RATES REMISSION POLICY

1. Introduction
In accordance with Section 85 of the Local Government (Rating) Act, 2002:

i) A local authority may remit all or part of the rates on a rating unit (including penalties for unpaid rates) if –
   a. the local authority has adopted a remissions policy under section 102 of the Local Government Act 2002, and
   b. the local authority is satisfied that the conditions and criteria in the policy are met.

ii) The local authority must give notice to the ratepayer identifying the remitted rates.

2. Circumstances where a remission may apply

2.1 Rural open space remission

Remission statement
The Council may grant a 50 percent remission on land classified as “rural” under the District Plan where the rating unit is rated under the Base differential and used principally for farming or conservation purposes.

Policy objective
To provide rates relief for rural, farmland and open spaces.

Conditions and criteria
Land used principally for farming or conservation purposes
A rates remission of 50 percent of the Base general rate will be granted to rating units that are classified as rural under the District Plan and used principally for farming or conservation purposes.

Under this policy “principally for farming or conservation purposes” is defined as where:

a) The rating unit (or property) exceeds 30 hectares in area, and
b) 50 percent or more of the rateable capital value of the property is made up of the land value, and
c) the principal use of the land is for conservation, agriculture, horticulture, pastoral or silviculture purposes, or for the keeping of bees, poultry or other livestock excluding commercial dog kennels or catteries.

2.2 Remissions on land used principally for games or sport

Remission statement
Where the Council considers a rating unit is used principally for games or sport, it will apply a 50 percent remission of general rates where the rating unit:

a) has a club licence under the Sale of Liquor Act 1989, and
b) would otherwise qualify as 50 percent non-rateable under Part 2, Schedule 1, of the Local Government (Rating) Act, and
c) the property is rated at the Base differential.

Policy objective
To reduce the adverse financial impact of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 on land used principally for games or sports, occupied by clubs that hold a club liquor licence and no longer qualify as 50 percent non-rateable.

Conditions and criteria
All applications must be received in writing using the Wellington City Council ‘Application for Remission’ form. A remission under this policy will apply for one year only. Applicants must reapply annually. The application for a rate remission must be made prior to the commencement of the rating year (1 July). Successful applications received during a rating year will be applicable from the commencement of the following year. No applications will be backdated. For the avoidance of doubt, this policy specifically excludes chartered clubs and clubs holding permanent charters.

2.3 Remission of downtown levy targeted rate on property under development

Remission statement
The Council may remit part or all of the Downtown Levy targeted rate on land classified under the Council’s commercial, industrial and business differential and located in the “downtown area” as defined within our Funding Impact Statement Rating Mechanisms, where the property is deemed to be ‘not fit for purpose’.

Policy objective
To provide rates relief for downtown commercial property temporarily not fit for purpose due to the property undergoing development and therefore not receiving the benefits derived by contributing to the Downtown Levy targeted rate.

Conditions and criteria
A remission of the Downtown Levy targeted rate may be granted to rating units that are classified as commercial, industrial and business differential and located in the “downtown area” as defined within our Funding Impact Statement Rating Mechanisms where the property is temporarily not fit for purpose.

Under this policy “not fit for purpose” is defined as where:

a) the property (rating unit) will not hold sufficient consents to permit occupation and,
b) the property (rating unit) will not be used for any purpose, apart from the construction of buildings, premises or associated works, and
c) the property (rating unit) will not generate any revenue stream
The above criteria apply to and must be met by an entire rating unit, as identified in the Council’s rating base.

2.4 Remission of voluntary residential metered water rates

Remission statement
The Council may grant a remission on a voluntary residential metered water rate where excess water consumption has occurred due to a leak beyond the point of supply on the ratepayer’s property. The excess water consumption may only be remitted to the level of the current Greater Wellington Regional Council bulk water rate.

Policy objective
The objective of this remission policy is to provide a measure of rates relief where a water leak has been detected on the ratepayer’s residential property with a voluntary water meter, and prompt remedial action to repair the leak has been undertaken. However the ratepayer is responsible for water leaks, the pipes and the usage of water on their property in accordance with the Water Services Bylaw.

Conditions and criteria
A remission of the residential metered water rate may be granted for excess water consumption where the leak is the ratepayer’s responsibility (beyond the point of supply). Excess water consumption will be calculated as the difference between actual metered usage on the latest reading and the average daily metered usage over the last 4 readings. The full water rate will be charged on the average daily usage over the last 4 readings and the excess water consumption (as calculated above) will be charged at the current Greater Wellington Regional Council bulk water rate. This remission should only be applied for if:
   i. the leak occurred on a voluntary residential metered water property; and
   ii. excess water consumption has occurred through a broken or leaking pipe; and
   iii. evidence is provided that the fault has been remedied within a reasonable time period and prior to the application for a remission;

In the advent of a recurrence of a water leak, Council would require the property owner to get a condition assessment of the pipes on the property prior to any decisions to remit a subsequent remission.

2.5 Special circumstances remission

Remission statement
It is recognised that not all situations in which it may be appropriate for the Council to remit rates will necessarily be known in advance and/or provided for in specific rating policies. In circumstances where the rating policy is deemed by the Council to unfairly disadvantage an individual ratepayer, the Council may grant a one-off remission of part or all of the rates assessed for a rating unit (or property) on the condition that the remission does not set a precedent that unfairly disadvantages other ratepayers.

Policy objective
To provide for the possibility of a rates remission in circumstances that have not been specifically addressed in other parts of the Council’s Rates Remission and Postponement Policies.

Conditions and criteria
The Council may remit part of the general rate assessed in relation to particular rating unit where:
   i) the rates on that rating unit are disproportionate to those levied in respect of comparable rating units, or
   ii) the rating policy is determined by the Council to unfairly disadvantage an individual ratepayer.

The approval of the remission must not set a precedent that unfairly disadvantages other ratepayers.

3. Applying for a rates remission

All applications must be in writing and set out the reasons for the request using the Wellington City Council ‘Application for Remission’ form.

Each remission application is applicable to a single rating year. Applications must be received prior to the commencement of the rating year the remission is being applied for (1 July), with the exception of the Special Circumstances Remission and the Voluntary Residential Metered Water Rates Remission which may be received after the start of a rating year. No applications will be backdated beyond the current rating year.

All applications for a remission on a rating unit that has previously received a remission or remissions, must be re-submitted annually for consideration of further remissions prior to the commencement of the rating year (1 July).

The determination of eligibility and approval of any remission is at the absolute discretion of the Wellington City Council or its delegated officer.
Applications made for a remission will be considered on their own merits and any previous decisions of the Council will not be regarded as creating a precedent or expectations.

4. Delegation
Decisions relating to the remission of rates are delegated to the Chief Executive, the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager Financial Transactions Bureau.

5. Rates penalty remission

Policy objective
To enable the Council to act fairly and reasonably when rates have not been received by the due date and a penalty has been applied.

Conditions and criteria
Upon receipt of an application from the ratepayer, or identified by the Council, the Council may remit all or part of a penalty where it considers that it is fair and equitable to do so.

Matters that will be taken into consideration by the Council include the following:

a) the ratepayer’s payment history, and
b) the impact on the ratepayer of an extraordinary event, and
c) the payment of the full amount of rates due, or
d) the ratepayer entering into an agreement with the Council for the payment of rates within a reasonable timeframe.

The Council reserves the right to impose conditions on the remission of penalties.

Applying for a rates penalty remission
A Rates Penalty Remission application must be in writing, setting out the reasons for the request with enough information and proof for officers to evaluate the request. No special remission form is required. The written request will be accepted by post, fax or email (rates@wcc.govt.nz).

Delegation for a rates penalty remission
Decisions relating to the remission of penalties on rates are delegated to the Chief Executive, the Chief Financial Officer and the Manager Financial Transactions Bureau.

6. Non-rateable land
In addition to rates remissions, some types of property are not rateable or are partly non rateable under Schedule 1 or Schedule 2 of the Local Government Rating Act (2002). For details of non rateable property uses refer to this legislation or the Council’s website.

7. Remission of rates on Māori freehold land
The Council’s objectives in relation to rates remission and postponement apply equally to Māori Freehold land. Therefore the rates remission and postponement policies applicable to Māori Freehold land are identical to those that apply to non-Māori Freehold land.