

Te Kaunihera o Pōneke | Council

Chair	Mayor Tory Whanau
Deputy Chair	Deputy Mayor Laurie Foon
Members	All councillors Tākai Here representatives can attend and speak, but not vote, at these meetings
Quorum	8
Frequency of meeting	Six-weekly, or as required

Decision-making powers

1. The following powers are unable to be delegated¹:
 - a. The power to make a rate.
 - b. The power to make a bylaw.
 - c. The power to borrow money, or purchase or dispose of assets, other than in accordance with the long-term plan.
 - d. The power to adopt a long-term plan, annual plan, or annual report.
 - e. The power to appoint a chief executive.
 - f. The power to adopt policies required to be adopted and consulted on under the Local Government Act 2002 in association with the long-term plan or developed for the purpose of the local governance statement.
 - g. The power to adopt a remuneration and employment policy.
 - h. The power to approve or amend the Code of Conduct for elected members.
 - i. The power to approve or amend the Council's Standing Orders.
 - j. The power to establish a joint committee with another local authority or other public body.
 - k. The power to make the final decision on a recommendation from the Ombudsman where it is proposed that Council does not accept the recommendation.
 - l. The powers contained in section 15(1) of the Wellington Town Belt Act 2016.
2. The Council has also decided to retain, and not delegate, the following powers:
 - a. Oversee, develop and approve the Council's relationship with Māori, including iwi appointments to, or removal from committees.
 - b. The power to appoint and discharge members of committees (when not appointed by the mayor).
 - c. To approve Council's recommendation to the Remuneration Authority for the remuneration of elected members.

¹ For powers a-g see clause 32(1) Schedule 7 Local Government Act 2002. For powers g-j see clauses 15, 27, 30, and 30A Schedule 7 Local Government Act 2002. For power k see section 32(1) Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987.

- d. To approve the Triennial Agreement under the Local Government Act 2002.
- e. To approve the Local Governance Statement.
- f. To determine whether or how to fill any extraordinary Council vacancies.
- g. Review, develop policy and practices and make decisions in respect of governance (including representation reviews).
- h. To promote any legislation or promote significant amendments to legislation (e.g. a Local Bill).
- i. To exercise any authority which it has delegated to a committee, subcommittee or officer, which is referred to it for decision.
- j. To oversee and approve the Council's strategy and policy work programme.