effects of for mana whenua or opportunities to enhance the cultural values of the site; and			
5. The extent or ability for mana whenua to access and use of the site or area.			
SASM-P6 Destruction of sites and areas of significance	-		
Avoid the demolition or destruction of sites and areas of significance to Māori			
SASM-R2 Undertaking cultural rituals, practices, and tikanga Māori in sites and areas of significance in Category A, Category B and Category C	-		
1. Activity status: Permitted			
SASM-R3 Modification of features integral to a Category A or B site or area of significance to Māori identified in SCHED7	-		
All Zones			
1. Activity status: Permitted			
Where:			
a. The integral feature is a marae.			
All Zones			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of SASM-R4.1 cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are restricted to:			
1. The matters in <u>SASM-P5;</u>			
2. Consultation undertaken with mana whenua; and			
3. The extent to which the values of mana whenua have been incorporated into the proposal.			
SASM-R4 New buildings or structures within a site or area of significance to Māori in Category A or B	-		
All Zones			
1. Activity status: Permitted			
Where:			
a. The building is a marae.			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where			
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>SASM-R4.1</u> cannot be achieved.			
			!

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in <u>SASM-P4</u> .			
Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule SASM-R4 is precluded from being limited or publicly notified.			
SASM-R5 Additions to the footprint of an existing buildings within sites and areas of significance Māori Category A or B	-		
All Zones			
1. Activity status: Permitted			
Where:			
a. The building is a marae.			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>SASM-R5.1</u> cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are:			
The matters in <u>SASM-P5;</u>			
1. Consultation undertaken with mana whenua; and			
2. The extent to which the values of mana whenua have been incorporated into the proposal.			
Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule SASM-R5 is precluded from being limited or publicly notified.			
SASM-R6 Destruction or demolition of a site or area of significance to Māori in Category A and Category B	-		
All Zones			
1. Activity status: Non-Complying			
NGĂ UARA Ă-TAIAO MĂORI - NATURAL ENVIRONMENT VALUES			
Te Uru Tūmatanui - Public Access			

Te Uru Tūmatanui - Public Access

PA-O2 Adverse effects of public access Public access does not have a negative impact on existing values such as natural character, indigenous biodiversity, landscape values, historic heritage, sites of significance to Māori or the coastal environment.	Oppose in part	Further changes are required to the objective to ensure there is a clear policy rationale for limbs 5 and 11 of Policy PA- P3.	Delete or PA-O2 A Public ac <u>a.</u> exis indig herit the c <u>b.</u> <u>Pub</u> <u>the s</u> <u>Airp</u>
PA-P3 Restriction of public access	Support	It is appropriate to limit the provision of	Retain as
Only allow for the restriction of public access to, along or adjacent to the coast and waterbodies where the restriction is necessary to:		public access when necessary to provide for the safe and efficient operation of activities at Wellington International Airport.	
1. Protect threatened indigenous species; or			

IEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in covering submission)

e or amend the objective as follows:

2 Adverse effects of public access

access does not have a negative impact on:

existing values such as natural character, ndigenous biodiversity, landscape values, historic peritage, sites of significance to Māori or he coastal environment<u>; or</u>

Public health and safety, particularly with respect to he safe operation and functioning of the Port and <u>Nirport.</u>

as notified.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
2. Protect dunes, estuaries and other sensitive natural areas or habitats; or			
3. Protect sites and activities of cultural value to Māori; or			
4. Protect historic heritage; or			
5. Protect public health or safety; or			
6. Avoid or reduce conflict between public uses of the coastal marine area and its margins; or			
7. Provide for temporary activities or special events; or			
8. Provide for defence purposes in accordance with the Defence Act 1990; or			
9. Ensure a level of security consistent with the purpose of a resource consent; or			
10. Address other exceptional circumstances sufficient to justify the restriction; or			
11. Provide for the safe and efficient operation of the Port and Airport Zone.			
WAWAETANGA - SUBDIVISION			1
SUB-O1 Efficient pattern of development	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.76 to 4.80 of the covering submission, WIAL	Include
Subdivision achieves an efficient development pattern that:		opposes this objective.	<u>5. Avoic</u> regio
1. Maintains or enhances Wellington's compact urban form;			regio
2. Is compatible with the nature, scale and intensity anticipated for the underlying zone and local context;			
3. Enables appropriate future development and use of resulting land or buildings; and			
4. Is supported by development infrastructure and additional infrastructure for existing and anticipated future activities.			
New Policy		For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.76 to 4.80 of the covering submission, WIAL submits that a new policy is required to	Insert a

		to 4.80 of the covering submission, WIAL submits that a new policy is required to address subdivision within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary.	SUB-P2 Noise B Avoid su Ldn Nois permittee rise to ac Internatio
SUB-R4 Subdivision to create a new allotment for infrastructure	Support	WIAL supports the specific provision for	Retain S
1. Activity status: Controlled		subdivision activities relating to infrastructure.	subdivisi infrastrue
Where:			provisior
a. Compliance is achieved with the following standards for any balance allotment:		For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.76 to 4.80 of the covering submission, WIAL	
i. <u>SUB-S1;</u>		submits that amendments are required to	
ii. <u>SUB-S6</u> ; and		other provisions within the subdivision chapter to remove the complex and	
iii. <u>SUB-S7</u> .		duplicating consenting requirements for	
Matters of control are:		activities withing the Airport Zone.	
1. The matters in <u>SUB-P1</u> , <u>SUB-P3</u> , <u>SUB-P4</u> , <u>SUB-P7</u> , and <u>SUB-P8</u> ;			
2. Site access and the design of any vehicle parking and associated maneuvering areas proposed; and			
		1 1	

3. Any consent notices, covenants, easements or other legal instruments necessary.

RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in the covering submission)
Include a new limb within the objective as follows:
5. Avoids development that is incompatible with
regionally significant infrastructure.
Insert a new policy and method as follows:
<u>SUB-P27 Subdivision of land affected by the Air</u> Noise Boundary or 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary
Avoid subdivision within the Air Noise Boundary or 60dB
Ldn Noise Boundary where the potential future permitted density of noise sensitive activities will give
rise to adverse reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington
International Airport.
Retain SUB-R4 as notified and delete the other
subdivision methods insofar as they relate to infrastructure and/or provide clarification that the other
provisions are not applicable to infrastructure.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
Notification status: Applications under this rule are precluded from being publicly or limited notified.			
a. Activity status: Restricted discretionary			
Where:			
Compliance with any of the requirements of <u>SUB-R4.1.a</u> cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in <u>SUB-P1, SUB-P3, SUB-P4, SUB-P5, SUB-P6, SUB-P7</u> , and <u>SUB-P8</u> ;			
The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant Standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards;			
3. Site access and the design of any vehicle parking and associated maneuvering areas proposed; and			
4. Any consent notices, covenants, easements or other legal instruments necessary.			
Notification status: Applications under this rule are precluded from being publicly notified.			
SUB-R17 Subdivision that creates building platforms for less hazard sensitive activities within the low, medium or high hazard areas of the Coastal Hazard Overlays or within the Flood Hazard, Liquefaction, Wellington Fault, Ohariu Fault, Sheppards Fault or Terawhiti Fault Overlays	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.76 to 4.80, WIAL opposes these provisions as it is not clear the circumstances where building platforms will be required to be identified as part of subdivision consent.	Amend for build platform within th
SUB-R19 Subdivision that creates building platforms for potentially hazard sensitive activities within the medium hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlays		This is inappropriate within the Airport Zone given the size of the land parcels and nature of the activities that are	
SUB-R20 Subdivision that creates building platforms for potentially hazard sensitive activities within overland flow path of the Flood Hazard Overlay, the Wellington Fault Overlay or the Ohariu Fault Overlay		accommodated on site, even where the activity is for hazard sensitive or potentially hazard sensitive activities.	
SUB-R21 Subdivision that creates building platforms for potentially hazard sensitive activities within the stream corridor of the Flood Hazard Overlay or the high hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlays			
SUB-R23 Subdivision that creates building platforms for hazard sensitive activities within the inundation area of the Flood Hazard Overlay or the low hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlays			
SUB-R24 Subdivision that creates building platforms for hazard sensitive activities within an overland flow path of the Flood Hazard Overlay or the medium hazard areas of the Coastal Hazard Overlays			
SUB-R25 Subdivision that creates building platforms for hazard sensitive activities within the stream corridor of the Flood Hazard Overlay, the Wellington Fault Overlay, the Ohariu Fault Overlay or the high hazard area of the Coastal Hazard Overlays			
SUB-R26 Subdivision within the Wellington Fault Overlay or medium or high coastal hazard areas on land occupied by City Centre Zone or Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities	Support in part	WIAL supports this rule subject to the amendments sought to Policy CE-P20 of the Proposed Plan.	Retain a to CE-P Discreti
1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in <u>SUB-P1</u> , <u>SUB-P3</u> , <u>SUB-P4</u> , <u>SUB-P5</u> , <u>SUB-P7</u> and <u>SUB-P8</u> ;			
 Site access and the design of any vehicle parking and associated maneuvering areas proposed; 			
3. Any consent notices, covenants, easements or other legal instruments necessary;			
 The matters in <u>NH-P14</u> for building platforms associated with operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities the that are located in the Wellington Fault Overlay; 			

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)			
d to provide clarification around the requirement ilding platforms, and provide that building rms are not required at the time of subdivision the Airport Zone.			
n as notified only if WIAL's proposed amendments P20 are accepted. Otherwise, delete Matter of etion 5.			

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cove
 The matters in <u>CE-P20</u> for subdivision on land occupied by the Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities that are located in a medium or high coastal hazard areas; and 			
The matters in <u>CE-P22</u> for subdivision on land within the City Centre Zone that is located in a medium or high coastal hazard areas;			
SUB-R30 Subdivision within the Air Noise Boundary	Support in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	Amend t
Activity Status: Discretionary	Oppose in part	to 4.75 of the covering submission, WIAL supports the discretionary activity status for subdivision within the Air Noise Boundary, however, submits that this rule should also apply to the 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary.	Activity S <u>Notificat</u> <u>made in</u>
			<u>conside</u> <u>Section</u>

d the rule as follows:

R30 Subdivision within the Air Noise Boundary <u>dB Ldn Noise Boundary</u>

ty Status: Discretionary

ication status: For a resource consent application e in respect of Rule SUB-R30, WIAL must be idered to be an affected person in accordance with ion 95E of the RMA.

ANNEXURE A – Wellington International Airport Limited submissions on the Proposed Wellington City Council District Plan

Text highlighted with underlining (<u>example</u>) represents proposed insertions Text highlighted with strikethrough (example) represents proposed deletions

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
NGĂ KAUPAPA AROWHĂNUI O TE ROHE - GENERAL DISTRICT-WIDE MATTERS			
Taiao Takutai - Coastal Environment			
Introduction The New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010 also requires development to be set back from the coastal marine area and other water bodies, where practicable and reasonable (Policy 6). For this reason, within the andward extent of the coastal environment, riparian margin setbacks and a coastal margin setback are app Within these coastal margins and riparian margins within the coastal environment, activities are restricted to ensure that these sensitive areas are managed in a way that protects the natural character, open space, pu access and amenity values of the coastal environment. Activities are still able to be undertaken within these areas, however activities such as new buildings will require consent to ensure the effects are minor and consider the character of the area. The coastal and riparian margin provisions do not apply in highly modifie areas like the Port Zone or the City Centre Zone. The framework below provides a specific pathway for any development within either the City Centre Zone o Wellington Airport, operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities are assessed against their own specific objectives, policies and rules. This is in recognition of the social and economic benefits these activities have and that their position in the City is larg fixed.	e lied. blic ed r the the	 WIAL supports the recognition afforded to Wellington International Airport within the introductory text. WIAL submits however, that the introductory text should also reference the relevant enabling provisions within the NZCPS relating to the operational and functional needs of infrastructure. WIAL also submits that the area of Natural Open Space Zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point is highly modified and includes and extensive seawall that is located within the coastal margin. This wall protects regionally significant infrastructure from coastal erosion, including the WCC wastewater network and Wellington International Airport. It also protects Moa Point Road. As per the approach used for the Port and City Centre Zone, the relevant coastal margin provisions should not apply to this area. 	as new effects The coa in highly or the C
CE-O1 Coastal environment The natural character and qualities that contribute to the natural character within the landward extent of the coastal environment are maintained and, where appropriate, restored or enhanced.	Support in part	WIAL supports this objective to the extent that the natural character is recognised and addressed in the underlying land use zone and thus do not require an additional level of control within this chapter and other plan provisions recognise the importance of regionally significant	Retain out in p submis

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

d as follows:

lew Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010 also es development to be set back from the coastal area and other water bodies, where practicable easonable (Policy 6). For this reason, within the ard extent of the coastal environment, riparian setbacks and a coastal margin setback are d. Within these coastal margins and riparian ns within the coastal environment, activities are ted to ensure that these sensitive areas are ged in a way that protects the natural character. space, public access and amenity values of the al environment. Activities are still able to be taken within these areas, however activities such w buildings will require consent to ensure the are minor and consider the character of the area. pastal and riparian margin provisions do not apply nly modified areas like the Airport Zone, Port Zone, City Centre Zone, or the area of Natural Open Zone located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.

amework below provides a specific pathway for evelopment within either the City Centre Zone or fellington Airport, operational port activities, onger port facilities and rail activities. Any activities the City Centre Zone or are associated with the gton Airport, operational port activities, passenger acilities and rail activities are assessed against own specific objectives, policies and rules ined in Part 3. This is in recognition of the social conomic benefits these activities have and that position in the City is largely fixed as well as the directives of the NZCPS and RPS that recognise rovide for the functional and operational needs of tructure.

n as notified provided WIAL's general relief, as set paragraphs 4.48 to 4.49 of the covering ssion, are accepted.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
		affect natural character for operational or functional reasons.	
CE-O3 Coastal margins and riparian margins Coastal margins and riparian margins in the landward extent of the coastal environment are protected from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.	Support in part	WIAL supports this objective to the extent that the protection of coastal margins are addressed in the underlying land use zone and thus do not require an additional level of control within this chapter and other plan provisions recognise the importance of regionally significant infrastructure and the need to adversely affect natural character for operational or functional reasons.	Retain a out in pa submiss
CE-O5 Risk from coastal hazards Subdivision, use and development in the Coastal Hazard Overlays reduces or does not increase the risk to people, property, and infrastructure.	Oppose	 For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.46 to 4.49 and 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL does not support this objective. Furthermore, and as set out in Objective SRCC-O2, the risks from natural hazards should be avoided where they are intolerable. This concept should be brought into this policy and acknowledges that people, activities, property and infrastructure have varying levels of coastal hazard tolerance. 	
CE-07 Airport, operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities Airport, operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities are provided for, while also ensuring that subdivision, development and use of land occupied by Airport, operational port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities do not increase the risk to people, property, and infrastructure.	Oppose	The activities listed have operational and functional constraints which ultimately govern the location of these activities, including within areas exposed to natural hazard risk. This objective needs to appropriately recognise this, and consistent with the directive contained within SRCC-O2, avoid areas where the risks are intolerable, taking into consideration operational and functional constraints associated with identified activities.	Delete o Airport, facilities ensuring occupies passeng <u>an intole</u> property
 CE-P2 Use and development within the coastal environment Provide for use and development in the landward extent of the coastal environment where it: 1. Consolidates existing urban areas; and 2. Does not establish new urban sprawl along the coastline. 	Support in part	WIAL supports this objective to the extent that the use and development of the coastal environment, as set out in this policy, is addressed in the underlying land use zone and thus do not require an additional level of control within this chapter.	Retain a out in pa submiss
 CE-P3 Restoration and enhancement within the coastal environment Provide for restoration or rehabilitation of the natural character values and coastal and riparian margins within the landward extent of the coastal environment by: 1. Recognising the values present that could be enhanced; 2. Encouraging natural regeneration of indigenous species, including where practical the removal of pest species; 3. Rehabilitating dunes or other natural coastal features or processes; 4. Restoring or protecting riparian and coastal margins; 5. Removing redundant structures that do not have heritage or amenity value; 	Oppose	As drafted, this policy has broad application within the entire coastal environment, despite generally being focussed on matters within the coastal margins. Providing for the restoration and rehabilitation of 'natural character values' within the landward extent of the coastal environment is inappropriate in areas that are highly modified and otherwise urbanised environments.	Delete c Provide characte margins environi 1

n as notified provided WIAL's general relief, as set paragraphs 4.48 to 4.49 of the covering ission, are accepted.

e or amend the objective as follows:

5 Risk from coastal hazards

ivision, use and development in the Coastal rd Overlays <u>do not create an intolerable level of</u> es or does not increase the risk to people, rty, and infrastructure.

e or amend the objective as follows:

rt, operational port activities, passenger port es and rail activities are provided for, while also ing that subdivision, development and use of land bied by Airport, operational port activities, enger port facilities and rail activities do not <u>create</u> <u>olerable level of</u>-increase the risk to people, rty, and infrastructure.

n as notified provided WIAL's general relief, as set paragraphs 4.48 to 4.49 of the covering ission, are accepted.

e or amend the policy as follows:

de for restoration or rehabilitation of the natural cter values <u>within the and</u> coastal and riparian ins within the landward extent of the coastal poment<u>where appropriate</u> by:

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
6. Modifying structures that interfere with coastal or ecosystem processes; or		WIAL submits that this policy should be	
7. Providing for mana whenua to exercise their responsibilities as kaitiaki to protect, restore and maintain areas of indigenous biodiversity.		refined to apply to the coastal margins only.	
CE-P6 Use and development within coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment – located inside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone, City Centre Zone or Evans Bay Marine Recreation Area Provide for use and development within coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment where it is located in the highly modified Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City Centre Zone or Evans Bay Marine Recreation Area.	Oppose	to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy to the extent that it does not recognise or provide for the existing hard engineering structures located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point which protect regionally significant infrastructure, including WCC"s wastewater network and Wellington International Airport, as well as Moa Point Road, from the effects of coastal erosion.	Delete of CE-P6 U and ripa located Zone, V Bay Ma <u>Space 2</u> Provide and ripa is locate Stadium Evans E <u>Natural</u> and Moa
CE-P7 Use and development within coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment – located outside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone, City Centre Zone and the Evans Bay Marine Recreation Area Only allow use and development within coastal and riparian margins in the coastal environment outside of the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone, City Centre Zone-or, the Evans Bay Marine Recreation Area where:	Oppose		Space z as per V Delete c <i>CE-P7 C</i> <i>and ripa</i> <i>located</i> <i>Stadium</i> <i>and</i> the
 Any significant adverse effects on the natural character of the coastal environment are avoided and any other adverse effects on the natural character of the coastal environment are avoided, remedied or mitigated; and 			area of Lyall Ba
2. It can be demonstrated that:			riparian the Port
 Any proposed earthworks, building platform, building or structure are able to integrate with the existing landform, do not dominate the natural character of the area and do not limit or prevent public access to, along or adjacent to the coast and waterbodies; 			Zone, C Recreat zoned la
b. There is a functional or operational need for the activity to locate within the coastal or riparian margin;			1. Any
 c. There are no reasonably practical alternative locations that are outside of the coastal or riparian margins or are less vulnerable to change; and d. Restoration or rehabilitation planting of indigenous species will be incorporated to mitigate any adverse 			chai and chai rem
effects.			2. It ca
			a. A b c. n a b. T
			D. T a n

or amend the policy as follows:

5 Use and development within coastal margins iparian margins in the coastal environment – ed inside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Waterfront Zone, City Centre Zone or Evans farine Recreation Area<u>or the Natural Open</u> e zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point

le for use and development within coastal margins barian margins in the coastal environment where it ated in the highly modified Port Zone, Airport Zone, im Zone, Waterfront Zone or City Centre Zone<u>.</u> or Bay Marine Recreation Area <u>or the area of</u> al Open Space Zone located between Lyall Bay loa Point.

ef to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open e zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, WIAL's submission.

e or amend the policy as follows:

7 Use and development within coastal margins iparian margins in the coastal environment – ed outside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, um Zone, Waterfront Zone, City Centre Zone, he Evans Bay Marine Recreation Area <u>or the</u> of Natural Open Space Zone located between Bay and Moa Point

allow use and development within coastal and an margins in the coastal environment outside of ort Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront City Centre Zone-or, the Evans Bay Marine eation Area <u>or the area of Natural Open Space</u> <u>I land between Lyall Bay and Moa Point</u> where:

ny significant adverse effects on the natural naracter of the coastal environment are avoided nd any other adverse effects on the natural naracter of the coastal environment are avoided, medied or mitigated; and

can be demonstrated that:

Any proposed earthworks, building platform, building or structure are able to integrate with the existing landform, do not dominate the natural character of the area and <u>where appropriate</u> do not limit or prevent public access to, along or adjacent to the coast and waterbodies;

There is a functional or operational need for the activity to locate within the coastal or riparian margin;

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIE
			c. d. J Or relie Space : as per 1
CE-P10 Inappropriate activities within the coastal environment Avoid the establishment of activities that are incompatible with or detrimental to the natural character and qualities within the landward extent of the coastal environment.	Oppose	WIAL opposes this policy. It is inappropriate for such a directive policy to apply to such a large and generally urbanised area, with highly variable levels of 'natural character and quality'. The extent to which an activity is 'incompatible with or detrimental to' with its surrounding environment, including its potential effects on coastal environment is addressed within the underlying land use zone provisions and the various natural environment overlays within the Proposed Plan.	Delete
 *CE-P11 Identification of coastal hazards Identify coastal hazards within the District Plan and take a risk-based approach to the management of subdivision, use and development based on the following: 1. The sensitivity of the activities to the impacts of coastal hazards; 2. The risk posed to people, property, and infrastructure, by considering the likelihood and consequences of different coastal hazard events; and 3. The longer term impacts of climate change and sea level rise. 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	
 *CE-P12 Levels of risk Subdivision, use and development reduces the risk to people, property, and infrastructure by: 1. Enable subdivision, use and development that have either low occupancy, risk, or replacement value within the low, medium and high hazard areas of the Coastal Hazard Overlays; 2. Requiring mitigation for subdivision, use and development that addresses the impacts from the relevant coastal hazards to people, property, and infrastructure in the low and medium hazard areas; and 3. Avoiding subdivision, use and development in the high hazard area unless there is a functional and operational need for the building or activity to be located in this area and incorporates mitigation measures are incorporated that reduces the risk to people, property, and infrastructure. 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	
 *CE-P14 Additions to buildings for potentially hazard sensitive activities and hazard sensitive activities within the medium coastal hazard area and high coastal hazard area Enable additions to buildings that accommodate existing potentially hazard sensitive activities and hazard sensitive activities within the medium coastal hazard area and high coastal hazard area, where: 1. They enable the continued use of the existing building; and 2. The risk from the coastal hazard is low due to either: a. Proposed mitigation measures; or 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	

There are no reasonably practical alternative locations that are outside of the coastal or riparian margins or are less vulnerable to change; and

<u>Where appropriate Rrestoration or rehabilitation</u> planting of indigenous species will be incorporated to mitigate any adverse effects.

Hief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open be zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, ber WIAL's submission.

te the policy.

te the policy or amend the policy to only apply to oastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the ept of tolerability.

te the policy or amend the policy to only apply to oastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the ept of tolerability.

te the policy or amend the policy to only apply to oastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the ept of tolerability.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
b. The size and the activity of the addition.			
 *CE-P15 Subdivision and hazard sensitive activities within the low coastal hazard areas Provide for hazard sensitive activities within the low coastal hazard area, or any subdivision where the building platform for a hazard sensitive activities within the low coastal hazard area, where it can be demonstrated that: 1. The activity, building, or subdivision incorporates measures that reduce or do not increase the risk to people, and property from a tsunami; 2. There is the ability to access safe evacuation routes for occupants of the building in case of a tsunami. 3. If the activity has a post disaster function, mitigation measures are incorporated to allow for the continued operation following a tsunami; and 4. For health care facilities, retirement villages, educational facilities and childcare facilities, there is an evacuation plan that allows for the safe removal of all occupants prior to the arrival of the tsunami. *CE-P16 Potentially hazard sensitive activities in the medium coastal hazard areas, or any subdivision where the building platform for a potentially hazard-sensitive activity will be within the medium coastal hazard areas 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards. For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy.	Delete the coa concep
 The activity, building, or subdivision incorporates measures that reduce or do not increase the risk to people and property from the coastal hazard; and There is the ability to access safe evacuation routes for occupants of the building in case of a tsunami. 		The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	
 *CE-P17 Hazard sensitive activities in the medium coastal hazard areas Only allow hazard-sensitive activities in the medium coastal hazard area where, or any subdivision where the building platform for a hazard-sensitive activity will be within the medium coastal hazard area, where it can be demonstrated that: 1. The activity, building, or subdivision incorporates measures that demonstrate that reduce or not increase the risk to people and property from the coastal hazard, and 2. There is the ability to access safe evacuation routes for occupants of the building from the coastal hazard. 3. If the activity has a post disaster function, mitigation measures are incorporated to allow for the continued operation following a coastal hazard event; and 4. For health care facilities, retirement villages, educational facilities and childcare facilities, there is an evacuation plan that allows for the safe removal of all occupants prior to the arrival of the coastal hazard. 	•	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	Delete t the coa concept
CE-P19 Subdivision, use and development which will not be occupied by members of the public, or employees associated with the Airport, operation port Activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities in the Coastal Hazards Overlays Enable subdivision, development and use associated with the Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities within the Coastal Hazard Overlays, where they do not involve the construction of new buildings which will be occupied by members of the public, or more than 10 employees associated with either of these activities or the creation of vacant allotments.	1	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards.	Delete t the coa concept
CE-P20 Subdivision, use and development which will be occupied by members of the public, or employees associated with the Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities in the Coastal Hazards Overlays Manage subdivision, development and use associated with the Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities within the Coastal Hazard Overlays where they involve the construction of new buildings		For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92, WIAL opposes this policy. The concept of tolerability also needs to be brought into the policy, as per Objective SRCC-O2, to recognise that different activities, people, property and	Delete t the coa concep

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)
e the policy or amend the policy to only apply to bastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the apt of tolerability.
e the policy or amend the policy to only apply to bastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the apt of tolerability.
e the policy or amend the policy to only apply to bastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the opt of tolerability.
e the policy or amend the policy to only apply to bastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the apt of tolerability.
e the policy or amend the policy to only apply to bastal inundation hazard areas and recognise the apt of tolerability.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
 which will be occupied by members of the public, or over 10 employees associated with either of these activities by ensuring that: 1. The activity, building or subdivision incorporates measures that do not increase the risk to people, property, and infrastructure; and 2. There is the ability to access safe evacuation routes for occupants of the building from the coastal hazard. CE-P26 Hard engineering measures Only allow for hard engineering measures for the reduction of the risk from coastal hazards where: 1. The engineering measures are needed to protect existing nationally and regionally significant infrastructure and it can be demonstrated that there is no practicable alternative; 2. There is an immediate risk to life or private property from the coastal hazard; 3. The construction of the hard engineering measures will not increase the risk from Coastal Hazards on adjacent properties that are not protected by the hard engineering measures; 4. It avoids the modification or alteration of natural features and systems in a way that would compromise their function as natural defences; 5. Hard engineering structures are designed to minimise adverse effects on the coastal environment, Significant natural features and systems and any adverse effects are avoided; remedied or mitigated; and 6. It can be demonstrated that green infrastructure measures would not provide an appropriate level of protection in relation to the significance of the risk. 		 Infrastructure will have a different tolerance to the effects of coastal hazards. The directive nature of this policy, coupled with the conjunction "and" sets an unduly onerous threshold for hard engineering measures which protect regionally significant infrastructure. It also discourages proactive maintenance and repair of hard engineering structures, as the policy pathway only triggers (due to the conjunction) when there is an 'immediate risk to life or property'. Leaving such structures until the risk reaches this threshold may also result in a larger scale repair/replacement programme, resulting in larger environmental effects and costs. WIAL therefore submits that the conjunction 'or' should be used between 	Delete c Only allo reductio 1. The exis
		conjunction 'or' should be used between each limb. WIAL also considers that this policy should relate to new sea walls, and not the upgrading, maintenance or repair of existing sea walls (or existing sea walls that protect existing regionally significant infrastructure.	5. Har
CE-R4 Vegetation trimming or removal within the coastal environment, outside of high coastal natural character areas All Zones Activity status: Permitted	Oppose	This rule is inefficient and should be addressed to the extent relevant within the underlying zone provisions.	, Delete ti
CE-R7 Any activity not otherwise listed as permitted, restricted discretionary, discretionary or non- complying within the coastal environment but:	Oppose	As set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.48 of the covering submission, these	Delete ti
 CE-R8 Any activity not otherwise listed as permitted, restricted discretionary or non-complying within the coastal environment, within coastal or riparian margins CE-R12 Construction, addition or alteration of buildings and structures, within the coastal environment: Outside of high coastal natural character areas; and Outside of coastal and riparian margins. 	-	rules are inefficient and do not relate to effects management within the Coastal Environment. Instead, the triggers are non- compliance with rules or standards of the underlying land use zone. WIAL submits that these rules should be deleted. If consideration of coastal environment provisions is relevant to a	
 CE-R14 Additions and alterations to existing buildings and structures within in the coastal environment: Within coastal or riparian margins 		restricted discretionary activity within the underlying land use zone, this should	

or amend the policy as follows:

allow for <u>new</u> hard engineering measures for the tion of the risk from coastal hazards where:

he engineering measures are needed to protect xisting nationally and regionally significant frastructure and it can be demonstrated that there no practicable alternative; <u>or</u>

here is an immediate risk to life or private property om the coastal hazard; <u>or</u>

he construction of the hard engineering measures ill not create an intolerable increase the risk from oastal Hazards on adjacent properties that are not rotected by the hard engineering measures; or

avoids the modification or alteration of natural atures and systems in a way that would ompromise their function as natural defences; <u>or</u>

ard engineering structures are designed to inimise adverse effects on the coastal avironment; or

ignificant natural features and systems and any dverse effects are avoided; remedied or mitigated; nd<u>or</u>

can be demonstrated that green infrastructure easures would not provide an appropriate level of otection in relation to the significance of the risk.

this rule.

e these rules.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIER
CE-R15 Construction of new buildings and structures within in the coastal environment and within coastal or riparian margins		instead be referenced within those matters of discretion.Furthermore, the matters of discretion listed under CE-R12 include policies relating to Public Access along coastal margins. This rule does not apply to coastal margins.	
*CE-R16 Less hazard sensitive activities within all the Coastal Hazard Overlays All Zones 1. Activity Status: Permitted	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30 to 4.31 and 4.48 of the covering submission and to avoid unnecessary duplication with the Proposed Plan, this chapter should focus on those additional consent requirements necessary to manage effects within the coastal hazard overlays that cannot be adequately dealt with by the underlying zone rules.	Delete
*CE-R18	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85	Delete
 Additions to buildings within the Coastal Hazard Overlays 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. The additions are to a hazard sensitive activity or potentially hazard sensitive activity in the low coastal hazard area; b. The additions are to buildings for a less hazard sensitive activity in either the low coastal hazard area, medium coastal hazard area or high coastal hazard area; c. The additions are to a potentially hazard sensitive activity in the medium coastal hazard area and they do not increase the building footprint by more than 100m²; or d. The additions are to a hazard sensitive activity in the medium coastal hazard area and they do not increase the building footprint by more than 50m². 2. Activity status: Restricted discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>CE-R18.1.c</u> or <u>CE-R18.1.d</u> cannot be achieved; or b. The addition is to a potentially hazard sensitive activity or a hazard sensitive activity within a high coastal hazard area. Matters of discretion are: 		to 4.92 of the covering submission, this rule should be deleted or reworked to apply to coastal hazard inundation areas only.	inundat
1. The matters in <u>CE-P14</u> .		E diama da da c	Duluta
 CE-R19 Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities within the Coastal Hazard Overlay 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. It does not involve the construction of a building that would be occupied by more than 10 employees of the activity, or any members of the public; or b. It does not involve the conversion of an existing building into a building that would be occupied by more than 10 employees of the activity, or any members of the public; 2. Activity status: Restricted discretionary 	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92 of the covering submission, this rule should be deleted or reworked to apply to coastal hazard inundation areas only.	Delete inundat

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)
e this rule.
e the rule or rework the rule to apply to coastal ation hazard areas only.
e the rule or rework the rule to apply to coastal ation hazard areas only.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>CE-R19.1</u> cannot be achieved			
Matters of discretion are:			
The matters in CE-P20.			
*CE-R21 Potentially hazard sensitive activities in the low coastal hazard area	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.30	Delete th
1. Activity Status: Permitted		to 4.31 and 4.48 of the covering submission and to avoid unnecessary duplication with the Proposed Plan, this chapter should focus on those additional consent requirements necessary to manage effects within the coastal hazard overlays that cannot be adequately dealt with by the underlying zone rules.	
*CE-R22 Hazard sensitive activities in the low coastal hazard area	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85	Delete th
1. Activity Status: Permitted		to 4.92 of the covering submission, this rule should be deleted or reworked to apply to	inundatio
Where:		coastal hazard inundation areas only.	
a. The development does not involve the construction of a childcare service, retirement village educational facility, hospital, emergency service facility or health care facility; or			
 b. If the development involves the construction of residential units, the total number of residential units on a site is no more than three. 			
2. Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>CE-R22.1.a</u> cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matter in <u>CE-P15</u> .			
*CE-23 Potentially hazard sensitive activities in the medium coastal hazard area, excluding the City Centre Zone or Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92 of the covering submission, this rule	
1. Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary		should be deleted or reworked to apply to coastal hazard inundation areas only.	
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in <u>CE-P14</u> .			
*CE-R24 All hard engineering measures in the high coastal hazard area	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40	Delete o
1. Activity Status: Discretionary		to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this rule insofar as it relates to the existing seawall located between Lyall Bay	follows. I ISPP as
			CE-R24
		and Moa Point.	high coa associa
		WIAL submits that the rule should only be applicable to new hard engineering	1. Activit
		structures. The ongoing upgrade,	
		maintenance and repair of existing hard engineering structures that protect existing	CE – R2
		regionally significant infrastructure should be permitted, as WIAL has provided for in	coastal infrastrue

IEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in covering submission)
te this rule.
te the rule or rework the rule to apply to coastal dation hazard areas only.
te the rule or rework the rule to apply to coastal dation hazard areas only.
te or amend Rule CE-R24 and insert a new rule as
ws. Note the new rule should not be subject to the as this rule does not relate to housing.
R24 <u>New All hard engineering measures in the</u> coastal hazard area except measures ociated with regionally significant infrastructure
ctivity Status: Discretionary
• R24A Hard engineering measures in the high stal hazard area for regionally significant structure
Activity Status: Permitted

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF S
*CE-R26 Hazard sensitive activities within the medium coastal hazard area, excluding the City Centre Zone or Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.92 of the covering submission, this rule	Delete th inundatio
1. Discretionary		should be deleted or reworked to apply to coastal hazard inundation areas only.	

Ngā Mahi Apu Whenua - Earthworks

Introduction [Not set out in full here]	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.93 to 4.96, WIAL opposes the earthworks	Delete t chapter
The provisions of this chapter do not apply in relation to activities provided for in the <u>Airport Chapter</u> , except to the extent specified in <u>EW-R20</u> and <u>EW-S14</u> .	pro	provisions insofar as they relate to the Airport Zone.	Chapter
EW-P12 Earthworks within coastal margins and riparian margins within the coastal environment	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40	Delete o
Provide for earthworks within coastal margins and riparian margins within the coastal environment where located inside the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City Centre Zone; and		to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this policy to the extent that it does not recognise or provide for the	Provide and ripa
Only allow for earthworks within coastal and riparian margins in the coastal environment located outside of the Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or the City Centre Zone where:		existing hard engineering structures located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point which protect regionally significant	environ Zone, S Zone <u>, a</u>
 They are of a scale and for a purpose that is compatible with the natural character of the coastal or riparian margin concerned; 		infrastructure, including WCC"s wastewater network and Wellington International Airport, as well as Moa Point Road, from	<u>Lyall Ba</u> Only all
 They are undertaken in a manner that avoids significant adverse effects and avoids, remedies or mitigates any other adverse effects on the natural character of the coastal environment and the affected margins; 		the effects of coastal erosion.	margins the Por Zone or
3. There is a functional need or operational need for the earthworks to be undertaken within a coastal or riparian margin;		Or relief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open Space zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, as per WIAL's	<u>Space 2</u> 1. The
 They would not significantly increase the flooding risk, when compared to the existing situation, including by compromising the effectiveness of community scale natural hazard mitigation structures; and 		submission.	con or r
5. They incorporate measures to restore and rehabilitate disturbed areas.			2. The sigr miti cha affe
			3. The the or n
			4 . The risk incl con haz
			5. The reha
			6. <u>The</u> <u>reg</u> i
			Or relie Space z as per \
EW-R11 Earthworks within coastal or riparian margins within the coastal environment	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40	Amend
Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone		to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this rule to the extent that it does	1. Incl
1. Activity status: Permitted		not recognise or provide for the existing hard engineering structures located	zon

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

the rule or rework the rule to apply to coastal ation hazard areas only.

te the reference to EW-20 to EW-S14 so that the ter does not apply to the Airport Zone.

e or amend EW-P12 as follows:

ide for earthworks within coastal margins iparian margins within the coastal onment where located inside the Port Zone, Airport , Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone or City Centre , and within the Natural Open Space Zone between Bay and Moa Point; and

allow for earthworks within coastal and riparian ins in the coastal environment located outside of Port Zone, Airport Zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront or the City Centre Zone or the Natural Open the Zone between Lyall Bay and Moa Point where:

They are of a scale and for a purpose that is compatible with the natural character of the coastal or riparian margin concerned;

They are undertaken in a manner that avoids ignificant adverse effects and avoids, remedies or nitigates any other adverse effects on the natural haracter of the coastal environment and the ffected margins;

There is a functional need or operational need for he earthworks to be undertaken within a coastal or riparian margin;

They would not significantly increase the flooding isk, when compared to the existing situation, including by compromising the effectiveness of community scale natural mazard mitigation structures; and

hey incorporate measures to restore and ehabilitate disturbed areas; and

hey involve earthworks that support or protect egionally significant infrastructure.

lief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open e zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, er WIAL's submission.

nd EW-R11 to:

nclude the relevant area of Natural Open Space oned land, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point; and,

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
 Where: a. Compliance is achieved with <u>EW-R6</u> Port Zone, City Centre zone, Stadium Zone, Waterfront Zone 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with any of the requirements of <u>EW-R11.1</u> cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The matters in <u>EW-P12</u> and <u>CE-P5</u>; and 2. The matters in <u>PA-P1</u>, <u>PA-P2</u> and <u>PA-P3</u>. 		between Lyall Bay and Moa Point which protect regionally significant infrastructure, including WCC's wastewater network and Wellington International Airport, as well as Moa Point Road, from the effects of coastal erosion. Or relief to a similar effect if the area of Natural Open Space zoned land is rezoned to an alternative zoning, as per WIAL's submission. WIAL also submits that this rule is inefficient and does not relate to effects management within the Coastal Environment. Instead, the trigger is non- compliance with a general earthworks rule (EW-P6) and associated standards. WIAL notes that this rule is subject to the ISPP, which is inappropriate for activities that do not have a clear link to one of the mandatory outcomes, as discussed in paragraphs 4.32 to 4.39 of the covering submission. WIAL submits this this rule should be entirely reworked to standalone and reflect those elements of EW-P6 that are relevant to the coastal margins.	
	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.93 to 4.96 of WIAL's covering submission,	Delete genera
Airport Zone		WIAL opposes EW-S14.	earthwo
1. Activity status: Permitted			1. Act
Where:			Wh
a. Compliance is achieved with <u>EW-S14.1</u> and <u>EW-S14.2</u> ; and			a.
b. Compliance is achieved with <u>EW-S14.3</u> ; and			-
 c. Earthworks are for the purposes of the upgrade or maintenance of existing formed roads and public accessways; or 			b. 4
 d. Earthworks are for the purposes of construction, upgrade, maintenance or repair of the Airport pavement (apron and taxiway surfaces); or 			C. 4
e. Earthworks permitted by any other rule.			d. 4
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary			
Where:			1
a. Compliance with any of the requirements of <u>EW-R20.1.a</u> cannot be achieved:			e
i. in the Rongotai Ridge Precinct;			2. Act
ii. in the Miramar South Precinct; and			Wh
iii. in relation to the Hillock (south end of Terminal Precinct).			a. (
,	1	1	

EF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission) Be standalone and independent of EW-P6, which is ubject to a ISPP process. Reflect those specific matters that require control vithin the coastal margins. te the rule or Amend the Earthworks chapter to be rally consistent with the operative District Plan work planning framework, as follows: ctivity status: Permitted Vhere: Compliance is achieved with EW-S14.1 to EW-S14.4 and EW-S14.2; and Compliance is achieved with <u>EW-S14.3</u>; and Earthworks are for the purposes of the upgrade or maintenance of existing formed roads and public accessways; or Earthworks are for the purposes of construction, upgrade, maintenance or repair of the Airport pavement (apron and taxiway surfaces); or Earthworks permitted by any other rule. ctivity status: **Restricted Discretionary** /here: Compliance with any of the requirements of EW-20.1a cannot be achieved; or

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
1. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated			b. <u>E</u>
assessment criteria for the infringed standards;			<u> </u>
2. Relevant matters in <u>AIRPZ-P4</u> and <u>AIRPZ-P5</u> ;			Matters
3. Visual appearance and mitigation; and			1.
4. Geomorphological impacts.			
3. Activity status: Discretionary			
Where:			2.
a. Compliance with <u>EW-R20.1.b, c or d</u> cannot be achieved.			2
Notification Status: an application for resource consent made in respect of rule EW-R20.3 must be publicly			3.
notified.			4. 5
			5.
			2. Activ
			Whe
			a. (
			÷
			Notificat
			made in notified.
			(Note re
			Annexu
FW C44 Forthwarks in the Aiment Zene	000000	For the reasons set out in percerciple 4.02	Chapter
EW-S14 Earthworks in the Airport Zone	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.93 to 4.96 of WIAL's covering submission,	
Airport Zone		WIAL opposes EW-S14.	1. In th Hillo
1. In the Rongotai Ridge Precinct, or in relation to the Hillock at the south end of the Terminal precinct earthworks shall not:			ргес <u>а.</u>
a. Alter the existing ground level by more than 2.5 metres measured vertically.			
b. Disturb more than 250m ² of ground surface.			<u>b.</u>
c. Be undertaken on slopes of more than 34°.			<u>C.</u>
2. In the Miramar South Precinct, earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan prepared in accordance with the Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for the Wellington Region (or equivalent)			2. In th
3. In all areas, a structure used to retain or stabilize a slope must be no higher than 2.5m measured vertically.	<i>.</i>		und Sed
Except:			the l
a. The construction, upgrade or maintenance of:			Wel
i. Apron and taxiway surfaces.			3. In al slop
ii. Road and accessway surfaces.			vert
			4. <u>No e</u>
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			7. <u>NO C</u>
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			5. <u>As s</u>

Earthworks associated with the construction of new legal roads.

rs of discretion are:

The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards;

Relevant matters in <u>AIRPZ-P3 and AIPRZ-P4.</u> <u>AIRPZ-P4 and AIRPZ-P5</u>;

Visual appearance and mitigation; and

Geomorphological impacts.

<u>Traffic impacts caused by transporting earth</u> <u>and construction fill material.</u>

tivity status: Discretionary

(here:

Compliance with EW-R20.1.b, c or d cannot be achieved.

ation Status: an application for resource consent in respect of rule EW-R20.3 must be publicly d.

reference to AIRPZ-P3 and P4 are to the kure B version of these provisions, not the Airport ter as notified).

or amend the rule as follows:

the Rongotai Ridge Precinct, or in relation to the illock at the south end of the Terminal recinct earthworks shall not:

- <u>Alter the existing ground level by more than</u> 2.5 metres measured vertically.
- Disturb more than 250m² of ground surface.
- . Be undertaken on slopes of more than 34° <u>in</u> relation to the Hillock and 45° in relation to the Rongotai Ridge Precinct.

the Miramar South Precinct, earthworks must be adertaken in accordance with an Erosion and ediment Control Plan prepared in accordance with e Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for the fellington Region (or equivalent)

all areas, a structure used to retain or stabilize a ope must be no higher than 2.5m measured ertically.

o earthwork shall create a dust nuisance.

s soon practicable, but not later than three months ter the completion of earthworks or stages arthworks, the earthworks area must be stabilised

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in the covering submission)
c. Impact on views of, through and within the site; and			with vegetation or sealed, paved, metalled or built
d. Connections to community and recreation resources.			over.
2. Miramar South Precinct:			Excopt:
a. Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for the Wellington Region (or equivalent).			b. The construction, upgrade or maintenance of:
3. In all areas, any relevant aspect of:			i. Apron and taxiway surfaces.
a. A Landscape and Visual Amenity Management Plan;			ii. Road and accessway surfaces.
b. NZS 4404:2010 in particular erosion, sediment and dust control;			Assessment criteria where the standard is <u>not met</u> infringed;:
c. NZS 6803:1999 for management of construction noise;			1. Rongotai Ridge Precinct:
d. An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan;			a. Extent of cut faces;
e. A geotechnical assessment.			b. Enhancement of pedestrian and cycle networks;
4. In all areas, any relevant aspect of:a. The nature, scale and extent of planting and landscaping;			c. Impact on views of, through and within the site; and
 b. Maintenance of planting and landscaping;. c. Extent and quality of public recreational access, including connections to existing accessways; 			d. Connections to community and recreation resources.
 d. The nature and scale of engineered retaining features; 			2. Miramar South Procinct:
 e. Façade treatment of engineered retaining features over 1.5m in height; 			a. <u>Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for</u>
f. Staging of earthworks;			the Wellington Region (or equivalent).
g. Effects on adjacent residential land;			3
h. Hours of work; and			4. <u>With respect to EW-S14(4):</u>
i. Construction traffic.			a. <u>The effectiveness of temporary measures to</u> avoid the creation of dust nuisance.
			5. With respect to EW-S14(5):
			a. <u>The effectives of permanent measures to avoid</u> <u>erosion, the creation of dust nuisance, to filter silt</u> <u>and sediment and reduce the volume and speed</u> <u>of runoff from the site.</u>
Te Aho - Light			
INTRODUCTION	Support	It is appropriate for aviation related lighting	Retain as notified.
Artificial lighting enables work, recreation and entertainment activities to occur beyond normal daylight hours. It also provides additional safety and security to sites and associated activities. However, unless used with care, it can adversely affect people on neighbouring properties or the transport network through light spill and glare. If not appropriately screened or orientated, it can also result in light pollution that adversely affects the night sky. Wildlife can also be affected by artificial lights, particularly in the coastal area where nesting and feeding is common for sea birds.		to be exempt from the rules and standards of the lighting chapter. Such matters are governed by Civil Aviation Regulations.	
The provisions for artificial light provide for adequate lighting to support activities and enable safety and security for people and communities, while minimising potential adverse effects beyond the site.			
The following activities are exempt from the rules and standards in this chapter:			
1. Public street lighting;			
2. Temporary emergency activities;			
3 Helipad and belicopter lighting:			

INTRODUCTION	Support	It is appropriate for aviation related lighting	Retain a
Artificial lighting enables work, recreation and entertainment activities to occur beyond normal daylight hours. It also provides additional safety and security to sites and associated activities. However, unless used with care, it can adversely affect people on neighbouring properties or the transport network through light spill and glare. If not appropriately screened or orientated, it can also result in light pollution that adversely affects the night sky. Wildlife can also be affected by artificial lights, particularly in the coastal area where nesting and feeding is common for sea birds.		to be exempt from the rules and standards of the lighting chapter. Such matters are governed by Civil Aviation Regulations.	
The provisions for artificial light provide for adequate lighting to support activities and enable safety and security for people and communities, while minimising potential adverse effects beyond the site.			
The following activities are exempt from the rules and standards in this chapter:			
1. Public street lighting;			
2. Temporary emergency activities;			
3. Helipad and helicopter lighting;			

Require outdoor artificial lighting to be designed, located and oriented to maintain amenity values, traffic safety, and to minimise effects on wildlife in coastal margins. Require automation safety and to minimise effects of automation addition and origination safety. Walk therefore opposite and origination additionation. Walk therefore opposite and origination safety. Walk therefore opposite in part this follow. Peopling additionation was and origination additionation. The additionation was additionated by the covering submission. Peopling additionation was additionated by the covering submission. Peopling additionation was additionation was additionated by the covering submission. Peopling additionation was additionated by the covering submission. Peopling additionation was additionated by the covering submission. Peopling addit additionadditionaddity the covering submission.	PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
Note Guidance for instilling and assessing lights in costal wildle habitate in statute to LIGHT-E1 is available in the National LUP Polluino Guidances for Wildle including Manne Turtles, Seabirds and Migratory Shorebirds, Commonwealth of Australia 2020. As set out in the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient decases on Highling activities that could availation safety and to minimise effects on wildlife in coastal margins. Oppose As set out in the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient decases on Highling activities that could availation safety and to minimise effects on wildlife in coastal margins. Oppose As set out in the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient decases on Highling activities that could availation safety and to minimise effects on wildlife in coastal margins. Oppose As set out in the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient decases on Highling activities that could availation safety and to minimise effects on wildlife in coastal margins. Oppose in part to A 100 of the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient decases on Highling activities that could add on to a fill activities that activities to A 100 of the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient to A 100 of the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient to A 100 of the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient to A 100 of the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient to A 100 of the covering submission. Belete Current provisions do not provide sufficient to A 10	4. Aviation lighting; and			
in the National Light Pollution Guidelines for Wildlife Including Marine Turtles, Seabirds and Migratory As set or in the counting submission. If equilibrium counters is a set or in the counting submission of lighting advantation. The Regular autoor antificial lighting to be designed, located and oriented to maintain amenity values, traffic safety, availation safety. WIAL therefore opposes in the poly of the covering submission. As set or in the covering submission. If equilibrium counters is poly, as as a to un the paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Beliete Regular autoor antificial lighting to be designed, located and oriented to maintain amenity values, traffic safety, availation safety. WIAL therefore opposes in the poly. WIAL therefore opposes in the poly. WIAL therefore opposes in the poly. WIAL therefore apposes in part this poly, as as a to un the paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraphs 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraph 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraph 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraph 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submission. Core is a set out in paragraph 4.87 to A.100 of the covering submiss	5. Port lighting			
Require outdoor antificial lighting to be designed, located and oriented to maintain amenity values, traffic safety, and to minimise effects on widdle in coastal margins. Image: Current provisions do not provide sufficient disautions and lighting activities that could give rise to potentially adverse effects of adverse effects	in the National Light Pollution Guidelines for Wildlife Including Marine Turtles, Seabirds and Migratory			
Requere outdoor artificial inputing to be despined, totaled and oriented to maintain amenity values, traine sarely, available and oriented to maintain amenity values, traine sarely, available and oriented to maintain amenity values, traine sarely, available and the processing available and the maintain amenity values, traine sarely, available, as a set of the maintain amenity values, trained to maintain amenity values, traine sarely, available and the maintain amenity values, trained to the sarely and the maintain amenity values, trained to the maintain amenity values, traine sarely and to the maintain amenin amenity values, trai	LIGHT-P2 Design and location of outdoor artificial lighting	Oppose		Delete c
LIGHT-R1 Outdoor artificial lighting in the Zones Activity status: Permitted in the Zones Activity status: Permitted in the Zones Activity status: Permitted in the activity complex with: in the activity complex with and repeated activity complex with and relevant backed activity complex with and repeated activity composes in part this rule as a set out in paragraphs 4.97 in the acti			dissuasion of lighting activities that could give rise to potentially adverse effects of aviation safety. WIAL therefore opposes this policy, as set out in paragraphs 4.97 to	Require and orie <u>a.</u> ma <u>b. ma</u> <u>c. ave</u> <u>d. to (</u>
Light RV Outdoor antificial lighting notified. cluse 1. All Zones Activity status: Permitted Notified. Notified. a. The activity complies with: i. UGHT_S1; ii. UGHT_S2; ii. UGHT_S3; ii. UGHT_S4; iii. UGHT_S4; v. UGHT_S4; v. UGHT_S6; and iii. UGHT_S5; and vi. UGHT_S6; a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT_R1,1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infinge distandards; 1. The matters in LIGHT_P1, LIGHT_P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and popose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: All Zones For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 1. The matters in LIGHT_P1, LIGHT_P2; Include X All Zones For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 Include X 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Include X All Zones For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 Include X 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Where: For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 Include X 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretion	RULES: Land use activities	Oppose in part		WIAL su
1. All Zones Activity status: Permitted Where: All Zones Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Nutlice made in tick to z an after tick to z an after tick to z an after the RM a. The activity complies with: i. LIGHT-53: i. LIGHT-53: ii. LIGHT-53: an after the RM iii. Kater an after the RM w. LIGHT-53: w. LIGHT-53: iii. LIGHT-53: iiii. LIGHT-53: w. LIGHT-53: w. LIGHT-53: iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	LIGHT-R1 Outdoor artificial lighting			set out i clause s
where: a. The activity complex with: i. LiGHT-S1; ii. LiGHT-S2; iii. LiGHT-S2; iii. LiGHT-S2; iii. LiGHT-S3; iv. LiGHT-S4; iv. LiGHT-S4; iv. LiGHT-S6, V. LiGHT-S6; and the requirements of LiGHT-R1,1 cannot be achieved. iv. LiGHT-S2; iv. LiGHT-S2; V. LiGHT-S2; iv. LiGHT-S4; iv. LiGHT-S6; iv. LiGHT-S4; V. LiGHT-S4; iv. LiGHT-S6; iv. LiGHT-S6; iv. LiGHT-S6; All Zones a. Compliance with the requirements of LiGHT-R1,1 cannot be achieved. iv. LiGHT-S6; iv. LiGHT-S6; Matters of discretion are: The matters in LiGHT-P1; LiGHT-P2; iv. The matters in LiGHT-P1; LiGHT-P2; iv. The matters in LiGHT-P1; LiGHT-P2; iv. LiGHT-S6; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Vinte: Vinte: for the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 I. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Oppose in part for the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 include 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Vinte: include status a notified. 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Oppose in part for the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 include 1. Activ				
 i. LGHT-S1; ii. LGHT-S2; iii. LGHT-S2; iii. LGHT-S3; iv. LGHT-S4; v. LGHT-S5; and v. LGHT-S6. All Zones Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; 1. The matters in LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin All Zones 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: 3. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Matters of lighting in the coastal margin All Zones Activity status: Restricted Discretionary 				made in
i. Light:S2; ii. Light:S2; iii. Light:S2; a. Compliance with the requirements of Light:R1,1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; 1. The matters in Light:P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Light:P2: Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin All Zones Native Structed Discretionary 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:				<u>risk to a</u> an affec
iii. LIGHT-S3; iv. LIGHT-S4; v. LIGHT-S5; and vi. LIGHT-S5. All Zones 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; 1. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. Authere there is a risk to aviation safety LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin All Zones 1. Aultor setup 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Popose in part				the RMA
iv. LIGHT-S4; v. LIGHT-S5; and vi. LIGHT-S6. All Zones All Zones 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: For the requirements of LIGHT-P2; 1. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin Oppose in part All Zones For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Notified.				
v. LIGHT-S5; and v. LIGHT-S6; All Zones 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; 1. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Popose in part LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin All Zones 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. 7. The where: 7. The set on the reason set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified.				
vi. LIGHT-S6. All Zones 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Intermetters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and Desse in part 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. Include status and rule as to the set oppose in part to set oppo				
All Zones 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; I. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. Include status a r. The status a r. The status a 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. Include status a r. The status a				
 2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Depose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:				
Where: a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; I. The watters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 1. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; Z. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and I. The watter is a risk to aviation safety I. The reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 Include LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 Include All Zones 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary YMere: For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 Include				
a. Compliance with the requirements of LIGHT-R1.1 cannot be achieved. Matters of discretion are: The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; 1. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin All Zones 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Point Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:				
The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; Image: Compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the relevant standard assessment criteria for the relevant standard assessment standard assessment criteria for the relevant standard assessment standard asseston standard assessment standard assessment standard a				
criteria for the infringed standards; I. The matters in LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2; 2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and I. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Oppose in part LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin All Zones 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Mhere:	Matters of discretion are:			
2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and Image: Comparison of the relevant Design Guide; and 3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Image: Comparison of the relevant Design Guide; and LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin Oppose in part All Zones For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. Include status and 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: Milescond and the coastal margin of the reason of th				
3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety Image: Constant of the set of	1. The matters in <u>LIGHT-P1, LIGHT-P2;</u>			
LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. Include status a All Zones 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: 7. The	2. The lighting guidelines in the relevant Design Guide; and			
All Zones to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified. status a notified. 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: 7. The 8. Where 8. Where	3. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety			
All Zones notified. 1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where: 7. The 8. Where 8. Where	LIGHT-R2 Outdoor artificial lighting in the coastal margin	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97	Include
1. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary 7. The Where: 8. Whe	All Zones			status a
				7. <u>The </u>
	a. The activity complies with:			0. <u>wrie</u>

or amend Policy Light-P2 as follows:

ire outdoor artificial lighting to be designed, located riented to:

maintain amenity values<u>:</u>,

<u>maintain </u>traffic safety;,

avoid adverse effects on aviation safety; and

o-minimise effects on wildlife in coastal margins.

supports the inclusion of Matter of Discretion 4, as ut in LIGHT-R1(2), however a new notification e should be included as follows:

cation status: For a resource consent application in respect of Rule LIGHT R2 2 where there is a paviation safety, WIAL must be considered to be fected person in accordance with Section 95E of MA.

le an additional matter of discretion and notification

e matters in LIGHT-P2

hether there is a risk to aviation safety.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
i. <u>LIGHT-S1;</u>			
ii. <u>LIGHT-S2;</u>			<u>Notifica</u> made in
iii. <u>LIGHT-S3;</u>			risk to a
iv. <u>LIGHT-S4;</u>			an affeo the RM
v. <u>LIGHT-S5;</u> and			
vi. <u>LIGHT-S6.</u>			
Matters of discretion are:			
 Whether there is evidence the area is used by at risk, threatened or endangered bird species for reproduction, feeding, or nesting; 			
2. Whether there is a functional need or operational need for the proposed lighting;			
3. Whether lights are directed and shielded to avoid light spill;			
4. Whether the lowest intensity lighting appropriate for the task is used;			
5. Whether adaptive light controls are used to manage light timing, intensity and colour; and			
6. Whether lights with reduced or filtered blue, violet and ultra-violet wavelengths are used.			
Notification status: An application for resource consent made in respect of rule LIGHT-R2.1 is precluded from being publicly notified.			
All Zones 0	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97	Retain t
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary		to 4.102, WIAL opposes in part this rule as notified.	addition
Where:			Notifica made in
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>LIGHT-R2.1</u> cannot be achieved.			risk to a
Matters of discretion are:			an affeo the RM
9			
10. Whether there is a risk to aviation safety			
LIGHT-S2 Light Spill	Support in part /	WIAL generally supports the lighting	Include
General Rural Zone, Large Lot Zone and Future Urban Zone	Oppose in part	standards for the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.97 to 4.102 of the covering	LIGH-S
		submission. WIAL submits however, the	All exte
		relevant assessment criteria with respect to aircraft safety should refer to "the effect" on	
LIGHT-S3 Glare		aircraft rather than the "impact" as the	Include
General Rural Zone, Large Lot Zone and Future Urban Zone		former is more readily understood and applied in a RMA context.	LIGH-S
1			All exte
Residential Zones, Open Space and Recreation Zones			Assess
2			1. Sa
Neighbourhood Centre Zone, Local Centre Zone, Town Centre Zone, Metropolitan Zone, Mixed Use Zone, City Centre Zone, General Industrial Zone, Hospital Zone, Tertiary Education Zone, Airport Zone, Port Zone and Stadium Zone			2. Eff of a
3			3. Th
			ori su
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			4. An
1. Safety of the transport network;			art

ication status: For a resource consent application a in respect of Rule LIGHT R2 1 where there is a o aviation safety, WIAL must be considered to be fected person in accordance with Section 95E of RMA.

in the rule as notified and include the following ional notification status:

ication status: For a resource consent application in respect of Rule LIGHT R2 2 where there is a o aviation safety, WIAL must be considered to be fected person in accordance with Section 95E of RMA.

de the following additional standard within each -S2 Light Spill standard:

terior lighting shall be directed downward.

de the following additional standard within each I-S3 Glare standard:

terior lighting shall be directed downward.

ssment criteria where the standard is infringed:

Safety of the transport network;

Effects on indoor amenity values and sleep quality of any nearby dwellings;

The number, placement, design, height, colour, orientation and screening of light fittings and light support structures;

Any positive effects generated from the use of artificial lighting; and

	PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
	2. Effects on indoor amenity values and sleep quality of any nearby dwellings;			5. The
;	The number, placement, design, height, colour, orientation and screening of light fittings and light support structures;			safe
	 Any positive effects generated from the use of artificial lighting; and 			
4	5. The impact of lighting on aircraft safety or the safe and efficient functioning of the Airport.			

Te Oro – Noise

Introduction	Support	WIAL supports the specific recognition	Retain a
Some activities that generate noise are exempt from the noise rules set out in this chapter. This is because they are not controlled by the RMA, e.g. vehicles being driven on a road, or aircraft above 1,000 feet in flight over built up areas. In addition, the Civil Aviation Act 1990 imposes certain rules requiring noise abatement procedures for aircraft operating in the vicinity of Wellington International Airport.		afforded to aircraft activities.	
The following activities are exempt from the rules and standards contained in this chapter. They are:			
 Aircraft being operated above 1,000 feet (305m) over built up areas, or above 500 feet (152m) over rural areas; 			
2. Aircraft used in emergencies or as air ambulances;			
 Vehicles being driven on a road (within the meaning of section 2(1) of the Transport Act 1998), or within a site as part of or compatible with a normal residential activity (including apartments or mixed use activity); 			
 Trains on rail lines (public or private) and crossing bells within the road reserve, including at railway yards, railway sidings or stations. This exemption does not apply to the testing (when stationary), maintenance, loading or unloading of trains; 			
 Any warning device or siren used by emergency services for civil defence or emergency purposes (and routine testing and maintenance); 			
 The use of generators and mobile equipment (including vehicles) when used solely for civil defence or emergency purposes, including testing and maintenance not exceeding 48 hours in duration, where they are operated by emergency services or lifeline utilities, or for the continuation of radiocommunication broadcasts; 			
 Rural activities, including, agricultural vehicles, machinery or equipment used on a seasonal or intermittent basis in the Rural Zones; 			
 Crowd or people noise from special events or temporary event activities including any events located in Open Space and Recreation Zones. 			
Note: Where standards are provided for specific activities, and there is a conflict between those standards and the zone interface standards or zone standards, the specific activity standards will prevail. In addition, resource consent may be required for the activity that generates noise. Provisions controlling the establishment of those activities may be contained in other chapters of the district plan.			
NOISE -01 Managing noise generation and effects	Oppose	Refer to paragraphs 4.62 to 4.75 of WIAL's	
Amenity values and peoples' health and well-being are protected from adverse noise levels, consistent with the anticipated outcomes for the receiving environment.		covering submission.	noise pl within A Internati
NOISE-02 Reverse Sensitivity	_		NOISE
Existing and authorised activities that generate high levels of noise are protected from reverse sensitivity effects.			<u>NOISE-</u> Interna
			<u>Wellingt</u> <u>reverse</u>
		1	1

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

he impact <u>effect</u> of lighting on aircraft safety or the afe and efficient functioning of the Airport.

in as notified.

rt two new objectives that specifically establish the e planning framework for noise sensitive activities n ANB and 60dB Ldn Boundary for Wellington national Airport as follows:

SE-O3: Reverse sensitivity effects on Wellington mational Airport

ngton International Airport is protected from see sensitivity effects.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
			<u>NOISE</u> Interna
			The ad
			Interna
			approp
NOISE-P1 General Management of noise	Support in part	WIAL supports this policy insofar as it	Delete
Enable the generation of noise from activities that:		relates to the management of land based noise emanating from the Airport Zone.	NOISE
1. Maintain the amenity values of the receiving environment; and			Enable
2. Does not compromise the health, safety and wellbeing of people and communities.			that:
NOISE -P2 Construction noise	Support	WIAL supports this policy.	Retain
Enable construction activities while ensuring that unreasonable noise and vibration effects are managed effectively.			
NOISE-P3 Higher noise areas	Support in part	WIAL supports this policy insofar as it	Retain
Allow for higher noise levels to be generated within:		relates to the management of land base noise emanating from the Airport Zone.	
1. General Rural Zone;			
2. Commercial and Mixed-Use Zones;			
3. Hospital Zone;			
4. Tertiary Education Zone;			
5. Stadium Zone;			
6. Port Zone;			
7. Airport Zone and associated airspace;			
8. City Centre Zone;			
9. Mixed Use Zone;			
10. General Industrial Zone; and			
11. State Highway and Railway networks			
NOISE-P4 Acoustic treatment for noise sensitive activities	Oppose in part	It is the buildings that contain a noise sensitive activities rather than the noise	Delete
Require sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation for new noise sensitive activities within:		sensitive activity itself that can be	Require
1. The City Centre Zone;		acoustically treated. Amendments are therefore required to the chapeau of the	<u>of new</u> building
2. The Waterfront Zone;		policy to make this matter clear.	activitie
3. The Centres Zones;			1. Th
4. The Mixed Use Zones;			2. Th
5. Outer Port Noise Overlay;			3. Th
6. The Air Noise Overlay; and			4. Th
7. Identified corridors adjacent to the State Highways and railway networks.			5. Oi
Two standards of acoustic insulation are prescribed to achieve acceptable indoor acoustic amenity in habitable	1		6. Th

SE-O4: Noise Management at Wellington mational Airport

adverse effects of noise from Wellington national Airport on noise sensitive activities are opriately remedied or mitigated.

te or amend the policy as follows:

SE-P1 General Management of noise

ble the generation of <u>land based</u> noise from activities

in as notified.

in as notified.

te or amend the policy as follows:

uire sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation w buildings or additions or alterations to existing ings that contain for new noise sensitive ities within:

The City Centre Zone;

The Waterfront Zone;

The Centres Zones;

The Mixed Use Zones;

Outer Port Noise Overlay;

The Air Noise Overlay The Air Noise Boundary or 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary; and

			RELIEF
			7. Ide and
			Two sta achieve rooms.
			Note that definition submiss
*NOISE-P6 Development restrictions on noise sensitive activities	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	
Restrict the development of noise sensitive activities within: 1. The Inner Air Noise Overlay; and		to 4.75 of the covering submission, WIAL submits that a new suite of policies is required to address the management of	relating within th for Welli
2. Other locations where ventilation and acoustic insulation standards are not met.		noise sensitive activities within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary.	NOISE- sensitiv
		Boundary.	Restrict activities
			1. The
			2. Othe insul
			<u>NOISE-</u> <u>Aircraft</u>
			<u>Within tl</u> Bounda
			1. <u>Avoi</u> <u>activ</u> Spac
			2. <u>Disco</u> inten within effec appro
			<u>NOISE-</u> to aircra
			<u>Require</u> <u>mechan</u> <u>addition</u>
			noise se or 60dB
NOISE-R1 Noise not otherwise provided for in this chapter	Support	WIAL supports the default activity status, subject to compliance with NOISE-S1.	Retain a
All Zones			
1. Activity status: Permitted Where:			
a. Compliance with <u>NOISE-S1</u> is achieved.			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>NOISE-R1.1.a</u> cannot be achieved.			

dentified corridors adjacent to the State Highways nd railway networks.

standards of acoustic insulation are prescribed to ve acceptable indoor acoustic amenity in habitable S.

hat WIAL has recommended replacing the ion "Air Noise Overlay", as set out earlier in the ssion.

d NOISE-P6 and insert a suite of new provisions g to the management of noise sensitive activities the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Boundary ellington International Airport as follows:

E-P6 Development restrictions on noise tive activities

ict the development of noise sensitive ies within:

e Inner Air Noise Overlay; and

her locations where ventilation and acoustic ulation standards are not met.

E-P7 Management of Activities Sensitive to aft Noise:

<u>the Air Noise Boundary or 60dB Ldn Noise</u> <u>lary:</u>

oid the establishment of new noise sensitive tivities within the Open Space, Natural Open ace and General Industrial Zones;

scourage the establishment of new or the ensification of existing noise sensitive activities hin all other zones unless the reverse sensitivity ects on Wellington International Airport can be propriately avoided.

E-P8: Acoustic treatment of activities sensitive craft noise

re, as necessary, sound insulation and/or anical ventilation within any new buildings or any ons or alterations to existing buildings that contain sensitive activities within the Air Noise Boundary IB L_{dn} noise contour.

as notified.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in <u>NOISE-P1</u> ; and			
2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standard.			
NOISE-R2 Noise from construction, maintenance, earthworks, and demolition activities	Support	WIAL supports the retention of a	Retain a
All Zones		construction specific noise rule within the Proposed Plan.	
1. Activity status: Permitted			
Where:			
a. All work will occur within the hours of 7.30am to 6.00pm Monday to Saturday; or			
b. Compliance with NOISE-S2 (Construction Activities) is achieved.			
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:			
a. Compliance with the requirements of NOISE-R2.1.a cannot be achieved.			
Matters of discretion are:			
1. The matters in NOISE-P2;and			
 The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standard. 			
NOISE-R3 Noise sensitive activity in a new building, or in alterations / additions to an existing building	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.65	Delete
 Activity status: Permitted Where: 		to 4.72 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this rule in part.	NOISE or in al
a. Compliance with NOISE-S4 (High Noise Areas) is achieved within:			1. Activ
i. 40m of a State Highway;			Whe
ii. 40m of a Railway corridor;			b. C
iii. General Industrial Zone; or			i
iv. Inner Air Noise Overlay.			
Note: Distances from a state highway or railway corridor shall be measured from the closest habitable			
room to the closest point of a state highway or railway designation.			
2. Activity status: Permitted Where:			Note: D shall be the clos
 Compliance with <u>NOISE-S5 (Moderate Noise Areas)</u> is achieved within: The area between 40m and 80m of a State Highway. 			designa 3. Activ
ii. The area between 40m and 100m of a Railway corridor.			Whe
iii. City Centre Zone.			a. C
iv. Mixed Use Zone.			<u> </u>
v. Neighbourhood Centre Zone.			Ĭ.
vi. Local Centre Zone.			
vii. Metropolitan Centre Zone.			
viii. Outer Port Noise Overlay.			ii

in as notified.

te or amend the rule as follows:

SE-R3 Noise sensitive activity in a new building, alterations / additions to an existing building

- ctivity status: **Permitted** /here:
- Compliance with <u>NOISE-S4 (High Noise Areas)</u> is achieved within:
- *i.* 40m of a State Highway;
- ii. 40m of a Railway corridor;
- iii. General Industrial Zone; or
- iv. Inner Air Noise Overlay.

Distances from a state highway or railway corridor be measured from the closest habitable room to losest point of a state highway or railway pration.

ctivity status: **Permitted** /here:

Compliance with <u>NOISE-S5 (Moderate Noise</u> <u>Areas)</u> is achieved within:

- *i.* The area between 40m and 80m of a State Highway.
- ii. The area between 40m and 100m of a Railway corridor.
- iii. City Centre Zone.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
ix. Outer Air Noise Overlay.			iv
Note: Distances from a state highway or railway corridor shall be measured from the closest habitable			V.
room to the closest point of a state highway or railway designation.			V
			Vi
3. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:			V
a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>NOISE-S4</u> or <u>NOISE-S5</u> cannot be achieved.			ix
b. Any noise sensitive activity is proposed on a site within land subject to NOISE-R3.2.			Note: Di shall be
c. Two residential units are proposed on a site within the Inner Air Noise Overlay.			the clos
d. Four or more residential units are proposed on a site within the Outer Air Noise Overlay.			designa
Matters of discretion are:			4. Act Wh
1. The matters of assessment in <u>NOISE-S4</u> and <u>NOISE-S5</u> ; and			a.
2. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standard.			b.
Note: This rule does not obligate Wellington International Airport Limited (WIAL) to provide or upgrade mechanical ventilation or noise insulation in a residential unit which has already received such treatment.			6.
4. Activity status: Discretionary			
Where:			d.
a. Any noise sensitive activity is proposed on a site within land subject to NOISE-R3.1.			Mattara
b. Three or more residential units are proposed on a site within the Inner Air Noise Overlay.			Matters
Note: This rule does not obligate Wellington International Airport Limited (WIAL) to provide or upgrade			1. The <u>\$5</u> ; a
mechanical ventilation or noise insulation in a residential unit which has already received such treatment.			2. The
			relev asse
			Note: The Internet
			Internat upgrade
			a reside treatme
			5. <u>Activ</u> Whe
			a. <u>L</u>
			b. <u>C</u> a
			Matters
			1. <u>The</u>
			2. <u>The</u> <u>ame</u>
			3. <u>Any</u> acco

- iv. Mixed Use Zone.
- v. Neighbourhood Centre Zone.
- vi. Local Centre Zone.
- vii. Metropolitan Centre Zone.
- viii. Outer Port Noise Overlay.
- ix. Outer Air Noise Overlay.

Distances from a state highway or railway corridor be measured from the closest habitable room to osest point of a state highway or railway nation.

ctivity status: **Restricted Discretionary** Where:

- a. Compliance with the requirements of <u>NOISE-</u> <u>S4</u> or <u>NOISE-S5</u> cannot be achieved <u>and</u>.
- b. Any noise sensitive activity is proposed on a site within land subject to <u>NOISE-R3.2</u>.
- c. Two residential units are proposed on a site within the Inner Air Noise Overlay.
- d. Four or more residential units are proposed on a site within the Outer Air Noise Overlay.

rs of discretion are:

e matters of assessment in <u>NOISE-S4</u> and <u>NOISE-</u>; and

e extent and effect of non-compliance with any evant standard as specified in the associated sessment criteria for the infringed standard.

This rule does not obligate Wellington ational Airport Limited (WIAL) to provide or de mechanical ventilation or noise insulation in lential unit which has already received such pont.

tivity status: **Restricted Discretionary** nere:

- Located within the Air Noise Boundary or 60 dB Ldn Noise Boundary; and
- <u>Compliance with the requirements of NOISE-S16</u> and NOISE-S17 achieved.

rs of discretion are:

e matters in NOISE-P7;

e ability to achieve acceptable outdoor acoustic nenity;

y proposed mitigation of aircraft noise, in cordance with a best practicable option approach

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
			(e.g. struc 4. <u>The</u> sens gene mana limit Well
			<u>Notification made in sensitive Bounda conside Section</u>
			4. Activ Whe a. A <u>B</u> b. <u>C</u> te
			te c. T a Note: Tr Internat upgrade a reside troatmo
			<u>Notificat</u> <u>made in</u> <u>sensitiv</u> <u>Bounda</u> <u>conside</u> <u>Section</u>
			<u>NOISE-</u> <u>Activitie</u> <u>Ldn No</u> <u>All Zone</u> 1. <u>Any</u> <u>Boun</u> <u>desig</u>
			<u>level</u> <u>The</u> <u>will k</u> the i

g. site layout and design, design and location of uctures and buildings and outdoor amenity areas.

e extent to which effects, as a result of the nsitivity of activities to current and future noise neration from aircraft, are proposed to be maged, including avoidance of any effect that may it the operation, maintenance or upgrade of ellington International Airport.

ation status: For a resource consent application in respect of Rule NOISE R3.5 where a noise ive activity is proposed within the Air Noise dary or 60dB L_{dn} Noise Boundary, WIAL must be dered to be an affected person in accordance with on 95E of the RMA.

tivity status: **Discretionary**

nere:

- Any noise sensitive activity is proposed on a site within <u>the Air Noise Boundary or 60dB Ldn</u> <u>Boundary; and,</u>
- <u>Compliance with the requirements of NOISE-S16</u> <u>or NOISE-S17 is not achieved.</u> land subject to <u>NOISE-R3.1</u>.
- Three or more residential units are proposed on a site within the Inner Air Noise Overlay.

This rule does not obligate Wellington ational Airport Limited (WIAL) to provide or de mechanical ventilation or noise insulation in dential unit which has already received such nent.

ation status: For a resource consent application in respect of Rule NOISE R3.5 where a noise ive activity is proposed within the Air Noise dary or 60dB L_{dn} Noise Boundary, WIAL must be dered to be an affected person in accordance with on 95E of the RMA.

E-S16 Acoustic Treatment – Noise Sensitive ities within the Air Noise Boundary or 60dB loise Boundary

nes

y new habitable room within the Air Noise undary or 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary must be signed and constructed to achieve an internal rel of Ldn 40dB with doors and windows closed. e certification of an approved acoustical engineer I be accepted as evidence that the design meets insulation standard.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
			NOISE Activiti Noise All Zon 1. The achine required alternative start 2. When to mage start 2. When to mage start 2. When to mage start 3. Correst starting undertained
NOISE-R4 Helicopter landing noise Airport Zone, Hospital zone Activity status: Permitted	Support	WIAL supports the permitted activity status for helicopter operations within the Airport Zone.	
R8 Shooting range and firearm noise Activity Status: Discretionary	Oppose	WIAL is required to undertake wildlife management activities at the Airport. WIAL seeks to ensure that its activities, while not comparable to a shooting range, are not inadvertently captured by this rule.	Delete of NOISE- <u>Airport 1</u> 1. <u>Activ</u> All Zone 2. Activ
NOISE-R13 Airport Noise All Zones 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. Compliance is achieved with the following standards:		For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62 to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter.	Delete t related NOISE - All Zone 1. Activ

SE-S17 Acoustic Treatment – Noise Sensitive vities within the Air Noise Boundary or 60B Ldn e Boundary

ones

he internal design level in NOISE-S16 must be chieved at the same time as the ventilation equirements of the New Zealand Building Code. An ternative means of ventilation must be provided nless compliance with the above acoustic insulation andards can be met with ventilating windows open.

(here a habitable room relies on openable windows meet the ventilation requirements of the New ealand Building Code, and where these windows ust remain closed to achieve compliance ith NOISE-S4, a positive supplementary source of esh air ducted from outside is required at the time fit-out. For the purposes of this requirement, a edroom is any room intended to be used for eeping. The supplementary source of air is to chieve a minimum of 7.5 litres per second per erson; and

onfirmation of compliance with this standard will be equired by a qualified professional.

WIAL is seeking independent expert advice on the fic ventilation requirements. NOISE-S17 is drafted d on the general structure of NOISE-S6, with the ng assumption being that the Council has rtaken technical assessments to confirm the lard is fit for purpose. Accordingly WIAL reserves wition on this matter in the context of this hission).

in the rule as notified.

te or amend the rule as follows:

SE-R8

ort Zone

ctivity Status: Permitted

ones <u>(except the Airport Zone)</u>

ctivity Status: Discretionary

te the rules or delete references to the designation ed standards as follows:

SE-R13 Airport Noise

ones

ctivity status: Permitted

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
i. <u>NOISE-S1;</u>			Whe
ii. <u>NOISE-S8;</u>			a. (
iii. <u>NOISE-S9;</u>			5
iv. <u>NOISE-S10;</u>			i
v. <u>NOISE-S11;</u>			į
vi. <u>NOISE-S12;</u>			ļ
vii. NOISE-S14; and			ļ i
viii. <u>NOISE-S15</u> .			+ +
All Zones			+
2. Activity status: Restricted Discretionary Where:			
a. Compliance is not achieved with NOISE-R13.1.a			2
Matters of discretion are:			3. Acti
1. Relevant matters listed in NOISE-P1;			Whe
2. The degree to which noise emissions can be reduced through mitigation or management measures,			a. (
changes in the location, or methods of operation of the activity;			<i>u.</i>
3. Whether the proposal will have any adverse effects on the health and safety of people; and			
4. The effects of the type, intensity and duration of the noise emitted from any activity.			b. 1
All Zones			2
3. Activity status: Non-complying			L Latifica
Where:			Notifica
a. Compliance is not achieved with:			
i. <u>NOISE-S9;</u>			
ii. <u>NOISE-S10;</u> and			
b. Noise from any land based activity in the Airport Zone exceeds the limits in NOIS-S14 by more than 5d	IB.		
Notification Status: An application for resource consent made in respect of this rule must be publicly notified.			
Noise -S3 Noise Management Plans	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	
Airport Activities		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
The provisions below do not, in any way, limit the obligations of the Airport company (WIAL) to fully comply w any Airport Designation Condition.	vith	management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter.	
 The Airport must at all times maintain and implement an Airport Noise Management Plan (ANMP). Any alteration or update to the ANMP is subject to certification by the Council. 			
2. The ANMP must include, as a minimum:			
a. Terms of Reference which include the purpose, membership and functions of the ANMC.			
b. A statement of noise management objectives and policies for the Airport;			
 Details of methods and processes for remedying and mitigating adverse effects of Airport noise includi but not limited to: 	ing		
i. improvements to Airport layout to reduce ground noise;			
ii. Guidance relating to APU usage and how that usage will be reduced over time where practicable;			1

IEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in covering submission) /here: Compliance is achieved with the following standards: i. NOISE-S1; ii. NOISE-S8; iii. NOISE-S9; iv. NOISE-S10; v. NOISE-S11; vi. NOISE-S12; vii. NOISE-S14; and viii. NOISE-S15. ctivity status: Non-complying /here: Compliance is not achieved with: i. NOISE-S9; ii. NOISE-S10; and Noise from any land based activity in the Airport Zone exceeds the limits in NOIS-S14 by more than 5dB. ication Status: An application for resource consent e in respect of this rule must be publicly notified. te NOISE-S3

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
iii. improvements to Airport equipment (including provision of engine test shielding such as an acoustic enclosure for propeller driven aircraft) to reduce ground noise;			
iv. aircraft operating procedures in the air and on the ground procedures to minimise noise where this is practicably achievable;			
 v. an Airport Wide Construction Noise Management Plan which outlines methods for guiding the way construction noise is managed including guidance for where a Project Specific Construction Noise Plan is required for a project. 			
d. Procedures for the convening, ongoing maintenance and operation of the ANMC;			
 Mechanisms to give effect to a noise monitoring programme to assess compliance with district plan noise standards; 			
 f. Procedures for reporting to the ANMC any Aircraft Operations and engine testing activities which contravene district plan noise standards; 			
g. Methods necessary for the Airport to complete implementation of the Quieter Homes Programme;			
 A complaints procedure including: recording; reporting back to complainants; corrective actions; and reporting to the Council and to the ANMC; 			
 A dispute resolution procedure to resolve any disputes between the Airport company and the ANMC about the contents and implementation of the ANMP; 			
j. Communication methods to maintain contact with potentially noise affected communities;			
k. Preparation and implementation of an annual stakeholder communications plan;			
 Procedures for obtaining and making noise monitoring and compliance data publicly available on WIAL's website; 			
m. Procedures (including frequency) for reviewing and amending the ANMP.			
n. Arrangements for funding the ongoing membership and function of the ANMC.			
NOISE-S4 Acoustic insulation – high noise areas	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	Delete o
Within 40m of a State Highway/ Within 40m of a Railway Corridor/ Courtenay Place Noise Area/ Inner Air		to 4.75 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this standard in part.	NOISE-
Noise Overlay			Within 4 Corrido Overlay
NOISE-S5 Acoustic insulation – moderate noise areas	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	Delete of
City Centre Zone/ Mixed Use Zone/General Industrial Zone/ Neighbourhood Centre Zone/ Local Centre Zone/ Metropolitan Centre Zone/Waterfront Zone/ The area between 40m and 100m of a railway corridor/ The area		to 4.75 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this standard in part.	NOISE- areas
between 40m and 80m of a State Highway/ Outer Port Noise Overlay/ Outer Air Noise Overlay			City Ce Zone/ N Metropo betwee betwee Noise C
NOISE-S8 Hours of aircraft operation	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	Delete t
Airport Zone		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
1. Domestic aircraft operations shall not occur during the following hours:		management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the	
a. midnight (12am) to 6am.		Noise Chapter.	
2. International aircraft operations shall not occur during the following hours:	1		
a. Midnight to 6am for departures.			

te or amend the standard as follows:

SE-S4 Acoustic insulation – high noise areas

in 40m of a State Highway/ Within 40m of a Railway dor/ Courtenay Place Noise Area/-Inner Air Noise lay

te or amend the standard as follows:

SE-S5 Acoustic insulation – moderate noise

Centre Zone/ Mixed Use Zone/General Industrial e/ Neighbourhood Centre Zone/ Local Centre Zone/ opolitan Centre Zone/Waterfront Zone/ The area reen 40m and 100m of a railway corridor/ The area reen 40m and 80m of a State Highway/ Outer Port e Overlay/ Outer Air Noise Overlay.

te the standard.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIE the co
b. 1am to 6am for arrivals.			
3. No aircraft shall operate under their main engine power within the East Side Precinct between the hours of 10pm and 7am.			
Except:			
4. Disrupted flights where aircraft operations are permitted for an additional 30 minutes;			
5. In statutory holiday periods where operations are permitted for an additional 60 minutes;			
6. For the purposes of this condition, statutory holiday period means:			
a. The period from 25 December to 2 January, inclusive. Where 25 December falls on either a Sunday or Monday, the period includes the entire of the previous weekend. Where 1 January falls on a weekend, the period includes the two subsequent working days. Where 2 January falls on a Friday, the period includes the following weekend.			
 b. The Saturday, Sunday and Monday of Wellington Anniversary weekend, Queens Birthday Weekend, and Labour Weekend. 			
c. Good Friday to Easter Monday inclusive.			
d. Matariki Day.			
e. Waitangi Day.			
f. ANZAC Day.			
g. Any other day decreed as a national statutory holiday.			
h. Where Matariki Day, Waitangi Day or ANZAC Day falls (or is recognised) on a Friday or a Monday, the adjacent weekend is included in the statutory holiday period.			
i. The hours from midnight to 6am immediately following the expiry of each statutory holiday period defined above.			
7. Aircraft using the Airport as a planned alternative to landing at a scheduled airport, but which shall not take- off unless otherwise permitted;			
8. Aircraft landing in an emergency;			
9. The operation of emergency flights required to rescue persons from life threatening situations or to transport patients, human vital organs, or medical personnel in a medical emergency;			
10. The operation of unscheduled flights required to meet the needs of any state of emergency declared under the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002 or any international civil defence emergency;			
11. Aircraft carrying heads of state and/or senior dignitaries acting in their official capacity or other military aircraft operations;			
12. No more than 4 aircraft movements per night with noise levels not exceeding 65 dB L _{AFmax} (1 sec) at or beyond the edge of the Air Noise Boundary.			
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			
1. Type, intensity and duration of the noise;			
2. Number of annual occurrences;			
3. Mitigation or management measures;			
4. Health and safety;			
5. Effects on internal and external noise amenity for dwellings outside the Airport zone; and			
6. The Airport Noise Management Plan.			

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
In assessing noise effects, data may be used from a continuous noise monitoring station established to cont compliance and may also be obtained from other locations.	firm		
NOISE-S9 Calculation and management of aircraft noise	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	
Airport Zone		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
 Aircraft noise shall be measured and modelled in accordance with NZS6805:1992 Airport Noise Management and Land Use Planning and calculated as a Ldn 90 day rolling average. All terminology sh have the meaning that may be used or defined in the context of NZS:6805 1992. 	all	management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter.	
 The Airport company (WIAL) shall ensure that all Aircraft Operations are managed so that the rolling day day average 24 hour night-weighted sound exposure level does not exceed a Day/night Level (Ldn) of 65dBA outside the Air Noise Boundary shown within the District Plan Maps. 	y 90		
3. Within the East Side Precinct, Aircraft Operations and the operation of Auxiliary Power Units (APUs) sha be managed so that the rolling 90-day average 24 hours night-weighted sound exposure does not exceed Day/Night Level (Ldn) of 65 dB outside of the East Side Precinct Compliance Line identified on Figure 6 below. In assessing compliance with this limit, account shall be taken of the cumulative effect of all aircra operations and APUs from the Airport.	ed a		
4. Noise monitoring shall take place at any point along the line shown in Figure 6 below. The rolling 90-day average Ldn noise level from aircraft operations and the operation of APUs must not exceed the corresponding level determined to correlate with 65 dB Ldn at the East Side Precinct Compliance Line. The noise level shall be determined once the noise monitoring location is finalised and shall be recorded in the Airport Noise Management Plan.	This		
5. The Airport must demonstrate compliance with the standards above by undertaking continuous noise monitoring in accordance with NZS 6805:1992 and the guidance provided in the Airport Noise Managem Plan. The results of this noise monitoring shall be made publicly available on the Airport website.	nent		
Except:			
1. The following aircraft operations shall be excluded from the calculation of the 90 day rolling average:			
a. Aircraft operating in an emergency.			
b. The operation of emergency flights required to rescue persons from life threatening situations or to transport patients, human vital organs, or medical personnel in a medical emergency.			
c. The operation of unscheduled flights required to meet the needs of any state of emergency declared under the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002 or any international civil defence emerger			
Figure 6 – NOISE: East Side Precinct Compliance Line and Noise Monitoring			
NOISE-S10 Engine testing noise	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	
Airport Zone		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
1. There shall be no aircraft engine testing in the East Side Precinct, or in the area shown by Attachment 4 designation WIAL4.	of	management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the	
2. Engine testing shall adhere to the following:		Noise Chapter.	
a. Testing shall only be undertaken during the hours of 6am to 8pm;			
 b. For essential unscheduled maintenance, testing is able to occur between 8pm and 11pm and where these events do occur, they shall be reported to the Airport Noise Management Committee (ANMC) o an annual basis; 	on		
c. To operate an aircraft within flying hours but provided the engine run is no longer than required for normal procedures, which for the purpose of this condition, shall provide solely for short duration engine runs by way of flight preparation while the aircraft is positioned on the apron;	ine		
 Restrictions on engine testing from 11pm to 6am do not apply if engine testing can be carried out in compliance with all of the following: 			

e the standard.

e the standard.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIE
 measured noise levels do not exceed 60 dB LAEQ (15 min) at or within the boundary of any residential zone; 			
b. measured noise levels do not exceed 75 dB LAFmax at or within the boundary of any residential zone;			
 noise levels shall be measured in accordance with NZS6801: 2008 Acoustics Measurement of Environmental Sound; 			
 the total number of engine test events relating to aircraft using the Airport as an alternate landing site shall not exceed 18 in any consecutive 12 month period; 			
e. the total duration of engine test events using the Airport as an alternate landing site shall be no more than 20 minutes.			
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			
1. Type, intensity and duration of the noise;			
2. Mitigation or management measures;			
3. Health and safety;			
4. Effects on internal and external noise amenity for dwellings outside the Airport zone; and			
5. The Airport Noise Management Plan.			
In assessing noise effects, data may be used from a continuous noise monitoring station established to confirm compliance and may also be obtained from other locations			
NOISE-S11 Noise from ground power units and auxiliary power units (Main site)	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	Delete
Airport Zone (Main Site)		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
1. The operation of ground power units (GPUs) and auxiliary power units (APUs) within the Airport (excluding East Side Precinct), when measured at any adjoining Residential zone, shall not exceed the following limits:		management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the	
a. Monday to Saturday 7am to 10pm 55 dB LAeq (15 min)		Noise Chapter.	
b. At all other times 45 dB LAeq (15 min)			
c. All days 10pm to 7am 75 dB LAFmaxli>			
Except:			
1. Aircraft under tow;			
 The first 60 minutes after an aircraft has stopped on the gate, unless the Pilot of an Aircraft requires a longer duration due to operational or public health and safety reasons; 			
 60 minutes prior to scheduled departure unless the Pilot of an Aircraft requires a longer duration due to operational or public health and safety reasons; 			
4. The use of APUs to provide for engine testing.			
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			
1. Type, intensity and duration of the noise;			
2. Number of annual occurrences;			
3. Mitigation or management measures;			
4. Health and safety;			
5. Effects on internal and external noise amenity for dwellings outside the Airport zone; and			
6. The Airport Noise Management Plan.			

ete the standard.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF
In assessing noise effects, data may be used from a continuous noise monitoring station established to confirm compliance and may also be obtained from other locations.			
NOISE-S12 Noise from ground power units and auxiliary power units (East Side)	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	Delete t
Airport Zone (East Side)		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
1. Any aircraft stand within the East Side Precinct shall have a Plugin ground power unit (GPU) available.		management obligations inherent in	
2. The operation of APUs in the East Side Precinct is subject to the relevant standards in NOISE-S9.		Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter.	
3. There shall be no operating of APUs on land within the East Side Precinct between the hours of 10pm and 7am, apart from aircraft under tow. Where aircraft are under tow the use of the APU shall cease as soon as reasonably practicable after completion of the tow.			
4. The operation of APUs on land within the East Side Precinct shall be restricted to a period not exceeding 15 minutes after the aircraft has stopped at the gate and 15 minutes prior to leaving the gate.			
Assessment Criteria where the standard is infringed:			
1. Type, intensity and duration of the noise;			
2. Number of annual occurrences;			
3. Mitigation or management measures;			
4. Health and safety;			
5. Effects on internal and external noise amenity for dwellings outside the Airport zone; and			
6. The Airport Noise Management Plan.			
In assessing noise effects, data may be used from a continuous noise monitoring station established to confirm compliance and may also be obtained from other locations.			
NOISE-S13 Airport East Side Precinct residential noise mitigation	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	
Airport zone (East Side Precinct)/Medium Density Residential Zone		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	
 Prior to construction activity occurring to the east of the line shown on the map within Attachment 2 of designation WIAL5, or prior to land within the East Side Precinct being used to facilitate Code C (or larger) Aircraft (whichever is the earlier), the Airport shall offer to install mechanical ventilation to habitable rooms of those residential dwellings listed in Attachment 2 of designation WIAL5. 		management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter.	
2. Where the property owner accepts this offer, the following requirements apply:			
a. The Airport shall meet the full cost of the ventilation work.			
b. Any habitable room within any dwelling listed in Attachment 2 with openable windows must be provided with a positive supplementary source of fresh air ducted from the outside of the habitable room.			
c. The supplementary source of fresh air is to achieve a minimum of 7.5 litres per second/per person.			
The offer and outcomes from the ventilation work shall be to no less a standard than similar home ventilation packages provided under the Wellington Airport Quieter Homes programme (as at 2021).			
NOISE-S14 Land based noise	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.62	
Airport Zone		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	1. NOIS
1. Noise emission levels from any activity within the Airport designations, other than aircraft operations, engine testing and the operation of GPUs and APUs, when measured at any adjoining residential zone, shall not exceed the following limits:	management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter.	management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the	Airpo oper GPU resid
a. Monday to Saturday 7am to 10pm 55 dB L _{Aeq(15min)}		Furthermore, there are a range of methods available which can demonstrate where	
b. At all other times 45 dB L _{Aeq(15min)}		standards are infringed. It is therefore	
c. All days 10pm to 7am 75 dB L _{AFmax}		inappropriate for the statement at the end	b.

e the standard.

e the standard.

e or amend the standard as follows:

oise emission levels from any activity within the irport <u>Zone</u> designations, other than aircraft perations, engine testing and the operation of PUs and APUs, when measured at any adjoining esidential zone, shall not exceed the following limits:

Monday to Saturday Sunday 7am to 10pm 55 dB $L_{Aeq(15min)}$

At all other times 45 dB L_{Aeq(15min)}

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
 In the East Side Precinct, for the purposes of calculating compliance with this limit, account shall be taken the cumulative effect of all land based activities undertaken within the Airport, other than aircraft operation the operation of APUs and any engine testing. Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: Type, intensity and duration of the noise; Number of annual occurrences; Mitigation or management measures; Health and safety; Effects on internal and external noise amenity for dwellings outside the Airport zone; The requirements of NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise; and The Airport Noise Management Plan. In assessing noise effects, data may be used from a continuous noise monitoring station established to confir compliance and may also be obtained from other locations. 	S,	of the assessment criteria, to include the level of specificity stated. It is also not clear what status (if any) this statement has.	c. 2. In the calcu be ta activ than any Assessi 1. Type 2. Num 3. Mitig 4. Heat 5. Effect dwel 6. The Cons 7. The
NOISE-S15 Miramar South Precinct		For the reasons set out in paragraph 4.62	continue confirm other log
Airport Zone (Miramar South)		to 4.75 of WIAL's covering submission, it is inappropriate to replicate the aircraft noise	In relation
 In relation to the Miramar South Precinct ("the Site"): 1. Noise emission levels from within the Site when measured on any site that includes an occupied residence the residential zone beyond the Site shall not exceed: a. Monday to Sunday 7am to 10pm 55 dB L_{Aeq(15 min)} b. Monday to Sunday 1am to 6am 40 dB L_{Aeq(15 min)} 	e in	 management obligations inherent in Designation WIAL4 and WIAL5 in the Noise Chapter. Furthermore, many of the conditions here have already been achieved by existing development undertaken by WIAL on site and it is therefore unpressory for these 	1. Nois meas resid the S a. N b. N
 c. At all other times 45 dB L_{Aeq(15 min)} d. All days 10pm to 7am 75 dB L_{AFmax} 		and it is therefore unnecessary for those matters to be dealt with here (as well as in the Designation).	c. A d. A
 2. Noise emission levels from the Site when measured on any site in the Centre Zone shall not exceed: a. At all times 60 dB L_{Aeq(15 min)} b. At all times 85 dB L_{AFmax} 			2. Noise on ai a. A
 Noise during construction activities shall comply with the requirements of NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise. 			b. A
4. A close-boarded fence (or other acoustically effective barrier) with a density of at least 10 kg/m2 and a height of two metres shall be installed around the perimeter of the site excluding site access points. This shall be inspected regularly and maintained to ensure its continued acoustic effectiveness.			3. Nois the r Cont
 Entry / egress for trucks shall not be located opposite residential zoned areas. Trucks shall not drive alon the Residential zoned parts of Miro Street, Kedah Street, or Kauri Street except where there are specific circumstances where this is necessary. 	g		4. A CK barn a he perir This onst

All days 10pm to 7am 75 dB L_{AFmax}

the East Side Precinct, for the purposes of lculating compliance with this limit, account shall taken of the cumulative effect of all land based tivities undertaken within the Airport <u>Zone</u>, other an aircraft operations, the operation of APUs and y engine testing.

sment criteria where the standard is infringed:

pe, intensity and duration of the noise;

Imber of annual occurrences;

tigation or management measures;

alth and safety;

fects on internal and external noise amenity for vellings outside the Airport zone; <u>and</u>

e requirements of NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics – onstruction Noise; and

e Airport Noise Management Plan.

essing noise effects, data may be used from a uous noise monitoring station established to m compliance and may also be obtained from locations

e or amend the standard as follows:

tion to the Miramar South Precinct ("the Site"):

bise emission levels from within the Site when easured on any site that includes an occupied sidence in the residential zone beyond e Site shall not exceed:

Monday to Sunday 7am to 10pm 55 dB LAeq(15 min)

Monday to Sunday 1am to 6am 40 dB LAeq(15 min)

At all other times 45 dB LAeq(15 min)

All days 10pm to 7am 75 dB LAFmax

ise emission levels from the Site when measured any site in the Centre Zone shall not exceed:

At all times 60 dB LAeq(15 min)

At all times 85 dB LAFmax

ise during construction activities shall comply with requirements of NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics – nstruction Noise.

close-boarded fence (or other acoustically effective rrier) with a density of at least 10 kg/m2 and neight of two metres shall be installed around the rimeter of the site excluding site access points. is shall be inspected regularly and maintained to sure its continued acoustic effectiveness.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF Sthe cove
6. Truck engines shall not be left to idle on the Site and signage shall be placed in appropriate locations within the Site to advise drivers of this requirement. The Airport or its agents shall actively monitor this requirement.			5. Entry roside the R
 Building services shall be designed such that noise levels from this source at the Site boundary are at least 10 dB lower than the limits set out in 1 above. 			Streei specii
8. All warehouse doors shall be fast closing and shall remain closed at night-time unless in use.			6. Truck signa
9. There shall be no servicing or maintenance of equipment outdoors at night.			within The A
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:			requir
1. Type, intensity and duration of the noise;			7. Buildi that n
2. Mitigation or management measures;			are at
3. Health and safety;			above
4. Effects on internal and external noise amenity for dwellings outside the Miramar South Precinct;			8. All wa remai
5. The requirements of NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise;			9. There
6. The Airport Miramar South Construction Noise Management Plan;			equip
7. The acoustic assessment report prepared by the Airport for development of the Site; and			Assessm
8. The Airport Noise Management Plan.			1. Type,
			2. Mitiga
			3. Healt
			4. Effect dwelli
			5. The re Const
			6. The A Mana
			7. The a Airpol
			8. The A
Ngā Tohu – Signs		1	
SIGN-O1 Role of signage			
Signs support the needs of the community to advertise and inform while the effects on local amenity are effectively managed.			

effectively managed.		
Sign-P1 Appropriate Signs	 As drafted, the use of the term "and"	Refine a
Allow signs where:	between each paragraph sets an unduly	conjunct
	onerous and high bar for signage to be	Allow sid
1. They are of an appropriate size, design and location; and	considered "appropriate". For example, if a	
2. They do not result in visual clutter; and	sign must be required to meet regulatory or statutory requirements due to use, a very	
3. Any potential cumulative effects are managed; and	narrow scope of signage would only be	and <u>o</u>
	permitted (i.e. "official" signage such as	2. They
4. They are required to meet regulatory or statutory requirements; and	road signs, health and safety signs etc).	<u>З. Апу</u>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1

try / egress for trucks shall not be located opposite sidential zoned areas. Trucks shall not drive along Residential zoned parts of Miro Street, Kedah cet, or Kauri Street except where there are scific circumstances where this is necessary.

ick engines shall not be left to idle on the Site and inage shall be placed in appropriate locations hin the Site to advise drivers of this requirement. e Airport or its agents shall actively monitor this quirement.

ilding services shall be designed such It noise levels from this source at the Site boundary at least 10 dB lower than the limits set out in 1 ove.

warehouse doors shall be fast closing and shall nain closed at night-time unless in use.

ere shall be no servicing or maintenance of uipment outdoors at night.

sment criteria where the standard is infringed:

pe, intensity and duration of the noise;

tigation or management measures;

alth and safety;

ects on internal and external noise amenity for rellings outside the Miramar South Precinct;

e requirements of NZS 6803:1999 Acoustics – nstruction Noise;

e Airport Miramar South Construction Noise anagement Plan;

e acoustic assessment report prepared by the port for development of the Site; and

e Airport Noise Management Plan.

e and reorder the policy to ensure the appropriate nction is used between sub-paragraphs as follows:

signs where:

ey are of an appropriate size, design and location; el <u>or</u>

ey do not result in visual clutter; and or

y potential cumulative effects are managed; and

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
They do not compromise the efficiency of the transport network or the safety of its users, including cyclists and pedestrians; and			4. They requ
6. In the Residential, Rural and Open Space Zones, they relate to an activity on the site on which they are			5. <u>Any</u>
located; and They maintain the character and amenity values of the site and the surrounding area.			6. They the the the the the the the the the the
			7. In th they locat
			8. They the s surro
SIGN-P3 Digital and illuminated signs	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs	Delete o
Digital and illuminated signs		4.103 to 4.106, WIAL opposes this policy.	Digital
Provide for digital and illuminated signs where:			Provide
1. The sign is compatible with the zone and any overlay; and			1. The
2. The sign does not compromise aircraft safety or the safe and efficient functioning of the Airport; and			over
3. The sign does not compromise traffic, pedestrian, or cycling safety; and			2. The safe
4. Any light spill or glare effects are managed so they do not compromise amenity values; and			3. The
5. The sign is not visible from a state highway.			cycli
			4. Any do n
			5. The
			state
SIGN-P6 Airport Zone signage		Signs are a common feature of Airports.	Retain a
Manage signage within the Airport Zone to:		Notwithstanding, WIAL supports Policy SIGN-P6 as recognises that signage with	
1. Achieve operational safety within the airport; and		the Airport Zone needs to be designed to	
2. Ensure signage is designed and located in a way which will not detract from the character of the locality and will not cause a traffic hazard.		be in keep with the character of the area and not create a traffic hazard.	
SIGN-R1 Official Signs	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs	Delete t amend
SIGN-R2 Temporary Signage		4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes these rules to the extent that they cross reference SIGN-S14.	the rule
SIGN-R3 On-site signs	Oppose in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs	Delete t
Airport Zone		4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes these rules to the extent	amend Rule SI
2. Activity status: Permitted		that they cross reference SIGN-S14.	3. Activ
Where:		Furthermore, WIAL submits that while Rule	Whe
a. Compliance is achieved with:		SIGN-R3(3) is intended to apply to the Airport Zone, as drafted it does not engage	a. C
<u>SIGN-S14</u> .		the Airport Zone rules. An amendment is therefore required to Rule SIGN-R3(3)(a)	Matters
		to cross reference SIGN-R3.2.	Matters 1. The <u>P3</u> a

ey are required to meet regulatory or statutory quirements; and

y potential cumulative effects are managed; and

ey do not compromise the efficiency of e transport network or the safety of its users, cluding cyclists and pedestrians; and

the Residential, Rural and Open Space Zones, by relate to an activity on the site on which they are cated; and

ey maintain the character and amenity values of e site and <u>do not significant detract from</u> the rrounding area.

e or amend the policy as follows:

and illuminated signs

de for digital and illuminated signs where:

e sign is compatible with the zone and any erlay; and

ne sign does not compromise aircraft safety or the ife and efficient functioning of the Airport; and

ne sign does not compromise traffic, pedestrian, or cling safety; and

ny light spill or glare effects are managed so they on the compromise amenity values; and

ne sign is not <u>directed at users of the visible from a ate highway.</u>

as notified.

e the rules insofar as they relate to SIGN-S14, or d SIGN-S14 as per WIAL's submission or exclude le from applying in the Airport zone.

e the rule insofar as it relates to SIGN-S14, or d SIGN-S14 as per WIAL's submission and amend SIGN-R3(3)(a) as follows:

tivity status: **Restricted Discretionary** here:

Compliance with the requirements of <u>SIGN-</u> <u>R3.1</u> or SIGN0R3.2 cannot be achieved.

rs of discretion are:

e matters in <u>SIGN-P1</u>, <u>SIGN-P2</u>, <u>SIGN-</u> and <u>SIGN-P6</u>;

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in the covering submission)
SIGN-R4 Third Party Signs City Centre Zone, General Industrial Zone, Neighbourhood Centre Zone, Local Centre Zone, Mixed Use Zone, Commercial Zone, Metropolitan Centre Zone, Airport Zone, Hospital Zone, Port Zone, Stadium Zone, Tertiary Education Zone, Waterfront Zone 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. Compliance is achieved with: i. SIGN-S1; ii. SIGN-S2; iii. SIGN-S2; iii. SIGN-S3; iv. SIGN-S4; v. SIGN-S6; vii. SIGN-S7; viii. SIGN-S11; and x. SIGN-S14.	POSITION Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes these rules to the extent that they cross reference SIGN-S14. Furthermore, WIAL submits that the non- complying activity status, as set out in Rule SIGN(4) for the Miramar South Precinct and the associated notification clause in inappropriate in the context of an Airport Zone and has not been adequately justified in terms of section 32 of the RMA and is inconsistent with SIGN P6. WIAL also notes that the only other signage with a similar status relates to digital signage with the sensitive land use zones such as residential, open space and rural zones. No other signage provisions are subject to a similar notification clause. WIAL submits that that a restricted discretionary activity status for non- compliance with SIGN-S14.7 (insofar as they relate to third party signage) would be more appropriate and that the notification clause should be deleted, with the necessity or otherwise of public notification	the covering submission) 2. The Signs Design Guide; and The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard and the matters as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards. Or exclude the rule from applying in the Airport zone Insert a new Rule SIGN-R4(2) and remove the Airport zone from Rule SIGN-R4(1): Airport Zone 1. Activity Status: Permitted Where: a. Compliance is achieved with: i. SIGN-S7; ii. SIGN-S9; and iii. SIGN-S14 [as amended by submission point below]
a. Compliance cannot be achieved with the requirements of <u>SIGN-R4.1.a.i. to SIGN-R4.1.a.i.</u> (excluding SIGN-R4.1.a.x and SIGN-S14.7).		assessed under the notification provisions of the RMA.	
 Matters of discretion are: 1. The matters in <u>SIGN-P1</u>, <u>SIGN-P2</u>, <u>SIGN-P3</u> and <u>SIGN-P6</u>; 2. The <u>Signs Design Guide</u>; and 3. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard and the matters as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards. 3 Airport Zone (Miramar South Precinct) 4. Activity status: Non-complying Where: a. Compliance cannot be achieved with <u>SIGN-S14.7 (Miramar South Precinct)</u>. Notification Status: An application for resource consent made in respect of this rule must be publicly notified. 			Delete Rule SIGN-R4 4 including the relevant notification clause Airport Zone (Miramar South Precinct) 2. Activity status: Non-complying Discretionary Notification Status: An application for resource consent made in respect of this rule must be publicly notified.

SIGN-S5 Signs located on a building or structure Oppose For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.103 to 4.108, VIAL opposes this rule show apportance of the building or structure Oppose SIGN-S5 Signs located on a building or structure Oppose For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.103 to 4.108, VIAL opposes this rule insofar as i relates to the Aipport Zone. Any apport building or structure Provide the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.100 to 4.100, VIAL opposes this rule insofar as i relates to the Aipport Zone. Any apport building or structure Provide the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.100 to 4.000 the comparison of the rule reasons set out in paragraphs 4.100 to 4.100 to 4.100, VIAL opposes this rule insofar as in the comma with regard Provide the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.100 to 4.100 to 4.100 to 4.100 to 100 to comparison of the relation of the comparison of the relation of the comparison of the relation of the paragraphs 4.103 to 4.106 of the comparison of the relation of the relation of the paragraphs 4.103 to 4.106 of the comparison of the relation of the relation of the relation of the paragraphs 4.105 to 4.106 o	PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Support in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Support in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Support in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Digital Signs Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain SIGN-S3 Hiluminated Signs Oppose this standard in paragraphs Retain Retain SIGN-S3 Hiluminated Signs Oppose this standard in paragraphs Retain Retain SIGN-S3 Harport Zone signs and billboards- Airport Zone For the reasons set out in paragraphs Retain 1. Signs are not permitted in the Airport Maramar South designation. Array sign which is erected in the Airport Maramar South designation, and which is visible from the reasons set out in paragraphs Array sign which is erected in the Airport Maramar South designation, and which is visible from the reasons more realin that the reasons set out in paragraphs Array sig	SIGN-R5 Digital Signs	Oppose	4.103 to 4.106, WIAL opposes this rule	Delete c controlle the relev
 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission WiAL supports Assessment Circleria with respect to aircrist allery should feer to the effect on aircraft rather than the threager as the former is more readily. SIGN-S9 Illuminated Signs Oppose in part For the reasons set out in paragraphs A region The same set out in paragraphs A region The same set out in paragraphs A region Signs are not permitted in the Airport East Side designation. Any sign which is received in the Airport East Side designation, and which is visible from the reserve or immediately adjacent land: Signs on buildings shall: Signs on buildings shall: Signs on buildings shall: B displayed only on piain wall surfaces. Not obscure windows or architectural features. Not obscure windows	SIGN-S5 Signs located on a building or structure	Oppose	4.103 to 4.106, WIAL opposes this rule insofar as it relates to the Airport Zone. Many airport buildings are utilitarian in appearance due to their operational or functional requirements. Signs can therefore enhance the facade and	Amend t Zone.
 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission assess SIGN- 5.100 sector as signs and billboards- Airport Zone 1. Signs are not permitted in the Airport East Side designation. 2. Any sign which is erected in the Airport East Side designation, and which is visible from the road reserve or immediately adjacent land: a. Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and b. Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising. Airport Main Site Designation 3. Signs on building shall: a. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. b. Not obscure windows or architectural features. d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of the building/structure to which it is 	SIGN-S8 Digital Signs	Support in part	4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission WIAL supports Assessment Criteria 2, however submits that the criteria with respect to aircraft safety should refer to "the effect" on aircraft rather than the "impact" as the former is more readily	Retain a regardin
Signs are not permitted in the Airport Zone Oppose For the reasons set out in paragraphs Arrow 1. Signs are not permitted in the Airport East Side designation. Oppose For the reasons set out in paragraphs Delete 1. Signs are not permitted in the Airport East Side designation. Any sign which is erected in the Airport Miramar South designation, and which is visible from the road reserve or immediately adjacent land: Delete Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Control of the Covering Submission, WIAL opposes SIGN-S14. Image: Con	SIGN-S9 Illuminated Signs	Oppose in part	4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission	Retain a assessn SIGN-S
 Signs are not permitted in the Airport East Side designation. Any sign which is erected in the Airport Miramar South designation, and which is visible from the road reserve or immediately adjacent land: Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising. The blanket requirement for there to be no signs within the Airport East Side Designation should be deleted as it is unduly onerous and does not recognise or provide for the operational needs of the airport within this area. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. Not obscure windows or architectural features. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is 				9. The 10. An <u>.</u> 11. <u>The</u> <u>effi</u>
 2. Any sign which is erected in the Airport Miramar South designation, and which is visible from the road reserve or immediately adjacent land: a. Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and b. Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising. 2. Any advertise designation and which is visible from the road reserve or immediately adjacent land: a. Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and b. Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising. 2. Any advertise designation and which is visible from the operational needs of the airport within this area. a. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is 	SIGN-S14 Airport Zone signs and billboards- Airport Zone 1. Signs are not permitted in the Airport East Side designation.	Oppose	4.103 to 4.106 of the covering submission,	Delete S
 a. Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and b. Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising. <u>Airport Main Site Designation</u> 3. Signs on buildings shall: a. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is 	 Any sign which is erected in the Airport Miramar South designation, and which is visible from the road reserve or immediately adjacent land: 			limite instru
 b. Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising. <u>Airport Main Site Designation</u> 2. Any Designation should be deleted as it is unduly onerous and does not recognise or provide for the operational needs of the airport within this area. 3. Signs on buildings shall: a. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is 	a. Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and			Sign
Airport Main Site Designation Designation 3. Signs on buildings shall: or provide for the operational needs of the airport within this area. Designation a. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. 2. The standard should remove all references to designations. The rules of the signage chapter (and all chapters) need to be stand alone a. b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. b. The standard should not duplicate controls addressed by other standards b. c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. 3. The standard should not duplicate controls addressed by other standards Airport	b. Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising.		Designation should be deleted as it is	
 3. Signs on buildings shall: a. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is 	Airport Main Site Designation			Desi
 a. Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level. b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is 	3. Signs on buildings shall:			the ro
b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces. need to be stand alone c. Not obscure windows or architectural features. 3. The standard should not duplicate controls addressed by other standards d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is a. Significant is the standard should not duplicate controls addressed by other standards			references to designations. The rules of	a. S #
d. Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is controls addressed by other standards	b. Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces.			D. S
$\frac{1}{2}$ NA	c. Not obscure windows or architectural features.			Airport I
				3. Sign t

e or amend the rule to make digital signage olled within the Airport Zone where it complies with levant standards.

nd the rule to exclude its application to the Airport

n as notified, subject to the change sought ding the use of the term "impact"

n as notified, subject to a standard clause and sment criteria being included as follows:

-S9 Illuminated Signs

Iluminated signs must not impair the ability of Air Fraffic Control to guide aircraft, or pilots to operate hircraft.

ssment criteria where the standard is infringed:

The timing and house of operation of the sign; and

Any light spill or glare effects; <u>and</u>

The effect of the sign on aircraft safety or the officient functioning of the Airport.

e SIGN-S14 or amend as follows:

ny sign within the East Side Precinct shall be nited to official signs and signs associated structional or directional signage.

gns are not permitted in the Airport East Side signation.

y sign which is erected in the Miramar South ssignation <u>Precinct</u> and which is visible from a road reserve or immediately adjacent land:

- Shall not contain moving images, moving text or moving lights; and
- Shall not be for the purpose of third party advertising.

rt Main Site Designation

gns on buildings shall:

Ρ	ROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF the cov
4.	Signs on buildings, where the sign projects more than 12 metres in height above ground shall:		4. The rule should not include additional	a. B
	a. Bear only the name and/or logo of the building owner or occupier, or the building on which the sign is located.		constraints that are not required by other signage rules for example, SIGN-	e d
	b. Not flash.		S14(4) and (5).	b. E
5.	Any illuminated sign (excluding signs below verandah level) within 50 metres and visible from any Residential zone shall not flash.			d. A
6.	For any free-standing sign or sign located on a structure within any part of the Airport area, except the (Airport Main Site) Terminal Precinct:			ף וּנּ 4. Sign
	a. the maximum area is 8m ² .			<u>12 n</u>
	b. the maximum height is 4m.			a. E
	c. any illuminated sign must not flash.			t/ н
	 any sign that is visible from Residential zoned land must be located a minimum of 50 metres from that area. 			b. A
	e. no sign shall front onto State Highway 1, Moa Point Road, or Lyall Parade.			5. Any level
7	. In relation to requiring authority signage in the (Airport Main Site) Terminal precinct, any free- standing sign or sign located on a structure shall not exceed a maximum height of 9 metres (above ground level).			6. For a strue
				a. tl
				b. tł
				с. а
				d.a. ze m
				e.n.
				7. In re (Airp stan exce lovel
				8. <u>For a</u> struc area

Nga Mahi Taupua - Temporary Activities

Introduction	Support in part	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.111 to 4.113 of the covering submission, WIAL submits that an advice note should be included in the introduction of the temporary activity chapter drawing plan users attention to the presence of the OLS designation and the need to adhere to its requirements, in addition to those set out in	Include t Introduct <u>Tempora</u> <u>as crane</u> <u>Airport a</u> <u>Wellingt</u>
		designation and the need to adhere to its	Surface

F SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in overing submission)

- Be affixed to the underneath of a verandah and shall provide at least 2.5 metres clearance directly above the footpath or ground level:
- Be displayed only on plain wall surfaces:.
- Not obscure windows or architectural features: or.
- Not project above the parapet level, or the highest part of that part of the building/structure to which it is attached (including above verandah).

ns on buildings, where the sign projects more than metres in height above ground shall:

- Bear only the name and/or logo of the building owner or occupier, or the building on which the sign is located.
- Not flash.

y illuminated sign (excluding signs below verandah el) within 50 metres and visible from any sidential zone shall not flash.

r any free-standing sign or sign located on tructure within any part of the Airport Zone area, cept the Terminal Precinct:

- the maximum area of a single sign is 8m²ⁱ.
- the maximum height of a single sign is 4m.
- any illuminated sign must not flash.
- any sign that is visible from Residential zoned land must be located a minimum of 50 metres from that area.
- no sign shall front onto State Highway 1, Moa Point Road, or Lyall Parade.

relation to requiring authority signage in the rport Main Site) Terminal precinct, any freending sign or sign located on a structure shall not ceed a maximum height of 9 metres (above ground el).

r any free-standing sign or sign located on a ucture within the Terminal Precinct, the maximum ea of a single sign must not exceed 20m².

the following additional text within the ction chapter:

rary activities involving temporary structures such nes in the vicinity of Wellington International are also drawn to the requirements of the gton International Airport Obstacle Limitation e designation.

ANNEXURE A – Wellington International Airport Limited submissions on the Proposed Wellington City Council District Plan

Text highlighted with underlining (example) represents proposed insertions

Text highlighted with strikethrough (example) represents proposed deletions

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS				
NGĂ KAUPAPA E HĂNGAI PŪ ANA KI TE ROHE - AREA SPECIFIC MATTERS						
NGÃ AHOAHO ME NGÃ ROHE Á-RÉHIA - OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION Z	NGĀ AHOAHO ME NGĀ ROHE Ā-RĒHIA - OPEN SPACE AND RECREATION ZONES					
NOSZ – He Rohe Ahoaho Māori - Natural Open Space Zone						
New Objective, Policy and Methods relating to seawall from Lyall Bay to Moa subzone or rezone.	Point, add new	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL submits that:				
		 The area of Natural Open Space zoned land located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point should be rezoned to an alternative land use zone which more accurately reflects the existing environment, including the significant hard engineering structures which currently protect Moa Point Road, the wastewater treatment network and Wellington International Airport from the effects of coastal erosion; or, A bespoke planning framework be inserted into the Natural Open Space Zone chapter that recognises the role and function of seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point and provide for its ongoing maintenance, repair and upgrade. 				

RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in the covering submission)

f I	Delete the area of the seawall and associated structures above mean high water springs between Lyall Bay and Moa Point from the Natural Open Space zone and rezone to an alternative more appropriate zone (such as Airport Zone) or sub zone.
	Or, as a less favoured alternative, amend the Natural Open Space zone in line with the following:
	For example, a new objective, policy and method or subzone could be inserted as follows:
	New Objective OSZ-O5
r	NOSZ-O5 Protecting Regionally Significant
	Recognise that the Natural Open Space Zone, between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, contains a significant hard engineering structures designed to protect regionally significant infrastructure from coastal erosion, and provide for the ongoing maintenance, repair
	and upgrade of such structures.
	and upgrade of such structures. New Policy NOSZ-P8 Enabling seawalls that protect regionally significant infrastructure between Lyall Bay and Moa Point
	New Policy NOSZ-P8 Enabling seawalls that protect regionally significant infrastructure between Lyall Bay

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS

New Policy NOSZ-P9

NOSZ-P9 Adverse effects of seawall construction, alteration and additions

Manage the adverse effects of construction, alterations and additions to the seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, including effects on:

- 1. Natural and physical resources;
- 2. Amenity values;
- 3. The identified values of Overlays;
- 4. <u>The safe and efficient operation of</u> <u>other infrastructure; and</u>
- 5. <u>The health, well-being and safety of people</u> <u>and communities.</u>

New Method NOSZ-R12 which relates to land use activities as follows (note Rule NOSZ-R13 permits the maintenance and repair of buildings and structures, including sea walls):

<u>NOSZ–R12 Construction, maintenance,</u> <u>alteration, addition, and upgrade of the</u> <u>seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.</u>

1. Activity Status: Permitted

New Method that relates to the construction, alteration of and addition to seawalls as follows:

<u>NZSO-R15 Alteration and addition to</u> existing seawalls (including construction)

- 1. <u>Activity status: **Permitted**</u> <u>Where:</u>
 - a. <u>Compliance with the Standard NOSZ-</u> <u>S6 is met.</u>
- 2. <u>Activity status: Restricted Discretionary</u>

Where:

a. <u>Compliance with NOSZ-R15.1 is not</u> <u>met.</u>

Matters of discretion are:

1. The matters in NZSO-P9.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	
			I t I
			<u>/</u>
NOSZ-01 Purpose	000000	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of	_
	Oppose Oppose	the covering submission, WIAL opposes these	S
	Oppose	provisions as they create an unduly onerous consenting pathway for the ongoing maintenance,	ł
		repair and upgrading of the seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.	(
	Oppose		í
	Oppose		
	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of	-
NOSZ-R11 Any other activity not provided for as a permitted activity 1. Activity status: Discretionary	Oppose	the covering submission, WIAL opposes these provisions as they create an unduly onerous consenting pathway for the ongoing maintenance, repair and upgrading of the seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.	: 1 () :
			0

Insert new standards the specifically apply to the seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point as follows: NOSZ-S6 Seawall structures between Lyall Bay and Moa Point 1. Maintenance, repair, upgrade construction, addition and alteration to the seawall located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point: a. Any addition shall add no more than 1m in vertical projection to the structure, as it existed on the date on [insert date plan is made operative]. Assessment criteria where the standard is not <u>met:</u> 1. <u>The extent to which the additional height is</u> necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of the activities on the site; and 2. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impractical. 3. <u>The importance of protecting the adjacent</u> regionally significant infrastructure. Delete the area of the seawall and associated structures above mean high water springs between Lyall Bay and Moa Point from the application of these rules. Consequential and/or alternative amendments are necessary to enable the maintenance, repair and upgrading of the existing seawall located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, as described above. Exclude the area of the seawall and associated structures above mean high water springs between Lyall Bay and Moa Point from the application of this rule. Consequential and/or alternative amendments are necessary to enable the maintenance, repair and upgrading of the existing seawall located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, as described above.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS	RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in the covering submission)
NOSZ-R12 Demolition or removal of buildings and structures 1. Activity status: Permitted	Support	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.40 to 4.45 of the covering submission, WIAL supports the permitted activity status for the demolition, removal,	Retain as notified subject to the submission point above.
 NOSZ-R13 Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures 1. Activity status: Permitted Note: for the avoidance of doubt buildings and structures include seawalls. 	Support	maintenance and repair of structures, such as sea walls, within the Natural Open Space Zone.	Retain as notified subject to the submission point above.
 NOSZ-R14 Construction, alteration of and addition to buildings and structures 1. Activity status: Permitted Where: a. Compliance with the following standards is achieved: i. NOSZ-S1; ii. NOSZ-S2; iii. NOSZ-S3; iv. NOSZ-S4; and v. NOSZ-S5. 2. Activity status: Discretionary Where: a. Compliance with any of the requirements of NOSZ-R14.1.a cannot be achieved. 		WIAL supports this rule in part, however submits that a further amendment is required to ensure that the rule does not inadvertently capture the seawall between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, which WIAL proposes is subject to its own planning framework.	Amend NOSZ-R14 as follows subject to the submission point above: NOSZ-R14 Construction, alteration of and addition to buildings and structures (excluding seawalls)
 STANDARDS NOSZ-S1 Maximum height of buildings and structures 1. Buildings and structures must not exceed the following maximum height limits above ground level 		WIAL supports this rule in part, however submits that a further amendment is required to ensure that the standards appropriately provide for the height of seawall structures between Lyall Bay and Moa Point, which WIAL proposes is subject to its own planning framework.	 Amend the standard as follows subject to the submission point above: NOSZ-S1 Maximum height of buildings and structures (excluding seawalls) 1. Buildings and structures (excluding seawalls) must not exceed the following maximum height limits above ground level.
NOSZ-S2 Maximum gross floor area	Oppose		Amend NOSZ-S2 as follows:
 Each individual building and /or structure on a site, including any external alterations or additions, must not exceed a maximum gross floor area of 30m². 			NOSZ-S2 Maximum gross floor area
This standard does not apply to:			This standard does not apply to:
 a. Additions and alterations to existing buildings at Karori Wildlife Sanctuary (Zealandia, Legal Description Lot 1 DP 313319). Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed: 1. Deminance, privacy and she ding offects on a disjoint sites. 			a. Additions and alterations to existing buildings at Karori Wildlife Sanctuary (Zealandia, Legal Description Lot 1 DP 313319).
 Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites; The extent to which adverse effects of the additional floor area can be mitigated, including by the natural or physical features of the site, setbacks, landscaping or screening; and 			b. <u>The maintenance, repair, upgrade,</u> <u>construction, addition or alteration to</u>

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS
 The extent to which the additional floor area is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of the activities on the site. 		
NOSZ-S3 Maximum building coverage	Oppose	
1. Maximum building coverage is 5%		
Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:		
1. Dominance, privacy and shading effects on adjoining sites;		
2. The extent to which adverse effects of the increased building coverage can be mitigated, including by the natural or physical features of the site, setbacks, landscaping or screening;		
3. The extent to which the additional building coverage is necessary to provide for functional needs or operational needs of the activities on the site; and.		
4. Whether topographical or other site constraints make compliance with the standard impractical.		
AIRPORT ZONE		
Entire Chapter	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.56 to 4.61 of the covering submission, WIAL opposes the introductory text of the Airport Zone.
NGĀ ĀPITIHANGA, NGĀ ARATOHU HOAHOA ME NGĀ HŌTAKA - APPENDICES, DESIGN GUIDE	S AND SCHEDULES	
APP4 – Ngā Paerewa Haunene e Whakaaetia ana - Permitted Noise Standards		
APP4 – Permitted Noise Standards	Oppose	For the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.70 and 4.74,
Table 21 – APP4: Aircraft Operations Noise emitted from activities within the Airport Zone must not exceed the following limits		of the covering submission, WIAL opposes this standard.
PART 5 MAPS		
Mapped extent of the Airport Zone	Support	The mapped extent of the Airport Zone incorporates all of the Airport's precincts. This is appropriate as it reflects the primary use of the land for airport purposes.
Mapped extent of the Coastal Inundation Overlay	Oppose	As set out in paragraphs 4.85 to 4.89 of the covering submission, WIAL is not opposed to the coastal inundation mapping in principle, however considers further nuancing of the provisions that relate to coastal hazards and more specifically, tsunami hazard, is required.
Mapped extent of the Flood Hazard Overlay	Oppose in part	As set out in paragraph 4.86, WIAL is required to manage and drain surface water ponding to avoid giving rise to adverse effects on aeronautical safety.

RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general relief sought in the covering submission)

the seawall located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point.

NOSZ-S3 Maximum building coverage

1. Maximum building coverage is 5%

This standard does not apply to:

a. <u>The maintenance, repair, upgrade,</u> <u>construction, addition or alteration to</u> <u>the seawall located between Lyall Bay</u> <u>and Moa Point.</u>

of	Replace the Airport Zone with the revised
	drafting attached as Annexure B to WIAL's
	submission.

74,	Delete Table 21 of APP4.

es it	Retain the mapped extent of the Airport Zone.
ng s	Oppose the mapping of coastal hazards insofar as it relates to coastal tsunami hazard and the subsequent application of the coastal hazard methods that apply to those areas.
y.	Delete the Flood Hazard Overlay from the Airport Zone.

PROVISION	POSITION	REASONS
		Accordingly, WIAL manages surface water on site to ensure ponding does not arise. WIAL therefore opposes the mapping of 'inundation areas' mapped within the Airport Zone as ponding, such as that depicted on the District Planning maps, does not occur within its landholdings.
Mapped extent of the Liquefaction Hazard Overlay	Oppose in part	As set out in paragraph 4.86, WIAL is required to manage liquefaction risk to ensure the Airport can continue to operate following as seismic event. WIAL therefore opposes the mapping of 'liquefaction hazard overlay' mapped within the Airport Zone.
Mapped extent of the Significant Natural Area (Schedule 8) Moa Point Gravel Dunes SNA Site Number WC175 Lyall Bay Dunes SNA Site Number WC176	Oppose	WIAL opposes the mapped extent of the Lyall Bay and Moa Point Dunes for the reasons set out in paragraphs 4.50 to 4.53.
Mapped extent of the Coastal Environment	Oppose	WIAL acknowledges its siting within the coastal environment, as defined by the NZCPS and the Greater Wellington Regional Policy Statement. WIAL is concerned however, that the complex relationship between the Coastal Environment, Infrastructure and Airport Zone provisions creates an inefficient consenting pathway for airport and airport related activities.

RELIEF SOUGHT (subject to general	relief
sought in the covering submission)	

Delete the Liquefaction Hazard Overlay from the Airport Zone.
Delete the Moa Point and Lyall Bay Dunes SNAs, Site Numbers WC175 and WC176 respectively.
Delete the Coastal Environment overlay from the Airport zone
Or as a less favoured alternative, retain the mapped extent of the coastal environment only if the relationship and consenting pathway for activities within the coastal environment (insofar as they relate to activities undertaken within the Airport Zone) are enabled, streamlined and reflective of the existing environment.

ANNEXURE B – Wellington International Airport Limited proposed redrafting of the Proposed Wellington City Council District Plan Airport Zone

He Rohe Taunga Wakarererangi Airport Zone

AIRPZ Airport Zone

Introduction

The Airport Zone is an area used predominantly for the operation and development of Wellington International Airport as well as operational areas and facilities, administrative, commercial and industrial activities associated with the airport.

The Airport Zone and associated Infrastructure chapter (sub chapters) recognise and protect the Airport's status as Regionally Significant Infrastructure and its economic and physical importance as a transport hub and facilitator of economic activity at a District, Regional and National level.

Wellington International Airport Limited (WIAL) is the Airport's owner and operator. WIAL is a Requiring Authority for the purposes of Part 8 of the RMA and holds four Designations that broadly apply to the Airport Zone area and its surrounds (see Part 3 of the District Plan for operative Designations). These include:

- 1. Designation WIAL1;
- 2. Designation WIAL2
- 3. Designation WIAL4; and
- 4. Designation WIAL5

The nature, timing and physical extent of development within the Airport Zone will be driven by diverse local, national and international factors over the life of this District Plan and beyond. Such activity will also be informed and guided by WIAL's master plan – a non statutory document that guides the development and growth of the Airport over a 20 year period and ensures that the operational imperatives of the Airport are protected at all times.

Some Airport relevant provisions are set out in other chapters, including Noise, Signs, Earthworks, Light and Designations.

The Act, and therefore the District Plan, share the same broad definition of 'infrastructure', which includes airports. Notwithstanding that, the rules within the Infrastructure Chapter (including sub chapters) of the District Plan specifically exclude activities that fall under the definition of airport or airport related activities which occur within the Airport Zone. Any infrastructure within the Airport Zone that is inconsistent with those definitions or any airport or airport-related activities located outside of the Airport Zone continue to be managed by the rules within the Infrastructure Chapter (and associated sub chapters).

Airport Precincts

The Airport Zone comprises of eight precincts which reflect the primary function of the areas and/or their environmental context. Described further below and shown on the plan included at the end of this chapter as Figure 1 these precincts include:

- 1. The Airside Precinct;
- 2. The Broadway Precinct;
- 3. The East Side Precinct;
- 4. The Miramar South Precinct.
- 5. The Rongotai Ridge Precinct;
- 6. The South Coast Precinct;
- 7. The Terminal Precinct; and,
- 8. The West Side Precinct;

Terminal Precinct

For passengers, the Terminal Precinct is the Airport's heart. It comprises the main passenger terminal, access and roading, car parking, and commercial and passenger support services including visitor accommodation and conference facilities. It also contains airside airport facilities such as hangars, aircraft parking stands, and aviation support facilities.

Airside Precinct

The Airside Precinct comprises the runway, north-south taxiways and associated aprons. It also includes hangars and aircraft parking stands.

East Side Precinct

The East Side Precinct comprises the southern part of Miramar Golf Course. In the short term, it will continue to be used for golfing purposes, until growth in air traffic necessitates its redevelopment for aircraft purposes. The redevelopment may occur in stages. Until it is fully developed, the precinct may also be used for the temporary relocation of car parking where it is displaced by construction activity in other parts of the Airport.

West Side Precinct

The West Side Precinct includes the Airport Retail Park on the eastern side of Tirangi Road. It comprises mainly commercial uses and associated parking. It also includes the Airport's flight control tower, future replacement fire station, and some aircraft hangars. Urban design 'edge effects' are an important consideration where the land faces adjacent residential zoned land. The precinct is a valuable resource for the Airport, providing a source of income from ground leases which help to support other aspects of the business. In the long term, the land may potentially be used for Airport operational purposes in accordance with its master plan.

Broadway Precinct

The Broadway Precinct is located at the entrance 'gateway' to the Airport. Although much of the nearby area is zoned for residential use, the Broadway Precinct is a 'transitional' location with a mix of land uses. Together with the Miramar South Precinct, it forms an important 'gateway' to both the Airport and suburbs to the east.

South Coast Precinct

The South Coast Precinct partially fronts the southern coastline and the Moa Point wastewater treatment plant. An important transitional area, this precinct has airside and landside access, making a valuable strategic site for future multi-user freight facility over the longer term. Height limitations

imposed by Designation WIAL1 also make this area an ideal location for storage and car parking activities.

Rongotai Ridge Precinct

The Rongotai Ridge Precinct comprises land located between Wexford Road and Miramar Avenue and is physically separate from other precincts. Development within large portions of this precinct is constrained by Designation WIAL1. Maupuia Pā, a Site of Significance to Māori, is also located within this precinct.

Miramar South Precinct

The Miramar South Precinct forms an important 'gateway' to both the Airport and suburbs to the east. With no airside access, the precinct lends itself to the development of support services to the Airport, including flight catering, rental car operations, airport related vehicle storage, and freight operations.

Other relevant District Plan provisions

Parts of the Airport and its operations are subject to designations of WIAL and other requiring authorities. The main designations include associated conditions that control the nature of development and the extent of WIAL's authority under relevant provisions of the Resource Management Act. WIAL designations are included in Part 3 of the District Plan.

There may be a number of other provisions that apply to an activity, building, structure or site. Resource consent may therefore be required under rules in this chapter as well as other chapters. Unless specifically stated in a rule, resource consent is required under each relevant rule. The steps to determine the status of an activity are set out in the General Approach chapter.

Objectives

AIRPZ-O1 Purpose of the Airport Zone

Wellington International Airport is recognised and protected as locally, regionally and nationally significant infrastructure.

AIRPZ-O2 Development of the Airport Zone

Development of the Airport is enabled where it provides for a wide range of Airport activities and Airport related activities that are associated with the function and operation of Wellington Airport.

AIRPZ-O3 Compatibility of other activities

Non airport activities are compatible with:

- 1. The efficient operation, maintenance and upgrading of the Airport and its associated effects;
- 2. The efficient and integrated functioning of other transportation networks; and,
- 3. The overall urban form and amenity of adjacent zones.

AIRPZ-O4 Management of effects

The Airport's operational and functional requirements are provided for while ensuring the adverse effects of Airport and Airport related activities on the environment are avoided, remedied or mitigated.

AIRPZ-O5 Carbon Neutrality

Activities are enabled that contribute to carbon neutrality, including:

1. Decarbonisation of the airport and airport operations;

- 2. Significant growth in integrated low-carbon land transport operations to and from the airport; and
- 3. Generation, storage and use of renewable or low carbon energy for the airport.

AIRPZ-O6 Airport resilience

The resilience of the Airport and its supporting infrastructure, including other transport links, is maintained or enhanced, while providing for the Airport's operational and functional requirements.

Policies

AIRPZ-P1 Airport and Airport Related activities, buildings and structures

Enable Airport and Airport related activities, buildings and structures, including but not limited to those that:

- 1. Facilitate the transport of people and cargo by aircraft;
- 2. Are ancillary activities or services that provide support to the transport or airport activity function;
- 3. Provide services to passengers, crew, ground staff, airport workers and other associated workers and visitors;
- 4. Support the economic viability of the Airport; and
- 5. Support carbon neutral outcomes, including through transport decarbonisation, and renewable or low carbon energy generation, storage and use.

AIRPZ-P2 Non airport activities

Discourage new non-airport related activities that:

- 1. Compromise the long-term availability of land for airport or airport related activities;
- 2. Give rise to adverse effects on the safety and efficiency of the adjacent transportation network;
- 3. Are incompatible with the overall urban form of adjacent zones; or
- 4. Has a significant adverse effect on the economic viability of Kilbirnie or Miramar Centre Zones.

AIRPZ-P3 Airport character

Maintain or enhance the character of the zone interface and in publicly accessible parts of zone, including through consideration of:

- 1. The interface of the Airport Zone with adjoining and adjacent land;
- 2. Any landscape plan, urban design principles or statement, or integrated design management plan, prepared for an Airport precinct;
- 3. The 'gateway' status of the Broadway, Miramar South and South Coast precincts, with respect to the Airport and adjacent land;
- 4. The visual and landscape significance of the Rongotai Ridge precinct; and
- 5. The visual and landscape significance of the Landscape Buffer Area at the eastern margin of the East Side Precinct (refer to Figure 2 of this chapter).

AIRPZ-P4 Management of effects

Manage activity, building and structure effects in the Airport Zone, having regard to:

- 1. Design, scale and location of buildings and structures;
- 2. Compatibility with the role and function of the Airport Zone;
- 3. Whether the activity, building or structure is ancillary to and/or supports airport activities;
- 4. Safety, security and resilience of the Airport (and supporting infrastructure) as an air and land transport hub;

- 5. Efficiency and capacity of the Airport and other infrastructure and services; and,
- 6. Potential conflict with established or permitted activities on adjoining and adjacent land outside the Airport Zone;

Rules: Land use activities

AIRPZ-R1 Airport Activities and Airport Related Activities

1. Activity Status: Permitted

Where:

- a. The activity is for an airport activity or airport related activity and complies with any relevant standards of AIRPZ-S3 and AIRPZ-S4.
- 2. Activity Status: Controlled

Where

a. The activity is land development and construction in the East Side Precinct.

Matters of control are:

- 1. Construction effects, including earthworks, noise, hours of operation and traffic.
- 3. Activity Status: Restricted discretionary

Where

a. The activity is for an airport activity or airport related activity and any standard in AIRPZ-S3 or AIRPZ-S4 is not met;

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards;
- 2. Construction effects, including earthworks, noise, hours of operation and traffic; and
- 3. Relevant matters listed in policies AIRPZ-P1, AIRPZ-P3 and AIRPZ-P4.
- 4. Activity Status: Discretionary

Where

a. The activity is not otherwise a permitted, controlled or restricted discretionary activity under AIRPZ-R1.

AIRPZ-R2 Non-airport activities

1. Activity Status: Restricted discretionary

Where:

a. All relevant standards in AIRPZ-S3 to AIRPZ-S4 are met;

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. Construction effects, including earthworks, noise, hours of operation and traffic;
- 2. Traffic generation, parking, loading and access; and
- 3. Relevant matters listed in policies AIRPZ-P2 to AIRPZ-P4.

2. Activity Status: Discretionary

Where

- a. Compliance with the standards in AIRPZ-S3 to AIRPZ-S4 are not met; or,
- b. The activity is not otherwise a restricted discretionary activity under AIRPZ-R3.1.

Rules: Buildings and Structure activities

AIRPZ-R3 Buildings and structures

1. Activity Status: Permitted

Where:

- a. All relevant standards in AIRPZ-S1 to AIPRZ-S2 are met; or
- 2. Activity Status: Controlled

Where:

- a. A building or structure within the East Side Precinct Landscape Buffer Area (Figure 2) to facilitate public access, amenity, safety or the security of the airport; and
- b. Compliance with standard AIRPZ-S1 is otherwise met.

Matters of control are:

- 1. Relevant matters listed in AIRPZ-P1, AIRPZ-P2, AIRPZ3 and AIRPZ-P4;
- 2. Design, external appearance and siting; and
- 3. Landscaping and integration with the surrounding environment.
- 3. Activity Status: Restricted discretionary

Where:

- a. Non compliance with height control adjoining or adjacent to residential areas or the Open Space (golf course) zone is not exceeded by more than 20%; and
- b. Compliance with standards AIRPZ-S1 or AIRPZ-S2 is otherwise met.

Matters of discretion are:

- 1. Relevant matters listed in AIRPZ-P1 to AIRPZ-P4;
- 2. Maximum height;
- 3. Gross floor area;
- 4. Height control adjoining residential areas;
- 5. Height control adjoining the Open Space zone (golf course);
- 6. Traffic generation, parking, loading and access;
- 7. In the Rongotai Ridge Precinct, the effects of any building or structure on the form and character of the ridge.
- 4. Activity Status: Discretionary

Where:

a. The building or structure is not otherwise a permitted, controlled or restricted discretionary activity under AIRPZ-R3.

Standard	s	Assessment Criteria		
AIRPZ-S	Maximum height and location Rongotai Ridge precincts)	on of buildings (except Miramar South and		
 Buildings and structures must not exceed the following maximum heights above ground level: a. 30m in the Terminal precinct; b. 18m outside the Terminal Precinct, except: i. 15m for hangars used for Code C (or smaller) aircraft. j. 20m for hangars used for Code E or other wide body aircraft; and c. 10m in the East Side Precinct; In addition to 1 above, the height and / or location of all buildings and structures shall be further restricted:		 Assessment criteria where the standard is not met: 1. Urban design / visual impact, including: a. Height and bulk; and b. Visual interest; 2. Minimisation of visual impacts, including by a. Limits to visual massing; and b. Visual permeability (maintenance of view lines); 3. Effects on adjacent residential sites, including: a. Length of contiguous or near contiguous development on or near a residential zone boundary; and b. Shading and privacy impacts; 4. Landscape impacts, including: a. Screening, planting (including species used), and landscaping; and b. Relationship of landscaping to the gateway function of the Broadway and South coast precincts; 5. The compatibility of structures and activitie in the Broadway precinct with the precinct 		
 Gross for Termin Except that The fol 	bundary; floor area of any new building the al Precinct shall not exceed 1,500m ² . t: lowing items are excluded from the eration of maximum height:	function as a gateway to the Airport and Miramar / Strathmore; and6. Integration between adjoining precincts (and other areas of the Airport).		
 a. Lift shafts, plant rooms, stairwells, water tanks, air conditioning units, ventilation ducts, chimneys, lighting poles and similar features on buildings or structures; b. Retaining structures or other engineering structures required to ensure ground stability of network utility infrastructure and navigational aids; c. Navigation and safety aids, monitoring stations, lighting and telecommunications facilities; and d. Fencing or retaining wall structures. 				
AIRPZ-S	2 Maximum height and location South and Rongotai Ridge p	on of buildings and structures (Miramar precinct)		
	ight of buildings and structures must eed the following heights above level:	 Assessment criteria where the standard is not met: 1. Urban design / visual impact, including: a. Height and bulk; 		

St	anda	ards		Assessment Criteria
 a. A roof height greater than 9 metres from existing ground level if located within the Rongotai Ridge precinct; b. A roof height greater than 11 metres from existing ground level if located within the Miramar South precinct. 2. The coverage, location and length of buildings and structures shall not: a. Exceed total site coverage of 35% in the Airport Miramar South precinct; b. Be closer than 5 metres to the Site boundary; and c. Exceed 10 metres of continuous wall length without a step in the wall profile of the wall of at least one metre in depth, or via the use of another architectural device or change in materials or colour. 		nd level if located ai Ridge precinct; ter than 11 metres nd level if located r South precinct. and length of s shall not: coverage of 35% in ar South precinct; netres to the Site s of continuous wall tep in the wall profile ast one metre in ise of another ce or change in	 b. Visual interest; and 2. Scale and context appropriate to the surrounding area, including: a. Form of rooflines; b. Variation in bulk, form, scale and coverage of buildings; and c. Minimisation of roof lighting visible to residential properties; 3. Effects on adjacent residential sites, including: a. Length of contiguous or near contiguous development on or near a residential zone boundary; and b. Shading and privacy impacts; 4. Landscape impacts, including screening, planting and landscaping; 	
 Except that: 3. Lift shafts, plant rooms, stairwells, water tanks, air conditioning units, ventilation ducts, chimneys, lighting poles and similar features on buildings or structures are excluded from the consideration of maximum height. 			units, ventilation ng poles and similar r structures are	
AI	RPZ	-S3	Commercial and re	tail restrictions
 Except where provided for by AIRPZ-S3.3, activities in the Miramar South precinct shall be limited to commercial or retail activity that meets the definition of an airport or airport related activity. Ancillary retail in the Miramar South and South Coast precincts is permitted but shall not exceed 10% of the gross floor area of the building. 		ar South precinct shall al or retail activity that an airport or airport iramar South and is permitted but shall	 Assessment criteria where the standard is not met: The significance of adverse offsite effects, including but not limited to noise, traffic generation and parking; Compatibility with the purpose and functioning of precincts within the Airport Zone; Design, scale and location of the activity; and Effects on the economic viability of the Kilbirnie or Miramar Centre Zones. 	
AI	RPZ-	S4	Access restrictions	
Vehicle access shall not be provided from the Broadway or Rongotai Ridge precincts across the Calabar Road / SH1 frontage.			ge precincts across	Assessment criteria where the standard is infringed:1. The significance of adverse offsite effects, including but not limited to traffic safety effects.

Figure 1: Airport Precinct Plan

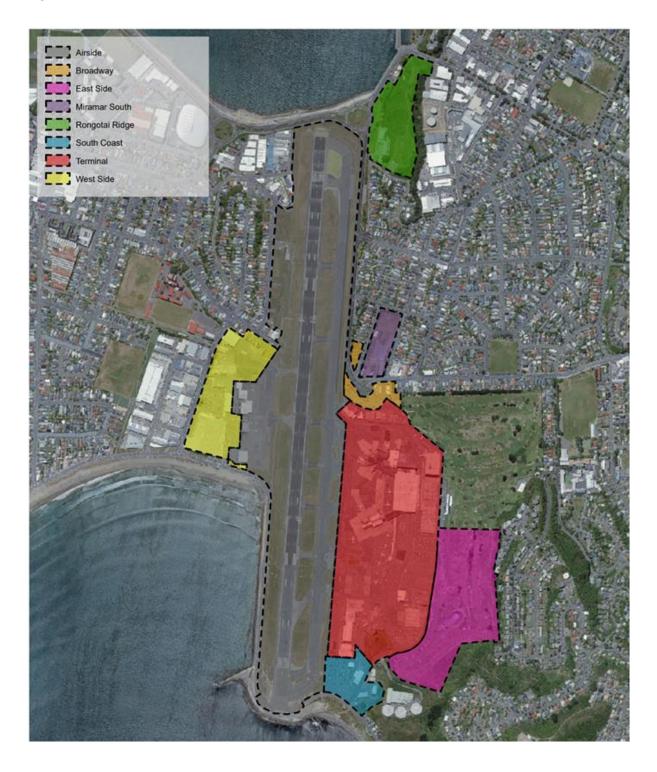


Figure 2 - East Side Precinct, Landscape Buffer Area



FORM 6

FURTHER SUBMISSION IN SUPPORT OF, OR IN OPPOSITION TO, SUBMISSION ON NOTIFIED PROPOSED POLICY STATEMENT OR PLAN, CHANGE OR VARIATION

Clause 8 of Schedule 1, Resource Management Act 1991

To Wellington City Council PO Box 2199 Wellington 6140

Name Wellington International Airport Limited ("WIAL")

- 1. These are further submissions in opposition to or in support of submissions on the Proposed Wellington City District Plan ("the Proposed Plan").
- 2. WIAL has an interest in the Proposed Plan that is greater than the interest the general public as within the District.
 - 2.1 WIAL made a number of original submissions on the Proposed Plan;
 - 2.2 As set out in WIAL's original submissions on the Proposed Plan:
 - 2.2.1 Wellington Airport is managed by WIAL. WIAL is a network utility operator and a requiring authority under section 166 of the Resource Management Act 1991 ("the RMA or "the Act").
 - 2.2.2 WIAL owns and operates the regionally and nationally significant Wellington Airport.
 - 2.2.3 The Airport plays a fundamental role in the social and economic wellbeing of the city, region and the country;
 - 2.2.4 The Airport provides an important national and international transport link for the local, regional and international community and has a major influence on the regional and national economy;
 - 2.2.5 The Airport is also a provider of emergency services and is a lifeline utility under the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002 (**"CDEM 2002"**);
 - 2.3 Given WIAL's role in managing the Airport and as a submitter on the Proposed Plan, WIAL has an interest greater than the general public and is concerned to ensure the

Proposed Plan appropriately recognises and provides for the Airport to operate in a safe, efficient and effective manner, whilst ensuring that reverse sensitivity effects are avoided.

- 3. WIAL therefore makes the following further submissions pursuant to clause 8 of the First Schedule to the RMA. Further submissions from WIAL on the Proposed Plan, including the particular parts of the submission that WIAL supports or opposes, and WIAL's reasons for that support or opposition, are attached to this document in Appendix A.
- 4. WIAL will not gain an advantage in trade competition through these further submissions.

5. General Reasons for WIAL's further submissions:

- 5.1 In its original submission, WIAL emphasised the importance of ensuring that the Proposed Plan adequately addresses the following matters (refer to the primary submission for the full suite of considerations):
 - 5.1.1 That regionally significant infrastructure, such as Wellington International Airport, is appropriately recognised and provided for in the Proposed Plan. That includes through ensuring an appropriate consenting pathway is provided for the activities undertaken by WIAL that occur both within and outside of the Airport Zone;
 - 5.1.2 That the duplication throughout the Proposed Plan is removed and the provisions streamlined and focussed to address the management of environmental effects. As currently drafted, the Proposed Plan provides a complex layering of consent requirements that often renders the enabling provisions nugatory with very little environmental benefit gained;
 - 5.1.3 That the Coastal Environment provisions are significantly streamlined to address those matters that have not otherwise been managed within the underlying zone provisions. Furthermore, the provisions should reflect the urban, highly modified context of the landward extent of the coastal environment;
 - 5.1.4 That the Airport Zone does not duplicate management controls imposed on WIAL through designations WIAL2, WIAL4 and WIAL5. Where the Airport Zone is intended to apply to third parties (that cannot rely on the designation), the nature and scale of activities enabled by the Airport Zone is reflective of the controls imposed by the aforementioned designations;

- 5.1.5 That the Proposed Plan adequately manages reverse sensitivity effects within the Airport's Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary, including through additional resource consent, development and consultation requirements; and,
- 5.1.6 That the management of natural hazards is further refined to focus on coastal inundation hazards and that tsunami hazard provisions apply to greenfield development only.
- 5.2 WIAL seeks to ensure that the key principles identified in its original submission and summarised above are appropriately recognised and provided for in the Proposed Plan.
- 5.3 WIAL's specific further submissions are attached as Appendix A.
- 6. WIAL does wish to be heard in support of these further submissions. If others make a similar submission, WIAL will consider presenting a joint case with them at a hearing.
- 7. WIAL seeks that the submissions be allowed or disallowed as set out in Appendix A.

Land

Signature:

Date: 1 December 2022

Electronic address for Service: kirsty.osullivan@mitchelldaysh.co.nz

Telephone: 021 242 5453

Postal address (or alternative method of service under section 352 of the Act):

Mitchell Daysh Limited PO Box 489 Dunedin 9054

Contact person: Kirsty O'Sullivan

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
Introduction		1				
CentrePort Limited	402.3	Introduction Subpart / Introduction / Description of the District	Amend Description of the District as follows: Wellington provides the northern link for State Highway 1 and the main trunk railway between the North Island and the South Island. Wellington Harbour (Te Whanganui-a- Tara) is an important New Zealand port, for a range of exports and imports. Wellington Airport is the third biggest passenger airport in New Zealand.	Support	WIAL supports recognition within the Description of the District of the significant freight and travel routes to and from the District, including reference to Wellington International Airport.	Allow
How the Plan Works						
Transpower New Zealand Limited	315.11-3.12	How the Plan Works Subpart / How the Plan Works / How the Plan Works General	Supports the provided clarification in the IPI and PDP as to the legal effect of specific provisions. An amendment is sought to highlight to plan users the existence of qualifying matters and that if a development is located in an area where a qualifying matter applies, the MDRS does not have immediate legal effect. While submitter is aware the provision relating to legal effect and qualifying matters will technically not be required once the plan is made operative, considers that in the interim period it has concerns as to the lack of reference to qualifying matters and therefore supports any clarification that can be provided	Support	It is appropriate to provide clarification around the interim legal effect of specific provisions of the plan, particularly where qualifying matters apply.	Allow
Interpretation Sub Part						
Yvonne Weeber	340.3	Interpretation Subpart /	All definitions relevant to the Airport Zone, Airport Noise and Airport Designation needs to remain the same as the	Support in part /	The Operative Plan does not define many of the terms used within the Airport Zone. WIAL has filed submission	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays	452.2	 Definitions / Definitions - General 	operative plan to ensure the integrity of the agreed designation conditions on the Airports Main Site Area and East Side Area to allow these provisions to function properly. Reinstate the Operative Plan's definitions relevant to the Airport Zone, Airport Noise and Airport Designation.	Oppose in part	with respect to the Proposed Plan that seeks to ensure the definition of terms such as "Airport Activity" and "Air Noise Boundary" reflect what is anticipated by the Main Site Area and East Side Area designations.	
New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association	40.2		A new definition should be added for 'Agricultural Aviation Activity' so that it can be used in relevant rules and definitions to clearly describe the use of rural airstrips and landing areas by aircraft for rural production, biosecurity and biodiversity (conservation) activities.	Support in part / Oppose in part	WIAL remains neutral with respect to this proposed definition, however notes that such activities will fall within the management of the control tower at Wellington International Airport where they occur within the flight paths / operational areas of aircraft approaching / departing Wellington International Airport.	Allow in part
Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga	70.3-4	New Definition - Overlay	Considers that the word 'overlay' is used in a number of parts of the PDP, including Infrastructure and Subdivision. A	Oppose in part	WIAL supports the inclusion of a definition in principle as this will provide greater certainty for plan users. WIAL submits however, that the proposed definition	Disallow in part

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (o part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
			definition would improve the meaning of these clauses for the convenience of plan users. Add new definition for 'Overlay' as follows: <u>means the spatially identified sites, items, features, or areas</u> with distinctive values, risks or other factors within the City which require management in a different manner from underlying zone provisions, as set out in Schedules 1-8 and <u>10-12</u>		only refers to schedules, despite the term "overlay" being used in other contexts within the Proposed Plan (such as "Air Noise Overlay").	
Transpower New Zealand	315.14-15	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / New definition	Add a new definition for Qualifying Matter as follows: Qualifying matter means a matter referred to in section 771 or 770 of the RMA. Add a new definition for Qualifying Matter Area as follows: Qualifying matter area means a qualifying matter listed below: (a) The National Grid Yard / Transmission Line Buffer (32 metres) (b) The National Grid Subdivision Corridor/ Transmission Line Buffer (32 metres) (c)	Support in part	WIAL supports in principle the inclusion of a definition for "qualifying matter" and "qualifying matter area" in the Proposed Plan.WIAL submits that this definition should be complete and further "qualifying matter areas" added. For example, the Wellington Airport Air Noise Boundary and Obstacle Limitation Surface should be included in the definition.	Allow in part
Greater Wellington Regional Council	351.36	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / New definition	Add a new definition for 'Hard Engineering Natural Hazards Mitigation Works' to align with operative RPS and regional plan as follows: Engineering works that use structural materials such as concrete, steel, timber or rock armour to provide a hard, inflexible edge between the land-water interface along rivers, shorelines or lake edges. Typical structures include groynes, seawalls, revetments or bulkheads that are designed to prevent erosion of the land	Support	WIAL supports the inclusion of this definition, as derived from the Greater Wellington Regional Policy Statement and Regional Plan.WIAL would be comfortable for any relief that seeks to address the concerns raised in its primary submission with respect to the seawall located between Lyall Bay and Moa Point to adopt this language.	Allow
BP Oil New Zealand, Mobil Oil New Zealand Limited and Z Energy Limited (the Fuel Companies)	372.6	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / New definition	Add a new definition for Hazardous Facilities.	Support	WIAL supports the inclusion of this definition as it will assist with the application and implementation of provisions contained with the Ngā Matū Mōrearea Hazardous Substances section of the Proposed Plan.	Allow
WCC Environmental Reference Group	377.8	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / New definition	Seeks that a single term, such as "net zero emissions" or "zero carbon" be defined.	Support in part / Oppose in part	WIAL supports, in principle, the inclusion of a definition to this effect, however opposes to the extent that further clarity around the drafting and implementation effects of such a term should be included.	Allow in part / Disallow in part
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	391.31	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / New definition	Considers that references to "Natural Hazard Overlays" should be removed and replaced by a newly defined term 'Natural Hazard Areas". Natural Hazard Overlays should instead be included as non-statutory, information-only mapping layer that sits outside the Proposed District Plan.	Support	WIAL supports the use of natural hazard overlays as a non-statutory mapping tool, particularly with respect to the coastal hazard overlays that apply within the already built up area around Wellington International Airport.	Allow
CentrePort Limited	402.5-6	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / COASTAL HAZARD OVERLAY	Retain the definition of 'Coastal Hazard Overlays' as notified.	Oppose	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent that it conflicts with WIAL's primary submission which seeks to	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
					remove the application of the tsunami coastal hazard overlays.	
Transpower New Zealand Limited	315.19	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / COASTAL MARGIN	Seeks to amend the definition of 'Coastal Margin' to clearly define the CMA line, and clearly identify on the planning maps.	Support	WIAL supports the provision of a definition as it assists plan users and provides clarity on the application of the plan provisions that relate to the definition. WIAL submits that given the policy implications of defining the coastal margin, clarity is required as to where the line applies to enable efficient and effective plan implementation.	Allow
Ainistry of Education	400.1	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / EDUCATION FACILITY	Delete the definition of Education Facility in its entirety.	Support	WIAL supports the deletion of this definition as the activity is inherently captured by the definition of "educational facility" (and associated definitions such as "noise sensitive activity").	Allow
Kainga Ora Homes and Communities	391.36-37	Interpretation Subpart / Definitions / NATURAL HAZARD OVERLAYS	The inclusion of flood hazard mapping as part of the District Plan is opposed, despite the overall support for the risk- based approach to the management of natural hazards. Amend the definition of 'Natural Hazard Overlays' as follows: NATURAL HAZARD OVERLAYS AREA means the combined mapped extent within the District Plan of the following natural hazards: a. Flood Hazards b. Liquefaction Hazards c. Fault Hazards And the Council's publicly available information showing the modelled extent of flooding affecting specific properties in its GIS viewer. The maps are non-statutory and can be reviewed to take account of any property- specific information.	Oppose in part	WIAL supports the further refinement of the natural hazard overlay and mapping in the Proposed Plan. WIAL however opposes the submission to the extent that this definition only deals with a selection of hazards, not coastal hazards such as tsunami risk. This creates ambiguity in the subsequent application of the natural hazard provisions of the Proposed Plan.	Disallow in part.
Strategic Direction			•			
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	391.48-49	Strategic Direction / Capital City / CC-O2	 Amend Objective CC-O2 (Wellington City is a well-functioning) as follows: Wellington City is a well-functioning Capital City where: 4. Urban intensification is delivered in appropriate locations and in a manner that meets the needs of current and future generations. 	Oppose	WIAL considers that it is appropriate for the objective to qualify that intensification will only occur within "appropriate locations". What is "appropriate" or "inappropriate" is subsequently defined by objectives, policies and overlays identified in the Proposed Plan (such as the Air Noise Boundary).	Disallow
Kainga Ora Homes and Communities	391.52-53	Strategic Direction / City Economy Knowledge and Prosperity / CKEP-O2	Amend Objective CEKP-O2 (The City maintains a hierarchy of centres) as follows: The City maintains a hierarchy of centres based on their role and function, as follows:	Oppose in part	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent that it is not clear where the "town centres" are located and the extent to which these may / may not be located within	Disallow in part

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			 Town Centres – these centres service the surrounding suburbs. Town centres contain a range of commercial, community, recreational and entertainment activities. Town Centres are well-connected to the City's public transport network and active transport modes are also provided for. Town Centres will play a role in accommodating and servicing the needs of the existing and forecast population growth that is complementary to the City Centre and Metropolitan Centre Zones. This intensification is due to the capacity of the area to absorb more high-density housing with enablers of growth such as offering a walkable access to public transport, community facilities and services; and Local Centres c– these centres service the surrounding residential catchment and neighbouring suburbs. Local Centres contain a range of commercial, community, recreational and entertainment activities. Local Centres are well-connected to the City's public transport network and active transport modes are also provided for. Local Centres will play a role in accommodating and servicing the needs of the existing and forecast population growth that is complementary to the City Centre, and Metropolitan Centre, and Town Centre Zones. This intensification is due to the capacity of the area to absorb more medium density housing with enablers of growth such as walkable access to public transport, and community facilities and services and; Neighbourhood Centres 		the Air Noise Boundary of 60dB Ldn Noise Bo for Wellington International Airport.
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.20	Strategic Direction / Natural Environment / General NE	Amend the NE chapter to address issues identified in the Introduction and clarify strategic direction to protect and maintain biodiversity values in alignment with S6 and S31 of Greater Wellington Regional Policy Statement.	Oppose	In principle, WIAL considers it appropriate to e provisions of the Proposed Plan give effect to the RMA and the Greater Wellington Regional Statement. WIAL opposes the submission how no specific drafting has been provided in asso with this submission point and therefore WIAL determine the appropriateness or otherwise of amendments in terms of section 32 of the RM.
	345.22	Strategic Direction / Natural Environment / NE-O1	Amend NE-O1 as follows: The natural character, landscapes and features, <u>indigenous</u> <u>biodiversity</u> and ecosystems, <u>including wetlands</u> , that <u>contribute to the City's identity of the District</u> , <u>including</u> <u>those that and</u> have significance for mana whenua as kaitiaki are identified, recognised, protected, and, where possible, enhanced.	Oppose	The recommended amendments to the object conflate section 6 and 7 matters of the RMA.
	345.24	Strategic Direction / Natural Environment / NE-O3	Amend NE-O3 as follows:	Oppose	The recommended amendments to the object inconsistent with and go further than section 6 the RMA.

Boundary

o ensure the Disallow to Part 2 of nal Policy iowever, as ssociation AL cannot e of the RMA. Disallow A. ective Disallow A. ective are Disallow in 6 and 7 of

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			The City retains an extensive open space network across the City that:		
			1. Is easily accessible;		
			2. Connects the urban and natural environment;		
			 Supports Protects significant natural areas, wetlands and ecological, cultural, and landscape values; and 		
			4. Maintains indigenous biodiversity; and		
			5. Meets the needs of anticipated future growth.		
Wellington Civic Trust	388.10	Strategic Direction /	Amend Natural Environment Objective NE-O3 as follows:	Oppose	WIAL does not have any issue with the open
		Natural Environment / NE-O3	The City retains <u>expands</u> its open space network so that an extensive open space network is <u>provided and retained</u> that:"		network being retained and/or expanded thro the wider District. WIAL opposes this submiss extent that it may fetter with the ability for WIA completed ongoing seawall upgrade and rep works within the Open Space area located be Moa Point and Lyall Bay.
Transpower New Zealand Limited	315.40	Strategic Direction / General point on Strategic Directions / General point on Strategic Directions	Retain the section but reference to plan implementation be removed as follows: For the purpose of plan implementation (including the assessment of resource consents and notices of requirement) :	Support	WIAL supports the clarification provided by the submitters refinements to the Strategic Direct chapter and will ensure it is clear that no hiera exists between the Strategic Objectives and the chapters of the Proposed Plan.
			- The Strategic Objectives may provide guidance on what the objectives and policies in other chapters of the Plan are seeking to achieve.		
			 The relevant objectives and policies of the plan (including Strategic Objectives) are to be considered together, and no fixed hierarchy exists between them. 		
			 In addition to the specific objectives and policies contained in topic chapters of the Plan relevant Strategic Objectives in this chapter will also need to be assessed for any activity identified as Discretionary or Non-Complying. 		
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.26	45.26 Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / General SCA	Considers the introduction and objectives are not consistent with sustainable management as per s5 of the RMA. They fail to integrate environmental outcomes and the protection of biodiversity into the objectives for the City/Wellington district.	Oppose	In principle, WIAL considers it appropriate to Proposed Plan gives effect to Part 2 of the RI opposes the submission however, as no spee drafting has been provided in association wit submission point and therefore WIAL cannot the appropriateness or otherwise of the amen terms of section 32 of the RMA.
			Amend the Introduction to be consistent with sustainable management as set out in Section 5 of the Resource Management Act.		

en space Disallow in part throughout hission to the WIAL to replacement I between

y this rection lierarchy nd the other Allow

to ensure the Disallow RMA. WIAL pecific with this not determine mendments in

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
Meridian Energy Limited	228.17	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O1	 Amend Objective SCA-O1 (Infrastructure) as follows or similar wording to achieve the same outcome: Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that: 1. The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised; 2. The City is able to function safely, efficiently and effectively; 3. The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term; 4. Infrastructure, including renewable electricity generation facilities, contribute to the transition away from dependence on fossil fuels; and 5. Future growth and development is enabled and can be sufficiently somiced 	Oppose in part	WIAL supports, in principle, the transition away from dependence on fossil fuels and seeks to encourage such changes at the Airport where practicable, including through the gradual electrification of infrastructure at the Airport. WIAL submits however, that there a number of factors outside of its control that will affect the transition towards alternative fuel sources for aircraft using the Airport. WIAL therefore opposes this submission to the extent that the changes need to be qualified, for example, with the term "practicable".
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.27	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O1	 sufficiently serviced Considers it is not clear whether this objective should be regarding RSI or not as it appears to reflect policy 7 of the RPS which is for RSI, not infrastructure generally. Infrastructure can have significant adverse effects on the environment from construction to operation, maintenance and upgrades. s6 matters still apply and this objective needs to ensure infrastructure doesn't impact the protection of biodiversity. Amend SCA-O1 as follows: Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that: 1. The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised; 2. The City is able to function safely, efficiently and effectively; 3. The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term; and 4. Future growth and development is enabled and can be sufficiently serviced; and 	Oppose	 WIAL opposes this submits as it conflicts with WIAL's primary submission that seeks for these objectives to be retained as notified. WIAL also submits that the changes proposed seek to "cherry pick" section 6 and 7 matters. Section 6 and 7 matters are addressed by other provisions within the Strategic Direction of the Proposed Plan. Changes recommended to the Strategic Directions (Transpower 315.40) will clarify that these provisions which give effect to section 6 and 7 of the RMA will apply, ensuring that infrastructure providers have to look to the broader strategic direction provisions, not just those contained in the Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure section.
Waka Kotahi	370.56	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O1	 5. Indigenous biodiversity is retained, protected and enhanced. Amend Strategic Objective SCA-O1 (Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained) as follows: Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that: 1. The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised; 	Oppose in part	While WIAL has been actively encouraging the transition to lower carbon alternatives where practicable (such as the electrification of GPUs and APUs and investigating the use of renewable energy sources) at the Airport, there a number of factors outside of its control that will affect the transition

Disallow

ith WIAL's Disallow jectives to sed seek to ion 6 and 7 within the Changes Transpower ich give

Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
			 The City is able to function safely, efficiently and effectively; 		towards alternative fuel sources for aircraft using the Airport.	
			 The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term; and Future growth and development is enabled and can be sufficiently serviced. Infrastructure shall be delivered in a way which provides for carbon reduction targets. 		WIAL therefore opposes this submission to the extent that it requires infrastructure to be delivered in a way that "provides" for carbon reduction targets. Alternative drafting or qualification of this statement (for example, using the term "where practicable") would better reflect this scenario.	
WCC Environmental Reference Group	377.22	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O1	 Amend SCA-O1 (infrastructure is established, operated) as follows: Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that: 1. <u>It provides The social, economic, cultural, and environmental benefits of this infrastructure are recognised;</u> 5. The environment is protected or enhanced. 	Oppose	 WIAL submits that the amendments conflate and oversimply the directions set out in sections 6 and 7 of the RMA. Furthermore, the environment includes "natural and physical resources", therefore the amendments do not provide any further assistance in terms of clarifying which resources are to be "protected" or "enhanced". WIAL submits that other provisions within the Strategic Directions address the issues raised by the submitter. 	Disallow
CentrePort Limited	402.34	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O1	Amend SCA-O1 (Infrastructure is established, operated, maintained, and upgraded in Wellington City so that) as follows: 3. The infrastructure network is resilient in the long term and can effectively recover from short term Natural Hazard events; and	Support	As a lifeline utility operator with Civil Defence responsibilities, WIAL supports the amendments proposed to subparagraph 3.	Allow
Yvonne Weeber	340.10	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and	Amend Objective SCA-O4 so that it clarifies that it applies to all new infrastructure and recognises the limits of	Oppose	WIAL submits that the "limits" sought by this submitter are defined by Objective SCA-05.	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	452.9 345.31	Infrastructure / SCA-O4 Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O5	existing infrastructure's location. Considers it is not clear whether this objective should be regarding RSI or not as it appears to reflect policy 7 of the RPS which is for RSI, not infrastructure generally. The RPS acknowledges that regionally significant infrastructure can also have adverse effects on the surrounding environment and community. Amend SCA-O5: The adverse effects of infrastructure are managed avoided while having regard to the economic, social, environmental and cultural benefits, and the technical and operational needs of infrastructure	Oppose	It is inappropriate for the all adverse effects, regardless of the nature or scale of those effects, to be avoided, nor has such a management threshold been applied to other activities in the District. Furthermore, the submitters concerns appear to relate to the application of this objective to infrastructure more generally (i.e. not just to RSI).	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
Transpower New Zealand Limited	315.45	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O6	Amend Strategic Direction SCA-O6 as follows: Infrastructure operates efficiently and safely and is protected from incompatible development and activities, <u>including those</u> that may create reverse sensitivity effects <u>or compromise the Infrastructure</u> .	Support	The proposed amendments provide further clarification around the interpretation and application of the objective.	Allow
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.32	Strategic Direction / Strategic City Assets and Infrastructure / SCA-O6	This policy appears to give effect to policy 8 of the RPS but again, that is for RSI not infrastructure more generally. We do not support blanket protection of infrastructure from incompatible development. It is for infrastructure to not impact on the environment, not the other way around. Delete SCA-O6.	Oppose	Reverse sensitivity is a significant concern for a number of infrastructure operators. The concept of reverse sensitivity relates to other activities establishing within proximity to existing and lawfully established (infrastructure) activities, and then complaining about the effects of this activity.	Disallow
Greater Wellington Regional Council	351.63-64	Strategic Direction / Sustainability Resilience and Climate Change / SRCC-O1	Seeks that the carbon reduction objective should match that made by WCC in October 2021 to reduce city emissions by 57% by 2030 compared to 2020 levels, and to net zero by 2050.	Oppose	WIAL has filed as submission with respect to PC1 of the Proposed RPS and the target to achieve net zero carbon emissions by 2050. It would be premature to impose such requirements on the Proposed Plan, when those provisions have yet to go through the hearings	Disallow
WCC Environmental Group	377.24	Strategic Direction / Sustainability Resilience and Climate Change / SRCC-O1	 Amend Objective SRCC-O1 as follows: The City's built environment supports: 1. A net reduction in the City's carbon emissions to net zero by 2050; 2. More-A requirement for all buildings to be energy efficient buildings; 3. An increase in the use of renewable energy sources up to 100% by 2030; and 4. Healthy functioning of the full range of native ecosystems and natural processes. 	Oppose	and decision making process.	Disallow
Yvonne Weeber	340.16-17	Strategic Direction / Sustainability Resilience and Climate Change /	Objective SRCC-O3 should be amended to add infrastructure into the list of the starting sequence.	Oppose	Infrastructure falls within the scope of "activities" identified through the use of the phase "subdivision, use and development". Separately identifying activities	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays	452.15-16	SRCC-03			that fall within this term (and excluding others) leads to potential interpretation issues.	Disallow
Greater Wellington Regional Council	351.70	Strategic Direction / Urban Form and Development / New UFD	Add a new Objective to the 'Urban Form and Development' chapter that directs the prioritisation of development in locations where there are effective public transport links.	Oppose	While WIAL considers it is appropriate to concentrate development along transportation routes, such decision making also needs to take into consideration the presence and proximity of regionally significant infrastructure and potential reverse sensitivity effects.	Disallow
Transpower New Zealand Limited	315.47	Strategic Direction / Urban Form and Development / UFD-O3	 Amend UFD-O3 as follows: Medium to high density and assisted housing developments are located in areas that are: 1. Connected to the transport network and served by multi-modal transport options; or 	Support	WIAL considers that it is appropriate for the objective to qualify that intensification may not be appropriate in all locations. The subsequent objectives, policies and overlays identified in the Proposed Plan (such as the Air Noise Boundary) will define where such activities are and are not appropriate.	Allow

	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
clarification the	Allow
or a number reverse hing within d ing about	Disallow
o PC1 of the t zero nature to I Plan, when hearings	Disallow
5	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			 Within or near a Centre Zone or other area with many employment opportunities; and 		
			 Served by public open space and other social infrastructure; 		
			Noting that medium to high density housing developments may not be appropriate in qualifying matter areas.		
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.38-39	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure / General INF	Clarify the scope of the Infrastructure chapter. Amend the direction of the Infrastructure chapter to be as protective of biodiversity, natural character, and natural landscapes as possible, while still meeting the requirements of national direction Amend the objectives of INF - Infrastructure to clarify that the objectives of relevant chapters, including Ecosystems and Indigenous Biodiversity, Natural Character, Natural Features and Landscapes, and Coastal Environment apply to all Infrastructure provisions Or Add a comprehensive set of objectives to be included into the Infrastructure chapter to provide for these matters,	Oppose	 WIAL opposes the relief sought by the submit reasons including (but not limited to): 1. It is appropriate for a different planning fra to apply for regionally significant infrastru recognition of the social, cultural and eco benefits it provides for the community and operational and locational constraints of t infrastructure. 2. It is inappropriate to protect the aspects id to the extent "possible". Almost anything "possible", therefore using such language result in the complete curtailment of regions significant infrastructure, on the grounds if "possible" to protect the aspects identifie
Kainga Ora Homes and Communities	391.103-104	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure / General INF	mirroring the objectives of the aforementioned chapters. Amend all Rules in the Infrastructure chapter to include a notification preclusion statement for activities under Restricted Discretionary as follows: <u>Notification:</u> <u>Applications under this rule are precluded from being</u> <u>publicly or limited notified in accordance with section 95A</u> <u>or section 95B of the RMA</u>	Support	WIAL supports the proposed notification claus restricted discretionary activities. Special circl will still apply, notwithstanding this statement.
Airways Corporation of New Zealand Limited	100.3	Energy Infrastructure and Transport Infrastructure / General INF	Seeks that the planning maps are updated to show a new 'Air Traffic Control Information Overlay' for ACNZ3 and ACNZ4 which would require plan users to consult with Airways before undertaking an activity within the overlay. If the new 'Air Traffic Control Information Overlay' for ACNZ3 and ACNZ4 does not require plan users to consult with Airways, alternatively: Seeks that the planning maps are updated to allow for a new 'Air Traffic Control Overlay' with associated changes to the plan provisions to include specific restrictions and/or consultation requirements for development and infrastructure within the overlay.	Support	WIAL supports the inclusion of overlays that e Airways air traffic control overlays are protect ensuring the ongoing safety of aircraft on app and departure from Wellington International A
CentrePort Limited	402.42-43	Energy Infrastructure and Transport Infrastructure / General INF	Seeks that plan is amended so all Natural Hazards requirements are included in one chapter.	Support	WIAL shares the concerns of CentrePort Limit there is a lot of duplication in the Proposed P

nitter, for	Disallow
framework ructure in conomic nd the f that	
s identified g is ge could gionally s it is ied.	
ause for rcumstances nt.	Allow
t ensure that cted, thus pproach to I Airport.	Allow
nited, that Plan,	Allow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
					particularly as it relates to the natural hazard provisions that apply to (regionally significant) infrastructure.	
Greater Wellington Regional Council	351.88-90	Energy Infrastructure and Transport Infrastructure / General INF	Seeks to Add a new policy and rule to enable the development of infrastructure required to support zero and low carbon transport and public transport.	Oppose	WIAL has filed as submission with respect to PC1 of the Proposed RPS and the target to achieve net zero carbon emissions by 2050. It would be premature to	Disallow
			Seeks to include a new policy that encourages an assessment of whole of life carbon emissions for any new or altered transport infrastructure and how new or altered transport infrastructure would assist in meeting reduction targets.		impose such requirements on the Proposed Plan, when those provisions have yet to go through the hearings and decision making process.	
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.40	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure / INF5	 Amend INF-P5 (Adverse effects of infrastructure) to : also apply to operation, maintenance, repair, and removal of infrastructure; and 	Oppose	WIAL submits that first two bullet points are addressed by provisions located elsewhere within the Infrastructure subchapters. It is therefore inappropriate to duplicate / replicate them here.	Disallow
			 include direction that effects are not only to be managed, but that in certain areas needs to be protected; and remove reference to "identified" values 		With respect to values, it is appropriate to focus the management response on the values, as the purpose of the overlay is to identify the specific values of an area / feature. Without this reference, erroneous management of effects may be required – for example, the air noise overlay could trigger consideration of effects management for unrelated matters.	
CentrePort Limited	402.56	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure / INF-P7	Considers that there is no specific recognition in the policy of discouraging new noise sensitive activities from establishing within the Port Noise Boundary. The same could be applied to the Air Noise Boundary	Support	WIAL supports this submission and agrees that a new policy is required to address the potential reverse sensitivity effects arising on both the port and the airport.	Allow
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.43-44	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Coastal Environment / General INF-CE	Amend the INF-CE chapter to be as protective as the Coastal Environment chapter and align with direction set out in Policy 13 of the NZ Coastal Policy Statement.	Oppose	WIAL submits that there are numerous provisions within the NZCPS that need to be considered and balanced within the Proposed Plan, not just Policy 13. Furthermore, the Coastal Environment has been broadly defined in the Proposed Plan, meaning that broadly drafted provisions could have perverse outcomes for existing, built up, urban areas of the District.	Disallow
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.46	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Coastal Environment / General INF-CE-P15	Considers the policy needs to be extended to apply to any area of natural character in the coastal environment.	Oppose	WIAL submits that there are numerous provisions within the NZCPS that need to be considered and balanced within the Proposed Plan. Furthermore, the Coastal Environment has been broadly defined in the Proposed Plan, meaning that broadly drafted provisions could have perverse outcomes for existing, built up, urban areas of the District.	Disallow
Yvonne Weeber Guardians of the Bays	340.18 452.17	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure	Amend INF-CE-P16 (Operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment in the	Oppose in part	The proposed amendments seek to replicate provisions of the NZCPS. This does not assist plan users as it	Disallow in part

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
		Coastal Environment / General INF-CE-P15	Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, Airport and Port Zones) as follows: - Within coastal and riparian margins.		provides no further direction than that set out in higher order documents. Furthermore, it is inappropriate to apply the NZCPS to riparian (river) margins.	
			Allow for the operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within areas of coastal margins and riparian margins in the coastal environment in the Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, Airport and Port Zones. <u>where:</u>		npanan (nver) margins.	
			<u>1. Related earthworks are of a scale that consider the</u> <u>maintenance and restoration the natural character; and</u>			
			2. Any significant adverse effects on the natural character are avoided and any other adverse effects on the natural character are avoided, remedied or mitigated.			
			3. Any significant adverse effects on the natural character are avoided and any adverse effects on the natural character are avoided, remedied or mitigated			
Royal Forest and Bird Society	345.47	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Coastal Environment / General INF-CE-P16	Amend INF-CE-P16 (Operation, maintenance and repair of existing infrastructure within the coastal environment in the Residential Zones, Commercial and Mixed Use Zones, Industrial Zones, Airport and Port Zones) to require protection of natural character regardless of zoning.	Oppose	WIAL opposes the submission as the amendments over simplify the management approach set out in the NZCPS nor do they consider the broadly defined area of the District that is included within the Coastal Environment. Furthermore, no specific drafting has been provided, thus it is difficult to evaluate the appropriateness of such changes in terms of section 32 of the RMA.	Disallow
Avryl Bramley	202.23-24, 25	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Coastal Environment / INF-CE-P30-31	Amend INF-CE-R30 and R31, R29 so that it is not a permitted activity and that notification is mandatory.	Oppose	It is inappropriate to require resource consent and notification for all infrastructure activities, regardless of their nature, scale or extent, within the coastal environment. Furthermore, such controls are not imposed on other activities within the District.	Disallow
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.57	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Ecosystems and Biodiversity / General INF-ECO	Amend the chapter to mirror ECO – Ecosystems and Indigenous Biodiversity chapter to apply a similar level of protection.	Oppose	WIAL opposes the relief sought by the submitter as it is appropriate for a different planning framework to apply for regionally significant infrastructure in recognition of the social, cultural and economic benefits it provides for the community and the operational and locational constraints of that infrastructure.	Disallow
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.78 to 80	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Natural Features and Landscapes / General INF-NFL	Amend the chapter to mirror the Natural Features and Landscapes, and be as protective as that chapter. Amend INF-NFL-Introduction to acknowledge the potential adverse effects of infrastructure on indigenous biodiversity, landscape and natural character values, and make it clear that these are important values that may be adversely affected and require protection.	Oppose	WIAL opposes the relief sought by the submitter as it is appropriate for a different planning framework to apply for regionally significant infrastructure in recognition of the social, cultural and economic benefits it provides for the community and the operational and locational constraints of that infrastructure.	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			Amend INF-NFL-R53-57 to give effect to policy changes requested in above submission points, mirror Natural Features and Landscapes rules, and be as protective as the amendments sought to the Natural Features and Landscapes chapter.		
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.81	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Natural Features and Landscapes / New INF- NFL	 Seeks new policy to give effect to policy 11 of NZCPS. Add new policy INF-NFL-PX (All infrastructure activities in ridgelines and hilltops, special amenity landscapes, outstanding natural features and landscapes): Only allow activities within a significant natural area in the coastal environment where it can be demonstrated that they: 1. Avoid adverse effects on the matters in Policy 11(a) of the New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010; 2. Avoid significant adverse effects and avoid, remedy or mitigate other adverse effects of activities on the matters in Policy 11(b) of the New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010; Statement 2010; and 3. Protect other indigenous biodiversity values in accordance with ECO-P1. 	Oppose	 WIAL opposes the relief sought by the subminappropriate for a different planning framewor for regionally significant infrastructure in record the social, cultural and economic benefits it p the community and the operational and locat constraints of that infrastructure. Furthermore, the INF-CE subchapter deals winter the Coastal Environment. It is inappropriate duplicate/replicate controls in multiple chapter Proposed Plan.
CentrePort Limited	402.71-72	Energy Infrastructure and Transport / Infrastructure Natural Hazards / General INF-NH	Seeks that Infrastructure Natural Hazards provisions are located within the Natural Hazards Chapter.	Support	WIAL shares the concerns of CentrePort Limit there is a lot of duplication in the Proposed P particularly as it relates to the natural hazard that apply to (regionally significant) infrastruct
Hazards and Risks – Natu	ral Hazards				
Ministry of Education	400.46	Hazards and Risks / Natural Hazards / NH-P1	Amend NH-P1 (Identification of natural hazards) as follows: Identify natural hazards within the District Plan and take a risk-based approach to the management of subdivision, use and development based on:	Support in part	WIAL supports the intent of this relief to the e that it is consistent with the outcomes sought primary submission.
			 The sensitivity of the activities to the impacts of natural hazards; and The hazard posed to people's lives and wellbeing, property and infrastructure, by considering the likelihood and consequences of natural hazard events.; and 		
			3. The operational need for some activities to locate in		

mitter as it is Disallow work to apply ecognition of it provides for cational

with matters ate to pters of the

mited, that Allow d Plan, rd provisions ucture.

e extent ght from its Allow in part

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
CentrePort Limited	402.101	Hazards and Risks / Natural Hazards / NH-P2	 Amend NH-P2 (Levels of risk) as follows: 3. Avoiding buildings and activities in the high hazard areas of the Natural Hazard Overlays unless there is an there is a functional need or operational requirement or other exceptional reason for the building or activity to be located in this area, and the activity mitigates the impacts from natural hazards to people, property and infrastructure. 	Support in part	WIAL supports the intent of this relief to the e that it is consistent with the outcomes sough primary submission.
Natural and Environmental V	alues – Public Acce	255			
Meridian Energy Limited	228.93	Natural and Environmental Values / Public Access / PA-O	Amend Objective PA-O2 (Adverse effects of public access) to protect the security of regionally significant infrastructure as follows (or similar): Public access does not have a negative impact on existing values such as natural character, indigenous biodiversity, landscape values, historic heritage, sites of significance to Māori, the security of regionally significant infrastructure or the coastal environment.	Support	WIAL supports this policy and agrees that it is important that public access is not provided to detriment of the safety and security of region significant infrastructure. Similarly, public acc should not give rise to adverse effects on put health and safety as a result of its proximity to regionally significant infrastructure.
Greater Wellington Regional Council	351.176	Natural and Environmental Values / Public Access / PA-P3	 Amend PA-P3 (Restriction of public access) as follows: Only allow for the restriction of public access to, along or adjacent to the coast and waterbodies where the restriction is necessary to: 10. Address other exceptional circumstances sufficient to justify the restriction; or 11. <u>Provide for the safe and efficient operation of the Port and Airport Zone.</u> 	Support in part	WIAL supports the inclusion of subparagraph however notes that Airport infrastructure can located outside of the Airport Zone (and poss same could be said for Port infrastructure).
Coastal Environment					

e extent ght from its Allow in part

it is ed to the ionally access public ty to

aph 11, can also be ossibly the Allow in part

Allow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.290-303, 345.307-309, 345.313328,	General District wide Matters / Coastal Environment / Various	Amend all rules to refer to all areas of "natural character", not only areas of "high natural character".	Oppose	WIAL opposes all of the identified submission the Coastal Environment chapter to the exten- are inconsistent with the concerns raised by V respect to this chapter. Notably:
	345.338358				 The Coastal Environment has been broadly with its corresponding policy directives app large urban areas of the District which are l modified;
					 The chapter, as notified, duplicates controls within other chapters of the Proposed Plan chapter should only focus on those provisio cannot otherwise be addressed by the und zone provisions; and,
					 The chapter does not adequately give efferences relevant parts of the NZCPS, including thos recognise and provide for the functional and operational needs of infrastructure;
Yvonne Weeber	340.26	General District wide Matters / Coastal	Amend CE-P2 (Use and development within the coastal environment) as follows:	Oppose	Such matters are dealt with via the relevant na hazard provisions of the Proposed Plan.
		Environment / CE-P2	Provide for use and development in the landward extent of the coastal environment where it:		
			1. Consolidates existing urban areas; and		
			Does not establish new urban sprawl along the coastline.		
			3. Takes into consideration the level of uncertainty about the full extent of the impacts of climate change (storm surges and costal inundation) and sea level rise.		
WCC Environmental Reference Group	377.231	General District wide Matters / Coastal Environment / CE-P2	Amend CE-P2 (Use and development within the coastal environment) to add a third point, as follows:	Oppose	The term "environmental values" is too broad encapsulates both natural and physical resou intent of the changes are therefore not clear.
		Environment / CE-F2	 Does not adversely affect the environmental values of the coastal environment 		Furthermore, it is inappropriate to require land
					development to avoid adversely effecting all e irrespective of their nature, scale or extent.
WCC Environmental Reference Group	377.234	General District wide Matters / Coastal Environment / CE-P5	Amend CE-P5 (Use and development in high coastal natural character areas) to add another point after Point 1, as follows:	Oppose	It is inappropriate to require land use and dev to avoid adversely effecting all effects, irrespe their nature, scale or extent.
			 Any adverse effects on indigenous biodiversity are applied in accordance with ECO-P2. 		

	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
ons made on ont that they WIAL with	Disallow
lly mapped, pplying to e highly	
ols found In. This sions that Inderlying	
fect to all ose that and	
natural	Disallow
d and urces. The 7. nd use and I effects,	Disallow
evelopment pective of	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks part) of the s Allow / Disa
VicLabour	414.24	General District wide Matters / Coastal Environment / CE-R23	[Inferred decision requested] Seeks that a prohibited activity status is applied to Rule CE-R23 (Potentially hazard sensitive activities in the medium coastal hazard area, excluding the City Centre Zone or Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities)	Oppose	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent that it is inconsistent with the primary submission made by WIAL on this matter.	Disallow
VicLabour	414.26	General District wide Matters / Coastal Environment / CE-R26	[Inferred decision requested] Seeks that a prohibited activity status is applied to Rule CE-R26 (Hazard sensitive activities within the medium coastal hazard area, excluding the City Centre Zone or Airport, operation port activities, passenger port facilities and rail activities)	Oppose		Disallow
Earthworks						
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.362	General District Wide Matters / Earthworks / New EW	 Add new rule EW-R7 (Earthworks within a significant natural area): 3. Activity status: Non-complying Where: a. The Significant Natural Area includes matters identified in policy 11 of the NZ Coastal Policy statement Section 88 requirements: Identifying the indigenous biodiversity values and potential impacts from the proposal; and Demonstrating that ECO P5 has first been met, and the effects management hierarchy at ECO-P21 has been applied to other adverse effects. 	Oppose	It is inappropriate to include a new rule in the Proposed Plan to this effect. Earthworks within SNAs is already provided for by EW-R7 (1) and (2) and within the Coastal Environment through EW-R10 and EW-R11. Introducing further rules is inefficient and add to further repetition, duplication and complexity within the Proposed Plan.	Disallow
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	345.369	General District wide Matters / Earthworks / EW-R11	Amend EW-R11 (Earthworks within coastal or riparian margins within the coastal environment) to give effect to the NZ Coastal Policy Statement.	Oppose	WIAL opposes this submission as no detail is provided regarding the amendments proposed, therefore it is difficult to determine the appropriateness or otherwise of the amendments in terms of section 32 of the RMA. It is also difficult to ascertain which parts of the NZCPS this submission is referring to.	Disallow
Light						
Director-General of Conservation	385.76	General District wide Matters / Light / New LIGHT	Add an additional rule similar to LIGHT-R2 as a Restricted Discretionary activity for outdoor artificial lighting adjacent to or within a SNA.	Oppose	WIAL remains neutral with respect to this proposed new rule, however notes that the amendments it seeks to this rule (refer to WIAL's primary submission) would need to be carried through to any new provisions relating to SNA's, given the proximity of two nearby SNAs to Wellington International Airport.	Disallow
Noise						

	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
that it is ide by WIAL	Disallow
	Disallow
e Proposed s already the Coastal troducing repetition, sed Plan.	Disallow

s provided	Disallo
fore it is	
otherwise	
f the RMA. It	
e NZCPS	

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
Yvonne Weeber	340.74	General District wide Matters / Noise / General _ NOISE	Amend the Introduction to the 'Noise' chapter as follows:	Oppose	WIAL is not opposed to the introduction of this text in principle, however does not support the drafting as set out in this submission.	Disallow in part
Guardians of the Bays	452.30		Some activities that generate noise are exempt from the noise rules set out in this chapter. This is because they are not controlled by the RMA, e.g. vehicles being driven on a road, or aircraft above 1,000 feet in flight over built up areas. In addition, the Civil Aviation Act 1990 imposes certain rules requiring noise abatement procedures for aircraft operating in the vicinity of Wellington International Airport. <u>The air noise boundary overlays (inner and outer)</u> place development restrictions on properties affected by Wellington International Airport			
Yvonne Weeber Guardians of the Bays	340.75 452.30	General District wide Matters / Noise / General NOISE	Amend the Introduction to the 'Noise' chapter to include a reference to the <u>2018 World Health Organisation</u> Environmental Noise Guidelines for the European Region.	Oppose	WIAL opposes this amendment to extent that it is not clear of the nature or scale of changes proposed to be introduced by the submitters by including this reference with the Noise chapter of the Proposed Plan.	Disallow
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.1	General District wide Matters / Noise / General NOISE	Seeks the addition of rule(s) to require the Quieter Homes ventilation and/or insulation are for existing homes within the 60dB Outer Air Noise Overlay. And impose a time limit to provide the Quieter Homes package in a more timely manner once they are formally identified to be within the 60dB Outer Noise Overlay.	Oppose	As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate aircraft noise management and mitigation measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations. Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	Disallow
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	391.284	General District wide Matters / Noise / General NOISE	Opposes all Rules in the Noise chapter and seeks amendments.	Oppose	WIAL opposes the submission to the extent that it would provide for a more flexible land use management framework than WIAL has sought in its primary submission for noise sensitive activities to establish within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary at Wellington International Airport.	Disallow
Bruce Crothers	319.15	General District wide Matters / Noise / General NOISE	Seeks stronger noise restrictions for aircrafts, including limits on the number of flights Allow.	Oppose	As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate aircraft noise management and mitigation measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations. Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays	452.31	General District wide Matters / Noise / New NOISE	Add new category of activity in NOISE-R4 as follows: <u>Activity Status: Prohibited activity</u> <u>Where no activity for the landing and take off of helicopter</u> will be granted within the East Side Area designation.	Oppose	the Proposed Plan review. As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate aircraft noise management and mitigation measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations.	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (o part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
					Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	
Yvonne Weeber	340.77	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE-	Considers that authorised activities that generate high levels of noise should be constantly reducing their noise	Oppose	Reverse sensitivity is a significant issue for WIAL. While WIAL continues to explore opportunities to reduce the	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays	452.33	02	levels through different technology and management therefore, reducing the need to be 'protected from reverse sensitivity effects'.		noise generated from its activities at Wellington International Airport, this is separate management function to that of requiring adjacent land use activities establishing that give rise to reverse sensitivity effects.	
Yvonne Weeber	340.81	General District wide	Amend NOISE-P4 (Acoustic treatment for noise sensitive	Support in	WIAL supports this submission in principle, however	Allow in part
Strathmore Park Residents	371.2	 Matters / Noise / NOISE- P4 	activities) as follows: Require sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation	part	notes that WIAL is proposing to replace the reference to overlays with the commonly used and understood terms	
Association Inc			for new noise sensitive activities within:		"Air Noise Boundary" and "60dB Ldn Noise Boundary".	
Guardians of the Bays 452.37	_	 The Air Noise Overlay (Inner Air Noise Overlay and Outer Air Noise Overlay); and 				
		 Identified corridors adjacent to the State Highways and railway networks 				
Kāinga Ora Homes and 391.295 Communities	391.295	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE-	Amend NOISE-P4 (Acoustic treatment for noise sensitive activities) as follows:	Oppose	WIAL has a submission filed that seeks to introduce new policies with respect to the management of noise	Disallow
		P4	Require <u>Encourage and promote</u> sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation for new noise sensitive activities within:		sensitive activities within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary at Wellington International Airport. However, in the instance that this submission is not successful, WIAL submits that it is inappropriate for acoustic treatment to be "encouraged", rather it should be a mandatory requirement where new activities are located within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn	
			1. The City Centre Zone;			
			2. The Waterfront Zone;			
			3. The Centres Zones;		Noise Boundary at Wellington International Airport.	
			4. The Mixed Use Zones;			
			5. Outer Port Noise Overlay;			
			6. The Air Noise Overlay; and			
			 Identified corridors adjacent to the State Highways and railway networks. 			
			Two standards of acoustic insulation are prescribed to achieve acceptable indoor acoustic amenity in habitable rooms.			
Ministry of Education	400.81	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE-	Amend NOISE-P4 (Acoustic treatment for noise sensitive activities) as follows:	Oppose	Education facilities comprise a noise sensitive activity as they include areas that comprise critical listening	Disallow
		P4	Require sound insulation and / or mechanical ventilation for new noise sensitive activities (<u>excluding educational</u> <u>facilities</u>) within:		environments. It is therefore inappropriate to provide a flexible framework for such activities where located within the Air Noise Boundary of 60dB Ldn at Wellington International Airport.	

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
Ministry of Education	400.82	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE-	Amend NOISE-P6 (Development restrictions on noise sensitive activities) as follows:	Oppose	Education facilities comprise a noise sensitive activity as they include areas that comprise critical listening	Disallow
	P6	Restrict the development of noise sensitive activities (excluding educational facilities) within:		environments. It is therefore inappropriate to provide a flexible framework for such activities where located within the Air Noise Boundary of 60dB Ldn at Wellington		
			1. The Inner Air Noise Overlay; and		International Airport.	
			Other locations where ventilation and acoustic insulation standards are not met.			
Retirement Village Association	350.78	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- R3	Amend NOISE-R4 (Acoustic insulation - high noise areas) to integrate consideration of individual site characteristics/circumstances, and the distance of noise sensitive activities from high noise areas.	Oppose	WIAL has sought, via its primary submission, the inclusion of new rules within the Air Noise Boundary and 60dB Ldn Noise Boundary at Wellington International Airport. This includes acoustic insulation requirements that reflects the nature of the noise received within these aircraft noise boundaries.	Disallow
Yvonne Weeber	340.86	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- R4	Amend NOISE-R4 to add a 'Non-compliant' activity status for the landing and take off of helicopters within the East Side Area designation.	Oppose	As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate or introduce aircraft noise management and mitigation measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations.	Disallow
					Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	
Yvonne Weeber	340.91	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- — S3	Amend NOISE-S3 (Noise management plans) as follows: Airport Activities	Oppose	As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate or introduce aircraft noise management and mitigation	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays	452.46	_ 55	 The Airport must at all times maintain and implement an Airport Noise Management Plan (ANMP). Any alteration 		measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations.	d
			or update to the ANMP is subject to certification by the Council.		Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of	
			2. The ANMP must include, as a minimum:		the Proposed Plan review.	
			 Methods necessary for the Airport to complete implementation of the Quieter Homes Programme within an identified timeframe once the properties within the 60db contour have been identified; 			
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.4	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S4	Seeks that NOISE-S4 (Acoustic insulation - moderate noise areas) is amended to change the means to establish the 60dB Outer Air Noise Overlay area to use actual 90 day rolling average noise as measured at the defined 65dB ANB.	Oppose	WIAL has sought the inclusion of a new standard that applies to the acoustic treatment of buildings containing noise sensitive activities within the aircraft noise boundaries at Wellington International Airport.	Disallow
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	391.299	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S4	Amend NOISE-S4 (Acoustic insulation – high noise areas) so that any mitigation measures and/or Quieter Homes Programme applies to properties under both the inner and outer air noise overlay, and clarify the Standard after	Oppose	WIAL has sought the inclusion of a new standard that applies to the acoustic treatment (including ventilation) of buildings containing noise sensitive activities within	Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
			having reviewed the different insulation requirements for the inner and outer air noise overlay between the Plan and		the aircraft noise boundaries at Wellington International Airport.	
			the Quieter Homes Programme.		As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate or introduce aircraft noise management and mitigation measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations.	
					Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.5	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S5	Seeks that NOISE-S5 (Acoustic insulation - moderate noise areas) is amended to change the means to establish the 60dB Outer Air Noise Overlay area to use actual 90day rolling average noise as measured at the defined 65dB ANB.	Oppose	WIAL has sought the inclusion of a new standard that applies to the acoustic treatment of buildings containing noise sensitive activities within the aircraft noise boundaries at Wellington International Airport.	Disallow
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	391.301	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S5	Amend NOISE-S5 (Acoustic insulation – moderate noise areas) so that any mitigation measures and/or Quieter Homes Programme applies to properties under both the inner and outer air noise overlay, and clarify the Standard after having reviewed the different insulation requirements for the inner and outer air noise overlay between the Plan and the Quieter Homes Programme.	Oppose	 WIAL has sought the inclusion of a new standard that applies to the acoustic treatment (including ventilation) of buildings containing noise sensitive activities within the aircraft noise boundaries at Wellington International Airport. As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate or introduce aircraft noise management and mitigation measures imposed on WIAL through the recently settled Main Site and East Side Area Designations. 	Disallow
					Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.6	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S6	Seeks that NOISE-S6 (Acoustic insulation - moderate noise areas) is amended to change the means to establish the 60dB Outer Air Noise Overlay area to use actual 90day rolling average noise as measured at the defined 65dB ANB.	Oppose	WIAL has sought the inclusion of a new standard that applies to the acoustic treatment of buildings containing noise sensitive activities within the aircraft noise boundaries at Wellington International Airport.	Disallow
KiwiRail Holdings Limited	408.113	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S6	 Amend NOISE-S6 (Ventilation requirements) as follows: The minimum external to internal noise reduction levels in NOISE-S4 and NOISE-S5 must be achieved at the same time as the <u>following</u> ventilation requirements. of the New Zealand Building Code. An alternative means of ventilation must be provided unless compliance with the above acoustic insulation standards can be met with ventilating windows open. If windows must be closed to achieve minimum external to internal noise reduction levels in NOISE-S4 and NOISE-S5, the building is designed, constructed 	Support	WIAL has sought the inclusion of a new standard that applies to the acoustic treatment (including ventilation) of buildings containing noise sensitive activities within the aircraft noise boundaries at Wellington International Airport.WIAL therefore supports this relief to the extent that it no longer applies within the aircraft noise boundaries for Wellington International Airport.	Allow

WIAL seeks that the whole (or
part) of the submission be
Allow / Disallow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			and maintained with a mechanical ventilation system that		
			a. For habitable rooms for a residential activity, achieves the following requirements:		
			i. provides mechanical ventilation to satisfy clause G4 of the New Zealand Building Code; and		
			 is adjustable by the occupant to control the ventilation rate in increments up to a high air flow setting that provides at least 6 air changes per hour; and 		
			iii. provides relief for equivalent volumes of spill air;		
			iv. provides cooling and heating that is controllable by the occupant and can maintain the inside temperature between 18°C and 25°C; and		
			v. does not generate more than 35 dB LAeq(30s) when measured 1 metre away from any grille or diffuser.		
			b. For other spaces, is as determined by a suitably qualified and experienced person.		
			3. Where bedrooms rely on openable windows to meet the ventilation requirements of the New Zealand Building Code, and where these windows must remain closed to achieve compliance with NOISE-S4 and NOISE-S5 acoustic insulation standards, a positive supplementary source of fresh air ducted from outside is required at the time of fit-out. For the purposes of this requirement, a bedroom is any room intended to be used for sleeping. The supplementary source of air is to achieve a minimum of 7.5 litres per second per person; and		
			 Confirmation of compliance with this standard will be required by a qualified professional. 		
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	391.303	General District wide Matters / Noise / NOISE- S13	Amend NOISE-S13 (Airport East Side Precinct residential noise mitigation) so that the dwellings identified in Attachment 2 of designation WIAL5 which are eligible for mechanical ventilation prior to construction activity in the East Precinct are also provided with acoustic insulation in	Oppose	As set out in WIAL's primary submission, it is inappropriate for the Noise chapter to duplicate introduce aircraft noise management and mitig measures imposed on WIAL through the recen Main Site and East Side Area Designations.
			accordance with the standards identified in NOISE-S4.		Furthermore, the Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as the Proposed Plan review.
Signs					

s cate or litigation cently settled Disallow

rea t as part of

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (o part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
Josephine Brien / Tim Bollinger	349.37	General District wide Matters / Signs / SIGN-P2	Retain SIGN-P2 (Digital and illuminated signs) as notified.	Oppose	WIAL opposes the relief sought as it is inconsistent with WIAL's primary submission.	Disallow
Special Purpose Zones – Air	port Zone					
Yvonne Weeber 340.106133		Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / General	 Retain 'physically contiguous' airport precincts in the Airport Zone chapter. 	Oppose	WIAL has proposed alternative drafting of the Airport Zone which tries to better align the outcomes sought via	Disallow
Guardians of the Bays	453.62-92	AIPRZ	2. Amend the "Terminal Precinct" section of the introduction of the Airport Zone chapter [to incorporate reference to pedestrians, cycling and land transport activities.	Oppose	WIAL's existing Designations with the Airport Zone (as appropriate, noting not all of WIAL's landholdings are designated). Notwithstanding this,1. WIAL supports the suggested incorporation of	Disallow
	 Retain part of the Miramar Golf Course in WIAL5. Include a new "Bridge Street Precinct". 		references to pedestrian access, cycling parking and land transport hubs into the description of the Terminal Precinct;			
					 WIAL opposes the proposed new "Bridge Street Precinct" and considers it is appropriate to retain it as part of the wider airside / operational area of the airport and should not be unduly constrained by it been retained for "Open Space" activities, noting that only very low scale activity could occur in this area due to the obstacle limitation surface restrictions over this land. Supports the intent to encourage carbon neutral development, however requiring it for all development is impracticable and does not appropriately reflect or take account of the technical or operational requirements of airports. 	
					 WIAL opposes the other matters raised to the extent that they conflict with the matters set out in WIAL's primary submission which proposes alternative drafting for the Airport Zone. 	
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.7	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / General AIPRZ	Retain the overview of the East Side Precinct as in the introduction of the Airport Zone as notified.	Oppose	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent that WIAL has prepared a new Airport Zone chapter that seeks to create better alignment between the Airport Zone and designations, while also providing for activities that are not provided for by the designation or by WIAL as the requiring authority.	Disallow.
Waka Kotahi	370.429	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / General AIPRZ	Airport activities should be explicit about he goal of providing integrated public transport to and from the airport.	Support in part	WIAL supports this submission in principle, however considers that the rules within the Airport Zone will need to provide for such an activity.	Allow in part
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.8	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / General AIPRZ	Amend the Airport Noise description to include the Inner and Outer Noise Overlay	Oppose in part	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent that WIAL is proposing to replace these definitions in their entirety with the well established terms (and associated definitions) "Air Noise Boundary" and "60dB Ldn Noise Boundary".	Disallow in part

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
Z Energy Limited	361.131	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / New AIRPZ	Add a new Rule in the Airport Zone chapter as follows: <u>AIRPZ-R5 (Maintenance and repair of buildings and structures)</u> <u>1. Activity Status: Permitted</u>	Support in part	WIAL supports the inclusion of this rule in principle and considers it provides certainty and clarity. WIAL prefers however, the alternate drafting WIAL proposed in its primary submission.	Allow in part
Z Energy Limited	361.132	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / New AIRPZ	Add a new Rule in the Airport Zone chapter as follows: <u>AIRPZ-R6 (Demolition or removal of buildings or</u> <u>structures)</u> <u>1. Activity Status: Permitted</u>	Support	WIAL supports the inclusion of this rule in principle and considers it provides certainty and clarity. WIAL prefers however, the alternate drafting WIAL proposed in its primary submission.	Allow
Z Energy Limited	361.133	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / New AIRPZ	 Add a new Rule in the Airport Zone chapter as follows: <u>AIRPZ-R7 (Additions or alterations to buildings and structures)</u> <u>Activity status: Permitted</u> <u>Where: a. Compliance with AIRPZ-S1 and AIRPZ-S2 is achieved.</u> <u>Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary</u> <u>Where: a. Compliance with AIRPZ-S1 and AIRPZ-S2 cannot be achieved.</u> <u>Matters of discretion are:</u> <u>A. The extent and effect of non-compliance with any relevant standard as specified in the associated assessment criteria for the infringed standards; and b. Relevant matters listed in policy AIRPZ-P5.</u> 	Support	WIAL supports in principle, the inclusion of this rule and considers it provides certainty and clarity, particularly as such rules are provided for in other chapters of the Proposed Plan.	Allow
Waka Kotahi	370.430-431	Special Purpose Zones / Airport Zone / AIRPZ-O2	 Amend Objective AIRPZ-O2 (Development of the Airport Zone) as follows: <u>4. The wide-ranging benefits of convenient connection of the airport to the city's public transport network</u> 	Support	WIAL supports the inclusion of this subparagraph in principle.	Allow
Designations						
Bruce Crothers	319.17	Designations / Wellington International Airport Limited / General WIAL	Considers there should be stronger noise restrictions for aircraft, including limits on the number of flights Allow.		The Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	
Bruce Crothers	319.18	Designations / Wellington International Airport Limited / General WIAL	Seeks restrictions in aircraft flight hours.		This submission should therefore be struck out.	
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	371.10	Designations / Wellington International Airport	Amend WIAL Condition 5 (Airport Purposes Designation – East Side Area) to state car parking is temporary.		The Main Site and East Side Area Designations are not subject to amendment as part of the Proposed Plan review.	

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
		Limited / WIAL Conditions 5			This submission should therefore be struck o
General Points – Other					
Catharine Underwood	481.12	Other / Other / Other	Seeks that a no commercial plane/helicopter fly zone between Mt Kaukau and Te Ahumairangi and over the Zealandia valley.	Oppose	This matter goes beyond the scope of the Di- controls.

Planning Maps					
Prime Property Group	256.2	Mapping Rezone	Seeks to rezone the development area within S17-1095- PDP1 (14 Epic Way) from General Rural to Medium Density Residential	Oppose	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent the rezoning could further exacerbate protrusions obstacle limitation surface due to the current limit specified in the Medium Density Residen
Wellington City Council	266.34	Mapping General	Seeks to amend the WIAL 1 designation as displayed on the ePlan maps, inclusive of polygon boundaries, visual display elements, and any additional mapping elements required to improve useability.	Support	WIAL supports this submission and is currently alongside WCC to ensure that WIAL1 is display user friendly manner for plan users.
Shelly Bay Road Ltd	324.1	Mapping General	Rezone 3 Shelly Bay from General Industrial Zone to Mixed Use Zone.	Oppose	WIAL opposes the proposed rezoning reques result in the intensification of noise sensitive a within the "Inner Noise Overlay" (or Air Noise at Wellington Airport, giving rise to potential re sensitivity effects on WIAL.
Guardians of the Bays	452.1	Mapping General	Amend the planning maps to include a new Bridge Street Precinct for the area between existing boundary fence of the airport to the eastern side of the Bridge Street formed road.	Oppose	WIAL opposes this submission and considers appropriate for the Bridge Street area contain the Airport Zone to remain as notified. Creatin precinct is inefficient and unnecessary, noting obstacle limitation surface limits the developm potential of this area in any case.
Taranaki Whānui ki te Upoko o te Ika	389.12	Mapping General	Seeks that the zoning and extent of overlays proposed over Te Motu Kairangi / Miramar Peninsula, Mount Crawford is removed; specifically at Part Lot 1 DP 4741, Section 4 SO 477035, PT LOT 1 DP 4741 - WELLINGTON PRISON, Section 1 SO 477035, Part Section 20 Watts Peninsula DIST	Oppose in part	WIAL opposes this submission to the extent the land already penetrates WIAL's obstacle limits surface (WIAL1 designation). Further investiga should be undertaken to confirm that the area afforded sufficient terrain shielding, or a 8m h restriction should be imposed on all buildings and structures to ensure activities do not pose
	389.13	Mapping General	Opposes the zoning and extent of overlays proposed over Te Motu Kairangi / Miramar Peninsula, Mount Crawford. Seeks that the zoning and extent of overlays proposed over Te Motu Kairangi / Miramar Peninsula, Mount	Oppose in part	potential risk to aircraft.

	WIAL seeks that the whole (or part) of the submission be Allow / Disallow
out.	
District Plan	Disallow
that the ns into the at 11m height ential Zone.	Disallow
ntly working layed in a	Allow
est as it will e activities e Boundary) I reverse	Disallow
rs it is nined within ting a new ng that the oment	Disallow
that the itation gations ea is either height gs, objects ose a	Disallow in part
	Disallow in part

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			Crawford is removed; specifically at Part Lot 1 DP 4741, Section 4 SO 477035, PT LOT 1 DP 4741 - WELLINGTON PRISON, Section 1 SO 477035, Part Section 20 Watts Peninsula DIST		
	389.17	Mapping / Rezone	Seeks that the proposed zoning over Part Lot 1 DP 4741, Section 4 SO 477035, PT LOT 1 DP 4741 - WELLINGTON PRISON, Section 1 SO 477035, Part Section 20 Watts Peninsula DIST is amended from Natural Open Space Zone to Medium Density Residential with a 'Te Motu Kairangi Precinct' with associated objectives, policies, rules and standards to recognise the cultural and environmental overlays over the site whilst enabling Taranaki Whānui to exercise their customary responsibilities as kaitiaki, and to undertake development that supports their cultural, social and economic wellbeing.	Oppose in part	
	389.18	Mapping / Rezone	Seeks that the proposed zoning over Part Lot 1 DP 4741, Section 4 SO 477035, PT LOT 1 DP 4741 - WELLINGTON PRISON, Section 1 SO 477035, Part Section 20 Watts Peninsula DIST is amended from Natural Open Space Zone to Special Purpose Zone – Māori Purpose Zone that would include objectives, policies, rules and standards to recognise the cultural and environmental overlays over the site whilst enabling Taranaki Whānui to exercise their customary responsibilities as kaitiaki, and to undertake development that supports their cultural, social and economic wellbeing.	Oppose in part	
	389.19	Mapping / Rezone	Seeks that the proposed zoning over Part Lot 1 DP 4741, Section 4 SO 477035, PT LOT 1 DP 4741 - WELLINGTON PRISON, Section 1 SO 477035, Part Section 20 Watts Peninsula DIST is amended from Natural Open Space Zone to any other suitable zone that will enable Taranaki Whānui to exercise their customary responsibilities as kaitiaki, and to undertake development that supports their cultural, social, and economic wellbeing	Oppose in part	
	389.20	Mapping / Rezone	Seeks that in addition to any amendment from rezoning over Part Lot 1 DP 4741, Section 4 SO 477035, PT LOT 1 DP 4741 - WELLINGTON PRISON, Section 1 SO 477035, Part Section 20 Watts Peninsula DIST is amended from Natural Open Space Zone, that any other such amendments that are most appropriate to address this submission.	Oppose in part	(Same as above)
The Fuel Companies	372.3	Mapping /Retain Zone	Retain the General Industrial Zone of the Miramar Terminal and adjoining sites as notified.	Support	WIAL supports the intent of these submissio

Disallow in part

Disallow in part

Disallow in part

Disallow in part

sions.

Allow

Submitter	Submitter No.	Provision	Relief Sought by Submitter	WIAL Position	The reasons for my support / opposition
			Considers that the key controls in relation to the use of the Miramar terminal and surrounding properties are appropriately provided for by the zoning of the site (General Industrial) and adjoining sites (General Industrial and Special Purpose Airport).		
	372.4	Mapping /Retain Zone	Retain the Special Purpose Airport Zone on adjoining sites to the Miramar Terminal as notified.	Support	_
Airways Corporation of NZ Limited	100.1	Mapping / All Overlays / Overlays General	Add a new 'Air Traffic Control' overlay with a 500m radius around the radar designation ACNZ3 (Radar & Communications site Hawkins Hill - Section 5 SO24952, Hawkins Hill, off Karepa Street, Brooklyn).	Support	WIAL supports the inclusion of overlays that e Airways air traffic control overlays are protect thus protect the safety of aircraft on approach departure from Wellington International Airpo
	100.2	Mapping / All Overlays / Overlays General	Add a new 'Air Traffic Control Information Overlay' with a 500m radius around the radar designation ACNZ4 (Radar & Communications site Hawkins Hill - Section 1 & 2 SO31242, Section 4 on SO24952, Hawkins Hill, off Karepa Street, Brooklyn.).	Support	_

Allow

at ensure that ected and ach to and rport.

Disallow

Disallow

Annexure D			
Names and Addresses for Ser	vice		
BP Oil New Zealand, Mobil Oil New Zealand Limited and Z Energy Limited (the Fuel Companies)	Jarrod Dixon (4Sight Consulting)	jarrod.dixon@4sight.co.nz	4Sight Consulting Limited 201 Victoria Street West, Auckland 1010
CentrePort Limited	William Woods	william.woods@centreport.co.nz	CentrePort Limited, PO Box 794, Wellington 6140
Chorus New Zealand Limited	Andrew Kantor	andrew.kantor@chorus.co.nz	PO Box 6640, Auckland 1010
Chorus New Zealand Limited (Chorus), Spark New Zealand Trading Limited (Spark) and Vodafone New Zealand Limited (Vodafone)	Chris Horne (Beca Limited)	chris@incite.co.nz	Chorus New Zealand Limited, Spark New Zealand Trading Limited and Vodafone New Zealand Limited C/- Incite P O Box 3082, Auckland 1140
Churton Park Community Association	John Tiley	johntiley7@gmail.com	1 Jasons Place, Churton Park, Wellington 6037
Director-General of Conservation		asycamore@doc.govt.nz	Private Bag 3072, Hamilton 3240
Envirowaste Services Ltd	Kaaren Rosser	kaaren.rosser@rosser-jones.com	PO Box 92810, Penrose, Auckland 1642
Firstgas Limited	Natalie Webb (Beca Limited)	Natalie.Webb@beca.com	Wood+Beca Limited P.O Box 264, Taranaki Mail Centre, New Plymouth 4340
Greater Wellington Regional Council	Mika Zollner	mika.zollner@gw.govt.nz	100 Cuba Street, Te Aro, Te Whanganui-a-Tara 6011
Guardians of the Bays	Yvonne Weeber	guardiansofthebays@gmail.com	143 Queens Drive, Lyall Bay, Wellington 6022
Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga	Dean Raymond	draymond@heritage.org.nz	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Takiwā o Te Pūtahi a Māui PO Box 2629, Wellington 6140
Historic Places Wellington	Felicity Wong	Wgtn@historicplacesaotearoa.org.nz	21 Hay Street, Oriental Bay, Wellington
Investore Property Limited	Amy Dresser/Bianca Tree (MinterEllisonRuddWatts)	amy.dresser@minterellison.co.nz/ bianca.tree@minterellison.co.nz	N/A
Kāinga Ora Homes and Communities	Gurv Singh	gurv.singh@kaingaora.govt.nz	PO BOX 2628, Wellington 6140
Kilmarston Developments Limited and Kilmarston Properties Limited	Milcah Xkenjik (Land Matters)	milcah@landmatters.nz	20 Addington Road, Otaki
KiwiRail Holdings Limited	Sheena McGuire	Sheena.McGuire@kiwirail.co.nz	Wellington Railway Station, Bunny Street, Wellington 6011 PO Box 593, Wellington 6140
LIVE WELLington	Jane O'Loughlin	jane.oloughlin@gmail.com	12 Albany Avenue, Mt Victoria 6011

Meridian Energy Limited	Christine Foster (CF Consulting Services Limited)	christine@cfconsulting.co.nz andrew.guerin@meridianenergy.co.nz	21 Ashton Fitchett Drive, Brooklyn, Wellington 6021
Ministry of Education	Zach Chisam (Beca Limited)	zach.chisam@beca.com	Beca Ltd, PO Box 3942, Wellington 6140
New Zealand Defence Force	Rebecca Davies	Rebecca.davies@nzdf.mil.nz	C/- Tonkin + Taylor PO Box 13055, Christchurch
Paul Gregory Rutherford	N/A	prutherford.nz@gmail.com	4A Wilkinson Street, Wellington 6011
Paul M Blaschke	N/A	paul@blaschkerutherford.co.nz	34 Pearce Street, Vogeltown
Powerco Limited	Gary Scholfield	planning@powerco.co.nz	Powerco Limited PO Box 13 075, Tauranga 3141 Attention: Gary Scholfield
Precinct Properties New Zealand Limited	Joe Jeffries (Barker & Associates Ltd)	joej@barker.co.nz	Precinct Properties New Zealand Limited c/- Barker & Associates Ltd, Attention: Joe Jeffries Level 3, Suite 3 Brandon House, 149 Featherston Street, Wellington 6011
Prime Property Group	Cameron de Leijer (Spencer Holmes)	cpd@spencerholmes.co.nz	57 Willis Street, Te Aro 6011
Retirement Villages Association of New Zealand Incorporated	Luke Hinchey and Marika Williams (Chapman Tripp) Hannah Okane (Mitchell Daysh)	luke.hinchey@chapmantripp.com marika.williams@chapmantripp.com Hannah.okane@mitchelldaysh.co.nz	c/o Chapman Tripp Level 34 PwC Tower, PO Box 2206, Auckland CBD
Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society	Amelia Geary	a.geary@forestandbird.org.nz	205 Victoria Street, Wellington 6011
Ryman Healthcare Limited	Luke Hinchey and Marika Williams (Chapman Tripp) Hannah Okane (Mitchell Daysh)	luke.hinchey@chapmantripp.com marika.williams@chapmantripp.com Hannah.okane@mitchelldaysh.co.nz	c/o Chapman Tripp, Level 34, PwC Tower PO Box 2206, Auckland CBD
Strathmore Park Residents Association Inc	Glenn Kingston	gkingston@xtra.co.nz	53 Tannadyce Street, Strathmore Park, Wellington 6022
Stride Investment Management Limited	Bianca Tree / Amy Dresser (MinterEllisonRuddWatts)	bianca.tree@minterellison.co.nz amy.dresser@minterellison.co.nz	PO Box 105249, Auckland 1143
Te Rūnanga o Toa Rangatira	Onur Oktem	onur.oktem@ngatitoa.iwi.nz	Te Rūnanga o Toa Rangatira, Level 2, 1 Cobham Court, Porirua 5022
Transpower New Zealand Limited	Dan Hamilton	environment.policy@transpower.co.nz	Transpower New Zealand Limited Environmental Policy and Planning Group PO Box 1021, Wellington
Waka Kotahi	Mike Scott	mike.scott@nzta.govt.nz	Majestic Centre, Level 7, 100 Willis Street PO Box 5084, Wellington 6140, New Zealand

Wakefield Property Holdings Ltd	Sophie Glendinning (Orogen Limited)	sophie.glendinning@orogen.nz	PO Box 56051, Tawa
WCC Environmental Reference	Shannon Wallace	wallace.shannon.r@gmail.co	N/A
Group	Michelle Rush Leteicha Lowry	m rush.m@xtra.co.nz Leteicha.Lowry@wcc.govt.nz	
Wellington City Council	Barbara McKerrow, Chief Executive	district.plan@wcc.govt.nz	Wellington City Council, PO Box 2199, Wellington 6140
Wellington Electricity Lines Limited	Tim Lester	tim.lester@edison.co.nz	Wellington Electricity Lines Limited c/- Edison
			Consulting Group Ltd PO Box 875, Hamilton 3240
Wellington Heritage Professionals	Amanda Mulligan	amanda mulligan@yahoo.com.au	7 Waitoa Road, Hataitai, Wellington 6021
Willis Bond and Company Limited	Jimmy Tait Jamieson	jimmy@willisbond.co.nz	Free Ambulance Building Level 2, 5 Cable Street, Wellington
Yvonne Weeber	N/A	weebery@gmail.com	143 Queens Drive, Lyall Bay, Wellington 6022
Z Energy Limited	Jarrod Dixon (4Sight Consulting)	jarrod.dixon@4sight.co.nz	PO Box 2091, Wellington 6140
Board of Airline Representatives of	G K Chappell	gillian@chappell.nz	Gill Chappell Barrister, C/- BARNZ P O Box 2779
New Zealand Inc (BARNZ)			Auckland 1140
Roland Sapsford		roland@actrix.gen.nz	23 Epuni Street, Aro Valley, Wellington 6021
Onslow Historical Society	Lawrence Collingbourne	onslowcommunityassn@gmail.com	54 Waru Street, Khandallah, Wellington